



Unified Cryptologic Architecture (UCA)

for
NDIA Net-Centric Operations
Conference

22 March 2005



UCA Value Proposition

- Under DIRNSA's Community Functional Lead for Cryptology authority, the UCA needs to describe how we work together as an integrated team – establishing an overall DoD SIGINT Architecture.
- The UCA must establish collective practices and promote coordinated efforts.
- The UCAO needs to exercise cross-service oversight of joint intelligence, surveillance and reconnaissance SIGINT activities.

Derived from HPSCI Markup Language



UCAO



- Community office focused on exercising DIRNSA CFL for Cryptology responsibilities
- Comprised of 9 Partners:

NSA/CSS

Air Force

Marine Corps

NRO

Army

Navy

DIA

Coast Guard

CIA

- Dual role/responsibilities as NSA/CSS Engineering Directorate

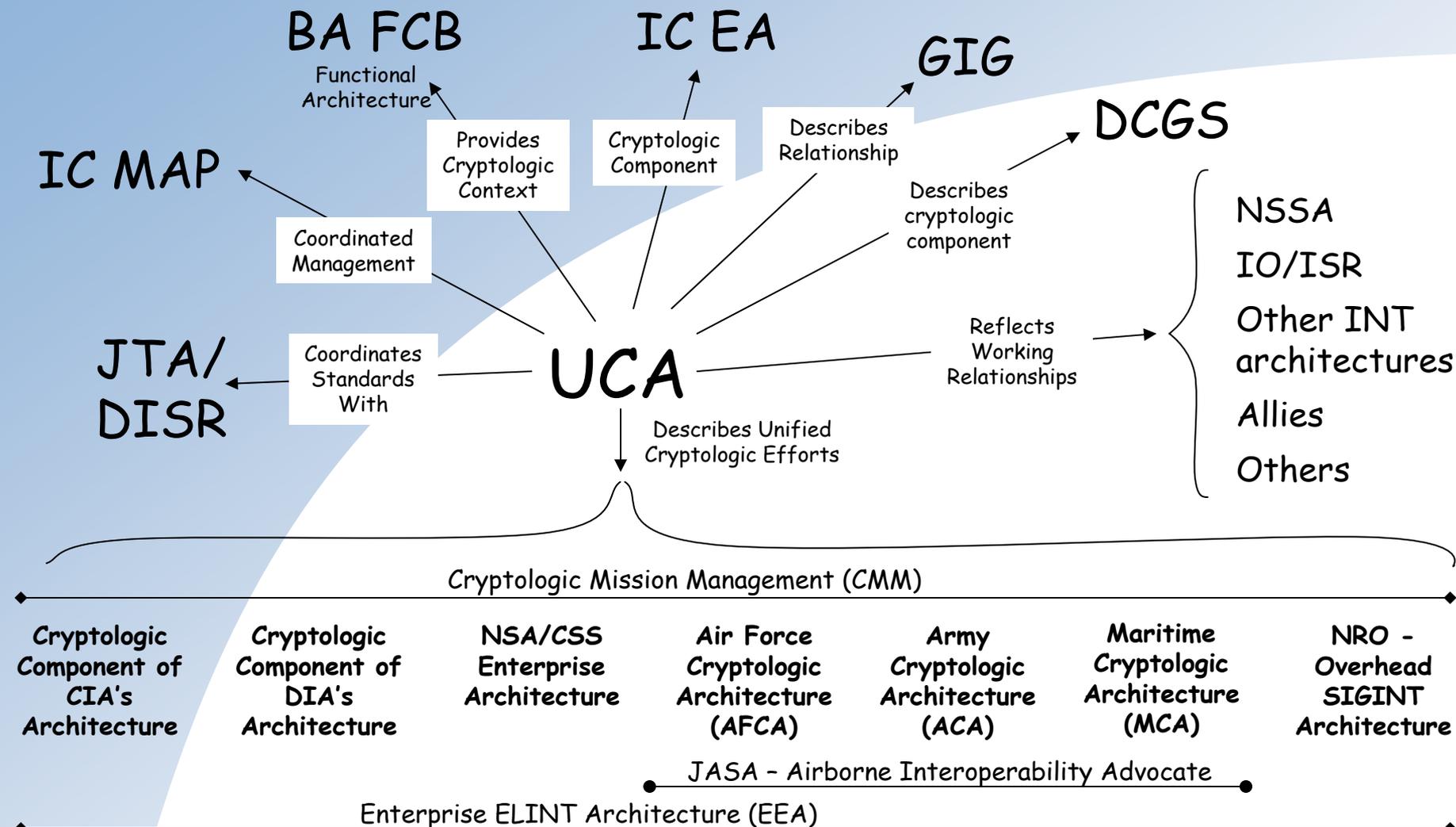


Objectives

- Promote a **common architectural construct** for our collective cryptologic capabilities
- Establish a **common language and taxonomy** for describing and analyzing these capabilities
- Demonstrate our collaborative efforts to produce **unified cryptologic capabilities**
- Provide information environment that enables **informed operational, management, technical and investment decisions**
- **Promote unity** while respecting individual autonomy
- Represent a **unified cryptologic front** to external entities
- Establish uniform architecture review and approval procedures



UCA Relationships





Promotes

- Unified Operations
- NSA/CSS Transformation
- Net Centric Operations
- Horizontal Integration
- Multi-Int Integration
- Distributed Cryptologic Operations
- System of Services
- Sharing Data as a Default Position





Through

- UCS CONOP
- Allocated Requirements
- Integrated Architecting Teams
 - UCA NSA/CSS ACA AFCA MCA
- Integrated Processes/Products
 - Data Modeling WIPT
 - Service Reference Model WIPT
 - UCA TV
 - GIG IA Architecture
- Coordination with:
 - IC
 - DoD
 - Allies





DCGS Specific

- UCA and related architecture efforts will describe the Cryptologic component of DCGS
- SIGINT Customer
- Cryptologic Partners
 - Service Cryptologic Architectures
 - Defining Operational Relationships
 - Developing Business Models
 - Capturing Data Flows
 - Common Data Models
 - Documenting Interfaces
 - Applying Standards



Questions



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Success Criteria for HI

- Mission Management (CMM)
 - Mission CONOP
 - Common understanding of problem
 - More than INs
- J2EE/Web Service Standards
 - N Tier vs 2 Tier
 - Thin vs Thick Clients
 - M-M vs P-P
 - Open vs Stovepipe Architecture
 - Client/Server vs Services Based

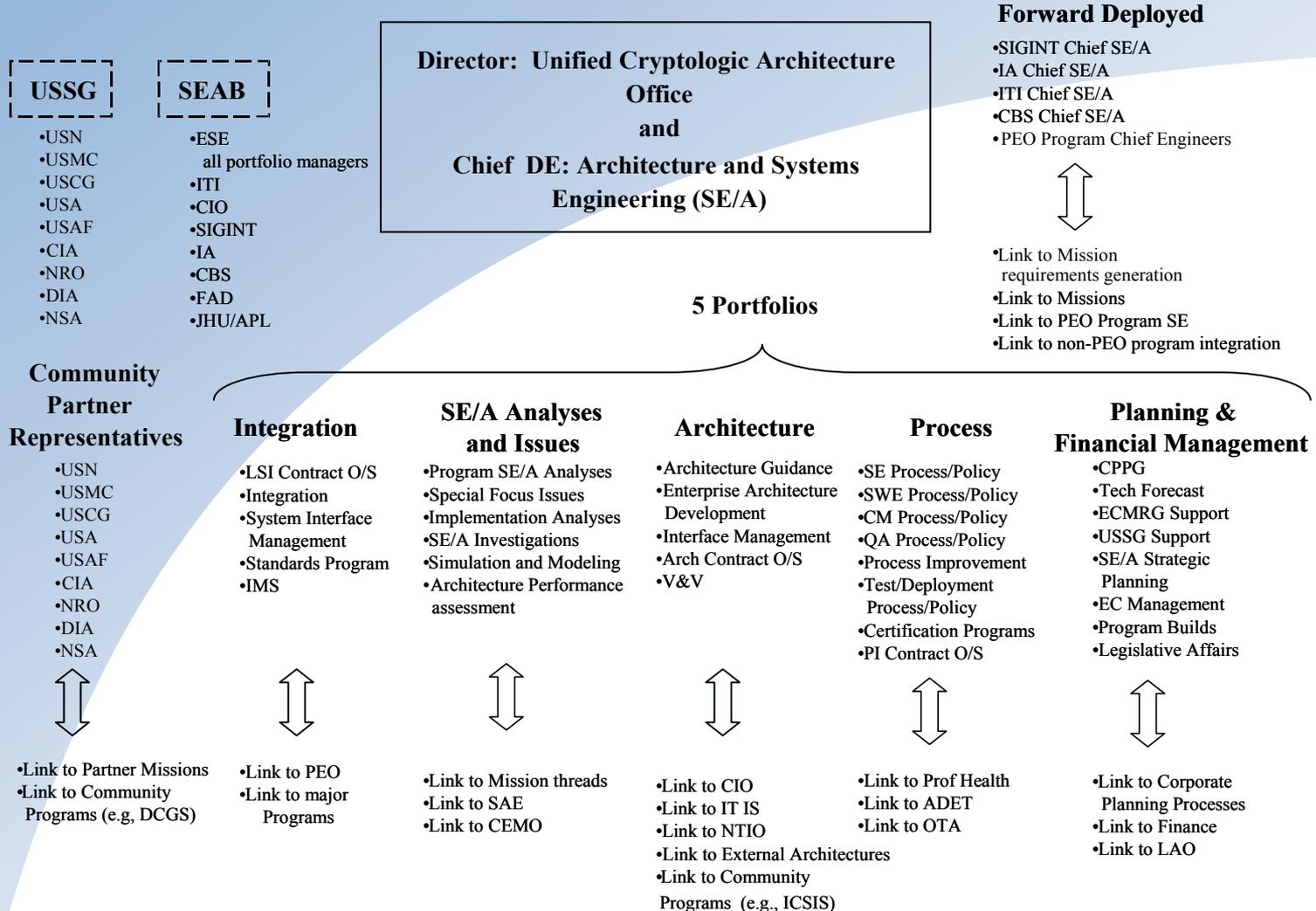


Success Criteria for HI

- Common Data Standards
 - SIGINT Data Model
 - SIGINT Format
 - NSA Migration Plan
 - USSID/Reports
- IA Security
 - PL3 US Only
 - PL3+ Partners
 - Replication for SIPR



UCAO/DE Structure





NSA/CSS EA



- Enterprise wide in perspective
- Two levels
 - Above Program
 - Program
- Comprised of Four Business Segments
 - SIGINT
 - Information Assurance
 - Information Technology
 - Corporate Business
- Comprises “as is” through “to be”



Governance

- Integrated into NSA/CSS Policy
 - Strategic Management Process
 - System Engineering
- System Engineering and Architecture Board (SEAB)
- Enterprise Architecture Working Group (EAWG)
- Business Unit Architecture Working Groups
- Program Level Architectures
- Architecture Development and Management Plan (ADMP)