



NORTHROP GRUMMAN

DEFINING THE FUTURE

Designing Your Tailoring Approach to Help Achieve Higher Levels of Maturity

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Abstract 1132

FROM UNDERSEA TO OUTER SPACE TO CYBERSPACE



Northrop Grumman Mission Systems

- **A leading integrator of complex, mission-enabling systems**
- **2003 Sales - ~\$4.1B**
- **18,000 employees in 50 states and in 23 countries**
- **1500 active contracts**
- **Deep, legacy domain expertise in priority, high-growth segments**
- **Premier provider of mission critical end-to-end solutions**



Joint National
Integration Center



Intercontinental
Ballistic Missile
Program

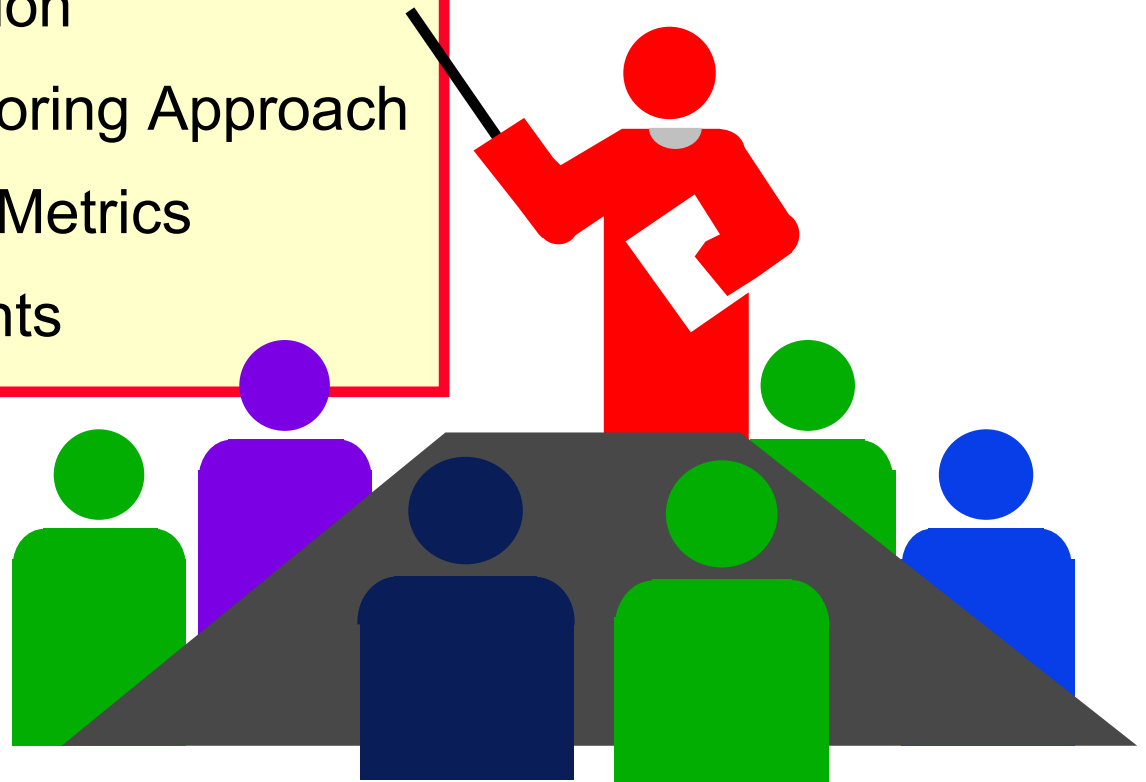


Satellite Command & Control

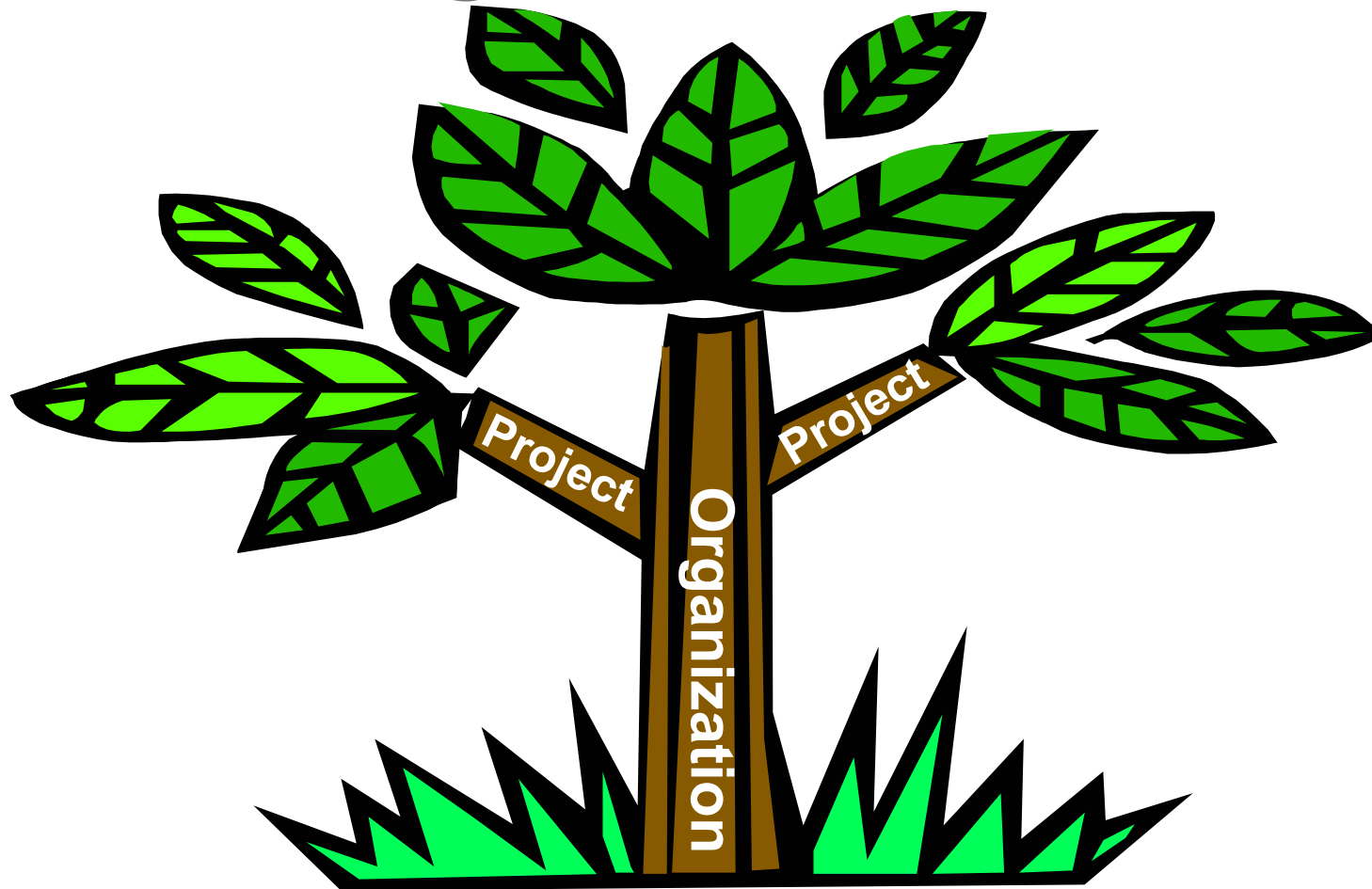
Focused on program performance

Agenda

- What is Tailoring
- A Typical Organization
- A Mature Organization
- Designing Your Tailoring Approach
- Analyzing Tailoring Metrics
- Making Improvements

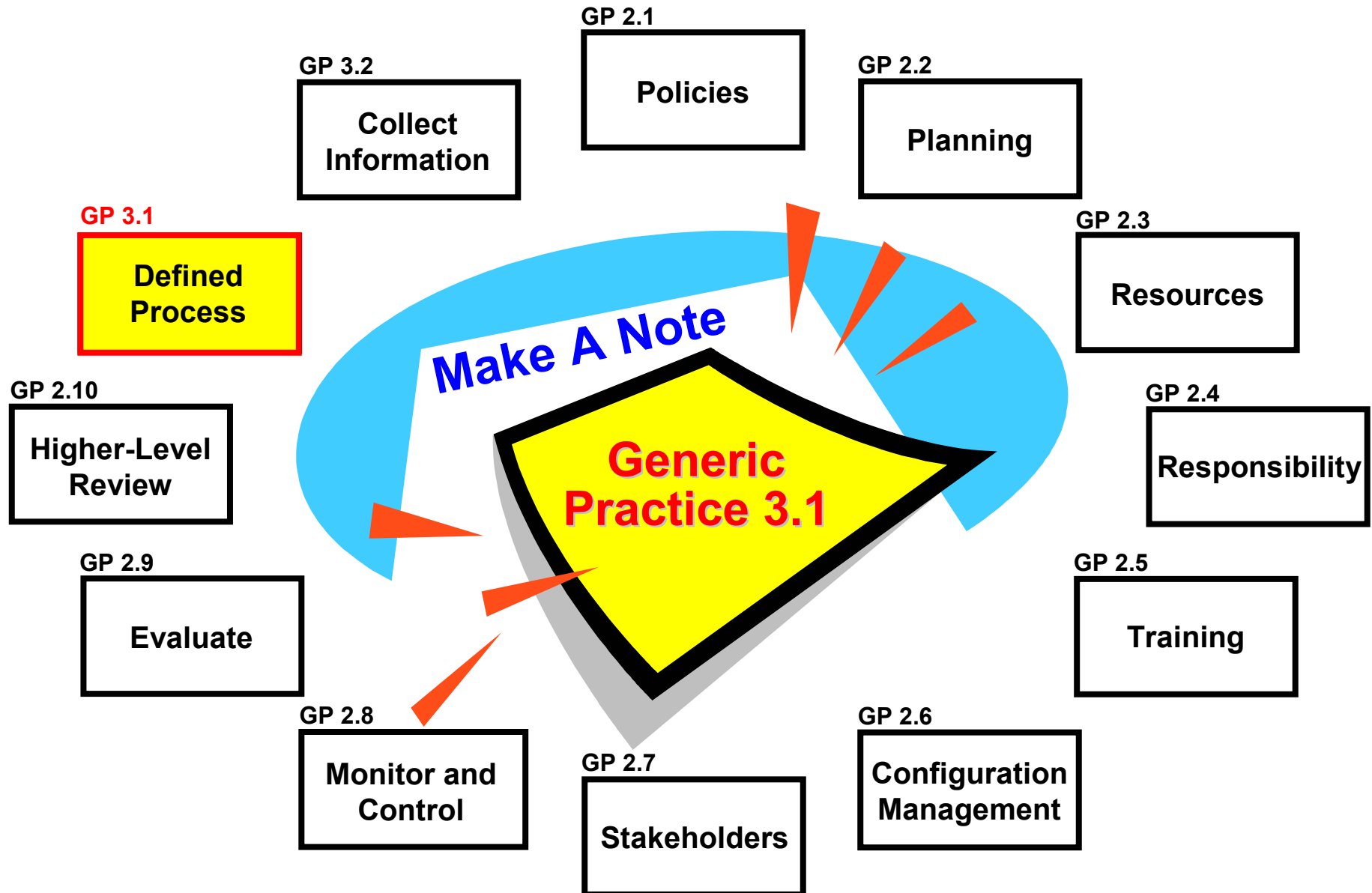


What is Tailoring?



Adapt the organization's standard processes to meet the project's objectives to arrive at the project's defined process. Like a family tree, all defined processes must be derived from the same trunk.

Where is Tailoring in the CMMI?



GP 3.1 Establish a Defined Process

**Carnegie Mellon
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Pittsburgh, PA 15213-3890

**Capability Maturity Model[®]
Integration (CMMISM),
Version 1.1**

Tailoring Guidelines

Tailoring a process makes, alters, or adapts the process description for a particular end. For example, a project establishes its defined process by tailoring from the organization's set of standard processes to meet the objectives, constraints, and environment of the project.

[FM114.HDA102.HDB120.T101]

"Tailoring guidelines" are used in CMMI models to enable organizations to implement standard processes appropriately in their projects. The organization's set of standard processes is described at a general level that may not be directly usable to perform a process. [FM114.HDA102.HDB120.T102]

Tailoring guidelines aid those who establish the defined processes for projects. Tailoring guidelines cover (1) selecting a standard process, (2) selecting an approved life-cycle model, and (3) tailoring the selected standard process and life-cycle model to fit project needs. Tailoring guidelines describe what can and cannot be modified and identify process components that are candidates for modification.

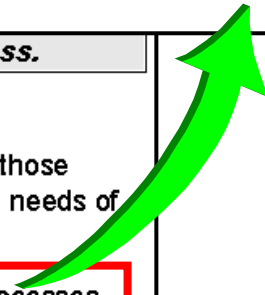
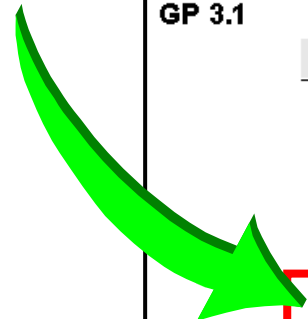
[FM114.HDA102.HDB120.T103]

GP 3.1 Establish a Defined Process

Establish and maintain the description of a defined process.

Subpractices

1. Select from the organization's set of standard processes those processes that cover the process area and best meet the needs of the project or organizational function. [GP114.SubP101]
2. Establish the defined process by tailoring the selected processes according to the organization's tailoring guidelines. [GP114.SubP102]
3. Ensure that the organization's process objectives are appropriately addressed in the defined process. [GP114.SubP103]
4. Document the defined process and the records of the tailoring. [GP114.SubP104]
5. Revise the description of the defined process as necessary. [GP114.SubP106]



Storyboard of a Typical Organization

1 Create Standard Processes



Develop policies and standard processes in Word

2 Post Standard Processes



Provide Word files to projects

3 Go Into Hibernation



Wait for the next process initiative

4 Update Years Later



Update policies and standard processes years later

Storyboard of a Mature Organization

1 Create Standard Processes



ORACLE®

Develop policies and standard processes in a tool

2 Post Standard Processes



Provide the tool to projects

3 Let the Tool Gather Metrics



Walk away knowing the tool will automatically gather metrics

4 Improve Standard Processes

5
CMMI Level

Use the metrics, to improve the policies and standard processes regularly

Storyboard of a Typical Organization Trying to Become More Mature

1 Collect Defined Processes



Collect Word files from projects

2 Figure Out What Was Tailored



Analyze red revision bars in every Word file

3 Waste Resources



Waste an enormous amount of money and time

4 Improve Standard Processes



Use the error-prone metrics, to improve the policies and standard processes regularly

6 Steps to a Mature Tailoring Approach



Define Goals-Questions-Measures



Define Tool Requirements



Define Tailoring Options



Design Tailoring Tool



Analyze Metrics



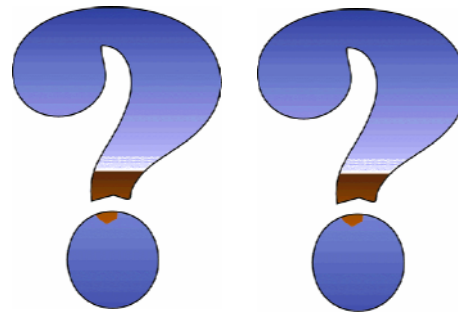
Improve the Standard Processes

1 Define **G**oals-**Q**uestions-**M**easures



Goals

- Continually improve the policies
- Continually improve the standard processes
- Create an efficient tailoring process



Questions

- Which policies are being waived?
- Which processes are being tailored frequently?
- How long is it taking projects to tailor?
- Is a particular process troublesome for projects?



Measures

- Hours
- Number of waivers, deviations, etc. for policies
- Number of additions, deletions, etc. for standard processes
- Categorize above by project type, project size, etc.



Define Tool Requirements

Should the tool generate the defined process?

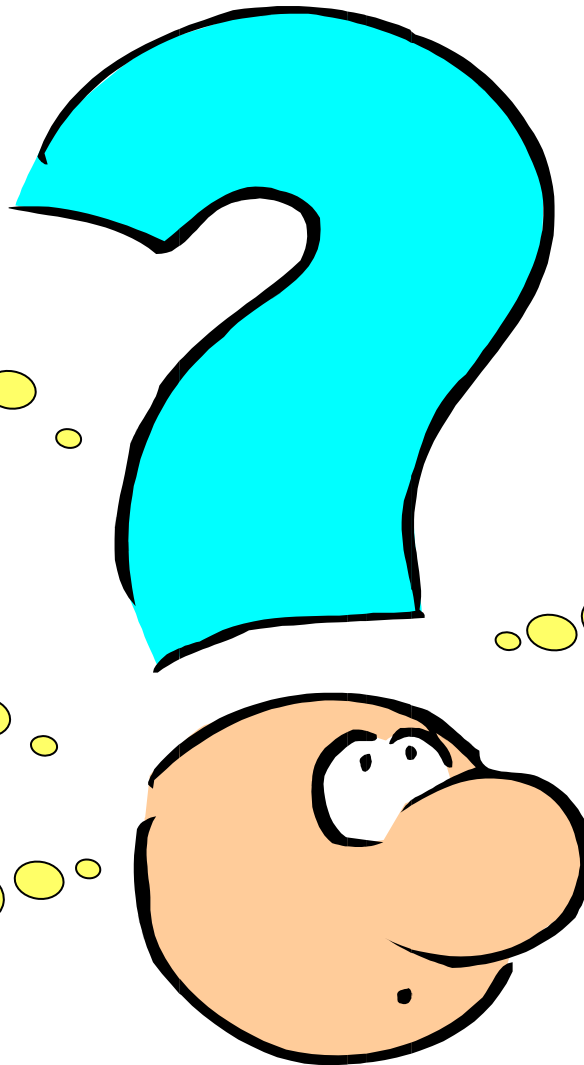
How will the tool handle updates to the standard processes?

Will the same tool also be used by the organization?

Should we use Excel, Access, Oracle, Web?

Should the tool display by CMMI levels?

Should the tool also be used for audits?





Define Tailoring Options



Policies

- Compliant
- Waiver
- Deviation
- N/A



Standard Processes

- Applicable
- Modify
- Delete
- Add
- N/A

Include detailed definitions of the tailoring options in your Tailoring Guidelines.



Design Tailoring Tool

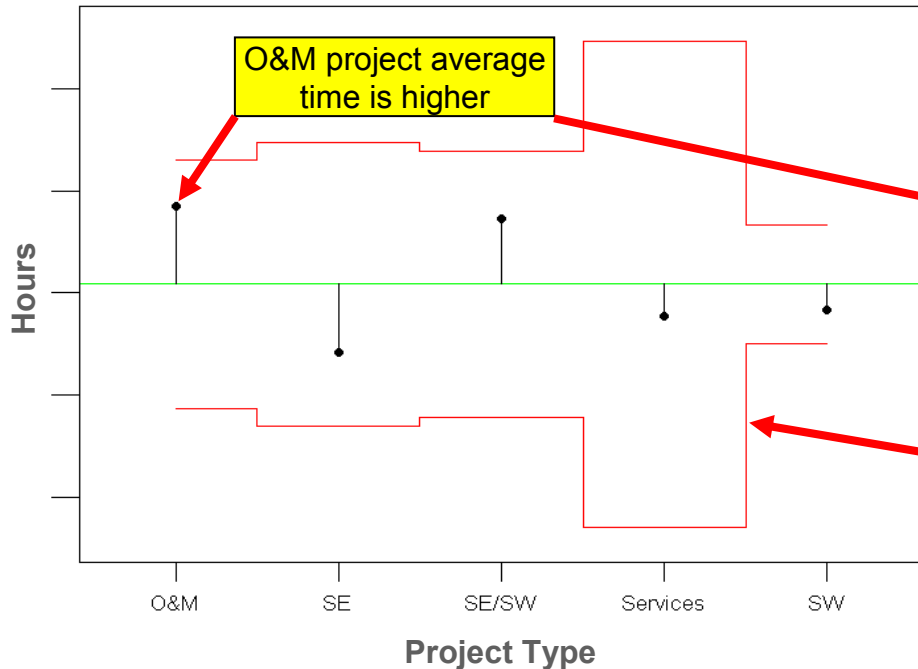
924 Risk Management		Selection	Rationale
130	4.5 Handle Risks	Applicable	
135			
136			
137	020 Define candidate courses of action for handling each risk.	Applicable	
138			
	030 Assign risk handling options for each risk, per options defined in project plans.	Original	
139	<i>Note: Examples of risk handling options include mitigate, watch list, etc.</i>		
	030 Assign risk handling options for each risk, per options defined in the Risk Management Plan.	Modified	Risk handling options are defined in the Risk Management Plan.
140	<i>Note: Examples of risk handling options include mitigate, watch list, etc.</i>		
141			
142	010 Develop risk mitigation plans for the most important risks to the project as defined by risk management strategy. (CMMI3 RM SP 3.1) (PRM 924.070)	Compliant	
143			
144	100 Coordinate with task leads, the customer, and other potentially affected teams, as appropriate.	Applicable	
145			
146	440 Assign an action item or write a plan for each risk to be mitigated.	Original	
	110 Write a plan for each risk to be mitigated.	Modified	Plans must be written. Action items are not allowed.
147			
148			
149	120 * Responsibility	Applicable	
150			
151	130 * Scope of actions to be taken	Applicable	
152			
153	140 * Date to complete	Applicable	
154			
155	150 * Completion/success criteria	Applicable	
156			
	460 * Results of mitigation actions	Deleted	Results of mitigation actions are not known when the plan is being written.
157			
158			
159	170 * Schedule including impacts on master schedule	Applicable	
160			
161	180 * Affect on customer satisfaction when appropriate	Applicable	

Use any tool that can collect metrics

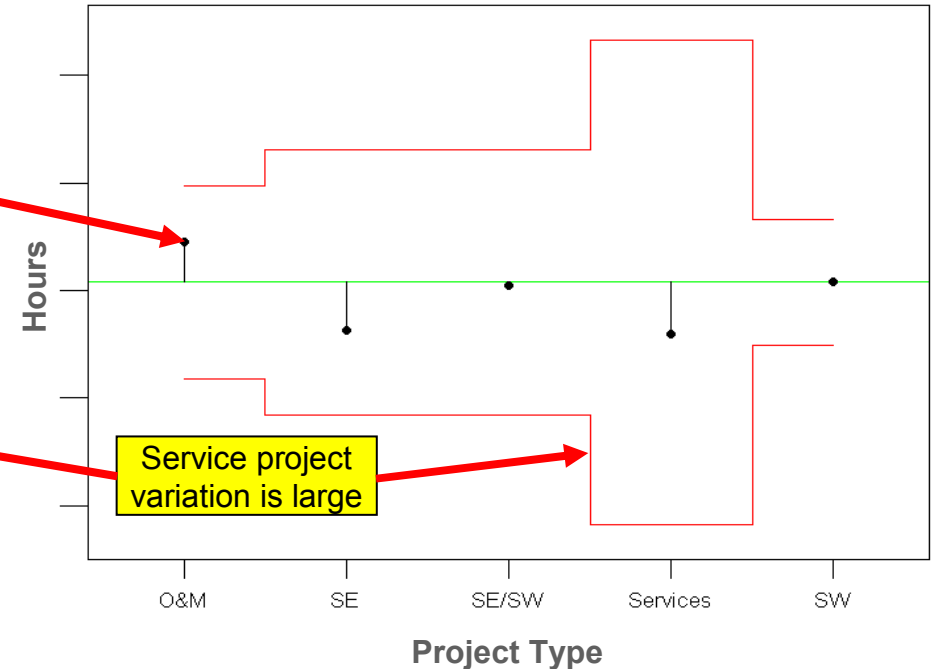


Analyze Hours by Project Type

Variation analyzed through Six Sigma projects



Hours for Defining Compliance to Policies



Hours for Tailoring the Standard Processes

Actions: Improve tailoring guidance and training to reduce variation, especially for service and O&M projects. Publicize good examples.



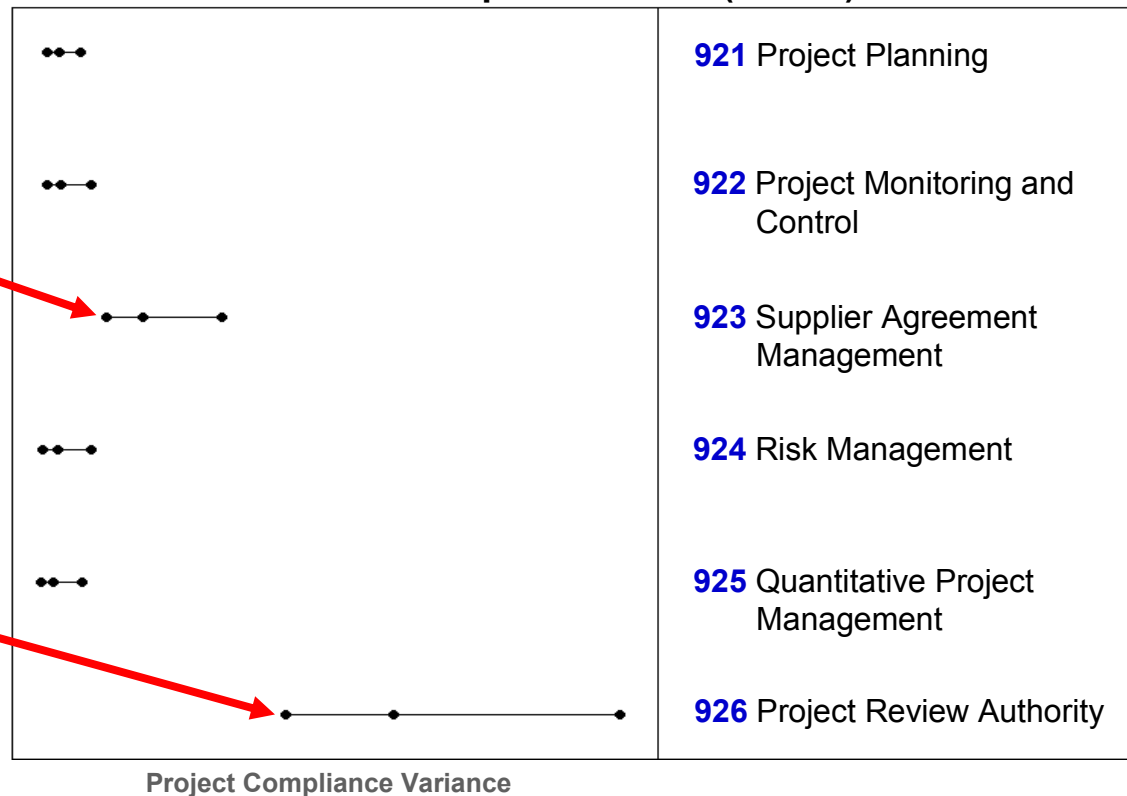
Analyze Policy Compliance

Project Compliance with Policies

Test for Equal Variance (F-Test)

Project compliance varies more since some projects do not have suppliers

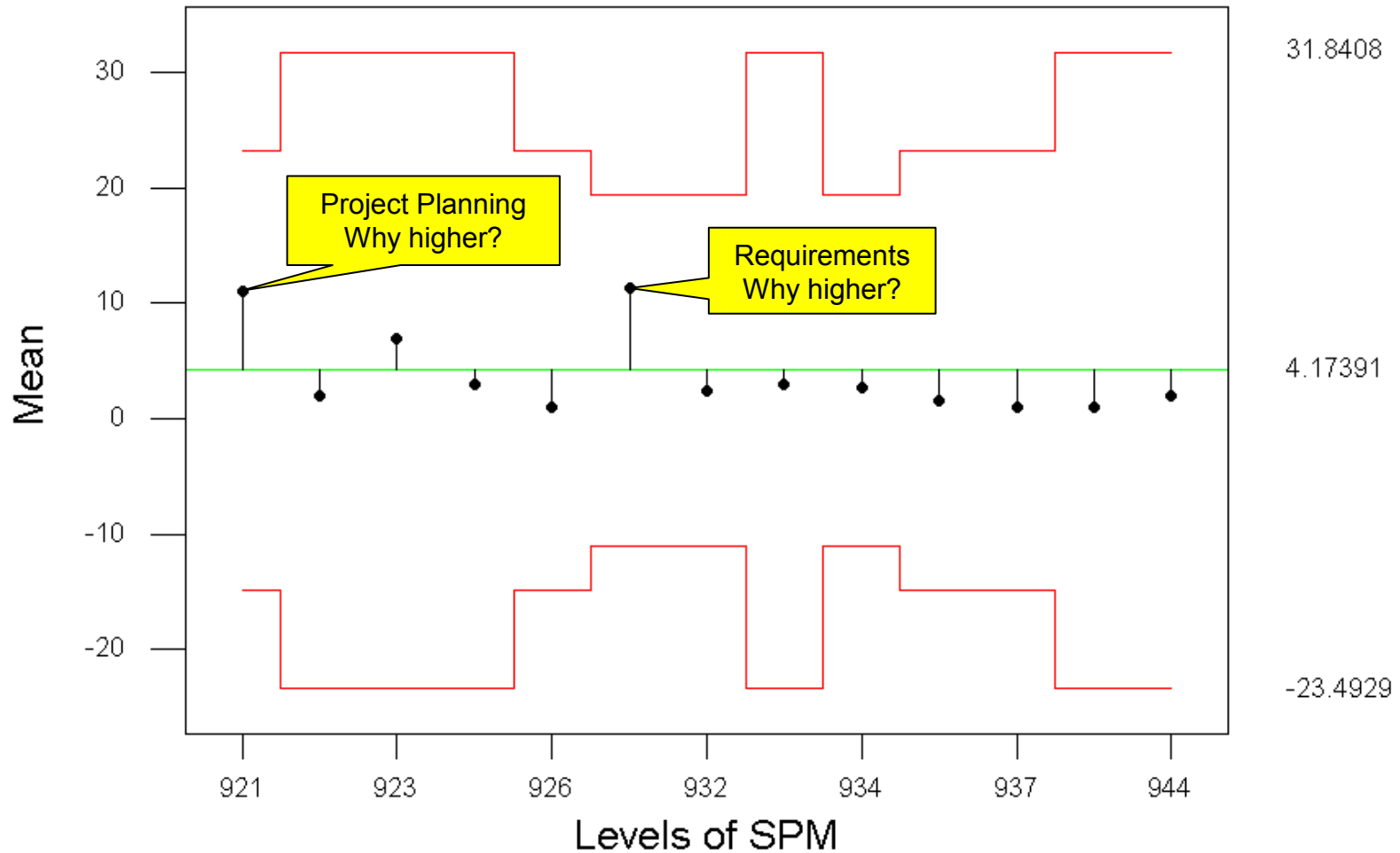
Project compliance varies the most on the policy unique to Mission Systems



Actions: Improved the list of metrics in 926 Project Review Authority.



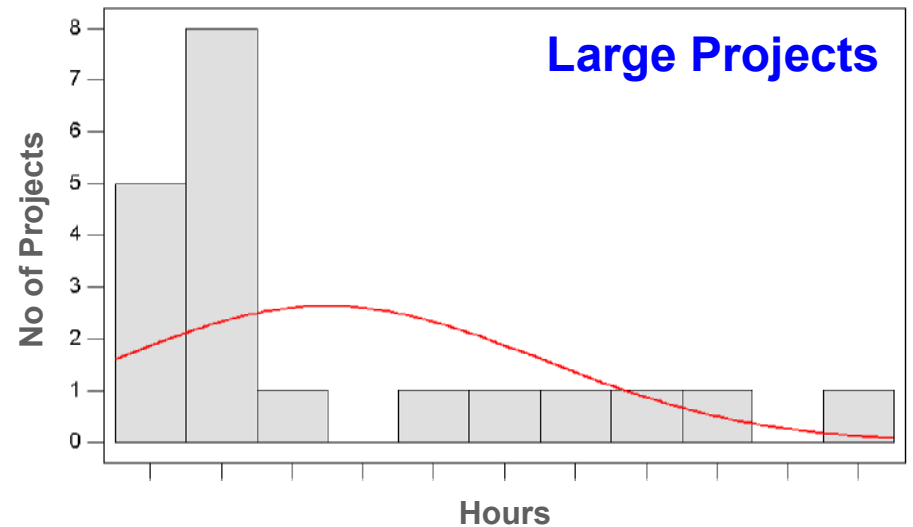
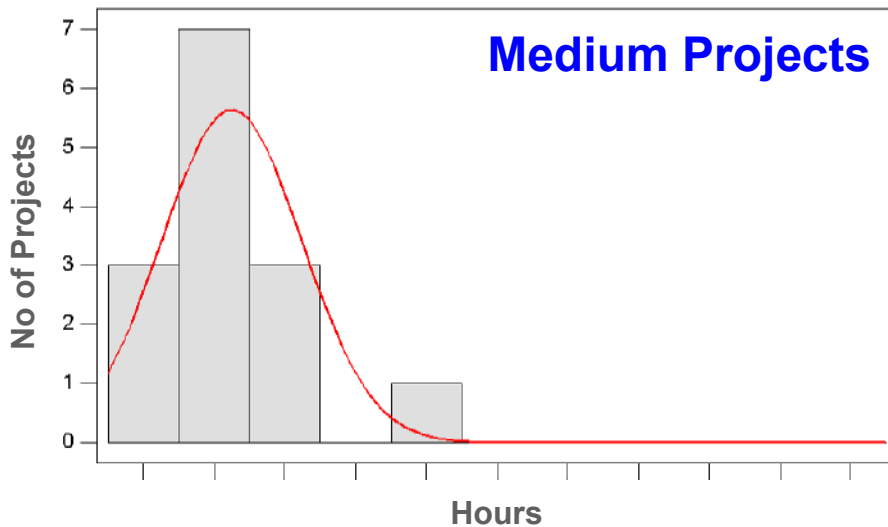
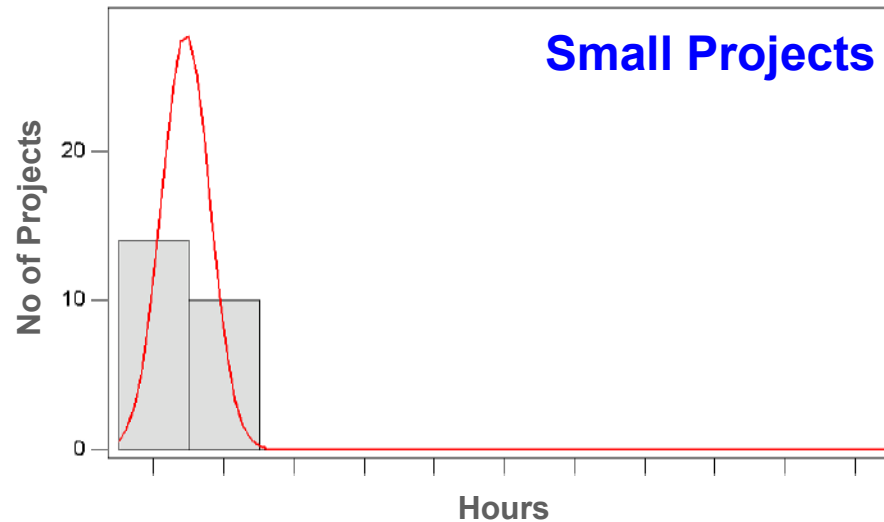
Analyze Process Additions



Actions: Identified potential improvements to the processes.

Metrics Available to Projects

This data helps estimate the effort needed to perform tailoring -- helps managers recognize when they need assistance.





Improve the Standard Processes

	A	B	D	E	L	M	N
1			SPM		Modified	Deleted	Not Applicable
2							
43	924	4.4.080		1	4		
44	924	4.4.110			4	3	
45	924	4.5.120			4		
46	924	4.5.130			5		
47	924	4.5.140			5		
48	924	4.5.150			5	1	
49	924	4.5.160			7	2	
50	924	4.5.170			5		
51	924	4.5.180			6	2	
52	924	4.5.190			6		
53	924	4.5.200			6	2	
54	924	4.6.050			4		
55	924	4.6.070			4	2	
56	924	4.7.040			4		

A stretch of process steps in the Risk Management (924) standard process was being tailored frequently. After investigating, it was discovered the process steps were way too detailed and not really “standard” practice. As a result, the standard process was changed to have projects define the details in their project plans.

	A	B	D	E	L	M	N
1			SPM		Modified	Deleted	Not Applicable
2							
187	934	4.3.130				6	7
188	934	4.3.150				6	12
189	934	4.3.180				4	6
190	934	4.3.190				4	6
191	934	4.3.230				4	7

A process step in the Integration (934) standard process was being tailored frequently. After investigating, it was discovered the process step was not what is normally done on projects, i.e., it wasn’t “standard” practice. The process step was deleted.

Lessons Learned



Top 3 Lessons Learned

Tailoring guidelines and criteria are critical. Provide very specific instructions.

Never assume projects tailored correctly per the tailoring guidelines and criteria.

Consider using the same tool as a policy compliance and process auditing tool.

Summary

High maturity organizations use quantitative management to improve their process assets

