

GALORATH

Parametric Project Monitoring and Control: Performance-Based Progress Assessment and Prediction

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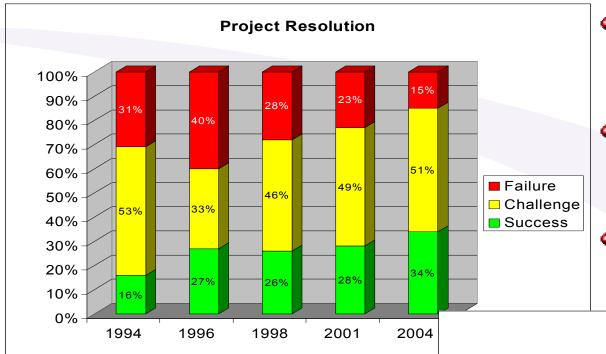


Summary

- Software projects fail more often than not
- Project success Good management
- Measurement objectifies management
- Software projects are governed by dynamic properties
 - Properties currently accounted for in the Project Planning process
 - Properties should also be accounted for in the Project Monitoring and Control process
- Project Monitoring Performance Measurement
- 4-D Earned Value objectifies progress
- Project Control Control Limits
- Re-Baselining Performance-Based Forecasting
- Communication is essential to successful project management

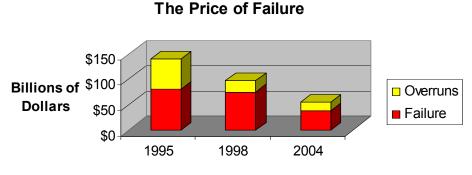


Things are Getting Better; however, There's Still Room For Improvement



- Success: The project is completed on time and on budget, with all features and functions
- Challenge: Over budget, over time, offers fewer features than originally specified
- <u>Failure</u>: Project is cancelled prior to completion

How does ineffective management of resources (people, time, \$) contribute to this problem?



Source: Standish Group International, Inc. "CHAOS" studieswww.standishgroup.com

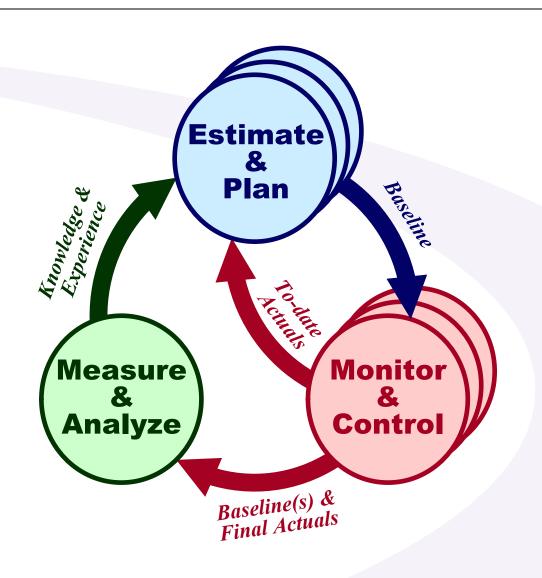


Mnemonic Aid for Software Project Management

- Planning estimating, scheduling
- Resourcing interviewing, hiring, motivating
- Organizing establishing interpersonal communication paths and rules, mapping resources to tasks
- Training teaching, mentoring
- Equipping acquiring and allocating equipment, tools, materials, supplies, products etc.
- Controlling directing, measuring, correcting and/or replanning
- Transitioning delivering, reviewing, analyzing, archiving



Project Management Context





Process Focus (CMMI™)

Project Planning

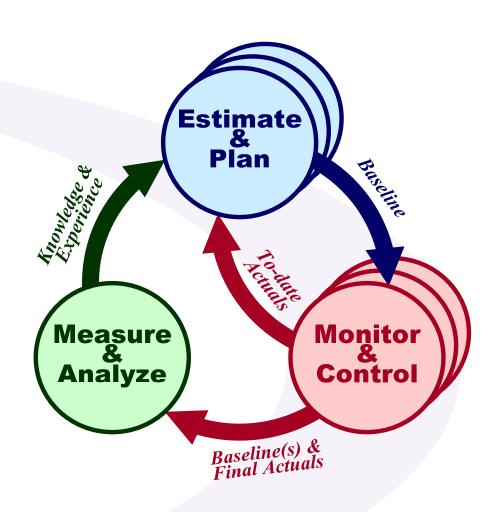
- Establish Estimates
- Develop a Project Plan
- Obtain Commitment to the Plan

Project Monitoring and Control

- Monitor Project Against Plan
- Manage Corrective Action to Closure

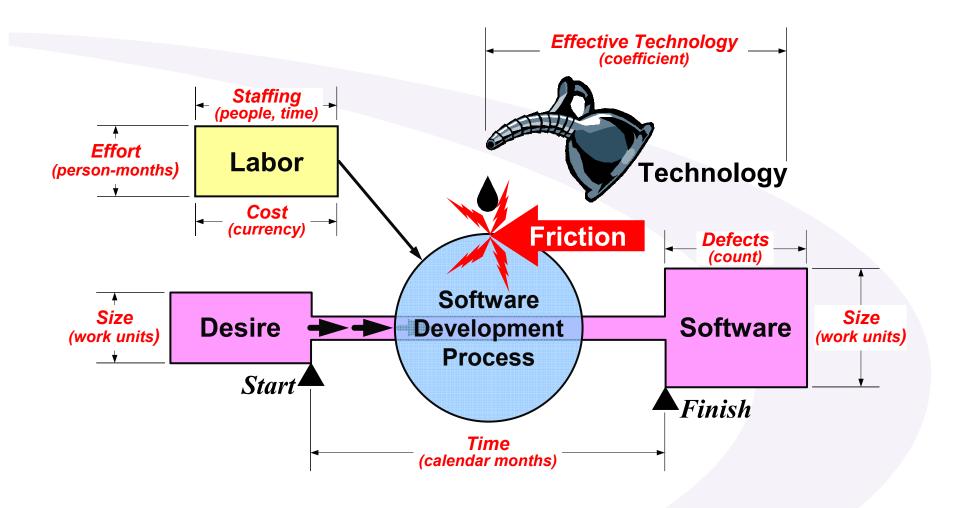
Measurement and Analysis

- Align Measurement and Analysis Activities
- Provide Measurement Results





Software Development and Measurement





Fundamental Measures

Size

Effective Technology

Time

Effort → Cost, Staffing

Defects



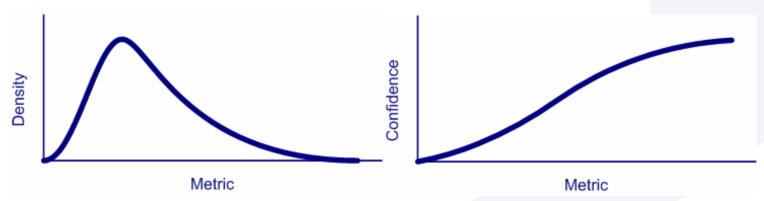
Estimate Defined

es·ti·mate (es'ti mit), n.

an approximate *judgment* or *calculation*, as of the value or amount of something

a prediction that is equally likely to be above or below the actual result (Tom DeMarco)

A WELL FORMED ESTIMATE IS A DISTRIBUTION





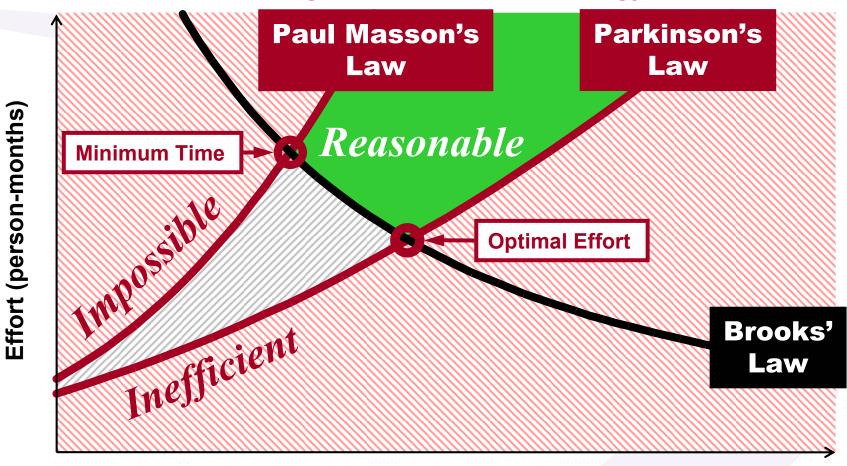
3 Laws of Software Development Dynamics

- Brooks' Law (Software Equation)
 - Adding people to a late project makes it later.
 - Development time (duration) and development effort (labor) are not linearly interchangeable.
- Paul Masson's Law Applied to Software Development (Minimum Time Equation)
 - No [software] before its time.
 - Each and every project, by its nature (technical difficulty), can effectively handle only so much staffing acceleration; therefore, there exists, for each and every project, some minimum achievable development time.
- Parkinson's Law (Optimal Effort Equation)
 - Work expands so as to fill the time available for its completion.
 - There exists, for each and every project, some point of maximum productivity; i.e., some point that represents the most efficient use of labor on the project.



Software Development Dynamics

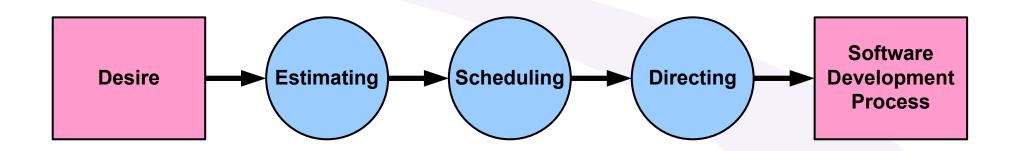
For a given Size and Technology



Elapsed Calendar Time (months)

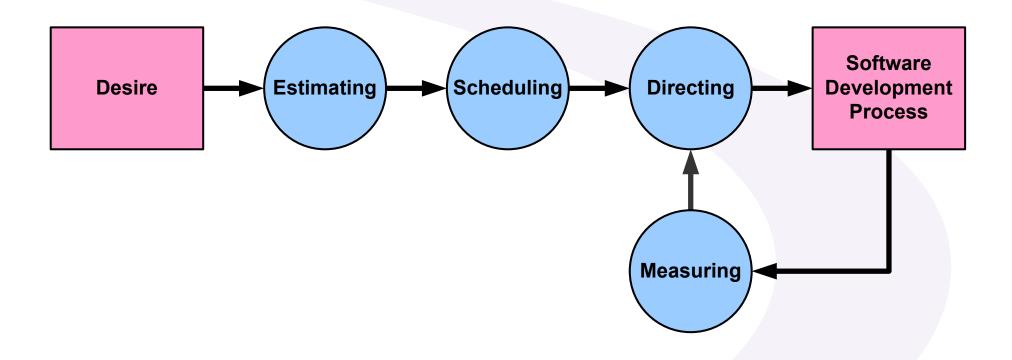


Software Project Management Out of Control Process



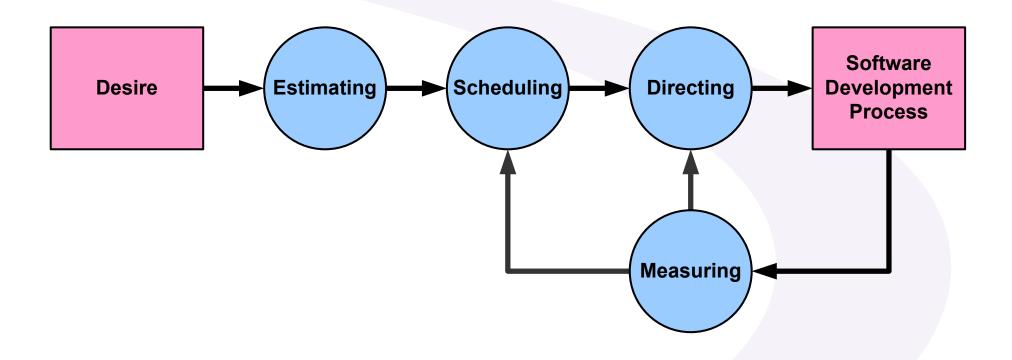


Software Project Management Ad Hoc Process



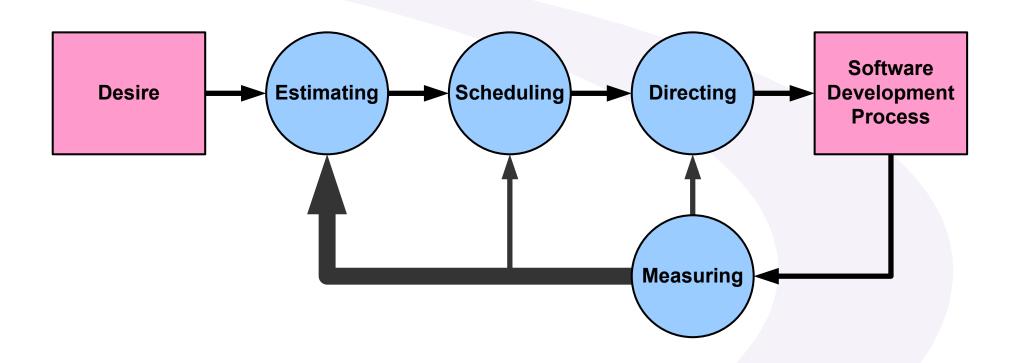


Software Project Management Partially Managed Process





Software Project Management Fully Managed Project





Performance Measurement: Measures and Metrics

- Fundamental Cost of Work Measures
 - Baseline Budget Budget at Completion (BAC)
 - Planned Budgeted Cost of the Work Scheduled (BCWS)
 - Earned Budgeted Cost of the Work Performed (BCWP)
 - Spent Actual Cost of the Work Performed (ACWP)
- Variances (Differences between Cost of Work Measures)
 - Schedule Variance (SV)
 - Cost Variance (CV)
 - Budget Variance (BV)
 - Time Variance (TV)



Performance Measurement: Measures and Metrics

- Performance Indices (Ratios Between Cost of Work Measures)
 - Schedule Performance Index (SPI)
 - Cost Performance Index (CPI)
 - Budget Performance Index (BPI)
 - Time Performance Index (TPI)
 - Composite Performance Index (XPI)
 - To-Complete Performance Index (TCPI)
- Status and Forecasting Metrics
 - Estimate at Completion (EAC)
 - Estimate to Complete (ETC)



Three Unit Systems for Performance Measurement Values

- Monitary Value units of currency; e.g.:
 - \$
 - £
 - €
- Effort Value units of labor; e.g.:
 - person-hours, staff-hours, effort-hours, labor-hours
 - person-months, staff-months, effort-months, labor-months
- Normalized Value unitless
 - % of full scale



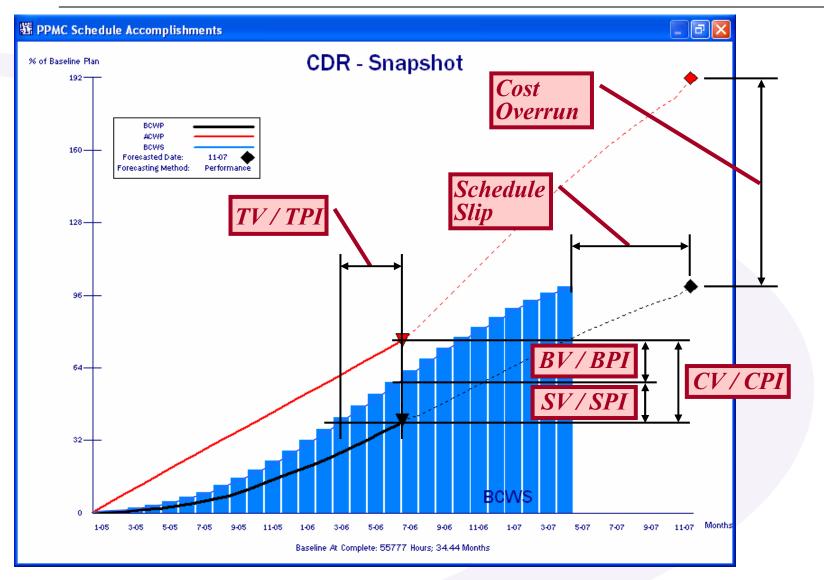
4-D Earned Value

- SDLC Primary Activity Completion
- Artifact Completion
- Milestone Completion
- Defect Discovery / Removal

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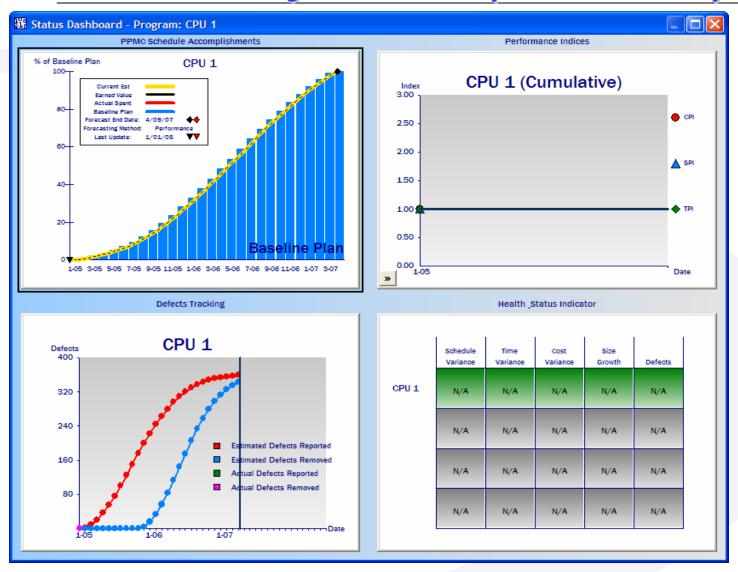


Schedule Accomplishments Chart



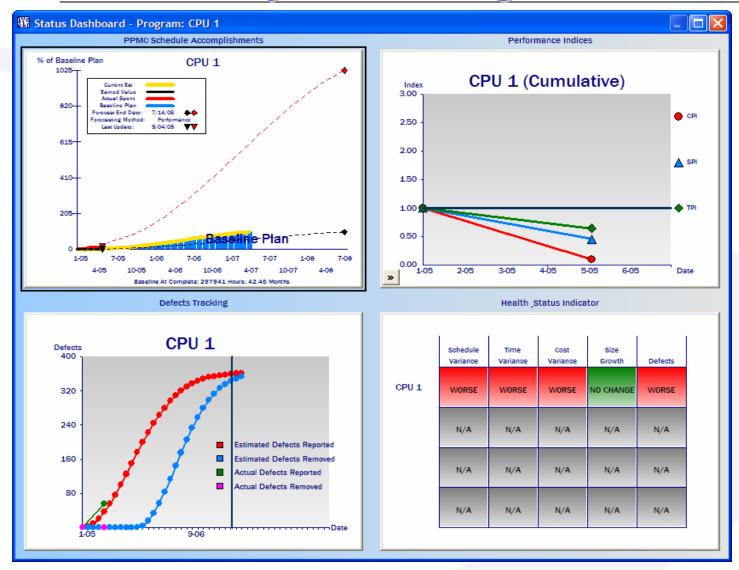


Example Project: Metrics Charts at Project Start (Initial Plan)



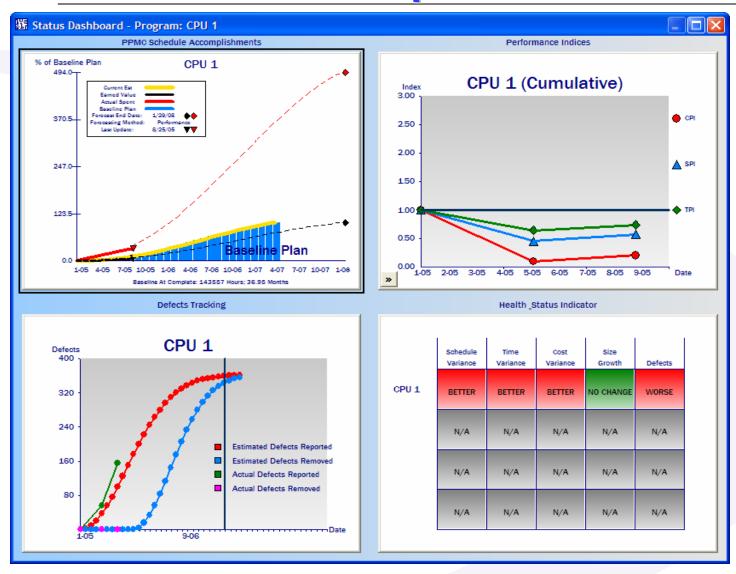


Example Project: Metrics Charts at System Design Review



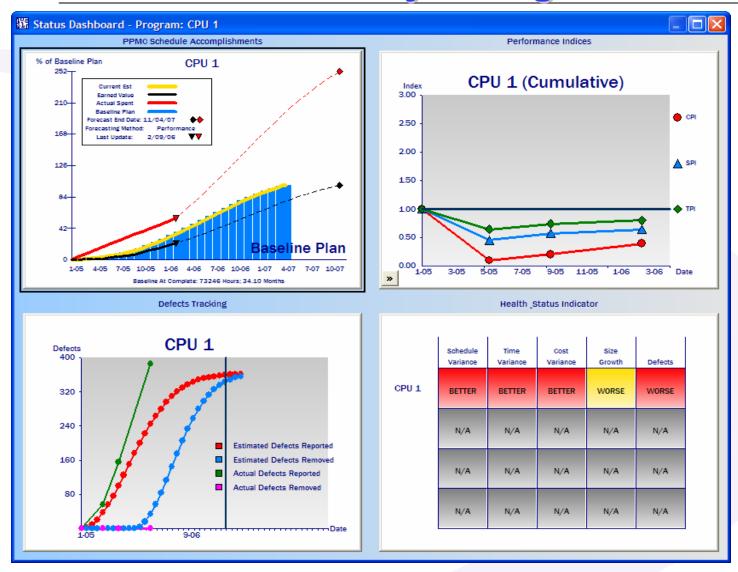


Example Project: Metrics Charts at Software Requirements Review



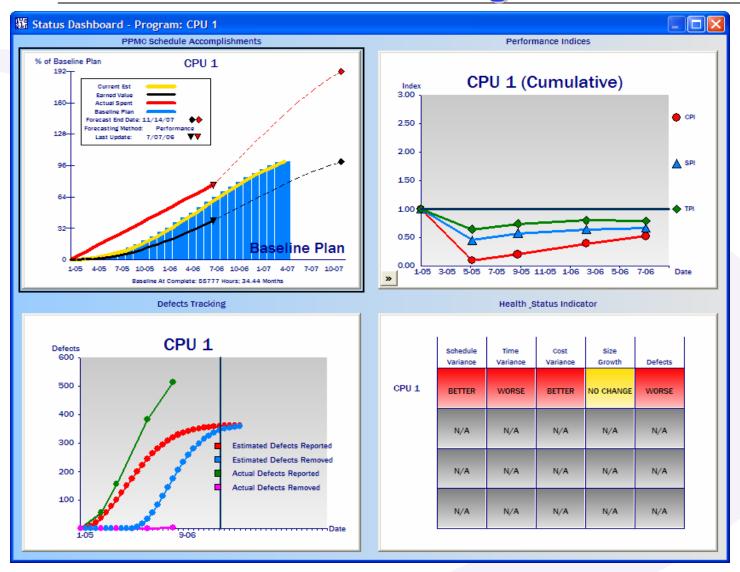


Example Project: Metrics Charts at Preliminary Design Review





Example Project: Metrics Charts at Critical Design Review



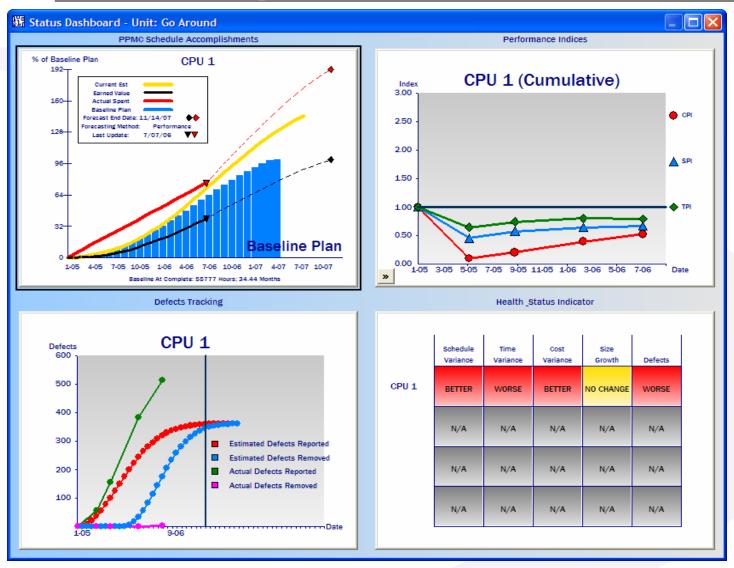


Performance-Based Forecasting and Re-Baselining

- 1. Start a new estimate
- 2. Update size estimate
- 3. Update technology assumptions
- 4. Update schedule assumptions
- 5. Update staffing assumptions
- 6. Update labor rate and FTE assumptions
- 7. Time now calibration
- 8. Communicate the results
- 9. Re-Baseline the project

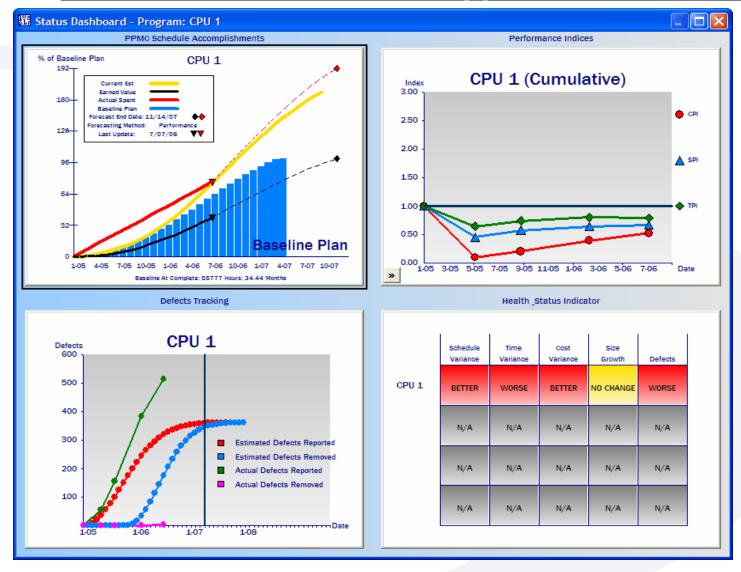


Example Project: Metrics Charts Update Size Estimate



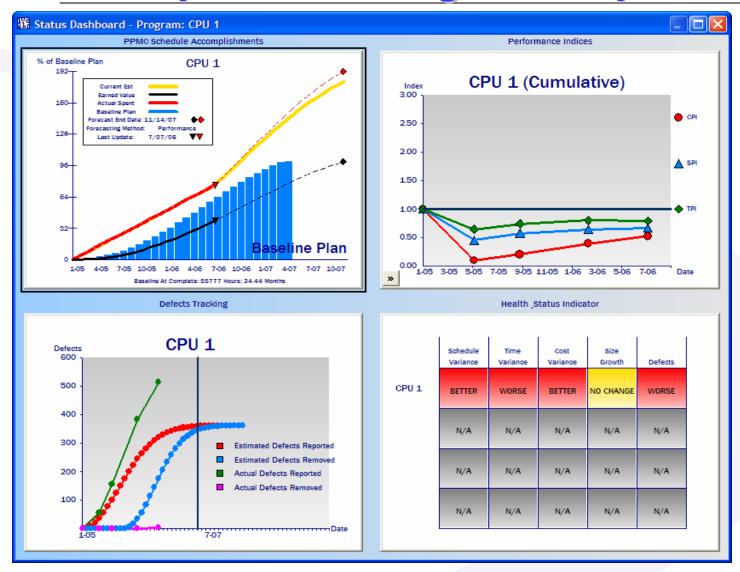


Example Project: Metrics Charts Update Technology Assumptions



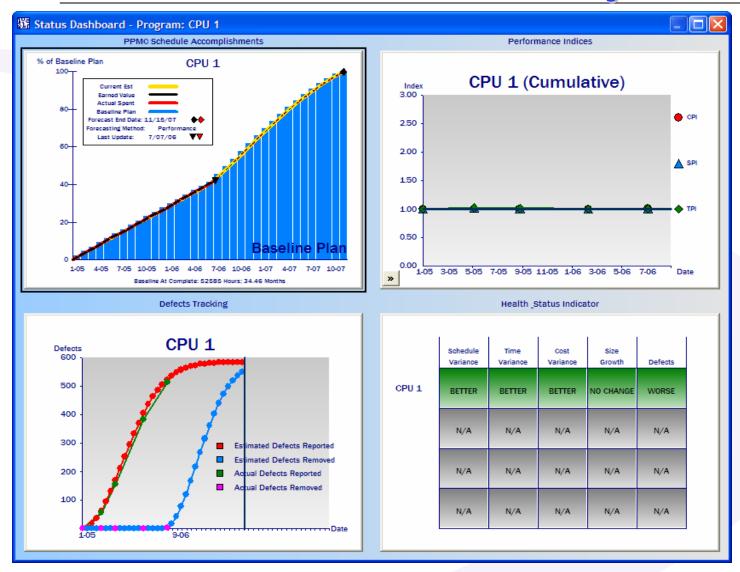


Example Project: Metrics Charts Update Staffing Assumptions



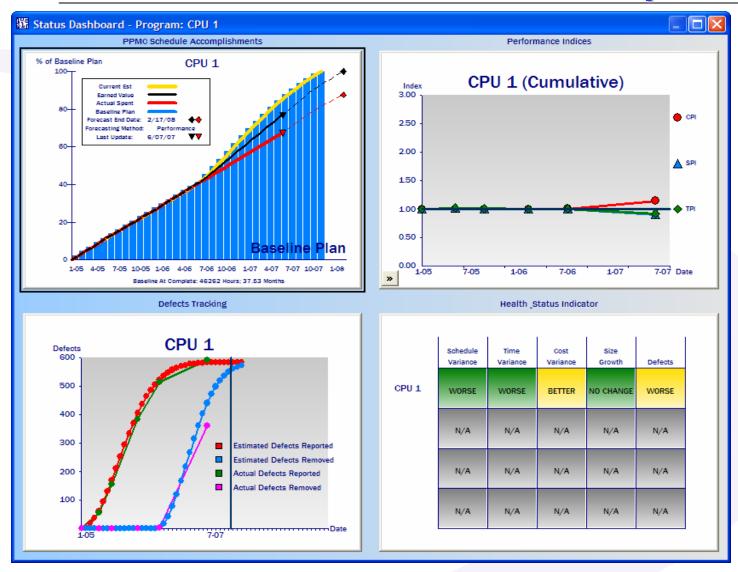


Example Project: Metrics Charts Re-Baseline the Project



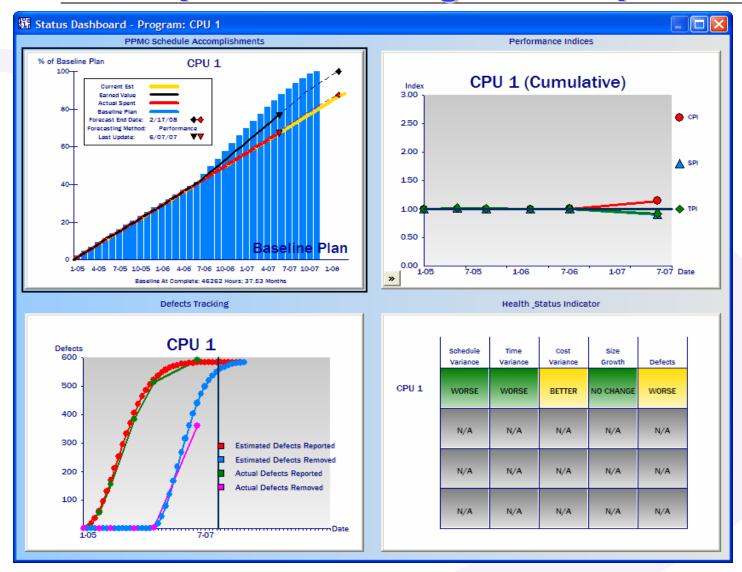


Example Project: Metrics Charts at Code & Unit Test Complete



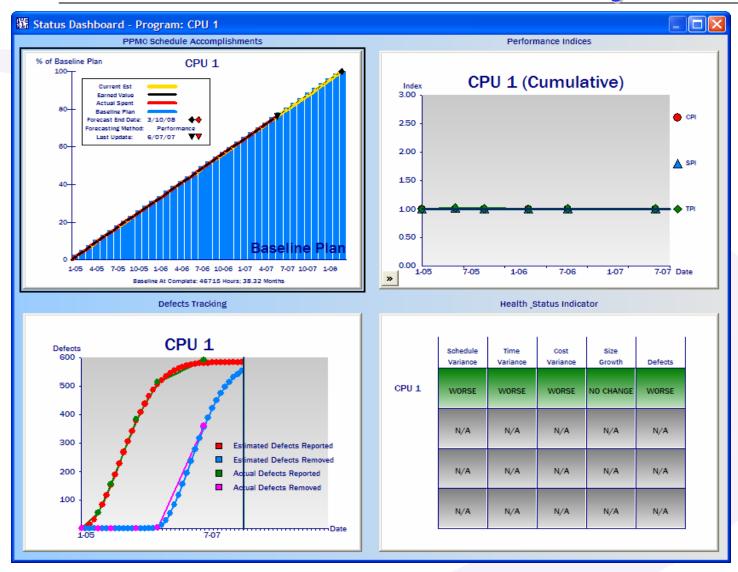


Example Project: Metrics Charts Update Staffing Assumptions



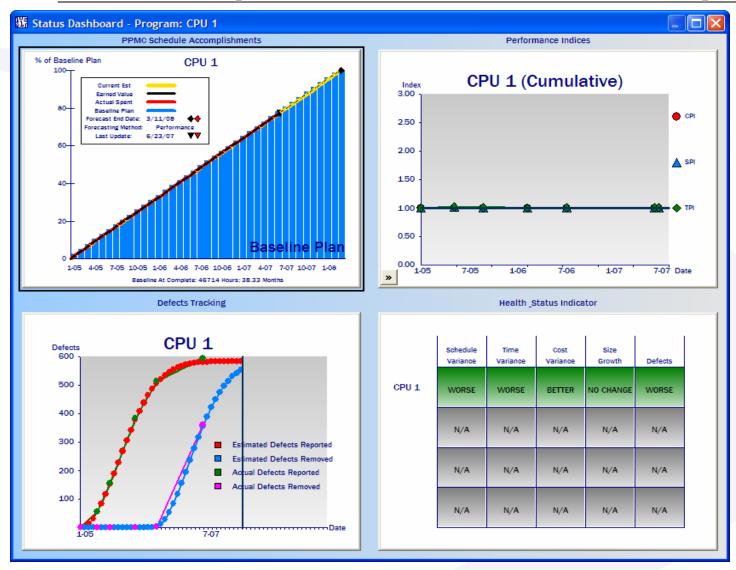


Example Project: Metrics Charts Re-Baseline the Project





Example Project: Metrics Charts at Component Int. & Test Complete



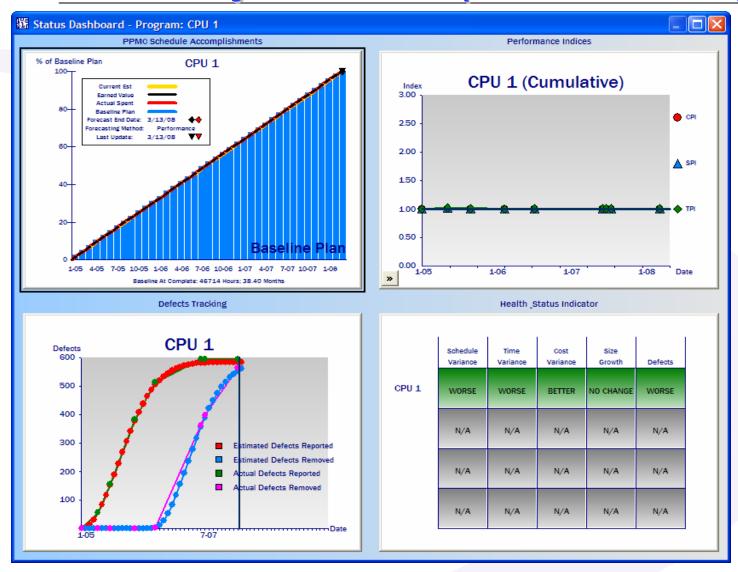


Example Project: Metrics Charts at Program Test Complete





Example Project: Metrics Charts at Project Finish (Initial Delivery)





Review

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