

Operation ENDURING FREEDOM



NDIA Expeditionary Warfare Conference



Briefing Outline

- National Defense Roles
- Coast Guard Responsibilities
- Memoranda of Agreement
- Domestic/HLS Operations
- Port Security Units & Expeditionary Warfare





National Defense Roles

Per Title 14, USC the Coast Guard is "a military service and a branch of the armed forces of the United States at all times"

and is authorized "to assist any federal agency . . . performing any activity for which . . . [the CG] is especially qualified."

DOD & DOT MOA -- 3 Oct 95, updated Jun 01

Outlines the use of U.S. Coast Guard capabilities in support of the National Military Strategy.

Specifies certain roles, missions and functions for the Coast Guard, including port operations, security and defense.



Maritime Homeland Security Mission Statement

The United States must have the means to deter, detect, intercept and respond to asymmetric threats, acts of aggression and attacks by terrorists on the American homeland while maintaining our freedoms and sustaining the flow of commerce.

United States Coast Guard is the lead Federal agency for Maritime Homeland Security.



Maritime Domain Awareness (MDA)

High Seas

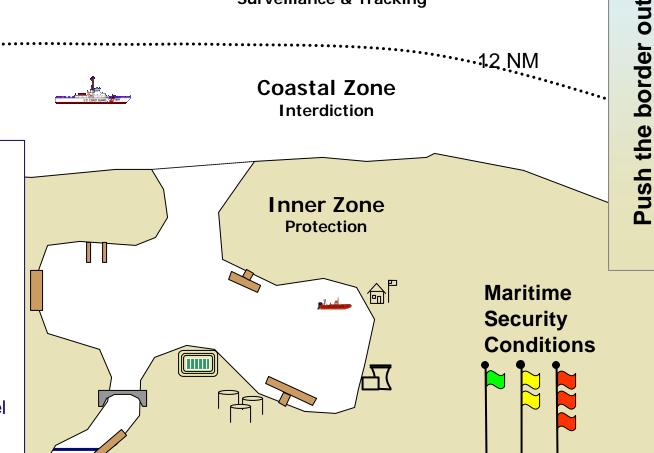
Exclusive Economic Zone

Offshore Zone
Surveillance & Tracking

Territorial Sea

Strategic Goals:

- Reduce vulnerability of Tier 1 ports.
- Identify, track & intercept HIVs as far from port as possible.
- Positive control of HIVs prior to port entry.
- Identify threats to port security/safety in time to take preventive action.
- Require critical facility/vessel owners to provide their own security.





Domestic Port Security

- Maritime Safety & Security Teams.

 MSSTs provide security for commerce in major US Ports and sea lift in U. S. ports of embarkation
- Sea Marshals, Marine Safety Offices,
 Groups and Stations conduct boardings,
 inspections and escort High Interest Vessels



The MSST Program

- Modeled after Port Security Units.
- Operate in wide spectrum of threat environments (including chemical/biological/radiological)
- Enforce security zones (moving and fixed)
- Defend facilities at strategic ports
- Interdict illegal activities (CD/AMIO)
- Provide shore-side force protection.
- Protect military load-outs



The MSST Program

- Boats 6 Response Boat Small (RB-S)
- Weapons -- (M-60, 9MM PDW, Shotguns)
- Non-Lethal Weaponry
- Command & Control (secure comms)
- Personal Protective Equipment / CBR Protection

72 Active Duty Personnel

33 Reserve Personnel





The MSST Program

Current Locations

Seattle, WA

Chesapeake, VA

San Pedro, CA

Galveston, TX

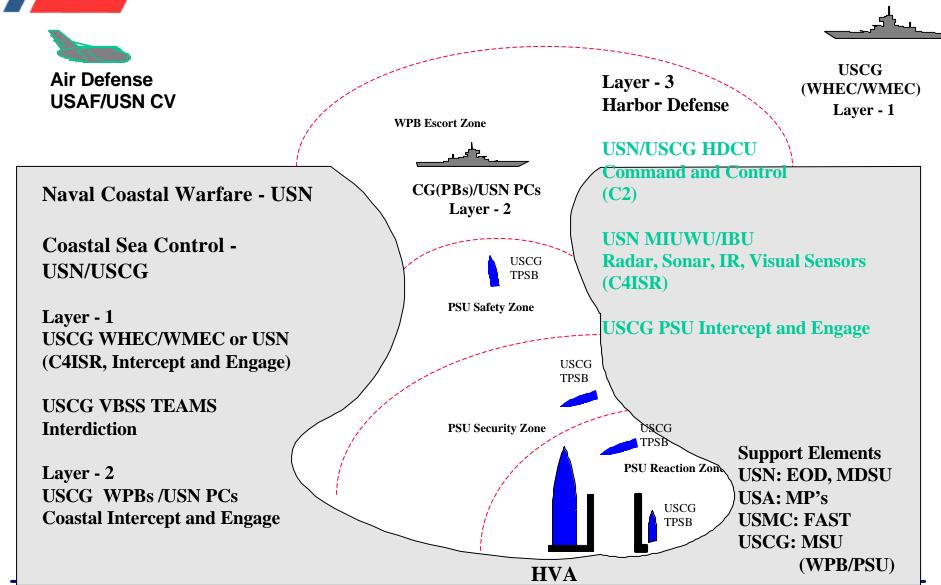


Maritime Interception Operations (MIO)

- Enforce Sanctions Against Other Nations
- Requires Visit, Board, Search & Seizure (VBSS)
- -- Inherent Coast Guard Capability
- USCG Law Enforcement Detachments (LEDETs)
 - Extensive Experience with VBSS
 - Rapid Deployment
 - Can Train USN and Allied Force Boarding Teams



Expeditionary Harbor Defense Package (3 Layer Defense of Port)





Port Security Threats

- Large Vehicular Bomb
- Cargo & People
- Hijacked Surface Platform
 - -Cruise Ship/Ferry
 - -LNG/Tanker
- Asymmetric Attack: CBRNE
- Subsurface Threat
 - -Limpet Mine
 - -Swimmer
- Air Threat

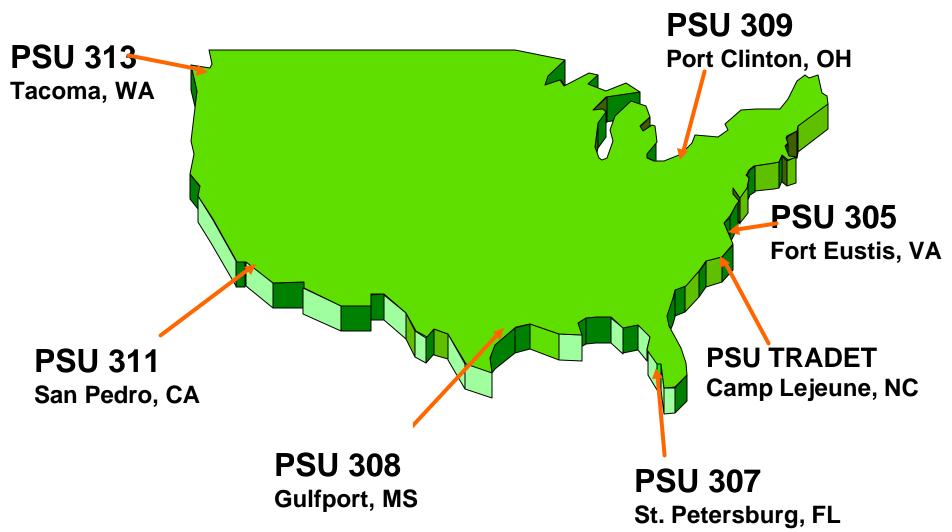


- •Air or Sea Transportable (within 96 hrs of PSRC)
- •CPAL 117 pers (incl 6 Active Duty)
- •Self-supporting (except fuel and water)
- •Self-contained (capable of providing own berthing, messing, medical, engineering support, C3, unit self protection)
- Platoon Size Unit Security Force



- 6 armed / highly maneuverable TPSBs
- Personnel:
 - -49 Boatcrew
 - -15 Command & Control
 - **25 Unit security**
 - 15 Eng Maint/Weps
 - 13 Med/Admin/Support







PSU 305 - Deployed NYC 13 Sep 01/GTMO Jan 02

PSU 307 - Deployed Boston 13 Sep 01/GTMO Jun 02

PSU 308 - Deployed DET to Bahrain Mar 02

PSU 311 - Deployed to Los Angeles/Long Beach deployed DET to Bahrain Nov 02

PSU 313 - Deployed to Northwest Coast including Indian Island Naval Weapons Station