



Defense Ammunition Center
McAlester, Oklahoma



Small Project Adoption of CMMI®



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(for James Young)
Munitions History Program

Outline

- Overview of Munitions History Program
- Management and engineering issues
- Strategy for adoption of CMMI®
- CMMI® application strategies
- The future

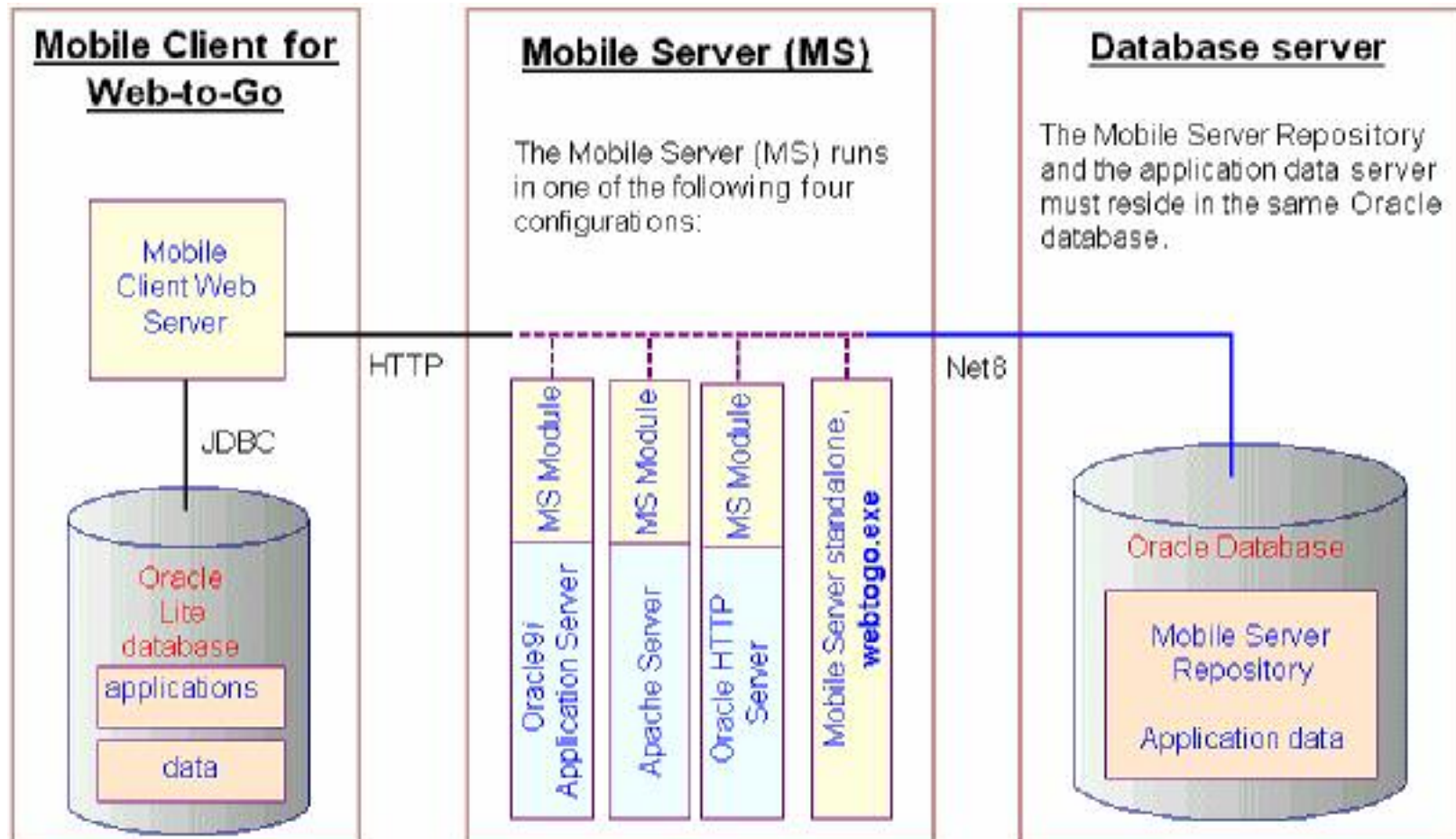
Munitions History Program (1 of 4)

(History)

- Create a universal central database that is able to store munitions lot/serial data
- Develop an Automated entry system that links field data to a central database
- Allow units to maintain individual databases
- Efficient data transfer
- Provide search and sort capability
- Allow updates of other systems electronically

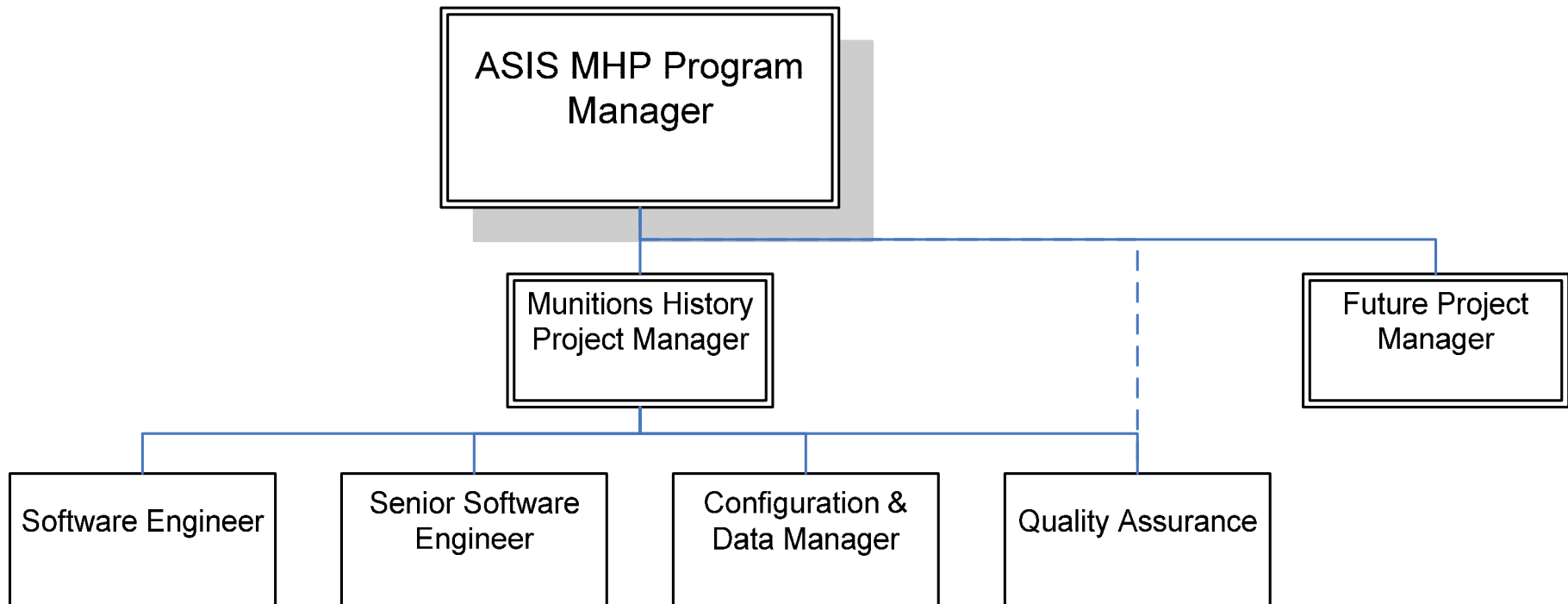
Munitions History Program (2 of 4)

(System Description)



Munitions History Program (3 of 4)

(Organization)



Munitions History Program (4 of 4)

(Work Breakdown Structure)

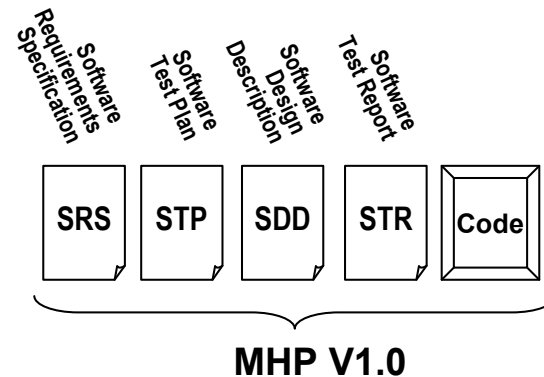
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|-------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | Project Management |
| 1.1 | Project Planning |
| 1.1.1 | Customer Needs Elicitation |
| 1.1.2 | Estimation |
| 1.1.3 | Development of SDP |
| 1.1.4 | Plans & product alignment |
| 1.2 | Project Control |
| 1.2.1 | Requirements Management |
| 1.2.2 | Status Monitoring |
| 1.2.3 | Risk Management |
| 1.2.4 | Stakeholder Management |
| 1.2.5 | Corrective Action Management |
| 1.2.6 | Measurement & Analysis |
| 1.2.7 | Supplier Management |
| 2 | Product Development |
| 2.1 | Functional Analysis |
| 2.2 | Requirements Analysis |
| 2.3 | Design |
| 2.4 | Software Construction |
| 2.5 | Integration and Test |
| 2.6 | System Test |
| 2.7 | Acceptance Test |
| 2.8 | Transition and Delivery |
| 3 | Engineering Support |
| 3.1 | Configuration & Data Management |
| 3.2 | Quality Assurance |
| 3.3 | Team Training |

Management and Engineering Issues

- Requirements stability
 - Requirements introduced throughout life cycle
 - Requirements negotiation during system test
- Lack of Buy-in and commitment
 - Unstable target delivery dates
 - Unstable strategy
- Coordination of engineering effort
 - Distributed management
 - Distributed engineering staff
- Organizational imperative to adopt CMMI[®]M j
 - Sister organizations adopting model
 - Credibility and reputation at stake

Strategy for Adoption of CMMI® (1 of 2)

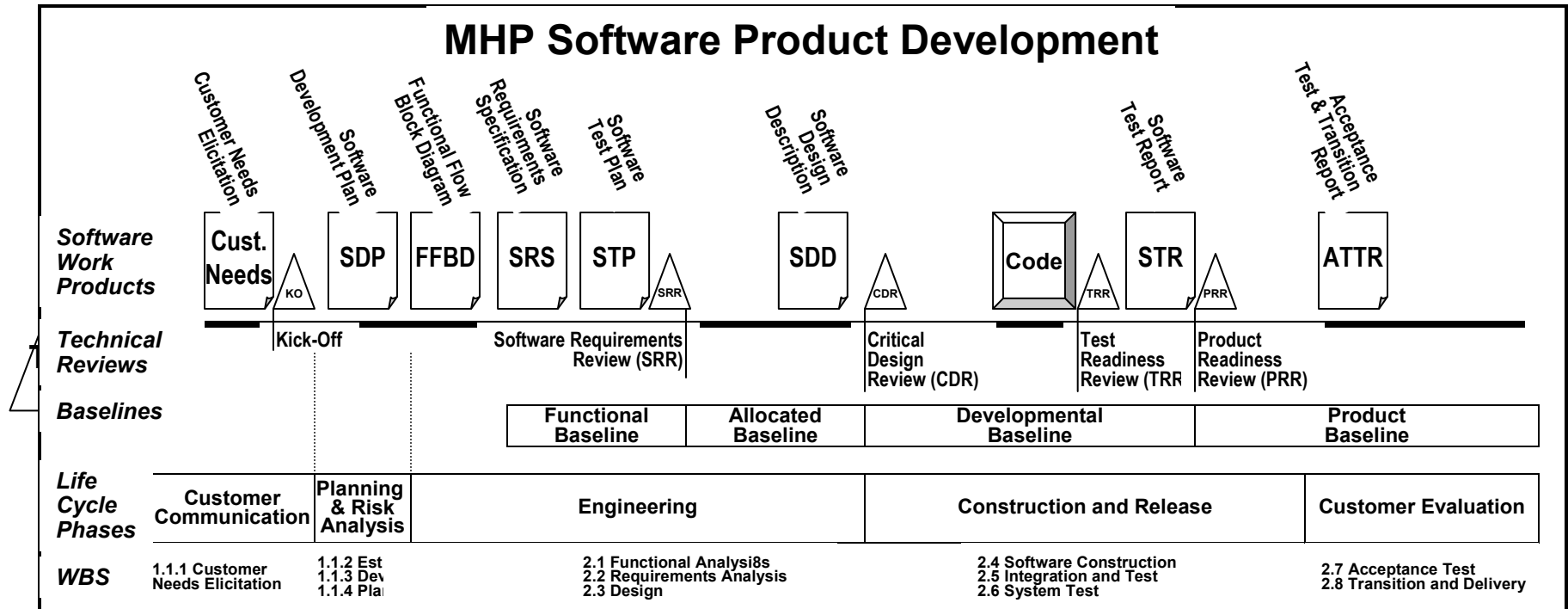
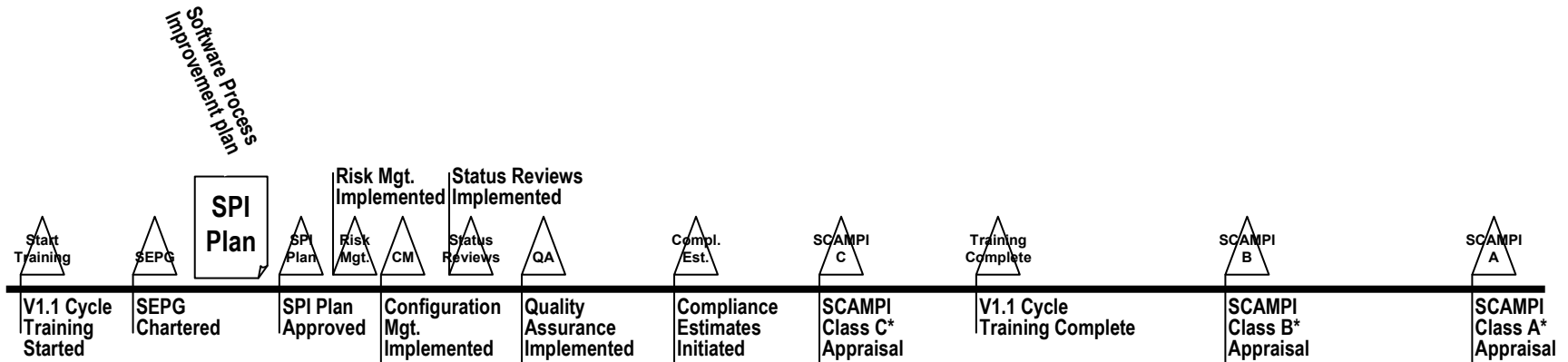
- Goal #1: Develop initial engineering documentation with MHP V1.0



- Goal #2: Initial goal is maturity level 2
 - Develop CMMI-compliant SDP with MHP V1.1
 - Improve and institutionalize as managed process
 - Maturity level 2 appraisal after V1.1 delivery
- Goal #3: Maturity level 3
 - Develop standard process from MHP V1.1 SDP
 - Add second project
 - Add organizational processes
 - Improve and institutionalize as defined process
 - Maturity level 3 appraisal after full life cycles for both projects

Strategy for Adoption of CMMI[®] (2 of 2)

(Level 2 Strategy)



CMMI® Application Strategies (1 of 2) (quality goals)

- Improve the stability of requirements through coordination with stakeholders
- Ensure the SDP is compliant at maturity Level 2 of the CMMI® for Systems and Software Engineering V1.1
- Ensure that the SDP processes are applied completely and consistently across the project and within the organization

CMMI® Application Strategies (2 of 2)

- CMMI reviewed to reduce and simplify implementation of subpractices and typical work products
- Retained and extended close relationships of team members
- Simple mechanisms used
 - Requirements traceability matrix
 - QA audits
 - Configuration management and status accounting
- CMMI improvement effort fully integrated into MHP effort

The Future

- Extension of CMMI effort to other projects
- Grow maturity at level 3
- Consider adoption of some processes at level 4
- Continue to work on simplification and streamlining of process