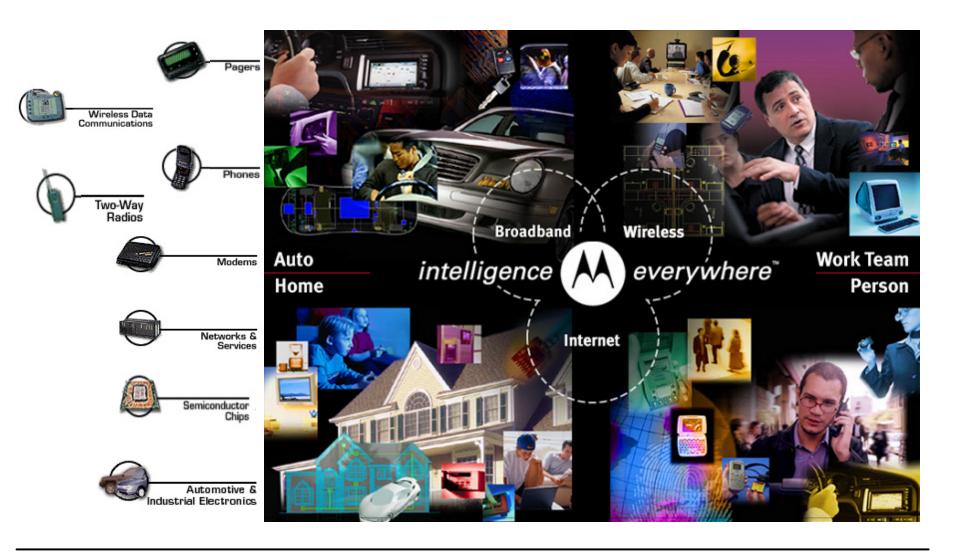
## CMMI<sup>SM</sup> Transition in a Commercial Environment

# Larry McCarthy Motorola CMMI Working Group

2<sup>nd</sup> CMMI<sup>SM</sup> Technology Conference and User Group Hyatt Regency Denver Technical Center November 11-14, 2002 Denver, Colorado











Reasons to Improve. **Decreased Cost of Poor Quality: Decreased Defect Levels: Relative % of Development Effort** Relative Defects After Release 60 100 50 80 40 60 30 40 20 2 3 5 **Increased Productivity: Decreased Cycle Time:** Relative Productivity (X) **Relative Cycle Time** 

Relationships based upon data from the President's Council on Quality

2

3



2

3

2<sup>nd</sup> CMMI Technology Conference and User Group November 11-14, 2002 Hyatt Regency Tech Center Denver, CO



5

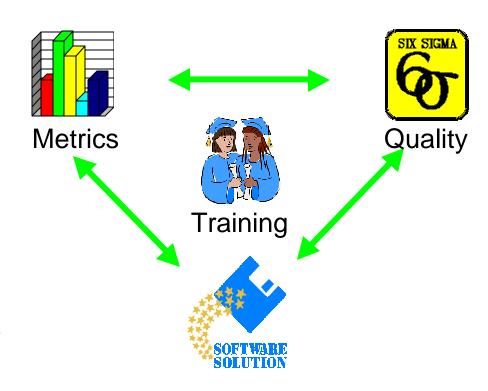
## **Motorola Quality Renewal**

Leadership

COQ/COPQ

Six Sigma

Process Maturity



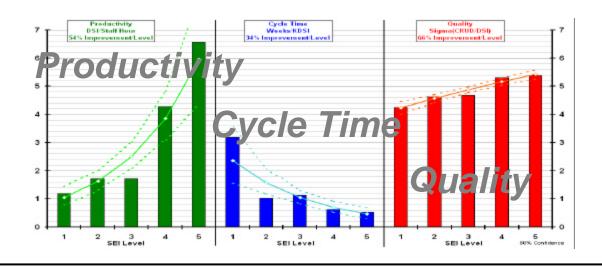






## Why it will work...

- Process-based culture
- SEI SW-CMM<sup>SM</sup> experience
- Results measures







#### **Evidence that CMMI works...**

- Worldwide System Development Division (WSD) Baseline Pilot (January 2001)
  - SEI-led training
  - Selection of Disciplines/Models, Representation
    - SW / SE / IPPD
    - Continuous
    - Target Profile (All PA's, CL3)
  - SCAMPI preparation (Practice Implementation Indicators)
  - SCAMPI On-site process
- Results
  - Effort to hold a SCAMPI understood better (still too long)
  - All levels of staff impressed and satisfied with the comprehensive results

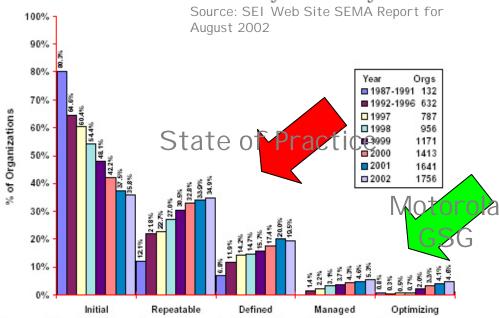




## Another reason to improve...



#### Trends in the Community Maturity Profile



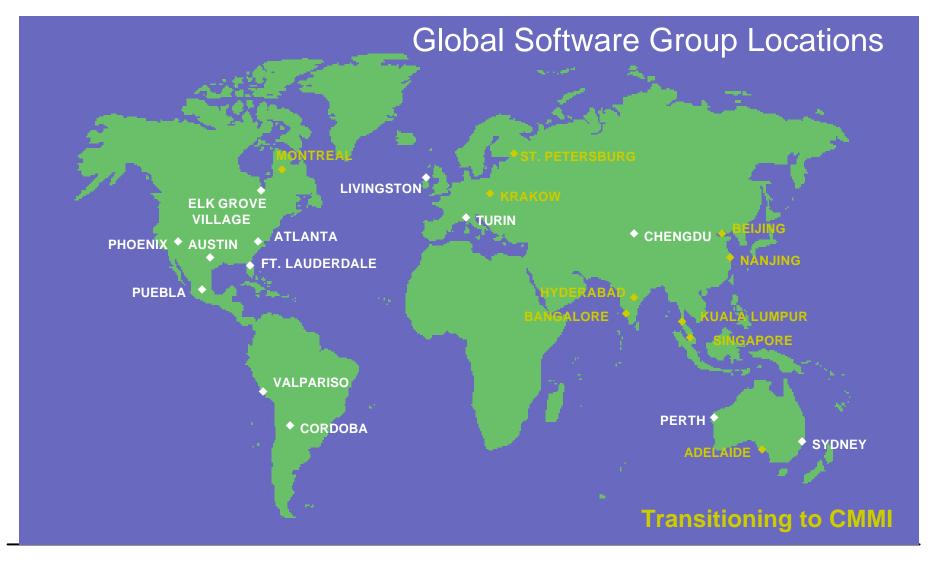
Based on a cumulative view of the most recent assessments of organizations up through the year indicated. This accounts for the difference from the figures on page 10.

19 8 2002 by Comegie Mellon Univenity

Process Moturity Profile of the Software Community 2002 Update - SEMA 8.02











#### **GSG Performance Results**

Attribute	1993	1995	2001	Industry Average
Delivered Quality Level	5.1σ	5.7σ	6σ	4.3σ
Cost of Poor Quality	35%	17%	5%	40% (underreported)
Relative Productivity	1.5X	2.2X	2.6-6X	1X
Cycle Time Improvement	2.75X	4.4X	6X+	N/A

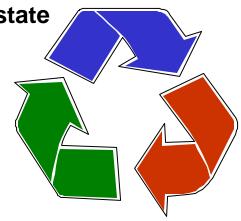
<sup>\*</sup> As of January, 2001, 76% of GSG's population was at SEI Level 5 and 11% was at Level 4, vs. ~10% industry total SEI Level 4 & 5's.





#### **Elements of Successful CPI**

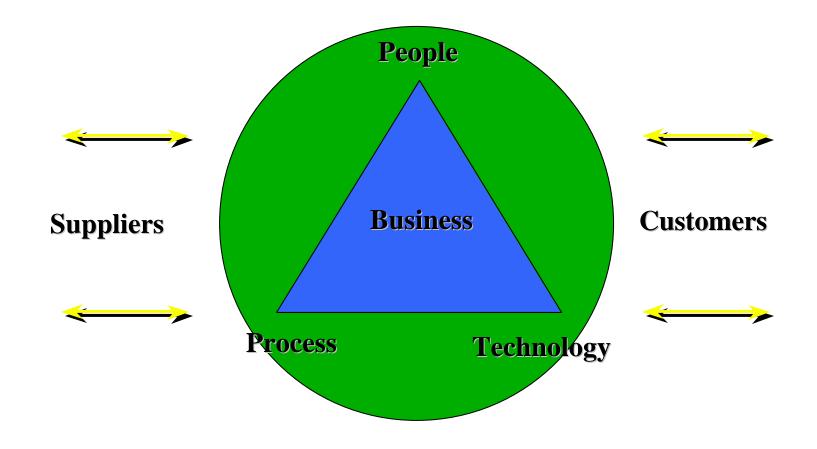
- Use models of good practice
- Support mechanisms for improvement
  - Management support
  - Training
  - Metrics and verification
- Continuously repeat the cycle of change:
  - Assessment to the model to detail current state
  - Identify improvements to make
  - Pilot the improvements
  - Measure to evaluate impact of changes
  - Deploy the changes
  - Repeat







#### Achieve a Balanced Focus in All Areas







#### **Motorola GSG CMMI Activities**

- GSG-India (MIEL) Early Adoptor (2001/2002)
  - <u>Training</u> / Target Profile / Gap Analysis
  - Process revision
  - Class B Appraisal (Continuous, SW/SE)
  - Methodology Manager asset integration
- Other GSG Transitioning Centers (2002)
  - <u>Training</u> / Target Profile / Gap Analysis
  - Process revision, collaboration
- Transition Workshop Meetings (2002)
  - Focus on sharing, reuse and collaboration
- Appraisals (2003)

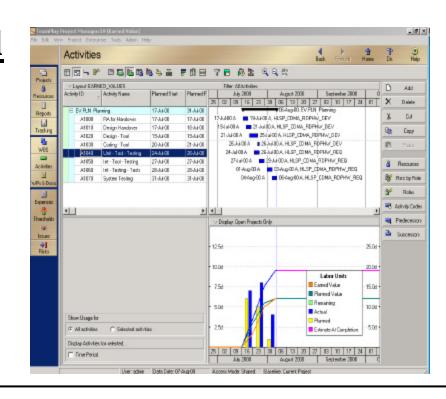






#### **GSG-India**

- Consultant-led SCAMPI B Appraisal(s)
- Process enactment tool
- Collaboration / reuse
- Roll-out in TeamPlay
- SCAMPI A in 2003







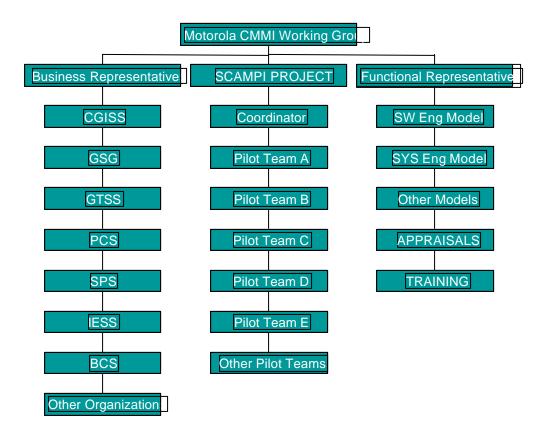
## **Motorola Software Quality Council**

- Sets Goals, Collaborates, Communicates
  - Participation / representation from all businesses
  - Address People, Process and Technology issues
- Manages SW-CMM Assessments
  - CAF-Compliant "Motorola Software Assessment"
    - Assessor training and development
  - ISO and Standards Alignment
- Supports CMMI Transition
  - Training
  - CMMI Working Group





## **CMMI Working Group**







#### Risks

- SCAMPI effort and duration remains high
  - Needs to as effective... more efficient
  - Better the second time around
  - Promise of SEI SCAMPI B & C methods
- Over-dependence on "formal" appraisal
  - Certify the business value
- Rigid use of the "staged" mentality
  - The temptation of "process for process"
  - Doing it all "to be safe"





## Learnings

- Training and experience are most important
  - Learn to interpret and use the model(s)
- Potential for SCAMPI B to be "the workhorse"
  - Motorola "formal" and "informal"
  - Use SCAMPI A where required, and to calibrate
  - Reusable appraisal artifacts
- Collect data for results and returns measures
  - Do it "this time"
- Enactment tools for process and appraisals





## **Next Steps**

- Fan-out to other engineering disciplines
- Continue to focus CMMI-related Training
  - Increase the number of internal trainers
  - SES 2003
- Grow CMMI Lead Appraisers
  - Increase the number of experienced, internal lead appraisers
    - Opportunity to have "the right amount"
- Leverage SCAMPI method project
  - SEI pilots and internal B and C appraisals in 2003
  - Collaborate with industry partners



