

Integration of Science and Technology Roadmapping & Decision Analysis Tools for Strategic Mission Planning & NEPA

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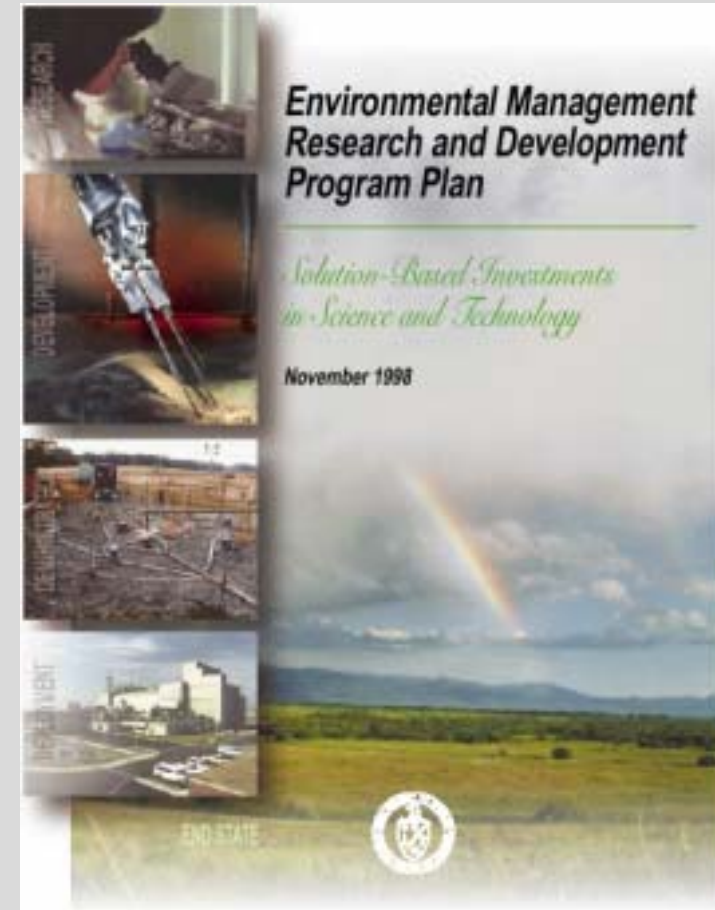
Roadmap Process Tools and Decision Architecture Streamline and Significantly Improve Strategic Plans & EIS Projects



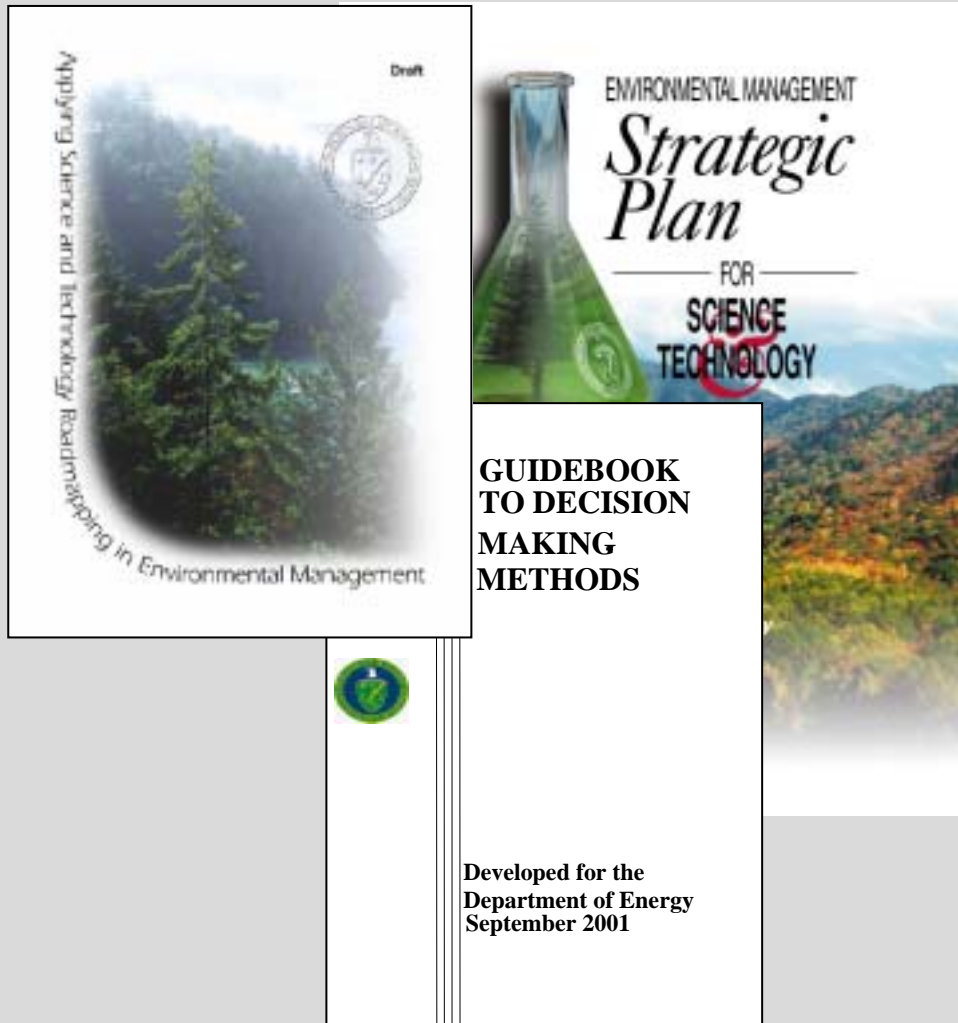
Science and Technology Roadmapping

***Used for Critical Long Term
Strategic Planning in DOE is..***

***“A critical and strategic planning
process used to identify technical
capabilities needed, map them
into technology alternatives, and
develop project plans to ensure
that the critically required
technologies will be available
when needed”***



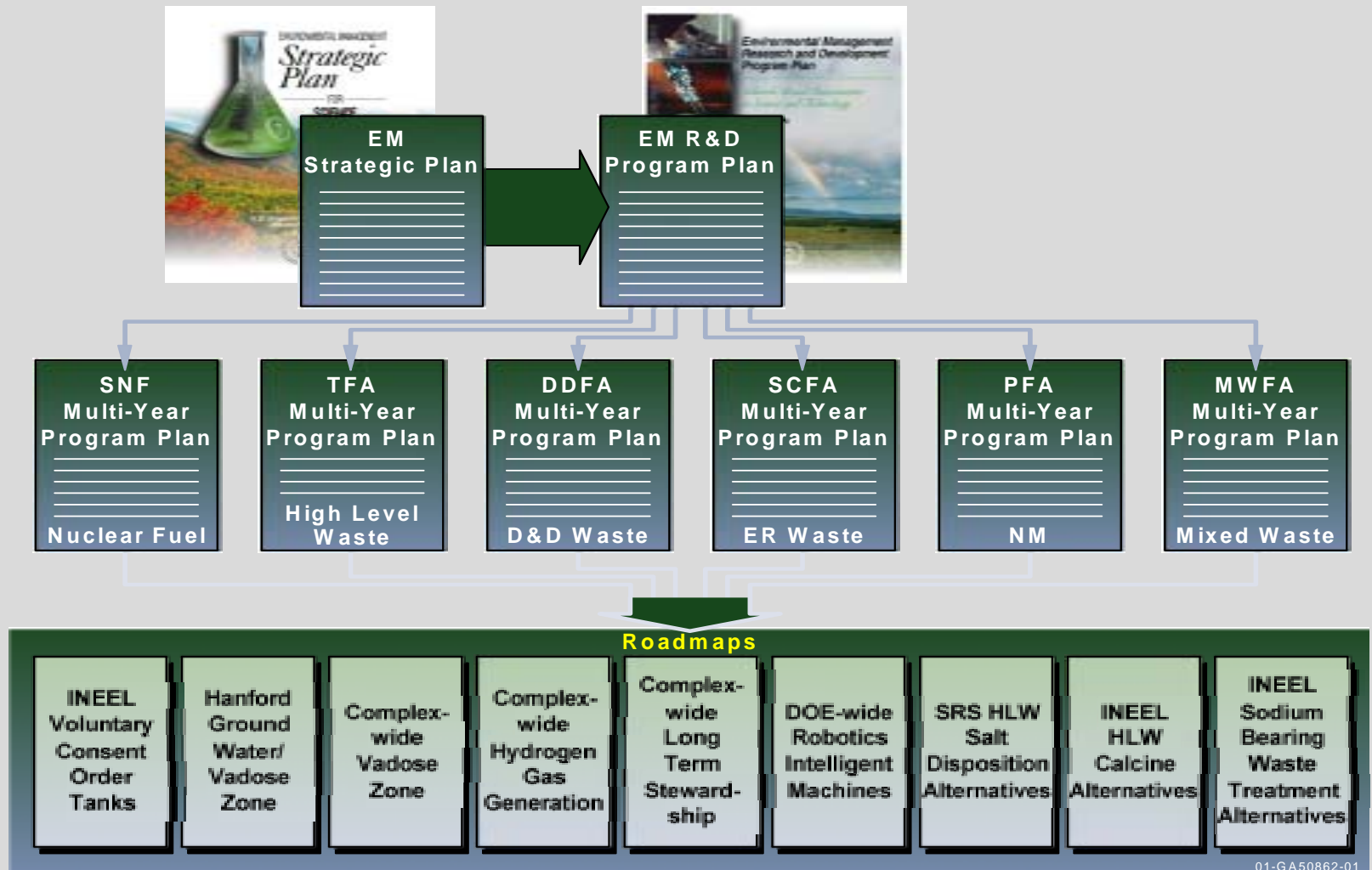
Guidance for Roadmap Application in EM Cleanup and Decision Analysis



Our focus today is on Roadmap and Decision Analysis process integration we learned while working on critical technology to meet our national nuclear waste cleanup program

- These processes helped tie Research and Development with Real Day to Day Operations, with large risk and uncertainty exist day to day**
- Once understood by Decision Analysis and Architecture it is used Roadmap to define most direct paths to solutions**

DOE Applies Roadmap to its' Strategic Planning for Critical Management and Nuclear Cleanup



01-GA50862-01

Three Separate Processes Integrate Smoothly

- Decision analysis helps define what's critical need, uncertain and risk, what alternatives to consider and prioritizes uncertainty resolution
- Roadmap process focuses on defining and resolving the uncertainties associated with what's important to the decision about the alternatives
- Roadmap defines crucial data collection and any development needed to support the decision
- Decision architecture then used to improve NEPA and provide improved clarity and portrayal of Decisions

Processes Integrate to Improve Analytical Focus and Reduce Fog Among Scientist and Interdisciplinary Teams, and Command Levels

Strategic Plans, NEPA, Roadmapping & Decision Processes integrate smoothly

RoadMapping Steps

Reduces
Uncertainty



Interface

*Mission Plans
NEPA &
Decision Making
Steps*

Roadmap Process & Types

Roadmap Process

- **Phase I, Roadmap Initiation**
 - Identify Charter, Define Scope, Project Boundaries, Group Needs, Criteria or Requirements
- **Phase II, Technical Needs Assessment (Uncertainties)**
 - Gaps and needs data for technology selection
- **Phase III, Technical Response**
 - Activity, logic, duration, ROM\$
- **Phase IV, Implementation Plan**
 - Prioritized to fit budget constraints and need dates

Types of Roadmaps

Program Level Roadmaps

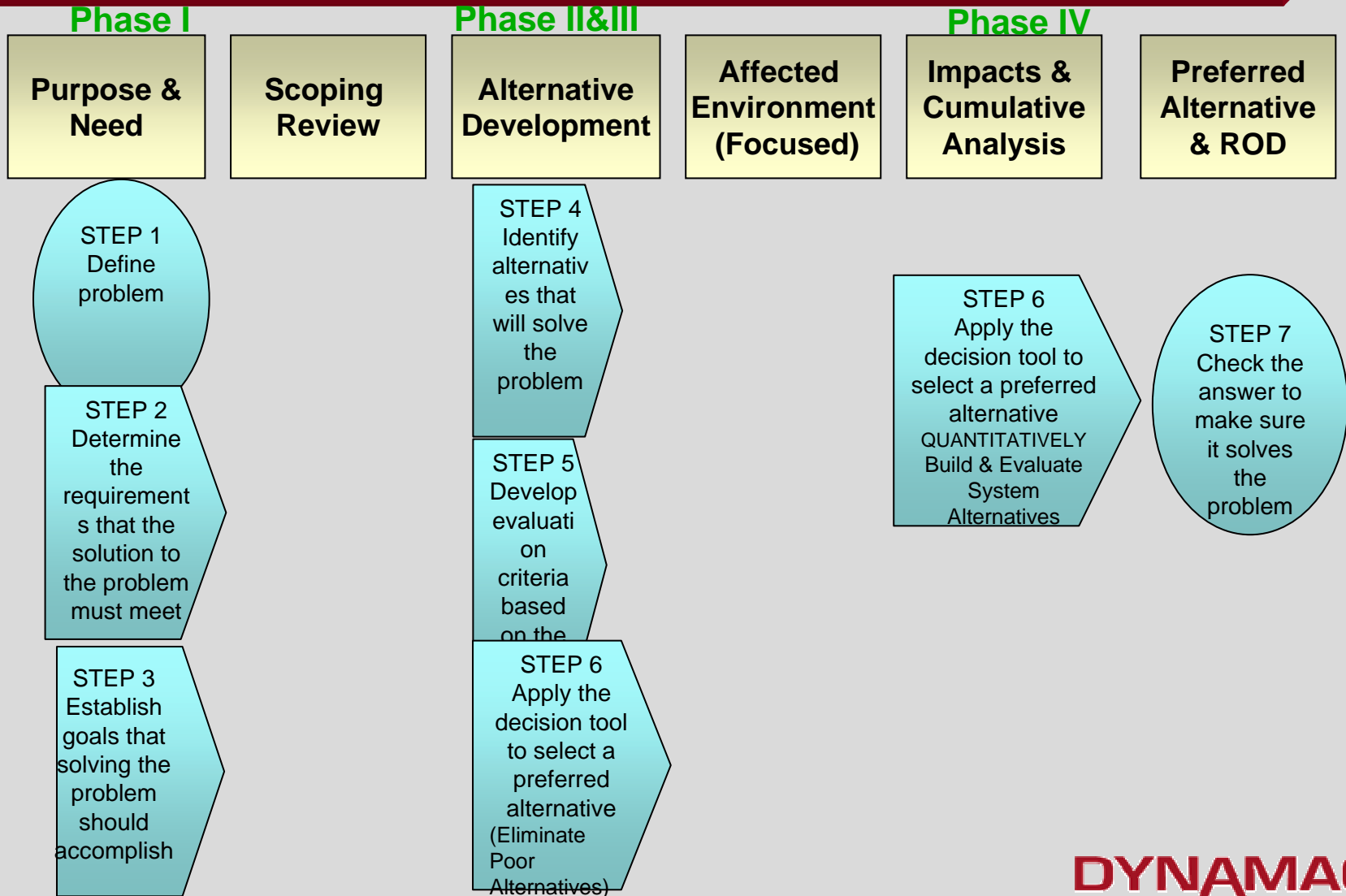
- National in Scope
- Focus on Long Term R&D
- Broad Programmatic EISs



Project Level Roadmaps

- Solve Site Specific Problems
- Focus on Near Term Needs
- Evaluate Alternative Technologies Site Specific EIS

Key NEPA Steps, Roadmap and Decision Processes



At the Start Identifying Strategic Goals, Objectives, Issues

**These Tools Expedite Start-up of Plans & EISs
By:**

- **Developing Joint Strategies for Engaging Interested Parties and Conducting Stakeholder Involvement Activities**
- **Identify Common Critical Resources, Utilize GIS Visualization Techniques, and Data Necessary to Respond to Public Issues and Needs**
- **ID Team Processing for Scoping of Issues and Planning Problem Analysis**
- **Identify and Meet Citizen Participation Objectives**
- **Systematic Development of Informed Consent**

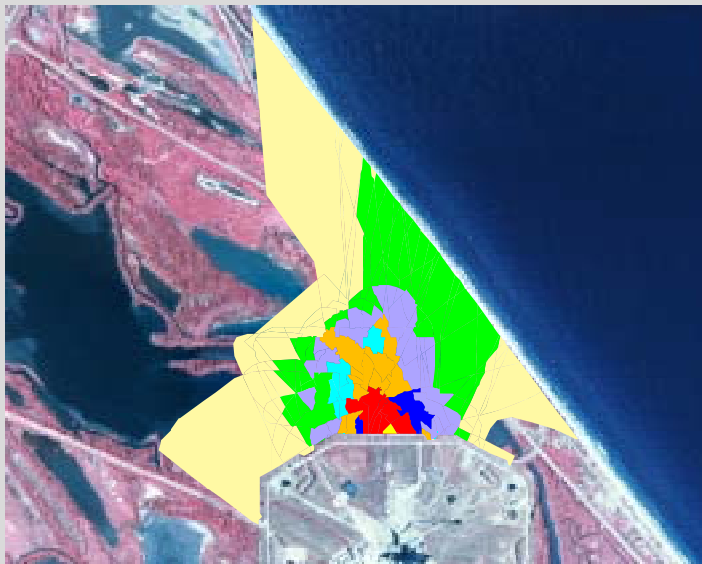
Integrating Roadmapping and NEPA Tools Yields Better Plans and EISs Because

- *Significant uncertainty exist in agency resource data, land management options, and environmental impacts*
- *Our unique tool set help resolve:*
 - *Conflict among critical resources identified quicker*
 - *Unified Management choices can be made faster*
 - *NEPA Analysis on significant impacts are made more focused, clear, accurate, and scientific*
 - *Affected State and Federal agencies & stakeholders are engaged and participate more*
 - *Joint Executive Management Decisions are more clearly understood and portrayed visually for Public*

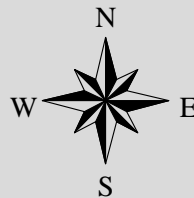
When Identifying and Formulating Strategic Plan or Project Proposal Alternatives

- **Roadmapping Tools Integrate Well with RMP and NEPA Steps to Gather and Expedite Scientific Data**
- **Team Work Groups are Facilitated**
- **Functional Analysis on Resource Programs (Data and Use Needs or Allocations) are Addressed Utilizing GIS**
- **Decision Analysis (Provides Quantified Alternative Selection Rankings and Support for Land Use Allocation Decisions)**

GIS Tool Applications and Technology



0 1 2 Kilometers



- New GIS tools improve visual portrayal of issues as in fuel deposition in air shown in this Space Shuttle Launch Analysis
- Used in Fire Management and Analysis Network (FireMAN) for gauging effects of smoke and fire on human health.
- GIS and Internet share information used for controlled burning and wildfire response to fuel types and quantities, moisture content, meteorological conditions, and level of fire risk.

NEPA and RMP Alternative Development & Screening

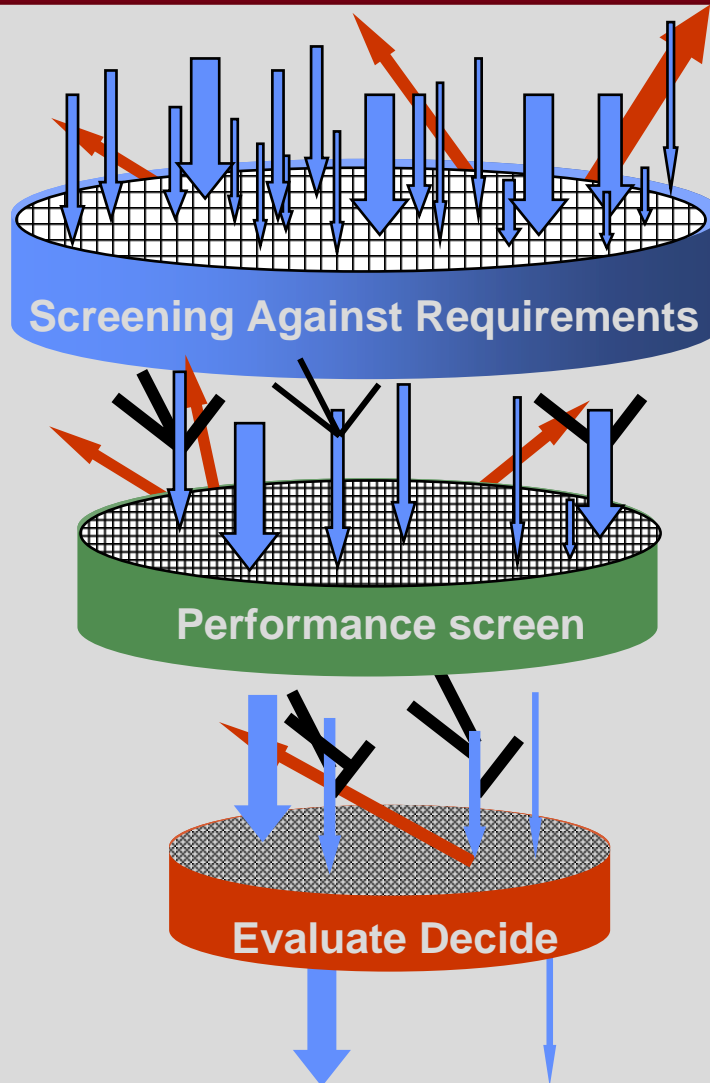
NEPA Steps Evaluation

Scope Issues
Identify Alternatives
Screen Alternatives

Eliminate Poor Performers

Impact Analysis
Mitigations

Alternative Selection



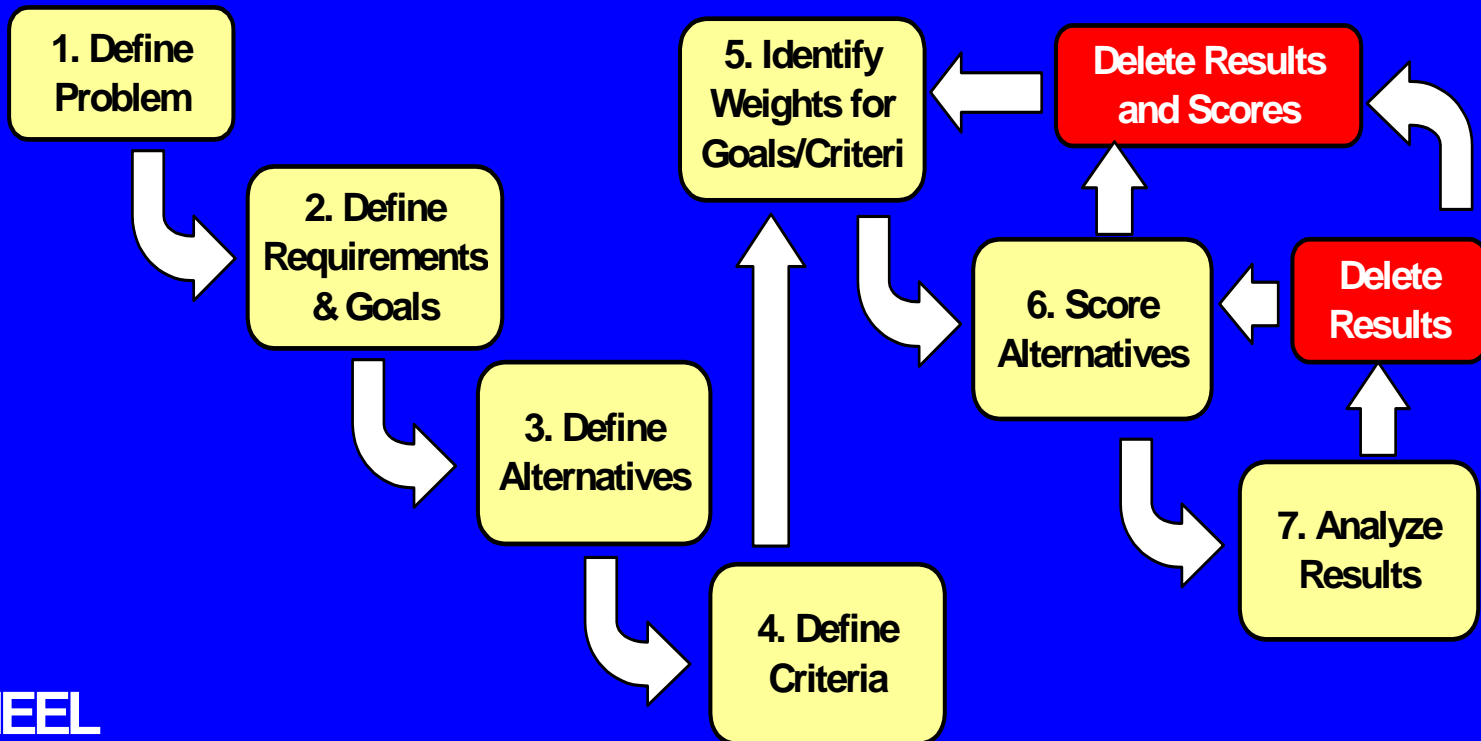
Requirements Review

Qualitative Analysis

Quantitative Analysis

Quick Compare Decision Analysis

Quick Compare v1.9



INEEL

























Idaho National Engineering & Environmental Laboratory

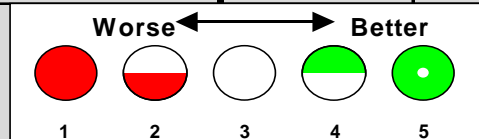
DYNAMAC

Alternative Ranking Decision Support From Quick Compare

Problem Trying to Solve:

Scoring Method:

Criteria	Alternatives			
	Alternative 1 Overall Score: 50.3%	Alternative 2 Overall Score: 77.8%	Alt 3 Overall Score: 55.3%	Alt 4 Overall Score: 76.9%
Criteria 1	 1.00	 2.00	 3.00	 4.00
Criteria 2	 2.00	 3.00	 4.00	 5.00
Criteria 3	 2.00	 4.00	 4.00	 3.00
Criteria 4	 4.00	 5.00	 3.00	 4.00
Criteria 5	 3.00	 4.00	 3.00	 5.00
Crit 6	 5.00	 5.00	 2.00	 1.00



Efficiency with Lap Top Computers & Real-Time Facilitation Tools



Provide Tools for the ID Team engineers and specialist, the project manager, the decision maker, and the public.

Advantages of Computer Assisted Facilitation

- **More effective use of the team's time by working simultaneously.**
 - **Reduced meeting length by up to 50%.**
- **Evaluate the quality of the idea by anonymous participation.**
- **Your thoughts in your words.**
- **A complete and immediate record of the team meeting.**
 - **Document how and why decisions were made.**
 - **Keep key information and "hidden gems."**
- **Reducing project down time waiting for meeting results to be transcribed.**

Computerized Comment Analysis Systems and Access Data Base Software

HWTR Comments - [Comments]

File Edit View Insert Format Records Tools Window Help

Docket ID Number: WHWP.00084.001 Year: 1995

Comment Date: 4/22/1996 Page/Paragraph: pg6 pr2

Commenter: Amer. Institute of Chem Engrs

Section 1: IA Alleen Approaches to HWTR Proposal

Section 2:

Section 3:

Issue 1: HWTR - Comments related to HWTR exemption from haz. waste regs and on possible revs. to LDR stds. based on exemption levels

Issue 2:

Issue 3:

Attachments: Attachments Summary

Comment

The proposed HWTR [is] needlessly complex and would provide true relief to only a small portion of the universe of remediation wastes. As we stated in our June 15, 1995 comments on targeted legislative changes to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (Docket F-95-LRRA-FFFFF), remediation wastes should be managed in a simplified manner that is protective of human health and the environment, allows flexibility in administration, and permits site-specific considerations - including future land use - to be taken into account. In 1994, AIChE proposed an "engineering approach" to Superfund cleanups (this approach has been incorporated into both the House and Senate Superfund bills in the 104th Congress - H.R. 2500 and S. 1285). Our engineering approach places emphasis on expediting Superfund cleanups in order to reduce as quickly as possible the risk to human health and the environment, rather than on administrative compliance, as is the hallmark of the current process. This could be accomplished by applying the same results-

Respondent: Add

Response:

Filter Records Show All Records Reports

Allow Edits Close

Record: 14 of 467

Text of comment:

Start HWTR Comments - [Comments] 11:13 AM

Group Systems Improve Work Group Thought and Expedite Planning & NEPA Process

Will Demonstrate How Group Systems and Computerized Facilitation tools improve Team efficiency because it

- Facilitates Work Group refinement of issues and alternative solution prescription options**
- Quickly consolidates critical mutual Goals and Objectives**
- Determines Alternative range, mix and responsiveness and suitability of criteria fit**
- Helps develop the viable Alternatives among complex choices**
- Greatly enhances selection of Environmentally Preferred Alternatives based on balanced consistently applied criteria and evaluation**



1. This process will require the removal of the wildlife from the uplands and then the treatment is applied. Results in extra dose and handling issues.
2. Difficult to implement because of handling and vapor issues
3. There will be major exposure concerns here
4. the approach is extremely time consuming and would involve (e.g., exposure).
5. I think exposure with this alternative would be less than
6. Burning approach can be very labor intensive and the quality of treatment. verify an acceptable

- BLM issues.
- Alternative 1 - Chemical
 - Alternative 2 - Controlled burn
 - Alternative 3 - Mechanical
 - Alternative 4 - Removal

Then create different Plan Alternatives or options

The ID team can anonymously brainstorm resource allocation or management options. As those management prescriptions appear on everyone's computer at the same time!

And easily drag & drop these management prescriptions into the different Alternatives, options or groups to describe each Alternative

GroupSystems - SSSTF Debris Treatment Process Selection

File Folders Edit Categorizer Group Options Window Help

Agenda People Whiteboard Handouts Opinion

Edit Comment

This process will require the removal of the wildlife from the uplands and then the treatment is applied. Results in extra dose and handling issues

- Will have to involve the local Fish & Game agencies. {#110}
- We should consult with the local sportsman clubs. {#111}
- Time of year will be critical to this effort. {#112}

1. This process will require the removal of the wildlife from the uplands and then the treatment is applied. Results in extra dose and handling issues.

2. Difficult to implement because of handling issues.

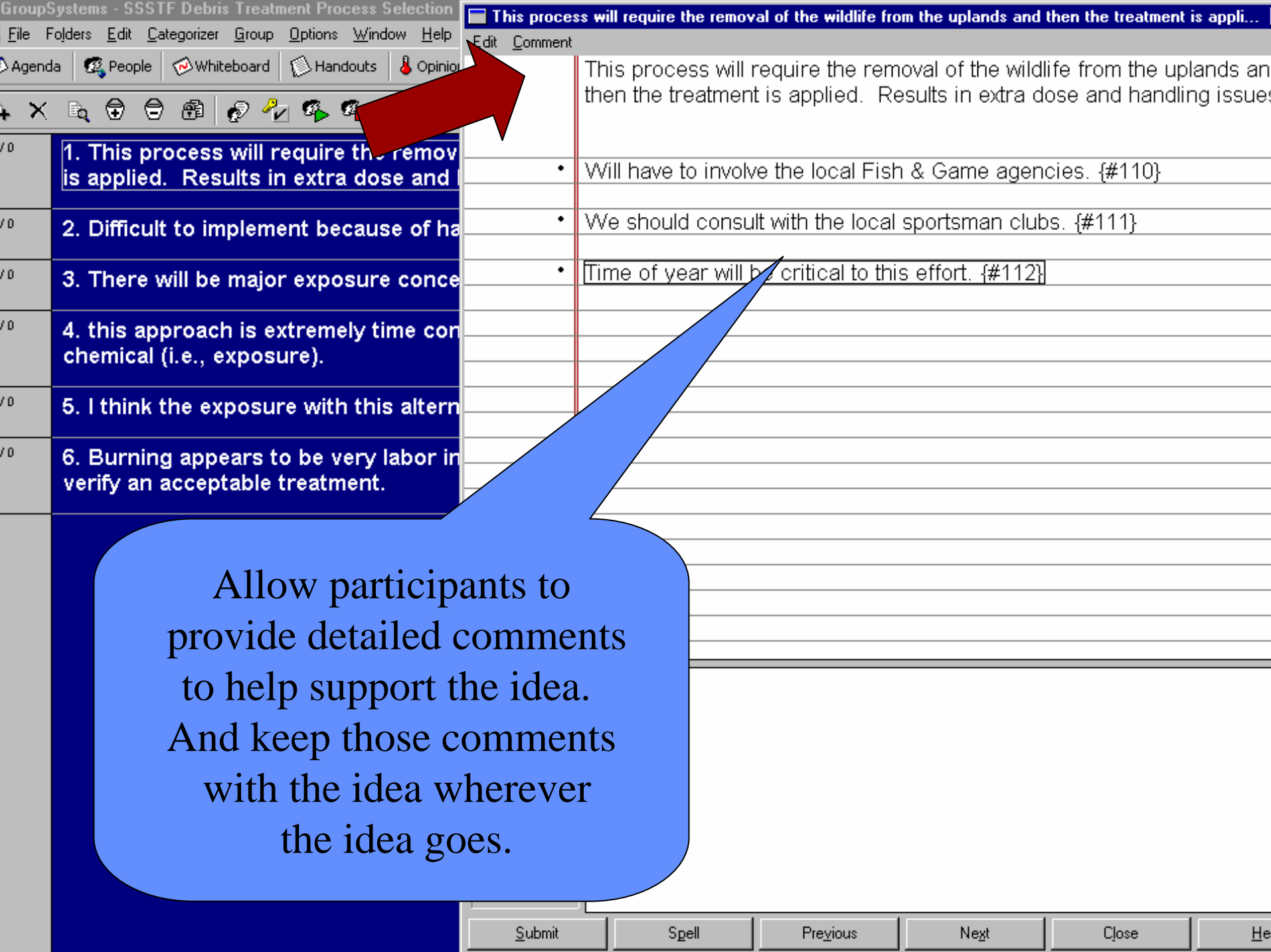
3. There will be major exposure concerns.

4. this approach is extremely time consuming and expensive (i.e., exposure).

5. I think the exposure with this alternative is acceptable.

6. Burning appears to be very labor intensive and we need to verify an acceptable treatment.

Submit Spell Previous Next Close He

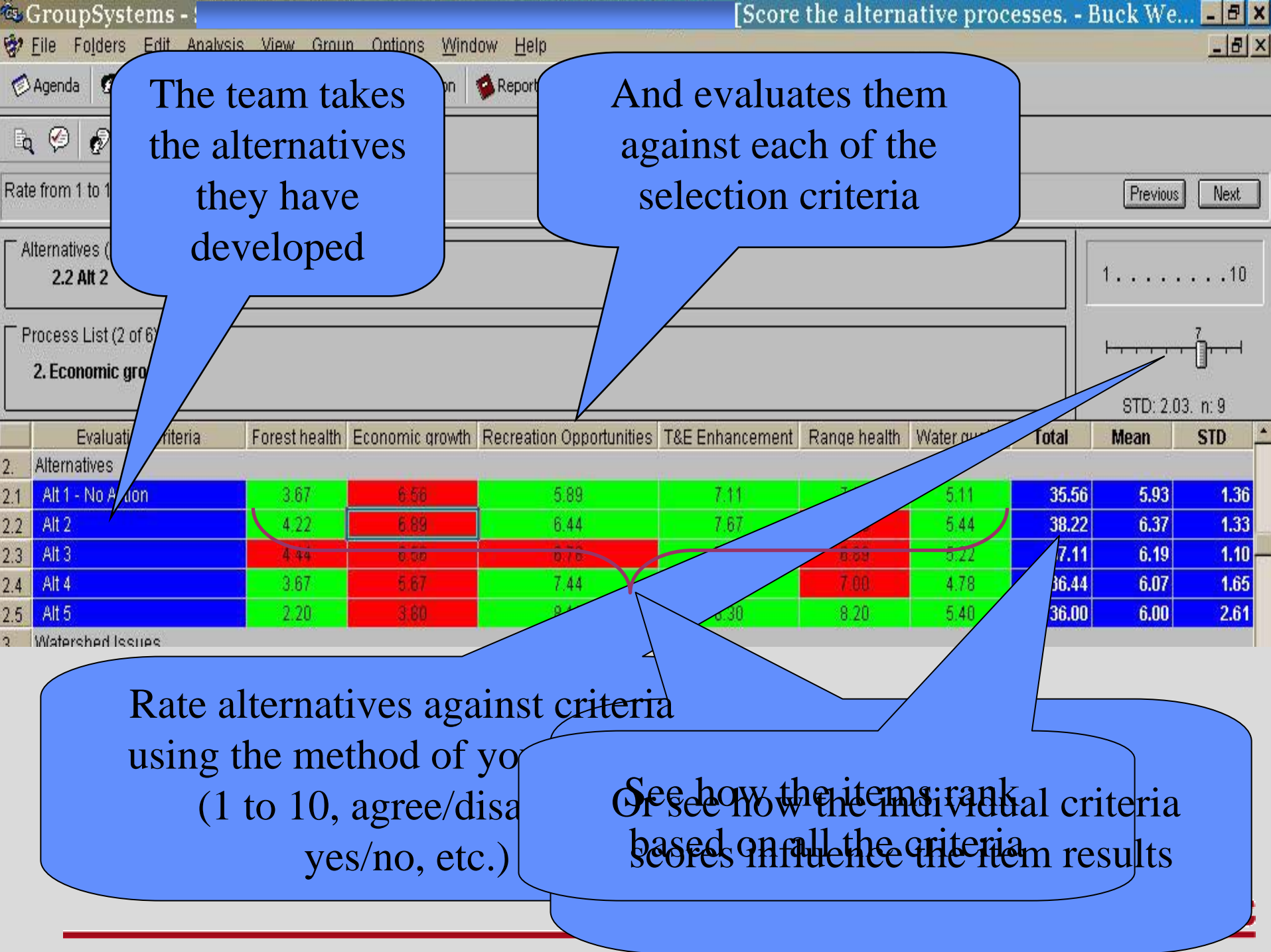


Allow participants to provide detailed comments to help support the idea. And keep those comments with the idea wherever the idea goes.

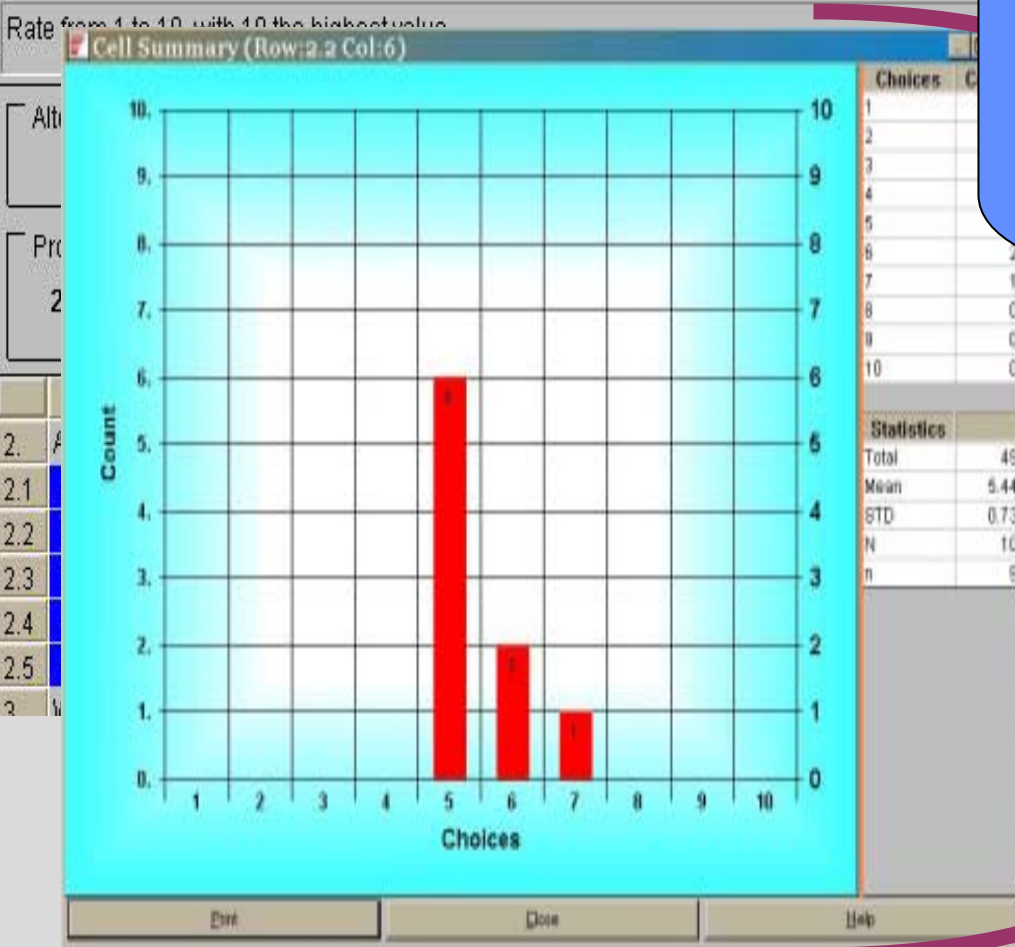
Selection of NEPA EIS Preferred Alternative

Systems Help Select Preferred Alternative

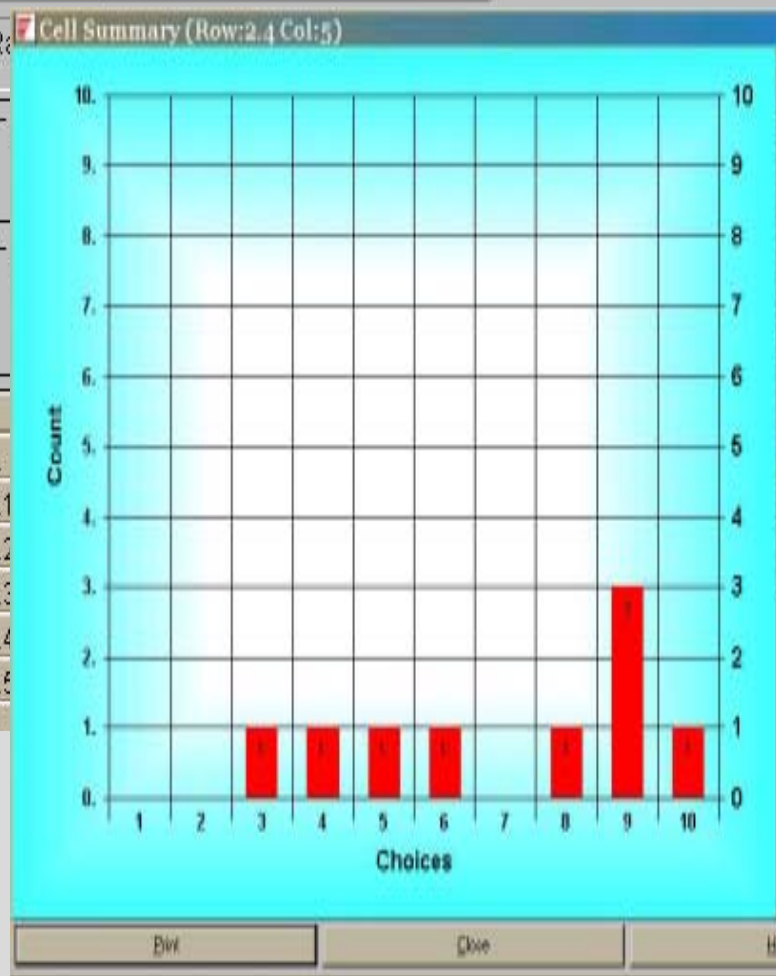
- **Our RMP EIS Analysis Tools and Decision Significantly Enhance Process Steps and Documentation**
- **Computer-assisted Facilitation for ID Teams Make Plan and NEPA Steps faster and more efficient**
- **Quick Compare for Issues and Alternative Ranking Systems Provide a basis for Selection**
- **EIS Decisions are Supported by Sound Analysis and Rationale**



Green cells show a high level of consensus. Break down each cell to see the team choices. And avoid lengthy discussion where you already agree.



	E Enhancement	Range health	Water qu	Total	Mean	STD	
Statistics							
Total	49						
Mean	5.44	7.11	7.22	5.11	35.56	5.93	1.36
STD	0.73	7.67	7.67	5.44	38.22	6.37	1.33
N	10	7.22	6.89	5.22	37.11	6.19	1.10
n	9	7.8	7.00	4.78	36.44	6.07	1.65
		8.3	8.20	5.40	36.00	6.00	2.61



Choices	Count
1	0
2	0
3	1
4	1
5	1
6	1
7	0
8	1
9	3
10	1

Statistics	
Total	83
Mean	7.00
STD	2.03
N	10
n	9

Or zoom in on a red cell to discuss the lack of consensus in the ID Team choices. Focus the discussion on where there is disagreement.

	es T&E Enhancemen	alth	Water quality	Total	Mean	STD
	7.11	6.00	5.11	35.56	5.93	1.36
	7.67	6.00	5.44	38.22	6.37	1.33
	7.22	6.39	5.22	37.11	6.19	1.10
	7.89	7.00	4.78	36.44	6.07	1.65
	8.30	8.20	5.40	36.00	6.00	2.61

3 Process Integration Results at DOE Labs

Purpose

- **Clarifies Plan Steps and EIS Alternative Analysis**
 - Saves ID Team analysis and documentation time, solves right problems due to improved focus, shortens schedule and lowers cost
 - Expands capabilities for alternative screening/selection
 - Builds consensus on plan selection and path forward
- **Focuses on Plan Selection, Resolving Uncertainties, Decision Rationale**
 - Supports decisions by having the right information available at the right time
 - Prioritizes resource management plan based on consequences and desired end results

Results

Faster -

SRS resolved salt disposition viability issues in 10 months vs. 36 months

Cheaper -

INEEL reduced calcine R&D costs from \$105 Million to \$25 Million

Better -

Hanford resolved Vadose Zone Cs transport issues supporting credible risk assessment and closure planning

Beneficial Elements of Decision Architecture

As described in the paper are:

- The requirements and objectives sharpen the statement of purpose and need (problem described without solution)
- Stakeholder involvement refines objectives and goals
- The alternatives attempt to fulfill the objectives and goals
- The criteria are directly measuring the effectiveness of the alternatives to the objectives
- The data collected are connected to the criteria that support objectives measuring the effectiveness of the alternatives to solve the problem

In Summary

- *Integration of Roadmapping and Decision Analysis with the NEPA Process greatly improve Projects by making them faster, cheaper and better.*
- *Combining the tools and applying them in Strategic Plans from beginning to end will help you:*
 - *Eliminate unnecessary data and excess baggage*
 - *Help the Top focus on elements that are crucial*
 - *Strengthen data quality and Teams ability to utilize data*
 - *Measure Alternatives within the Mission or Plan Goals*
 - *Poor performing Alternatives are screened out early*
 - *Enhances documentation of analysis and decision rationale*
- *This makes the completion of the Plan or NEPA Draft EIS easier, provides criteria for selection of a preferred alternative, improves impact analysis and mitigation, reduces cost and effort for the Final EIS, and yields a Legally Sound Defendable Decision/ROD*

**For More Information or Demonstration of
Tools and Capabilities Give Me a Call**

Jim Melton

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