

# Transitioning Science & Technology Programs

#### Technology Readiness Assessments and the Revised DoD Acquisition Series

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### Director, Defense Research & Engineering Priorities



- Focus & Integrate DoD S&T on "Transformation"
- Enhance Technology Transition
- Address National Security S&E Workforce
- Expand Outreach to Combatant Commands and Intelligence Community
- Accelerate Support to the War on Terrorism

### DDR&E Priorities Expanded



- Enhance Technology Transition Efforts
  - Enhanced Primary Transition Efforts under DUSD (Advanced Systems and Concepts); Mrs. Sue Payton
  - Increase Investment in Technology Transition Efforts (Quick Reaction Special Projects and Advanced Concept Technology Demonstrations)
  - Expanded Use of Technology Readiness
     Assessments as Part of Defense Acquisition Board
     Major Program Reviews

### Under Secretary AT&L Goals\*



- Theme: Accelerate Acquisition & Tech Transition Efforts
  - Revitalize Defense Acquisition Board at Senior Level
  - Mandate Evolutionary, Spiral Development
  - Implement Technology Readiness Assessments
  - Mandate the Goal of S&T at 3%
  - Exploite the Enormous Potential of ACTDs
  - Accelerate the Flow of Technology to the Warfighter

#### Speeding Technology Transition "The Challenge"



## **Some Tech Transition Dimensions**

- Rate of Technology Change Increasing
- Capabilities-based Planning Changes Requirements/Needs Process
- Acquisition Excellence/Spiral Insertion
- Availability of Commercial Technology
- Demos (Try Before Buy)

#### Multiple Dimensions Mean Multiple Solutions Needed

### The Challenge: Pace of Technology



- "Moore's Law" Computing doubles every 18 months
- "Fiber Law" Communication capacity doubles every 9 months

#### **Defense Acquisition Pace**

F-22	Milestone I:	Oct 86	IOC:	Dec 05*
Commanche	Milestone I:	Jun 89	IOC:	Sep 09

\* Computers at IOC are 512 X faster, hold 65,000 X bits of information than they did at MS I

Technology growth is non-linear... Acquisition path has been linear

## Technology and Defense Acquisition



DoD 5000-Series: S&T Role in Evolutionary Acquisition As of April 2002

- DoDD 5000.1, The Defense Acquisition System
  - Rapid & Effective Transition From S&T to Products
  - Emphasis on Cost & Affordability in Program Development

#### • DoDD 5000.2, Operation of the Defense Acq. System

- Identify S&T Solutions in Pre-Systems Acquisition
- Reduce Technology Risks Before the Acquisition Process
- Use Mechanisms with User & Acq. Customer to Ensure Transition
  - > ATDs, ACTDs, Service & Joint Experiments
- DoD 5000.2-R, Procedures for Acquisition Programs
  - Establish Technology Readiness Levels (TRLs) for Critical Technologies

#### Documents Available at http://www.acq.osd.mil/ara/

### Changes to Defense Acquisition Regulation



Why? "To create an acquisition policy environment that fosters efficiency, flexibility, creativity, and innovation"

## Additional DepSecDef Guidance 30 Oct 2002



- DepSecDef Issued Interim Guidance (~40 Pages):
  - Reaffirmed the Importance of Technology Transition
  - Reaffirmed Evolutionary Acquisition
  - Reaffirmed Technology Development as a Continual Process
  - Directed Continuation of Technology Readiness Assessments and Independent Technology Assessments (Milestones B/C)

DEPSECDF Intent: Streamline Acquisition, with increased flexibility for technology insertion



## **Changes to Requirements Process**

- Warfighter "owns" the Requirements Process
- Moving to Top-Down "Joint Capabilities Integration"
- Key Documents:
  - Joint Integrating Architecture (JIA) (Pre MS-A)
  - Initial Capabilities Document (ICD) (Pre MS-A)
  - Capability Development Document (CDD) (MS-B)
  - Capability Production Document (CPD) (MS-C)
  - Capstone Requirement Document (CRD)

#### Possible Future Requirements / Acquisition Process





## **Initial Requirements Process**





#### **Best Practices**



All Services are evolving their acquisition processes



### Navy Science & Technology (S&T) Problem / Solution



**Programs below critical mass were never ready for transition** 

Navy FNC IPT Approach



- Industry Board of Directors Model
- Principal Members:
  - Chair -- Requirements community -- Office of Chief of Naval Operations (OPNAV)/Marine Corp Combat Development Center (MCCDC)/Fleet/Force rep.
  - Transition Lead -- Acquisition community -- Systems Command (SYSCOM)/Program Executive Officer (PEO) rep.
  - Execution Manager/Technical Working Group Leader -- S&T community rep.
  - Executive Secretary -- S&T Resource Sponsor Rep.

## Air Force Applied Technology Council (ATC)



- Tech transition process should be a 3-legged stool
  - Air Force Research Lab, Product Centers, and Users
- <u>Recurring</u> participation at <u>senior</u> levels
  - MAJCOM/CVs, Product Center/CCs, and AFRL/CC
- Funding commitments for both S&T and transition
- For Advanced Technology Demonstration (ATD) Programs

#### Army ATD Management Plans Accelerating Transition

- Coordinated and Documented partnership between Warfighting Customer, Technology Developer and Acquisition Buyer
- Proposed by Technologists and Tacticians
- Approved by GO/SES
  - HQ TRADOC Combat Developer
  - HQDA Chief Scientist
  - HQDA, G8 Force Development
  - PEO/PM

ATD Management Plan

Commitments to Transition needed Technology as Fast as Possible



#### Measuring Technology Maturity Technology Readiness Levels



Actual system "flight proven" through successful mission operations

Actual system completed and "flight qualified" through test and demonstration

System prototype demonstration in a operational environment

System/subsystem model or prototype demonstration in a relevant environment

Component and/or breadboard validation in relevant environment

Component and/or breadboard validation in laboratory environment

Analytical and experimental critical function and/or characteristic proof-of-concept

**Technology concept and/or application formulated** 

**Basic principles observed and reported** 

As Defined in 5000.2-R



## SPEED OF TECHNOLOGY CHANGE



#### In FY03 President's Budget Request New Program Quick Reaction Special Projects – 3 Projects

#### •Defense Acquisition Challenge Program

Provides opportunities for inserting innovative and cost-saving technology into acquisition programs

Funds used only for review and evaluation of proposals, not implementation

#### Quick Reaction Fund

Provides flexibility to respond to emergent DoD needs within budget cycle Takes advantage of technology breakthroughs in rapidly evolving technologies Completion of projects within a 6-12 month period

#### Technology Transition Initiative

Establishes a Technology Transition Council Jump starts selected components/subsystems into systems

## Summary



- Tech Transition is critical to maintaining capability edge
- Need Reaffirmed at Highest Levels
- DoD Implementing New Projects and Processes to Effect Transition
- Effective Tech Transition remains a Contact Sport

