#### U. S. Air Force

Integrity - Service - Excellence



## Looking for Transition in All the Wrong Places

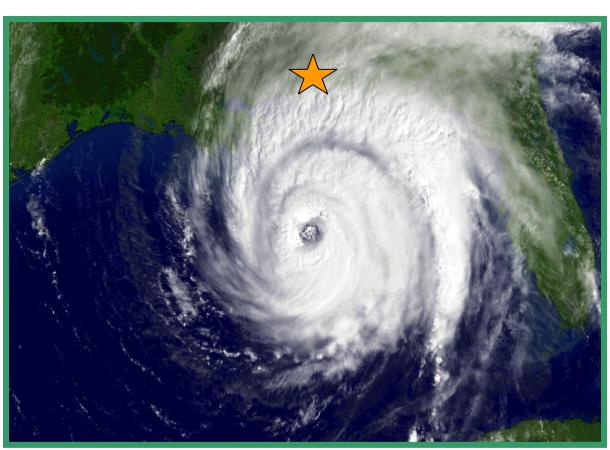
96<sup>th</sup> Communications Group Eglin Air Force Base, Florida 16 Nov 2005





### **Sunshine State**





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#### **Outline**

- Purpose
- Goal
- Scope
- Transition Process
- Results
- Lessons Learned
- Conclusion



### **Purpose**

- Communicate an effective method for transitioning new groups into an established Organization Software Process (OSP)
- Share process improvement experiences and lessons learned with other organizations



#### Goal

- Expand Process Improvement using an Effective Method by Leveraging from Established Processes
- Identify Required Process and Tool Modifications to Support New Groups



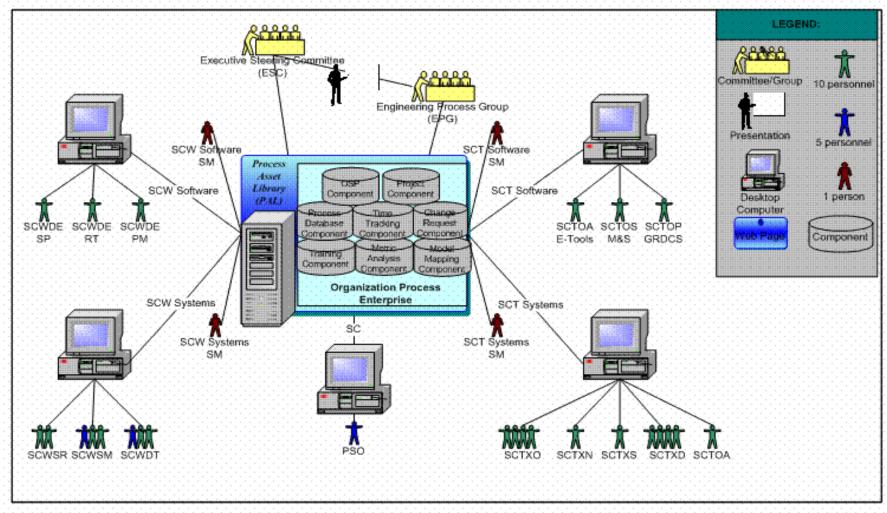


### Goal (continued)

- Apply Lessons Learned from Existing Software Groups
- Institutionalize Optimizing Processes into a New Group within 18 Months



### Organizational Scope





### Scope

- Organization Achieved CMM<sup>®</sup> Level 5 with 6 Target Software Groups Defined
  - Primarily Software Development and/or Maintenance
- Transition New Software Group
  - 50% Software Development and/or Maintenance
  - 50% Systems Administration Support



### Scope (continued)

Transition 7 Systems Groups



- Migrate Software and Systems Groups to Software and Systems Capability Maturity Model Integration<sup>®</sup> (CMMI<sup>®</sup>)
- Transition Services Group based on Services CMMI®



### **Transition Process**

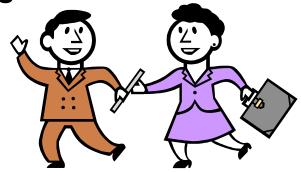
- Execute Orientation
- Establish Training Plan
- Identify Transition Activities
- Implement Transition
- Collect Measurements





### Transition Process – Execute Orientation

- Identify Support Infrastructure
- Identify Transition Team Members
- Update Documentation
  - Charters
  - Policies



Communicate Transition Partner Activities



# Transition Process – Execute Orientation (cont)

- Create a Transition Package
- Conduct Orientation Briefing
- Establish Meetings
  - Monthly Transition Status Meetings
  - Weekly Transition Working Meetings





# Transition Process – Establish Training Plan

- Coordinate Transition Partner Support Activities
  - Quarterly User Group Meetings
  - Monthly Senior Management Review Meetings
  - Weekly Technical Working Group Meetings
  - Weekly Software Engineering Process Group (SEPG) Meetings
- Execute Training Process to Create an Individual Training Matrix Form (ITMF) for Each Team Member



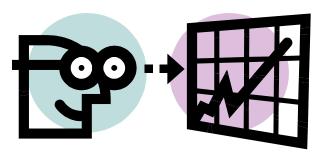
- Create a Training Plan Based Upon Team Member Expertise
- Execute Training Plan Based on Defined Approach
  - Block Learning Approach Requires the Student be Proactive in Learning and Applying the Training Skills

Spiral Learning Approach - Requires the Instructor be Proactive in Teaching Concepts that Build Upon Each Process and Applying Real-World Examples to Develop the Training Skills for Each Student



# Transition Process – Establish Training Plan (cont)

- Update Individual Training Matrix Forms (ITMFs)
   Based Upon Completed Training Courses
- Distribute Updated ITMFs to the Organization Training Manager to Update the Training Database





- Document the Meeting Minutes
- Distribute the meeting minutes to Relevant Stakeholders to Communicate the Status





- Review Each Process Step in the Organizational Software Process (OSP)
  - Identify which Process Steps are Executed in the Transition Group
  - Create Initial Metrics to Document the Number of Process Steps Currently Executed in the Group



- Assign Complexity to Each Step using (Role Factor x Process Factor)
  - Role Factor Who Performs the Step
    - 1 = Executive Steering Committee, Senior Management, SEPG, Organization Training Manager, Organization Software Quality Assurance (QA) Manager, or Project Support Office
    - 2 = Project Quality Assurance Manager, Configuration Management Manager, First Level Supervisor, Group Leader, Configuration Control Board (CCB), Transition Partner
    - 3 = CCB Member, Project Leader, Development Team Member





- Assign Complexity to Each Step (Role Factor x Process Factor)
  - Process Factor Action Verb in the Step
    - 1 = Acquire, Attend, Submit, Provide, Update, Add, Coordinate, Distribute, Place, Schedule, Notify, Initiate, Store, Approve, Reach Consensus, Assign, Send, Proceed, Collect, Annotate
    - 2 = Record, Identify, Document, Consolidate
    - 3 = Analyze, Verify, Execute, Convene, Determine, Define, Develop, Conduct, Discuss, Process, Perform, Complete, Examine





- Pre-defined Process Criticality in Transition Metrics
  - C = Consistency Failure if Step is not Executed
  - D = Data Collection Failure if Step is not Executed
  - P = Performance Failure if Step is not Executed



- Document and Prioritize Steps not Performed in the Group
- Document Effort, Duration, Software, Affected Personnel and Hardware Resources Based Upon Complexity Factor



- Conduct Transition Overview Briefing with the Team to
  - Review Organization's Process Improvement Journey
  - Train the Transition Process
  - Show the Way Ahead





### Transition Process – Implement Transition

- Select a Project within the Transition Partner Group to Pilot the Organizational Software Process
- Identify a Project Mentor from an Existing Group
- Acquire Feedback for Process Updates Based Upon the Pilot Project





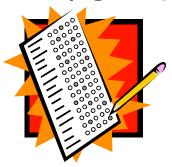
### Transition Process – Implement Transition (cont)

- Submit Change Request for Feedback Requiring Organizational Software Process (OSP) Modifications to the SEPG
- Update the OSP to Support the Transition Partner
- Coordinate Training for the OSP Modifications



### Transition Process – Implement Transition (cont)

- Provide Training Matrix Updates to the Organizational Training Manager to Update the Training Database
- Pilot the updated Organization Software Process (OSP) within an existing (experienced) group





### Transition Process – Implement Transition (cont)

- Acquire Feedback and Lessons Learned Based Upon the Pilot
- Submit the Organizational Software Process (OSP) Change Request to the SEPG as Applicable



## Transition Process – Collect Measurements

 Document the Actual Effort (in hours) Expended to Complete the Transition Tasks

Document the Estimated, Planned and Actual

**Changes to the OSP** 



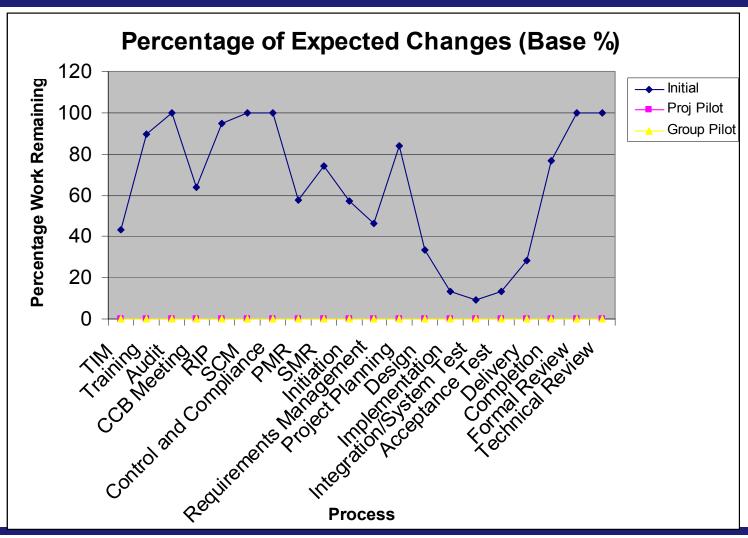


#### Results

- Allocated 10% 20% Effort to SEPG Mentor assigned for Process Facilitation
- Showed Process Changes Expected during Initial Analysis; however, Showed No Process Changes Required from Piloting Feedback
- Established a New Target Software Group in less than 1 year, which indicates Transition Process is Extremely Successful



### Results (continued)





## Results (continued)

		Francition I	Process Co	mplovity A	nalveie Eor	m /TDCAE	١			
As of:	30 Decem		Tocess Co	ess Complexity Analysis Form (TPCAF)						
Process Name	Step#	Yes/No	Base %	Criticality Factor	Role Factor	Process Factor	Step Complexity Factor	Process Complexity Factor	Work Remaining	<ul> <li>Criticality Factor</li> <li>C – Consistency</li> <li>D – Data Collection</li> <li>P – Performance</li> <li>Role Factor (who)</li> <li>1 – Management</li> <li>2 – Support</li> </ul>
Technical Interchange Meeting (TIM)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Yes No Yes No No No Yes Yes No No No No No No No No Yes Yes No No Yes Yes No No Yes Yes No Yes Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	43.48%	C D D D C C C C P P P D C C C D D C C D D D D	3 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2	0 6 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 6 6 6 6 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 7	49	21.30	<ul> <li>3 - Team</li> <li>Process Factor (verbs)         <ul> <li>1 - Simple</li> <li>2 - Average</li> <li>3 - Difficult</li> </ul> </li> <li>Step Complexity         <ul> <li>Role * Process Factors</li> </ul> </li> <li>Process Complexity         <ul> <li>Add up Step Complexities</li> </ul> </li> <li>Work Remaining         <ul> <li>Base % * Process Complexity Factor</li> </ul> </li> </ul>



#### Lessons Learned

Tailor the Training Plan Based Upon Personnel Skills and Experience

 Demonstrate Tool Functionality using an Example Project During Training Sessions



# Lessons Learned (continued)

- Communicate Activity Status and Schedule Changes on a Periodic Basis
- Identify a Process Champion to Regularly Mentor to Other Team Members



#### Conclusion

- Expected Transition to Require Updates to the Organizational Software Process and Associated Artifacts, but we were "Looking for Transition in all the Wrong Places" because
  - Basic Engineering Principles implemented within the Organization provided a means to Utilize Existing Processes
  - New Processes do not need to be created for each Discipline
  - Cultural Change versus Documentation/Process Change is a More Effective Means for Transitioning



### Conclusion (continued)

#### Plan to Utilize the Transition Process to

- Expand Process Improvement to Groups with Systems Engineering (SE), Supplier Sourcing (SS) and Integrated Process and Product Development (IPPD) Disciplines
- Leverage Existing Processes to Reduce the Cycle Time for Developing Processes that Support the Software Engineering, Supplier Sourcing, and Integrated Process and Product Development



### Questions?



Floridian Transition Process