Advantages of the ARMS PROGRAM from the Contractor Perspective

Presented by

Jay Bell & Gerald Pickens, of MAST Technology at NDIA Small Arms Review

5/14/03



What is ARMS?

The ARMAMENT RETOOLING AND MANUFACTURING SUPPORT (ARMS) Program enacted in 1993 is designed to re-utilize ARMY facilities with commercial businesses.

Bases Include:

| Holston AAP | Kingsport, TN | Milan AAP | Milan, TN |
|---------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Iowa AAP | Middletown, IA | Mississippi AAP | Stennis Space |
| | | | Center, MS |
| Lake City AAP | Independence, MO | Radford AAP | Radford, VA |
| Lone Star AAP | Texarkana, TX | Riverbank | Riverbank, CA |
| | | Industrial | |
| | | Complex | |
| Louisiana AAP | Shreveport, LA | Scranton AAP | Scranton, PA |



Current ARMS Stats:

185-210 Tenants

2000 to 2500 jobs

\$250 million government Investment

\$175 million Private investment

ARMS incentives:

- Interest free loan for site improvements wrapped into lease
 - Custom building infrastructure
 - Low lease rates
 - Government equipment can be included with lease



MAST Reasons for Choosing LCAAP

- Desired hazardous operation capable buildings and magazines to store and use 1.1 rated propellant
- Testing services available at reasonable rates
- Mentor like relationship with ATK available to assist on-site
- Increased exposure to government and industrial community
- Facilities for incremental growth of business and scope of work
- Ideal facilities for additional ammunition contract to include potential ammunition equipment
- Funding available through ARMS to reduce start-up capital requirements



MAST's ARMS Story

Convert Building 139, formerly a 20mm fuse line, to a production line for the 40mm M781. The complex consists of over 34 separate structures. In 2001 building 139 was partially used as a temporary primer/chemical lab.

Building Requirements:

| - Strip and Paint | -Install overhead doors | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|
| - Install access ramp | -Air compressor | |
| - General Cleaning | - Removal of old equipment | |

Total Cost

@ \$300,000

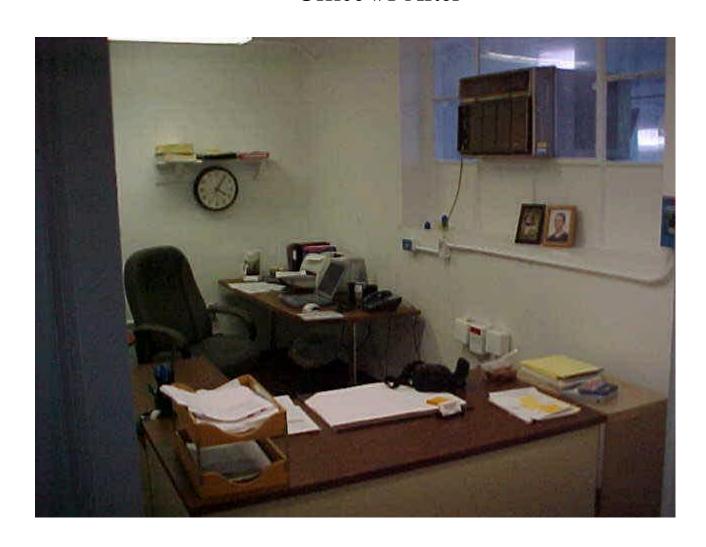


Office #1 Before





Office #1 After





Front of Building Before



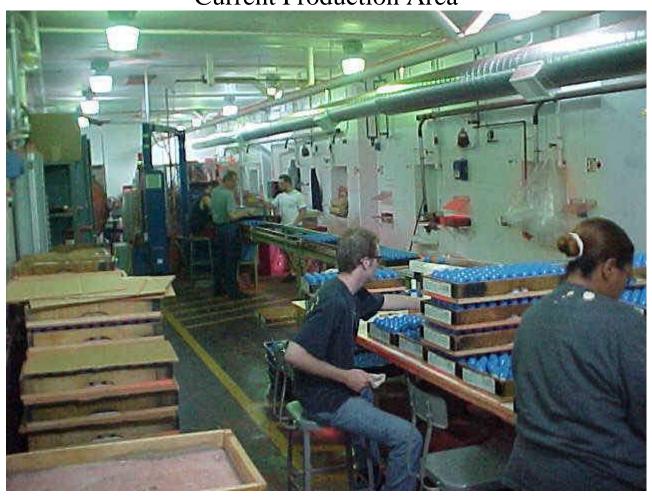


Front of Building After



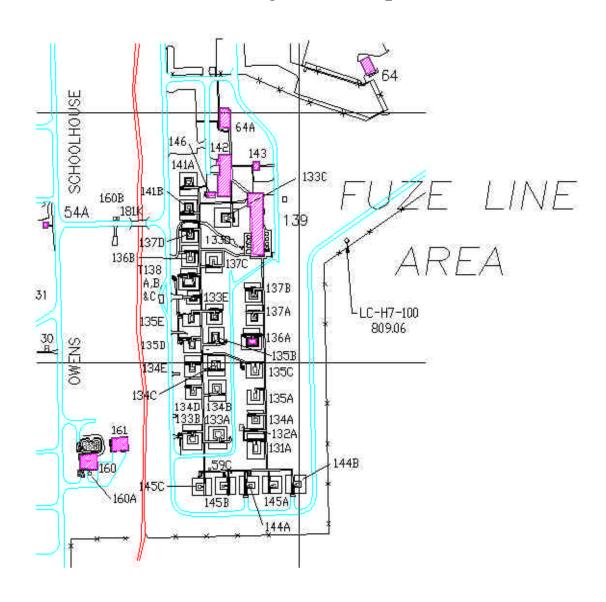


Current Production Area





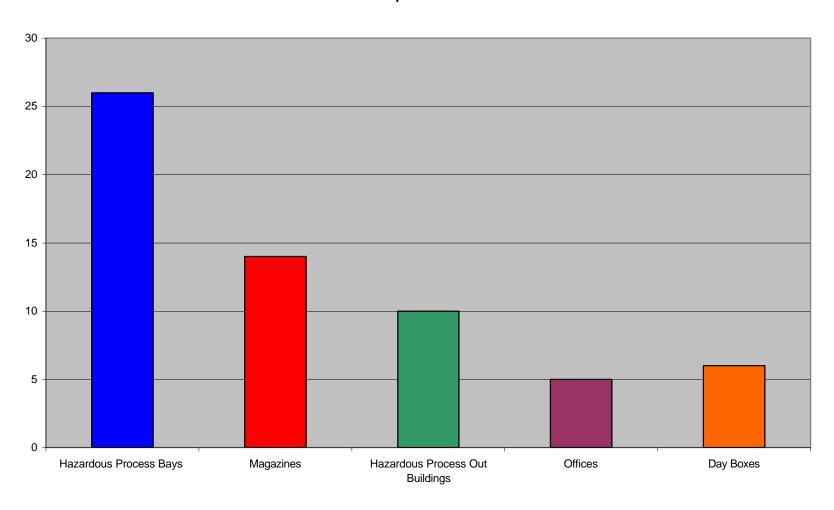
Building 139 Complex





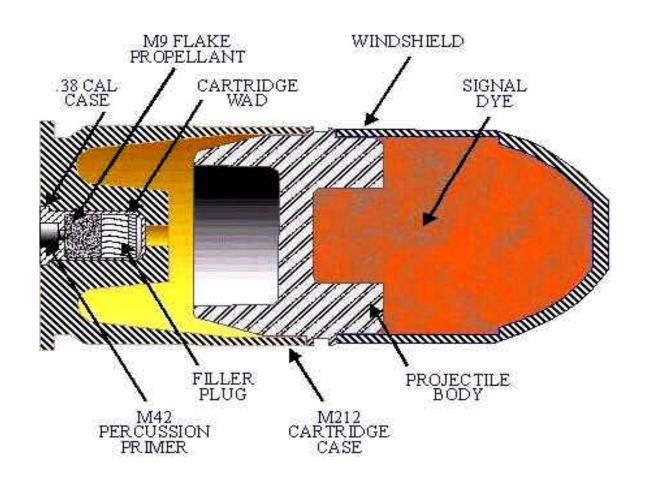
Building 139 Complex Facilities

139 Complex Structures





Product 40mm M781 Training Practice





Problems Encountered

- Safety Site approval took considerably longer than anticipated, effecting ramp up time frame
- ARMS money requires use of Davis-Bacon wages, substantially decreasing the value of the loaned dollar
 - Increased security requirements made many simple thing difficult
- Steam usage had to be discontinued due to excessively high rates of \$4000 per month of use



Suggested Improvements to ARMS from the Tenant/Contractor Perspective

- 1) Better defined SOW's for the facility contractor and the tenant currently there is not a clearly defined guidebook or system
- 2) Clearly established overhead rates for services. The prime contractors charge tenants varying rates at different facilities. The known range is 6-20% added to a facility improvement Purchase Order.
- 3) Tenants to manage proven sub-contractors on facility work with system of checks and balances
- 4) Allowance of additional no-payback funds to get buildings in basic 'rent-able' condition to eliminate fixing major problems (roof leaks, etc.). As the building age and more desirable space is utilized bring in new tenants will become more difficult.
- 5) Allowance of special rules for commercial operations rules to avoid excessive paperwork.

