INTEGRATED DEEPWATER SYSTEM (IDS)

Expeditionary Warfare Conference 25 October 2005







Agenda

Securing the Maritime Domain

National Strategy for Maritime Security

Reduced Maritime Risk

The Multimission Coast Guard

Integrated Deepwater System

Meeting the Threat in the World's Littorals

National Fleet

Conclusion





The Threat



The 9/11
Commission
concluded that
"Opportunities to
do harm are as
great, or greater, in
maritime or surface
transportation,"
then in other
transportation
sectors

The West Coast dock workers strike demonstrates an economic impact of a forced closure of U.S. ports for a period of only eight days in excess of \$58 billion to the U.S. economy.

Adm. Thomas H. Collins, Commandant Of The Coast Guard







Rescue Operations



	29Aug	30 Aug	31 Aug	1 Sep	2 Sep	3 Sep	Total as of 1200 11 Sep
	L+2	L+24	L+48	L+72 (L+3D)	L+4D	L+5D	1200 11 00р
RESCUED	3	1,256	1,600	1,141	5,000	6,655	24117
HOSPITAL EVACUATIONS						9,403	9,403
TOTAL	3	1,259	2,859	4,000	9,000	25,058	33,520





92 aircraft saved 30 cutters and 111 small boats saved 12,533 people 11,584 people

The Vulnerability of the Marine Transportation System

- Over 95,000 miles of coastline
- 26,000 miles of commercially navigable waterways
- 9 million containers enter our 361 seaports
- 3,200 marine terminals
- 8,000 foreign vessels
- 50,000 port calls annually at our seaports
- \$800 billion dollars of domestic and international freight annually flow through our seaports





Securing The Maritime Domain

- Understand the inherent risks, threats, vulnerabilities and consequences
- Have joint plans for prevention, response and recovery
- Strategic goals should facilitate commerce while protecting the nation's maritime borders





National Strategy for Maritime Security

High-Level Objectives (DOD/DHS)

- Prevent terror attacks and criminal or hostile acts
- Protect population centers and critical infrastructure
- Minimize damage and expedite recovery
- Safeguard the ocean and its resources

Five Strategic Actions

- Enhance International Cooperation
- Maximize Domain Awareness
- Embed Security into Commercial Practices
- Deploying Layered Security
- Assure Continuity of the Marine Transportation System

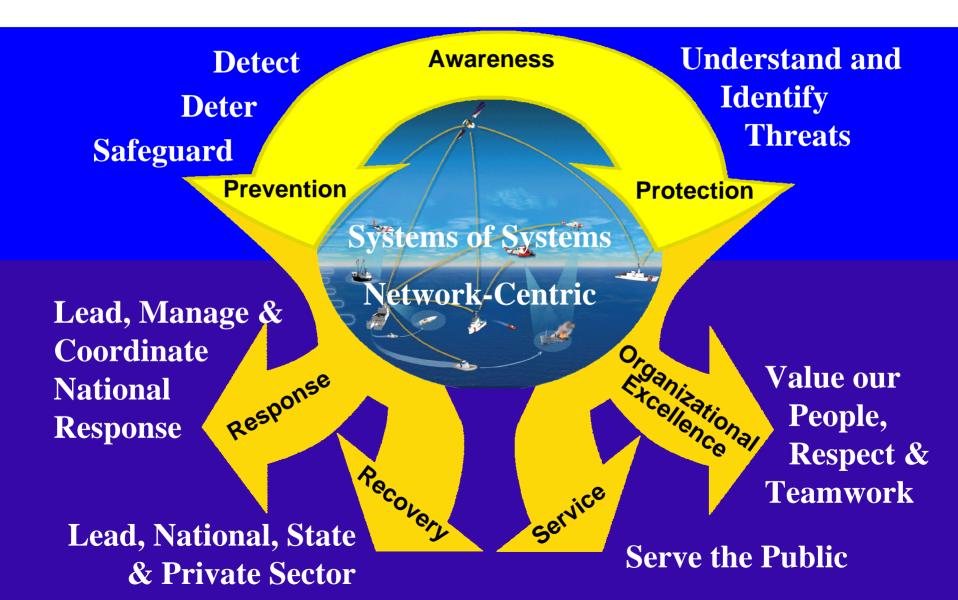






DHS Strategic Plan







Reduced Maritime Risk



DHS Strategic Goals

Awareness

Prevention

Protection

Response/Recovery

Coast Guard Maritime Security Strategy

Enhance Maritime Domain Awareness

FY 2006 "MDA" initiatives

- Deepwater
- Automatic Identification System (AIS)
- Common Operational Picture (COP)
- Maritime Patrol Aircraft (MPA) Gap Reduction
- H-C130J Missionization
- Rad/Nuc

Comprehens ive Maritime Security Regime

"Security Regime" initiatives

- Deepwater
- Maritime
 Transportation
 Security Act (MTS (Annualization)
- International Ship and Port Security Code (ISPS)

Increased Operational Presence

"Operational Presence" initiatives

- Deepwater
- Airborne Use of Force
- Cutter Boat Over the Horizon
- Response Boat Small/LNG Security
- Response Boat Medium
- E-MSST

Enhanced Response Posture

"Response/Recovery" initiatives

- Deepwater
- Rescue-21
- High Frequency Communication Recapitalization
- Airborne Use of Force
- Rad/Nuc
- E-MSST

(U.S. Coast Guard FY 2006 Initiatives)



Homeland USCG: "Straddling The Seam"



Homeland Defense



Integrated Deepwater System

FORCEnet

- The Coast Guard is the one organization that straddles the seam between the twin mission areas of homeland security and homeland defense
- It is at the confluence of Coast Guard authorities, law-enforcement competencies, interagency experience, and military functionality where threats can be identified and dealt with
- Improved Deepwater platforms and systems will serve as the Coast Guard's means for satisfying its responsibilities to both the Department of Homeland Security and the Department of Defense

USCG Expeditionary Support to Combatant Commanders

- Littoral Ops
- MIO/Law Enforcement
- Port and Force Security
- Aids to Navigation
- Environment Response
- International Engagement

"Coast Guard patrol boats are highly maneuverable, fast, multimission vessels able to operate in shallow water and are therefore especially well-suited for operations in the Northern Arabian Gulf."

VADM David C. Nichols Jr., USN Commander, Commander, U.S. Fifth Fleet 2004





Coast Guard Cutters Forward-Deployed with Navy Fleets:

- Fifth Fleet in the Arabian Gulf/Middle East
- Sixth Fleet in the Mediterranean
- Seventh Fleet in the Western Pacific



Coast Guard cutters conduct maritime-intercept operations, carry out peacetime-engagement missions, and perform other essential expeditionary warfare tasks







Operation Iraqi Freedom





Coast Guard High Endurance Cutter BOUTWELL and Dallas were deployed to the Arabian Gulf/Middle East perform essential warfare tasks.

Coast Guard units were "employed around the clock ... the first line of defense" for coalition naval forces.



The Coast Guard has currently deployed four 110-foot cutters with support from Reserve Machine Technicians.

VADM Timothy J. Keating, USN Commander, U.S. Fifth Fleet 2003





The Coast Guard has three Ports Security Units and two Mobile Support Units deployed in the M.E.

Integrated Deepwater System:

- Three classes of new cutters and associated small boats
- Manned and unmanned aircraft conversion, modernization, replacement



- Network-centric Command, Control, Communications, Computers, Intelligence, and Reconnaissance (C4ISR)
- Integrated logistics support
- Improved capabilities for high-threat operations

Deepwater, a layered maritime defense





System of Systems – Network-Centric



An innovative, interoperable network-centric system for command C4ISR improvements to harness the power of an interoperable network to improve performance in all mission areas, to improve maritime domain awareness and provide a common operational picture





Homeland Maritime Domain Awareness The Deepwater C4ISR Contribution

Maritime Domain Awareness is the effective understanding of anything associated with the global maritime environment that could impact the security, safety, economy, or environment of the United States.

The Deepwater C4ISR system is a network-centric system designed to ensure seamless interoperability

- Shared tracks and real-time data streams.
- On-line intelligence.
- Robust and seamless connectivity and continuous coordination.
- Stand-alone capability.
- Supplemented by active and passive sensors.
- Expanded area of surveillance and detection areas.
- Improved communications with all federal, state and local agencies and merchant shipping.



Operational effectiveness enhanced by common maritime operational picture

Post-9/11 Implementation Plan

Addresses the Coast Guard's dual challenges of legacy-asset deterioration and performance gaps by:

- 1. Revised plan will enable the Deepwater Program to make more significant contributions to improved information sharing, collaboration, and interoperability in the maritime domain—essential capabilities to attain higher levels of maritime domain awareness (MDA)
- 2. Modifying the original assets that would have been delivered by the Deepwater project to incorporate improved post-9/11 capabilities
- 3. Retaining, upgrading, and converting aviation legacy assets (C-130s, H-60s, H-65s) as part of the final asset mix
- 4. Advancing the delivery of the Fast Response Cutter and Offshore Patrol Cutter.
- 5. Deliver more capable operating assets for the Coast Guard's post-9/11 transformation to support DHS strategic goals and to reduce maritime security risk

"A 21st Century Coast Guard"





Deepwater Meeting the Threat



in the World's Littorals



Security management at every point of engagement...

Intelligence-Information Collection & Sharing/MDA



Long – Range Surveillance/Air Transport



Vertical Insertion for Opposed Boarding



Anti-Terrorism/Force Protection



Surveillance Detection Identification Classification Prosecution



CG/DHS/DOD Common Operational Picture



DOD Interoperability, Deployment Capabilities



Enhanced CBRNE Detection and Defense Capability



Airborne Use of Force

Regional conflicts, transnational threats to U.S. commerce and national security, require improved U.S. sea-basing capabilities



Multi-Mission Cutter Helicopter (MCH), and C4ISR.

National Security Cutter (NSC) Contribution to the Homeland Shield





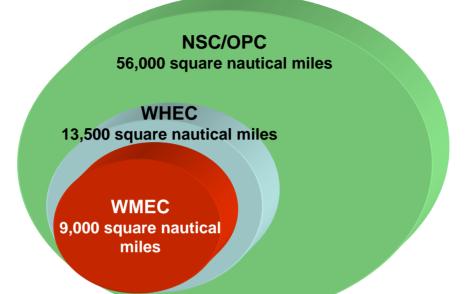
Total Daily Search Potential for Force Package of Cutter and Deployed Air Assets











Total Daily Search Area



National Security Cutter (NSC)/Offshore Patrol Cutter (OPC) Force package includes:
1 cutter on station for 24 hours
1 short-range helicopter (MCH) with 4 flight hours
2 VUAV with 12 flight hours total



WHEC (378) Force package includes:
1 cutter on station for 24 hours
1 short-range helicopter (HH-65) with 4 flight hours



WMEC (270/210)
Force package includes:
1 cutter on station for 24 hours
1 short-range helicopter (HH-65) with 4 flight hours

National Fleet: A "Joint" Policy Direction

- Navy/USCG supports
 collaboration, to achieve the
 highest level of naval and
 maritime operational integration
 for improved maritime security
- New U.S. National Strategy for Maritime Security calls for a fully coordinated federal effort to protect U.S. interests in the maritime domain



"Current USCG acquisition efforts such as the Deepwater Program will greatly enhance the interoperability between USCG and USN units in the CENTCOM AOR."

GEN John Abizaid, USA Commander, U.S. Central Command 2005





Navy-Coast Guard Cooperation CNO Guidance for Fiscal Year 2006

- Develop closer working relationships with the U.S. Coast Guard and other agencies to improve:
 - National security
 - Homeland defense
 - Maritime domain awareness
 - Synergy and cost effectiveness
- Develop adaptive force packages and flexible deployment concepts for blue water and littoral environments
- Align with the National Fleet policy and National Strategy for Maritime Security

Navy and U.S. Coast Guard work cooperatively to improve homeland defense and national security through increased synergy and cost effectiveness.





Integrated Deepwater System Building a 21st-Century Coast Guard

- Improved system-wide capacity and capabilities for post-9/11 missions
- Far more capable cutters, manned and unmanned aircraft, robust C4ISR
- Key enabler for USCG implementation of National Strategy for Maritime Security and National Fleet Policy
- Interoperable C4ISR: Better Maritime Domain Awareness, Common Operating Picture
- Closes "capability gaps" to reduce risk in the maritime domain
- Improved readiness, performance, and safety
- Important implications for mission support to Combatant Commanders
 - Expeditionary Warfare
 - Homeland Defense/Security
 - Improved USCG, Navy, and interagency interoperability
 - International engagement





Visit the IDS Web Page for latest Developments



Check us out: www.uscg.mil/deepwater

Umanned Aerial Vehicle
- High Altitude Endurance
Unmanned Aerial Vehicle