



Partners in the international alliance



# **CBA IPI with SW-CMM1.1 and SCAMPI with CMMI - SE / SW / IPPD / SS 1.1 back to back: were we crazy or what???**

Presentation by Richard Basque

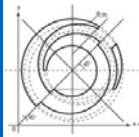


**2nd Annual CMMI Technology  
Conference & User Group**

**Denver, November 13, 2002**

CMMI and CMM Integration are service marks of Carnegie Mellon University.  
CMM, Capability Maturity Model, and Capability Maturity Modeling are registered in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

# Important Authorization

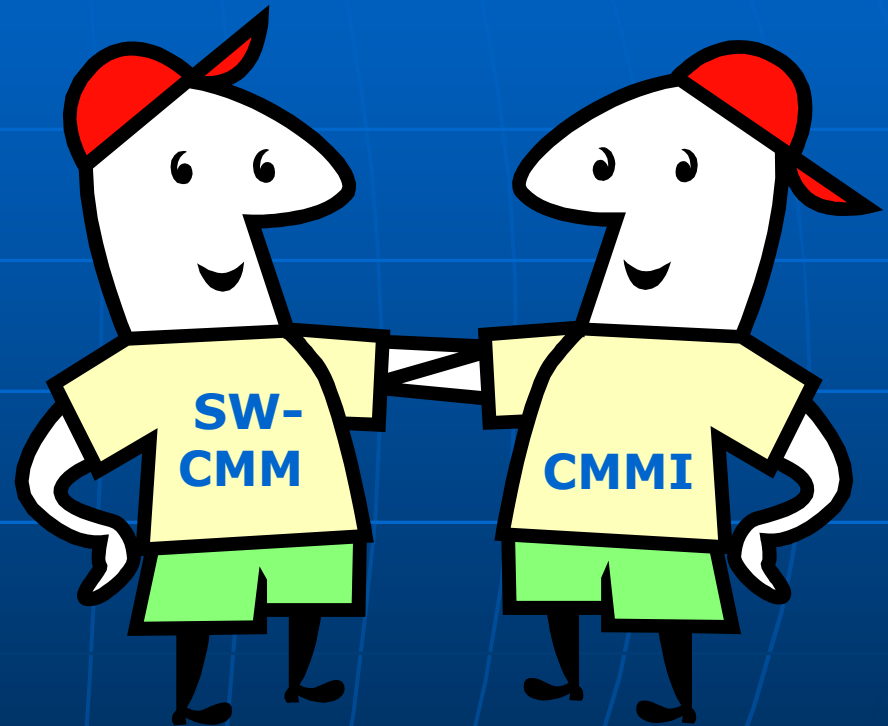


ALSTOM

- ALSTOM Technologies gave special permission to Alcyonix to disclose information related to the conduct and the results of the CBA IPI and the SCAMPI that took place at their site in Meudon-la-Forêt (France) in June / July 2002
- We thank them for their kind collaboration

# What is this presentation about?

- Doing a dual assessment, up to maturity level 5, on the same SOFTWARE site
  - CBA IPI with SW-CMM 1.1
  - SCAMPI with CMMI 1.1 staged
- Lessons learned



# CBA IPI was a MUST

- 3<sup>rd</sup> official assessment since 1994
  - and several interim mini assessments
- SW-CMM level 4 achievement confirmation was expected (... and needed!)



# SCAMPI was a BONUS

- Prepare for transition
  - discover and feel the REAL differences
  - document the indicators
  - train the people



# Favorable Conditions

- Seasoned experts on the team
- Well prepared and very motivated organization
- Committed sponsor
- Business need to expand to system

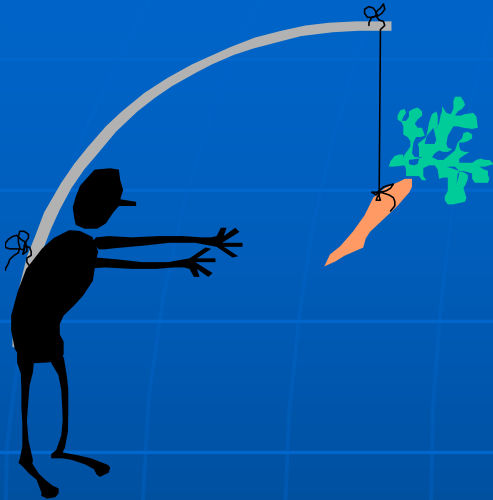


# Managed Risks

- Endless?
- Confusion?
- Burn out?
- No double credits?
  - one for CBA IPI
  - one for SCAMPI
- No delivery...  
because of all the  
above!

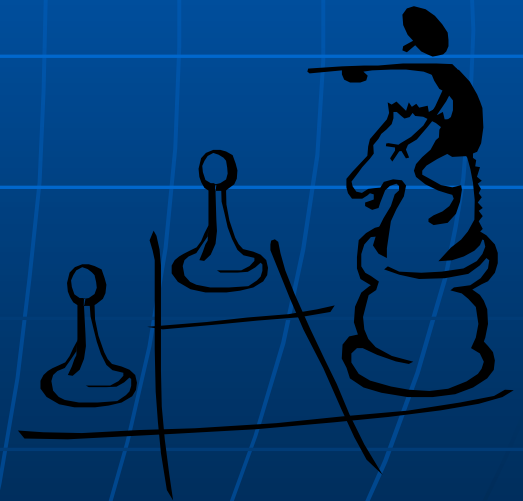


# The Bottom Line



- We were (probably) crazy but...

REALLY  
determined and  
prepared!





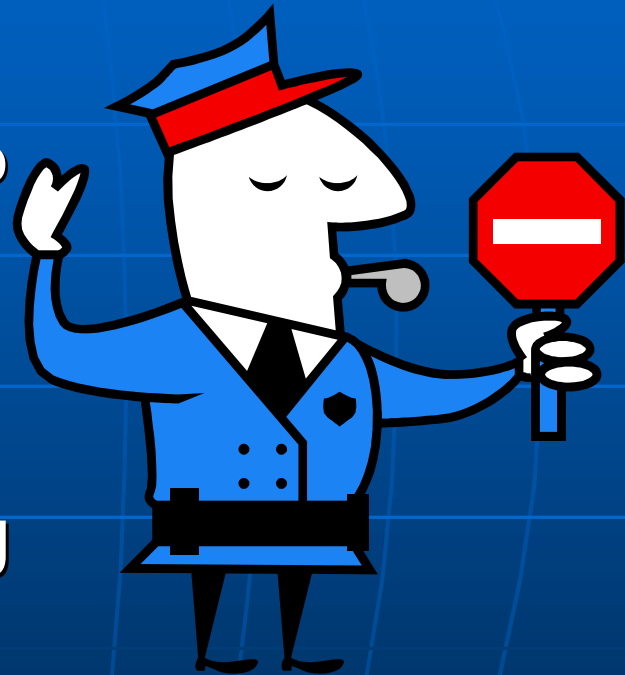
# Intense Preparation

- CMMI training (of course!)
- Practice Implementation Indicators (PII's) identification BOTH for SW-CMM and CMMI
- Long elapsed time for filling the PII's table
- XREF between the two sets of PII's
- Specially intense team training
- Close coordination



# Disciplined Onsite

- Shared data collection events
  - single series of interviews
  - single set of documents to review
- Mental split when tagging vs. models
- Rigor when consolidating observations in team plenary sessions



# Separate Results



- Validation Slides
  - Observations
- Final Presentation Slides
  - Rating
  - Findings
- PAIS and feedback forms



# So... What Were the Differences?

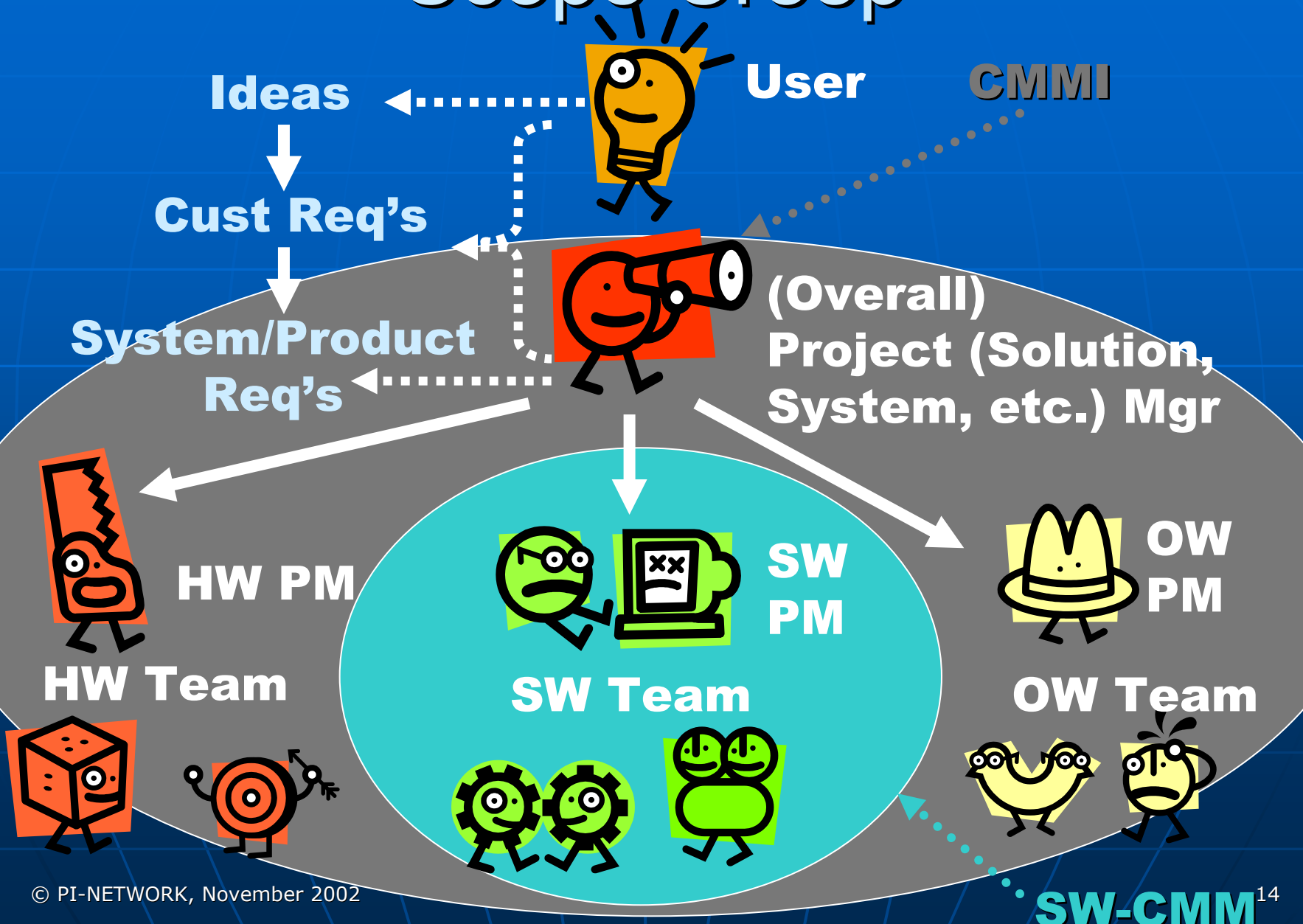


# CMMI vs. SW-CMM - General

- Multiple disciplines, broader scope (next slide)
- More PAs
- 2 representations
- Consistent set of common practices
- More flexibility in terms of structure and roles
- More universal wording but amplifications by discipline



# Scope Creep



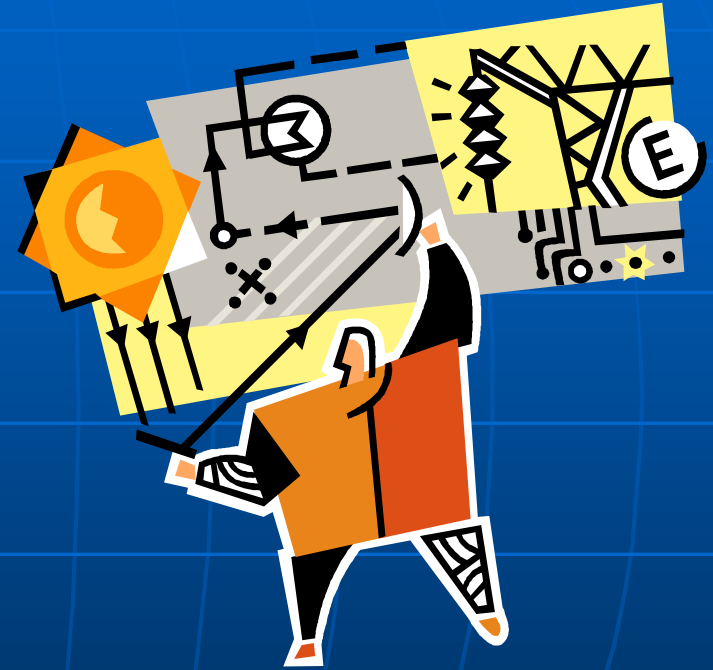
# CMMI vs. SW-CMM L2

- Supplier Agreement Management (SAM) covers a broader scope than Subcontract Management (SM)
- Software Quality Assurance (SQA) is renamed with a more explicit name: Process and Product Quality Assurance (PPQA)
- Measurements & Analysis (MA): a full PA and need to align measurements on goals



# CMMI vs. SW-CMM L3 (1 of 2)

- Software Product Engineering (SPE): exploded into several PAs
  - Requirements Development
  - Technical Solution
  - Product Integration
  - Verification (now includes PR)
  - Validation





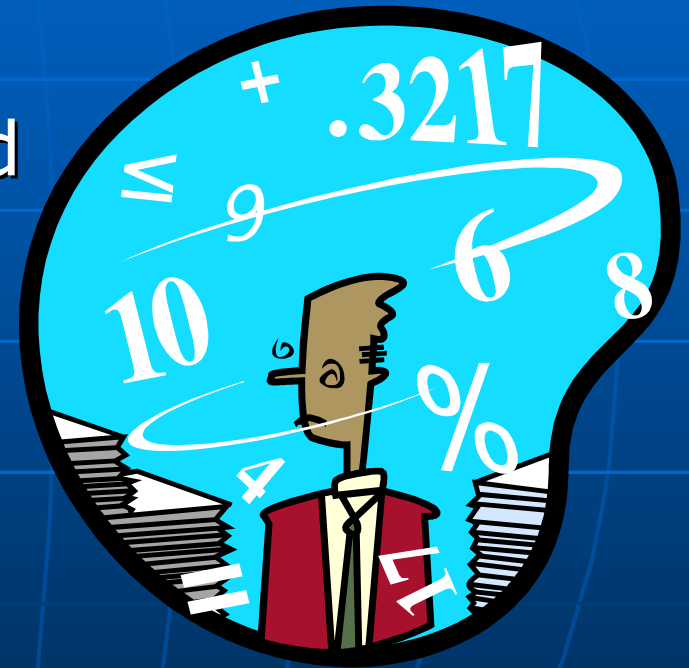
# CMMI vs. SW-CMM L3 (2 of 2)

- Risk Management: a new PA
- Decision and Analysis: a new PA focusing on decision process
- Organization Environment for Integration (with IPPD): a new PA
- Integrated Teaming (with IPPD) : much more than Inter-group Coordination
- Integrated Supplier Management: a new PA (with SS)



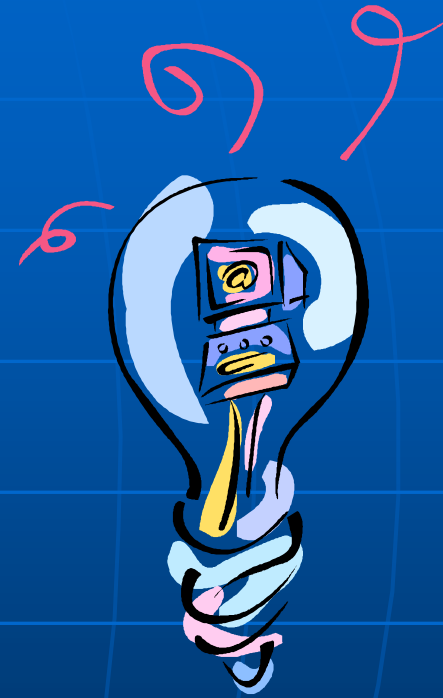
# CMMI vs. SW-CMM – L4

- Quantitative Process Management and Software Quality Management re-structured around Organization vs. Project: Quantitative Project Management (QPM) and Organizational Process Performance (OPP)

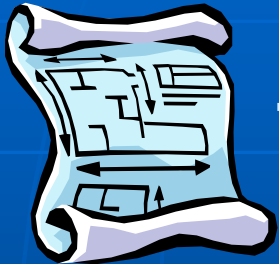


# CMMI vs. SW-CMM – L5

- Organization Innovation and Deployment (OID) integrates both Technology Change Management (TCM) and Process Change Management (PCM)



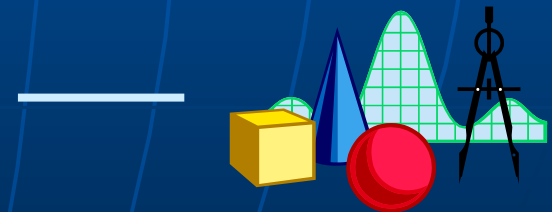
# The « GENERIC » Practices: the NEW Aspects (1 of 2)



- ■ Plan the process

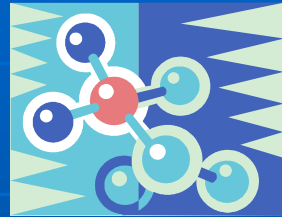
**instead of “according to a  
documented procedure”**

- Establish a  
Defined Process

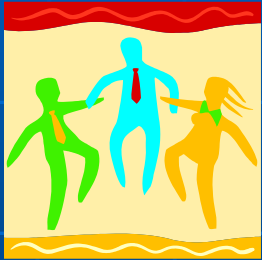


# The « GENERIC » Practices: the NEW Aspects (2 of 2)

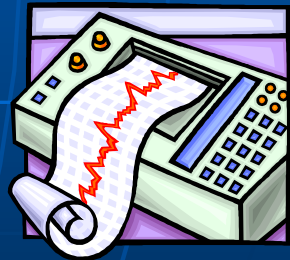
- Manage configurations



- Identify and Involve Relevant Stakeholders



- Monitor & Control the Process



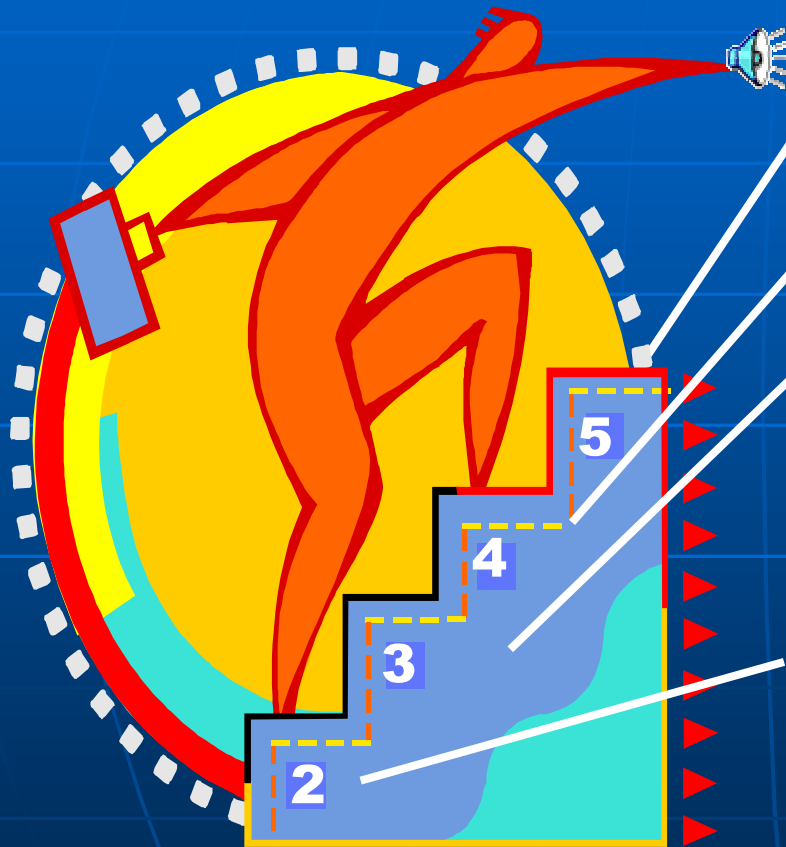
- Collect Improvement Information



# Actual Results and Lessons Learned



# The actual SW- CMM Level: 4



Defect Prevention  
Technological Change Management

Process Change management

Quantitative Process Management  
Software Quality Management

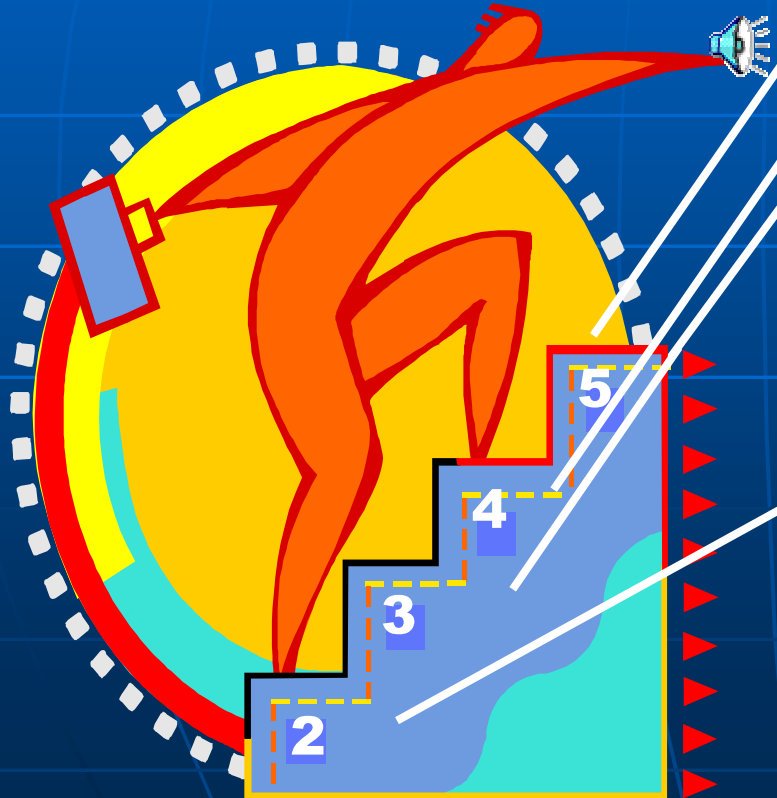
Organization Process Focus  
Organization Process Definition  
Training Program  
Integrated Software Management  
Software Product Engineering  
Intergroup Coordination  
Peer Reviews

Requirements Management  
Software Project Planning  
Software Project Monitoring and Control  
Software Quality Management  
Software Configuration Management

**( Note: Software Subcontract Management was NOT applicable )**

# The actual CMMI

Level: 2



Organizational Innovation and Deployment  
Causal Analysis and Resolution

Organizational Process Performance  
Quantitative Project Management

Requirements Development  
Technical Solution  
Product Integration  
Verification                      Validation  
Organizational Process Focus  
Organizational Process Definition  
Organizational Training  
Risk Management  
Decision Analysis and Resolution

Requirements Management  
Project Planning  
Project Monitoring and Control  
Supplier Agreement Management (COTS only.)  
Measurement and analysis  
Process and Product Quality Assurance  
Configuration Management



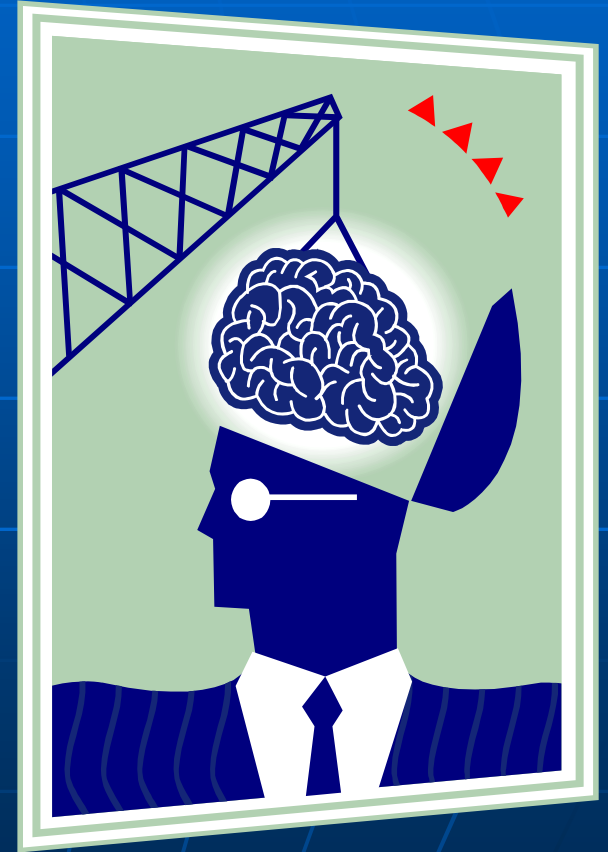
# Additional Preparation Effort - Statistics

- Transform model PII's into site PII's:
  - 5 men-days
- Establish hyperlinks in the PII's table for initial set of documents:
  - approx. 560 documents:  
4 men-days
- Fill hyperlinks in the PII's table for other projects' documents:
  - Approx. 2 men-days per project  
PLUS 3 men-days for comparison  
PLUS 2 men-days for verification
- For a total of about 22 men-days



# Lessons Learned - 1

- Re-Scoping: the most important decision but N/A here (SW only)
- Transitioning: quite simple
- SW only and then SE/SW makes sense
- Good and objective information needed (and available!)
- Plan a lot of preparation



# Lessons Learned - 2

- Use hyperlinks for documents references
- Verification paradigm emphasizes the audit look: if you want to create / increase momentum, counterbalance
  - awareness sessions
  - some time for interviewees to free-wheel
  - presentations of projects and of key function as a complement to interviewees
  - communicate, communicate, and communicate!



# Almost... a Walk in the Park



# For more information...

- [Richard.Basque@alcyonix.com](mailto:Richard.Basque@alcyonix.com)  
+ 1 (450) 653-3533
- [www.alcyonix.com](http://www.alcyonix.com)
- [www.process-improvement-network.com](http://www.process-improvement-network.com)
- And thanks again to ALSTOM Technologies!

