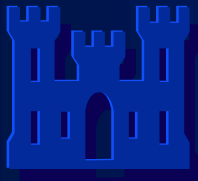


*US Army Corps of
Engineers,
Nashville District*

Wolf Creek Dam Seepage Major Rehabilitation Evaluation

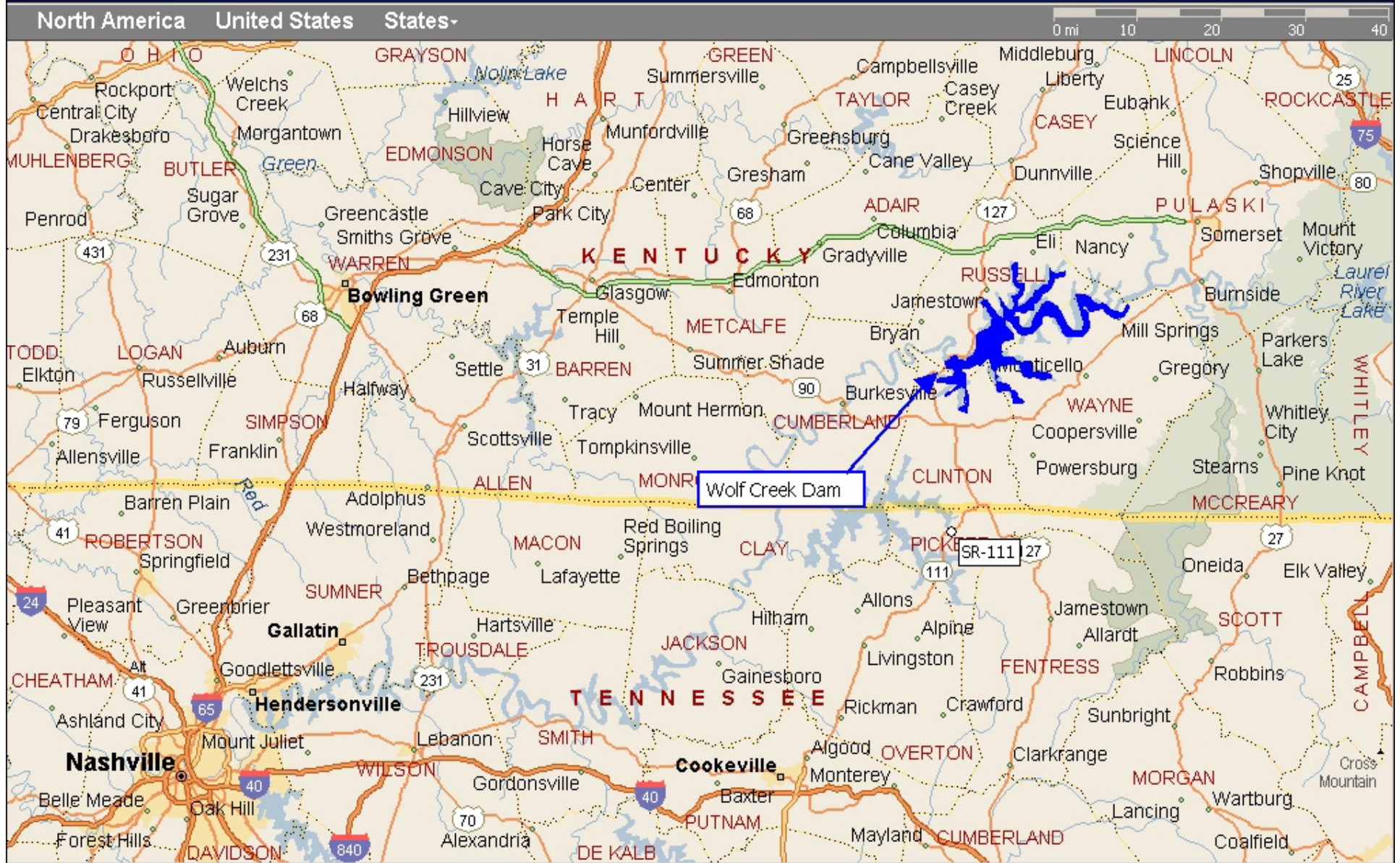


Outline of Topics

- **Project Features**
- **Foundation Problems**
- **1960's Distress Indicators and Actions**
- **Post Wall Performance/Current Distress Indicators**
- **Proposed Remedy**



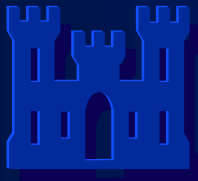
Project Location



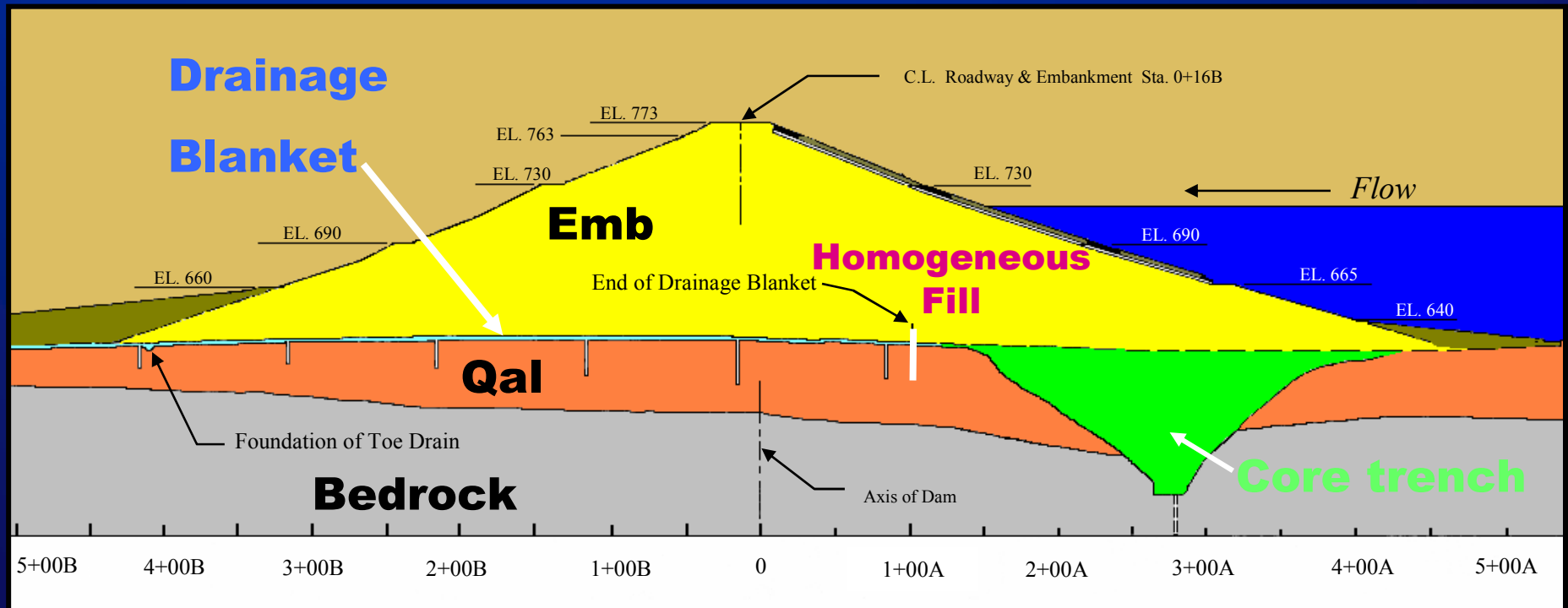


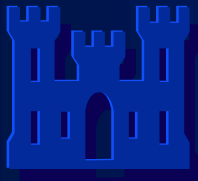
Project Features



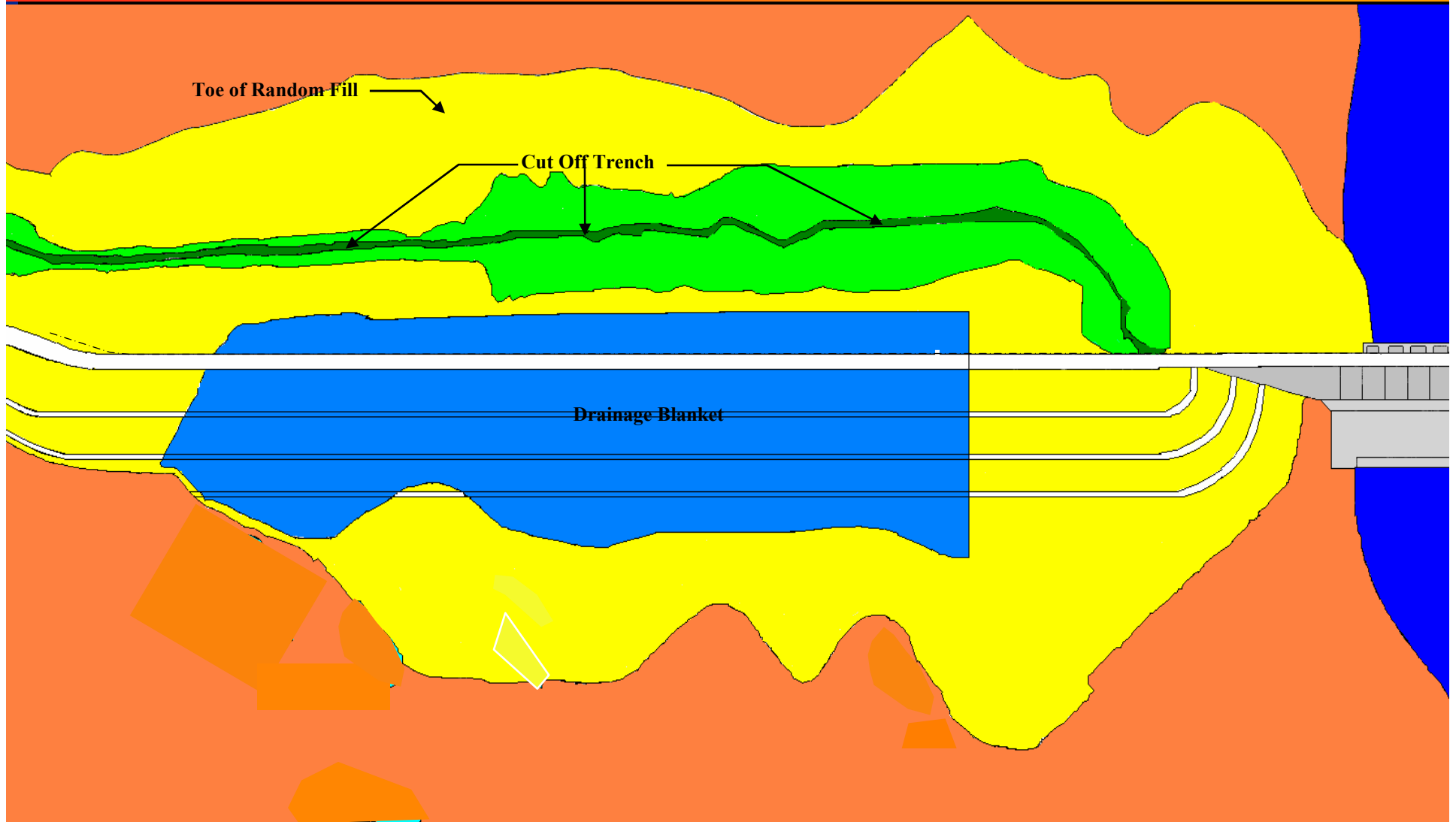


EMBANKMENT SECTION STA. 44+50L



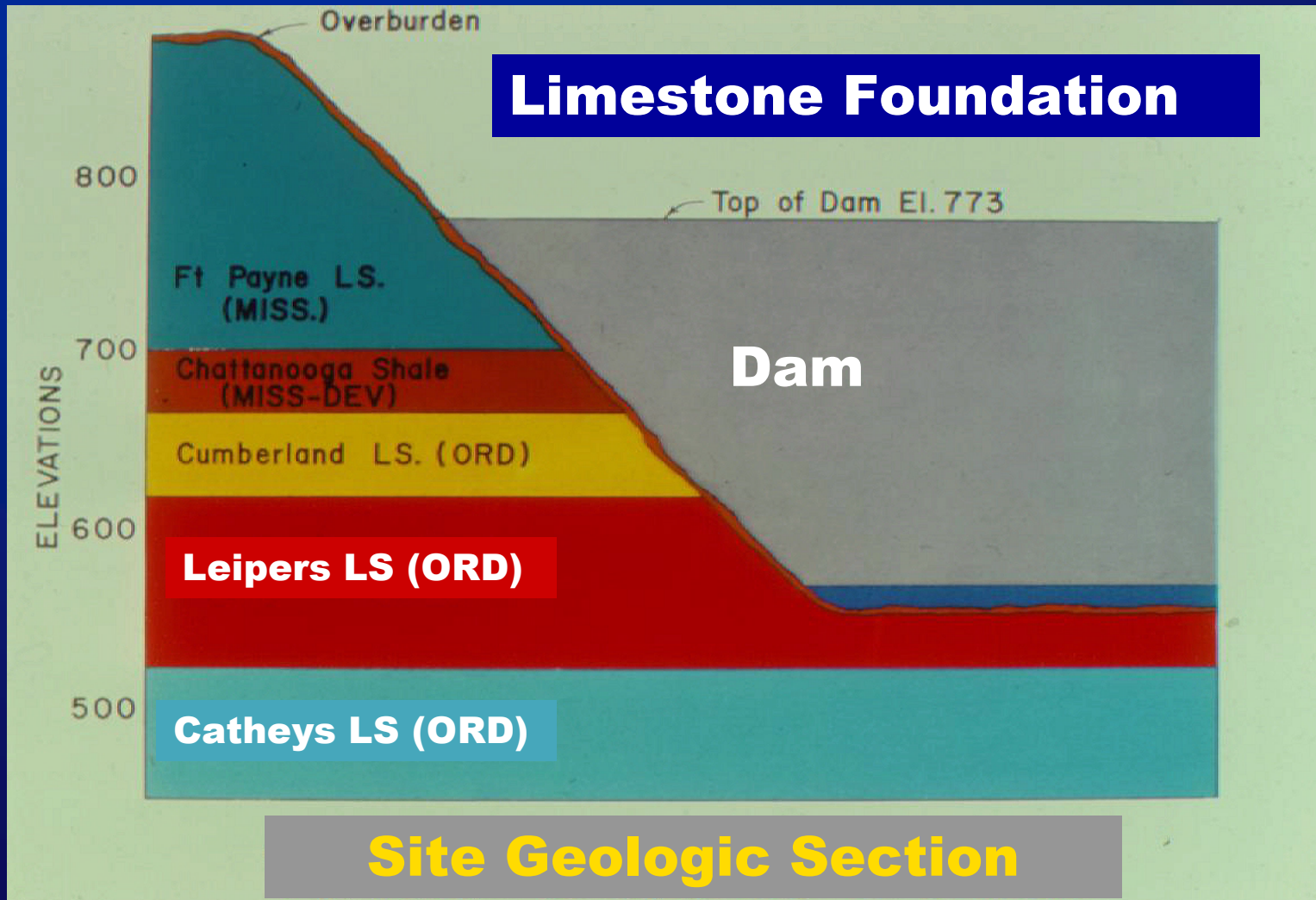


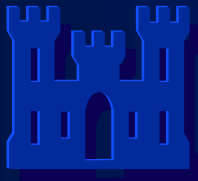
EMBANKMENT PLAN





Geology





Foundation Treatment Problems

- Treatment techniques inadequate for this geology
- Most of the alluvium left in place
- Except for cut-off trench, no embankment foundation treatment
- Cutoff trench design and construction inadequate

I-A, -B, and -E. The bottom of this section of trench, at this stage of excavation, is still in overburden except for a few narrow areas where the rock salients showing in the overburden slopes were connected across the trench line. It is proposed to excavate the floor of the trench to continuous sound rock for the great curtain. • Overhangs and loose rock



8-27-42. Looking SE in trench from sta. 5+50.

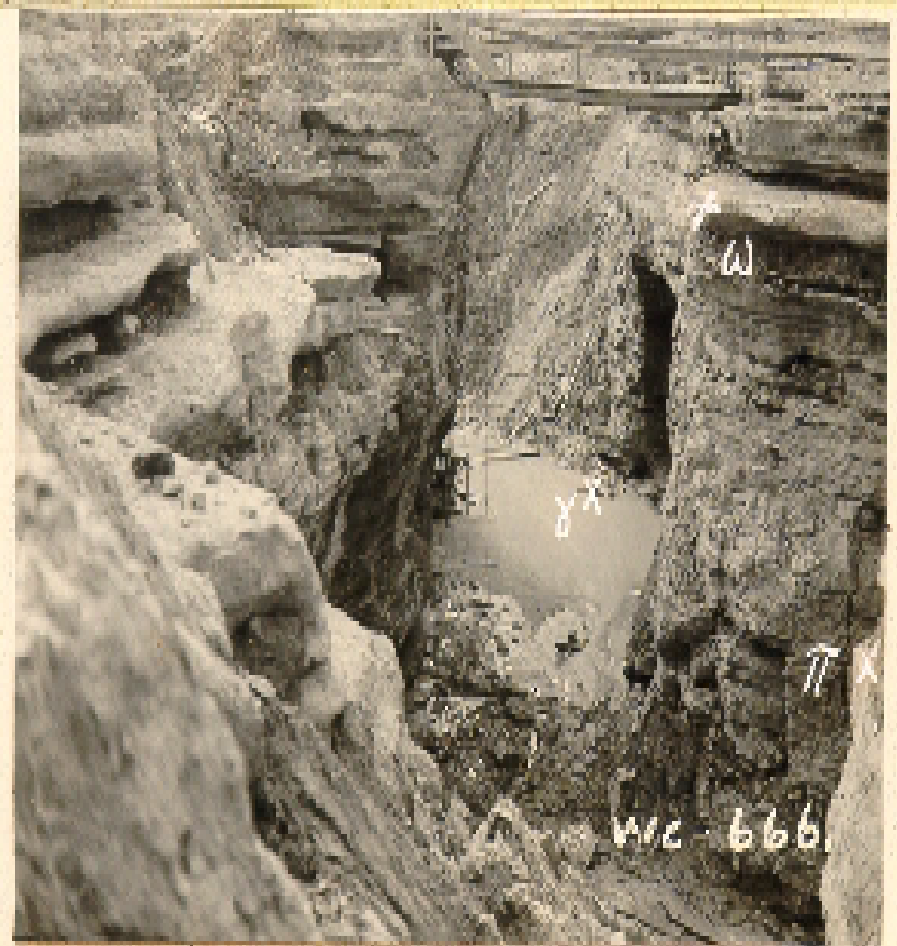
I-E

will be removed only where they cross the line of the trench, since the earthfill in the sides of the trench will have the function only of stability and not of an absolutely uniform tight contact with the trench walls. Tamping will supplement the regular rolling of the fill as required under the overhangs and irregular salients. •



8-23-42/looking S in trench from vicinity embankment sta. 36+10. I-6

I-6. Note rock channel between points ω and γ , with abrupt ledge floor at level of π . This floor was underlain by solution weathered rock and was not continuous (see photo I-II). Above the floor, the walls were extremely irregular, with overhanging ledges. These were knocked off and weathered rock removed to condition shown in photo I-7.



9-21-42/looking S in trench from vicinity embankment sta. 36+10. I-7

I-7. Note final condition of rock channel between points ω and γ (see photo I-6). This channel is along line 3A of Exhibit J. Note tapering continuation of the channel across intersecting channel.

Before

After



4-2-42. Looking SE along
hole at trench sta. 27+95. *IV-A*



4-2-42. Looking E across
hole at trench sta. 27+95. *IV-B*

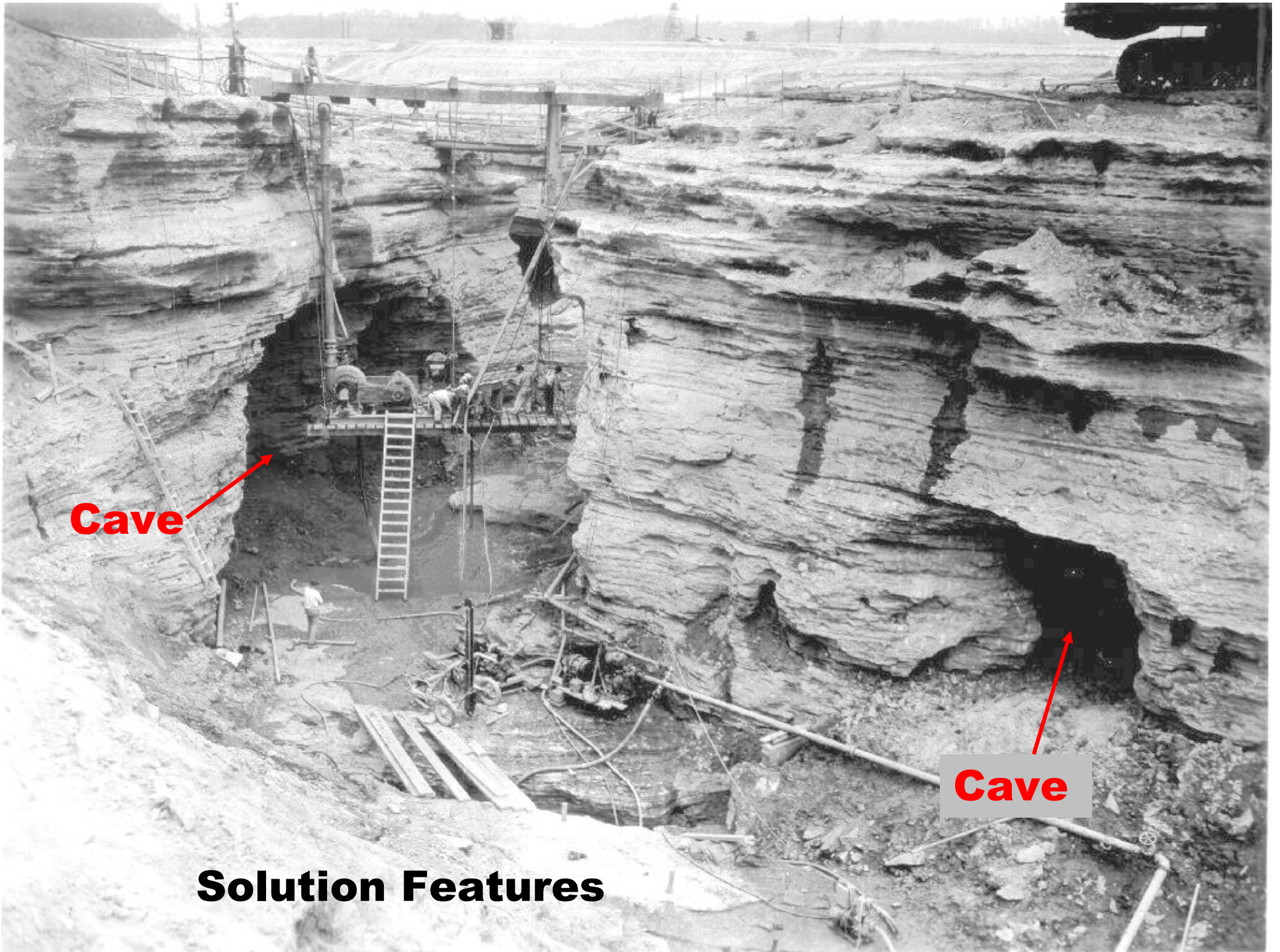
IV-A and -B. The hole is a solution widened joint, crossing the trench at right angles. Note differential solution and resulting overhangs in rock faces. These re-entrants were apparently well filled with silt.



31,822

19 November 1942

View of backfilling operations in cavity at
Sta. 50+00 on cutoff trench



Cave

Cave

Solution Features

**Looking from
monolith 36 into
cutoff trench
where it ties
into monolith 37**

Cave



End Monolith (37)

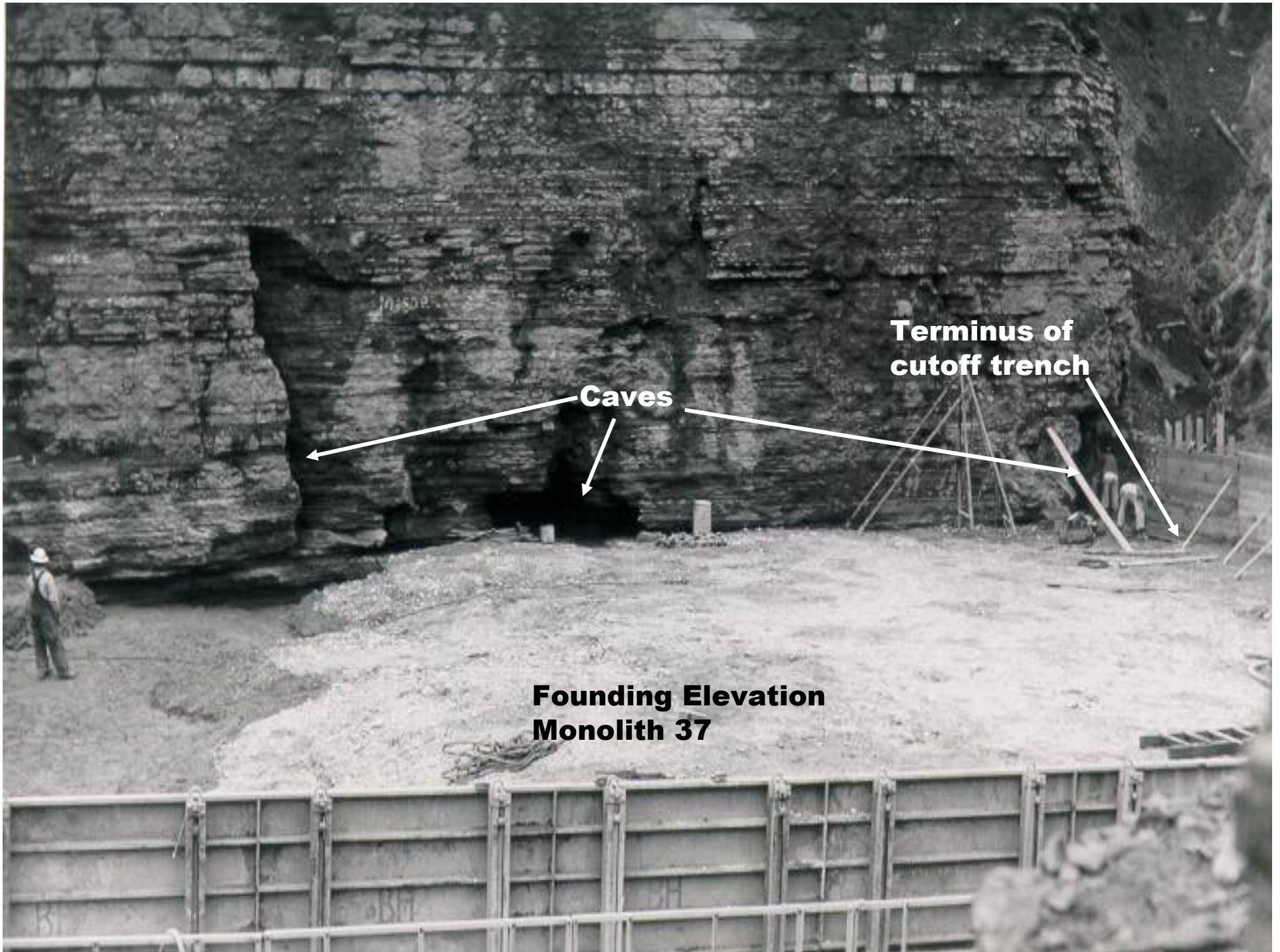




61/421

14 August 1947

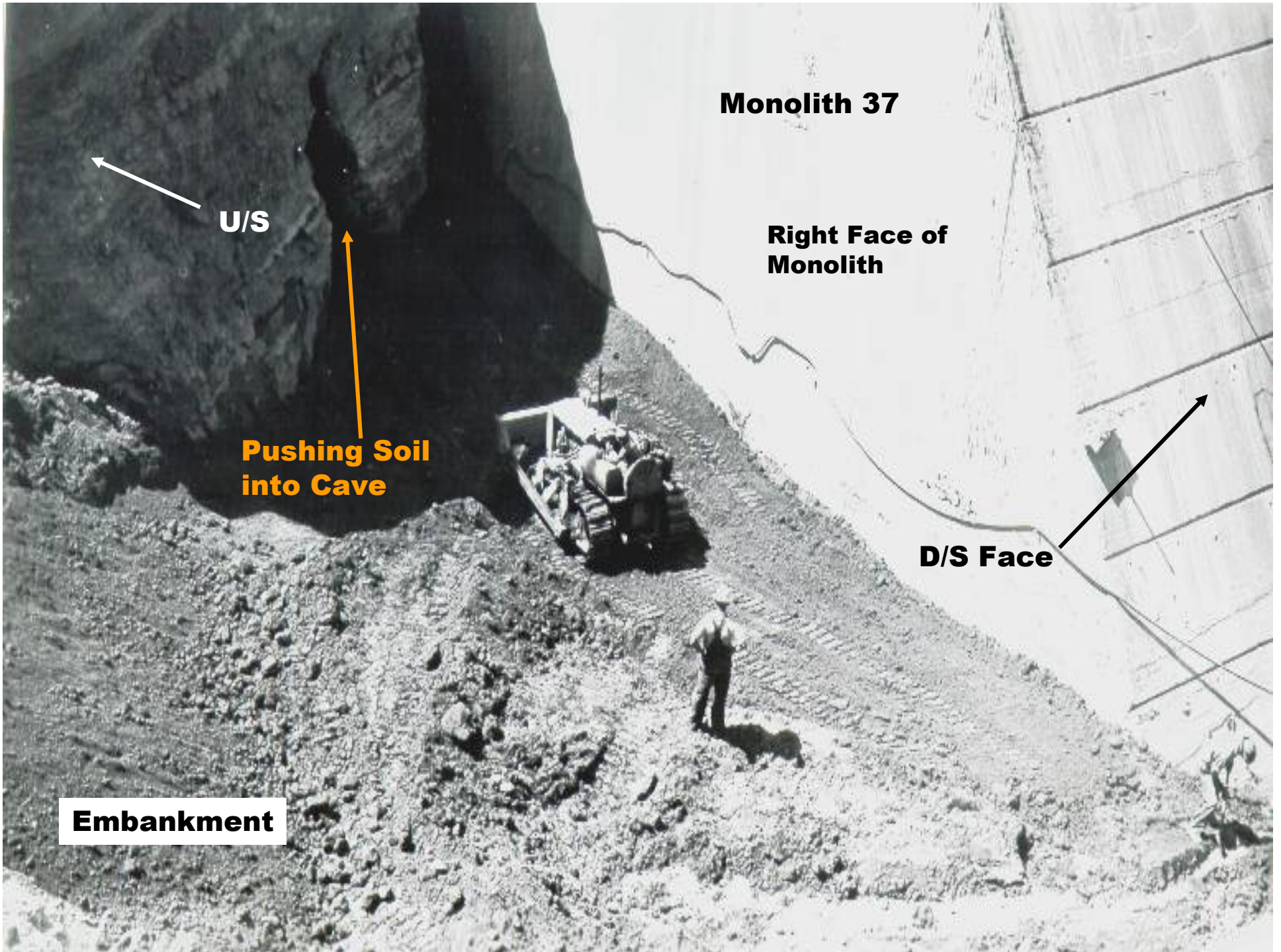
Filling core trench, Mon. 37



Caves

**Terminus of
cutoff trench**

**Founding Elevation
Monolith 37**



Monolith 37

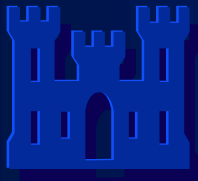
U/S

**Pushing Soil
into Cave**

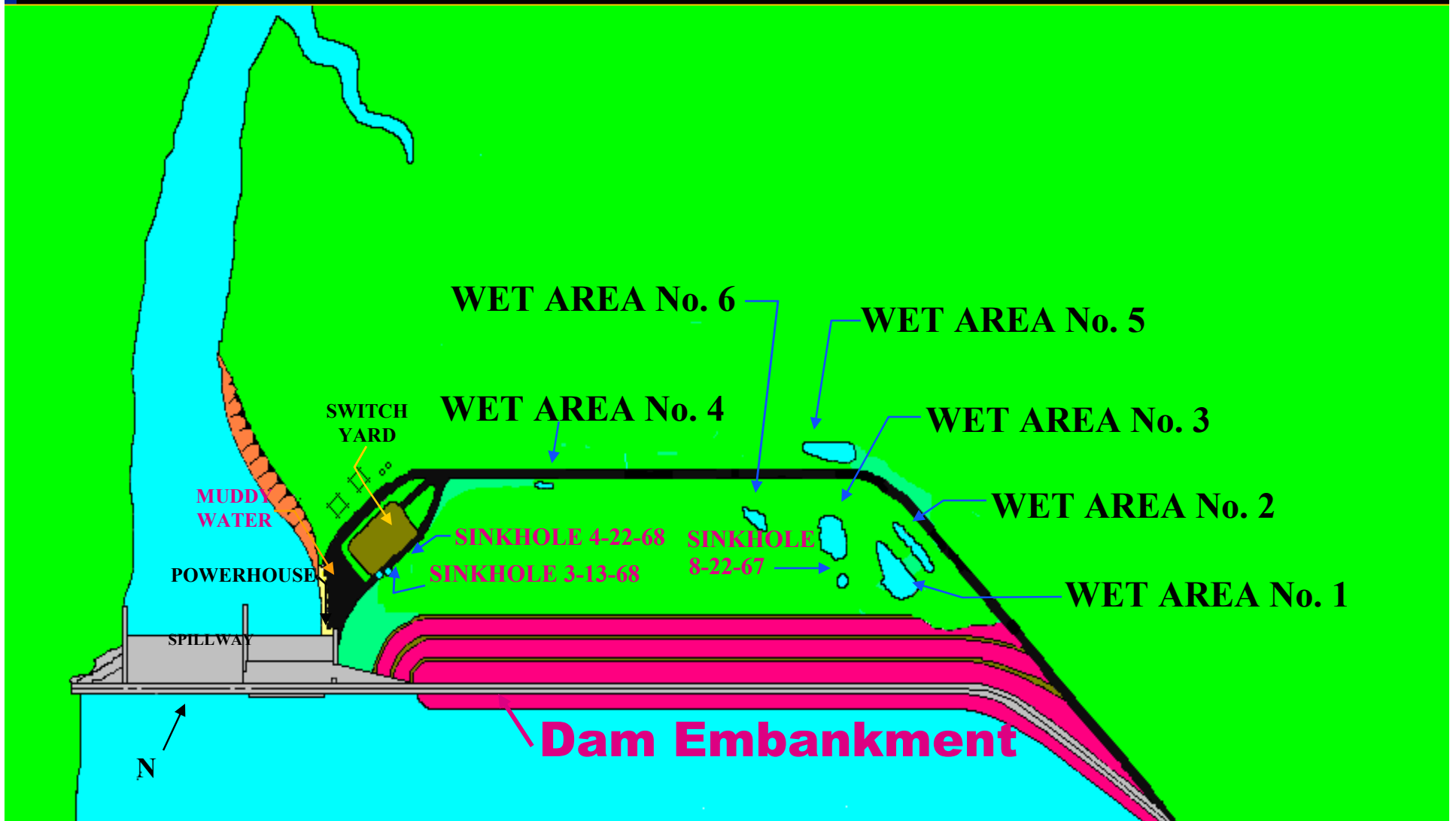
**Right Face of
Monolith**

D/S Face

Embankment

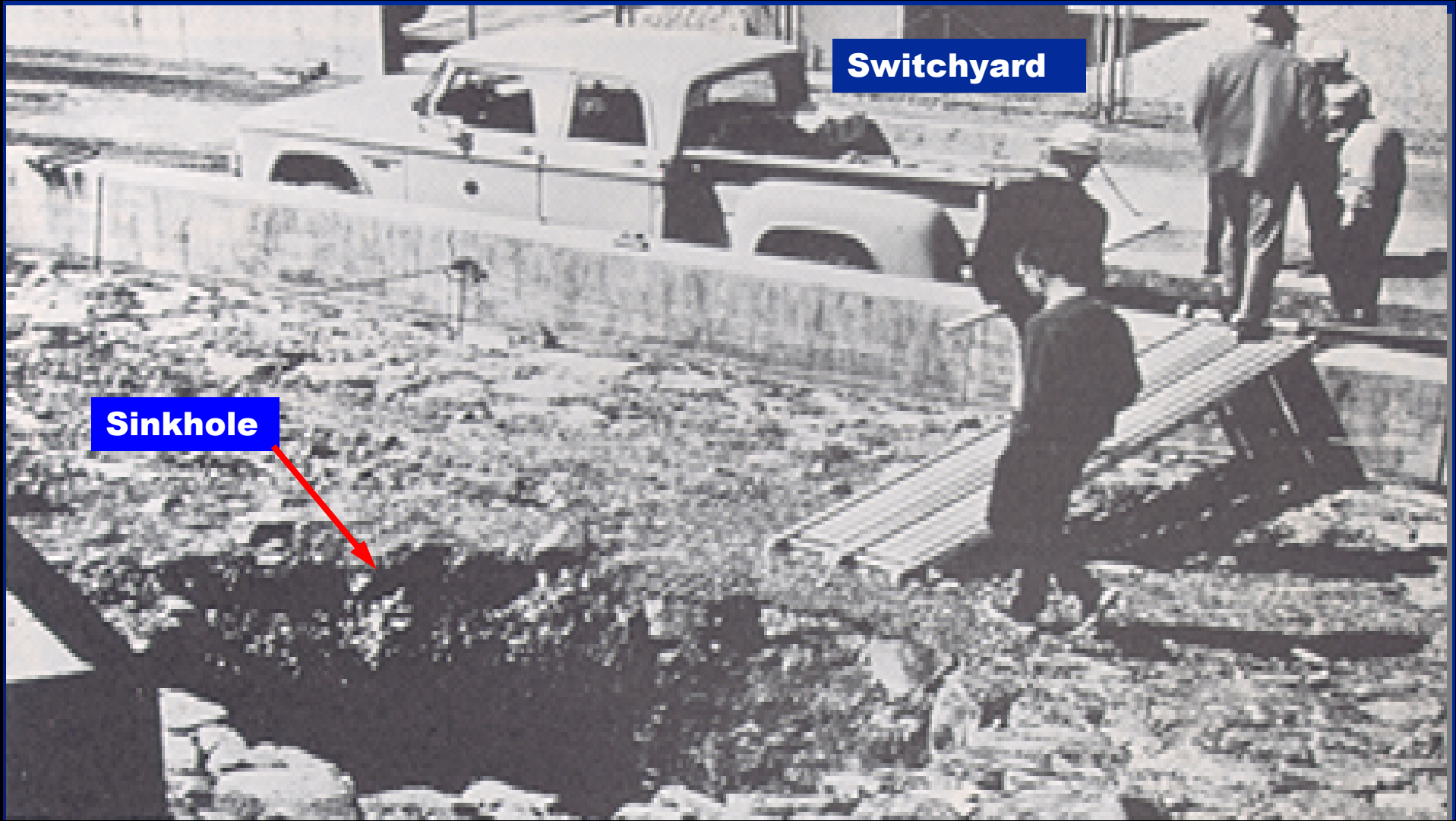


Initial Distress Indicators 1960's



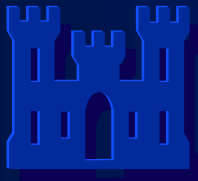


1968 Sinkhole

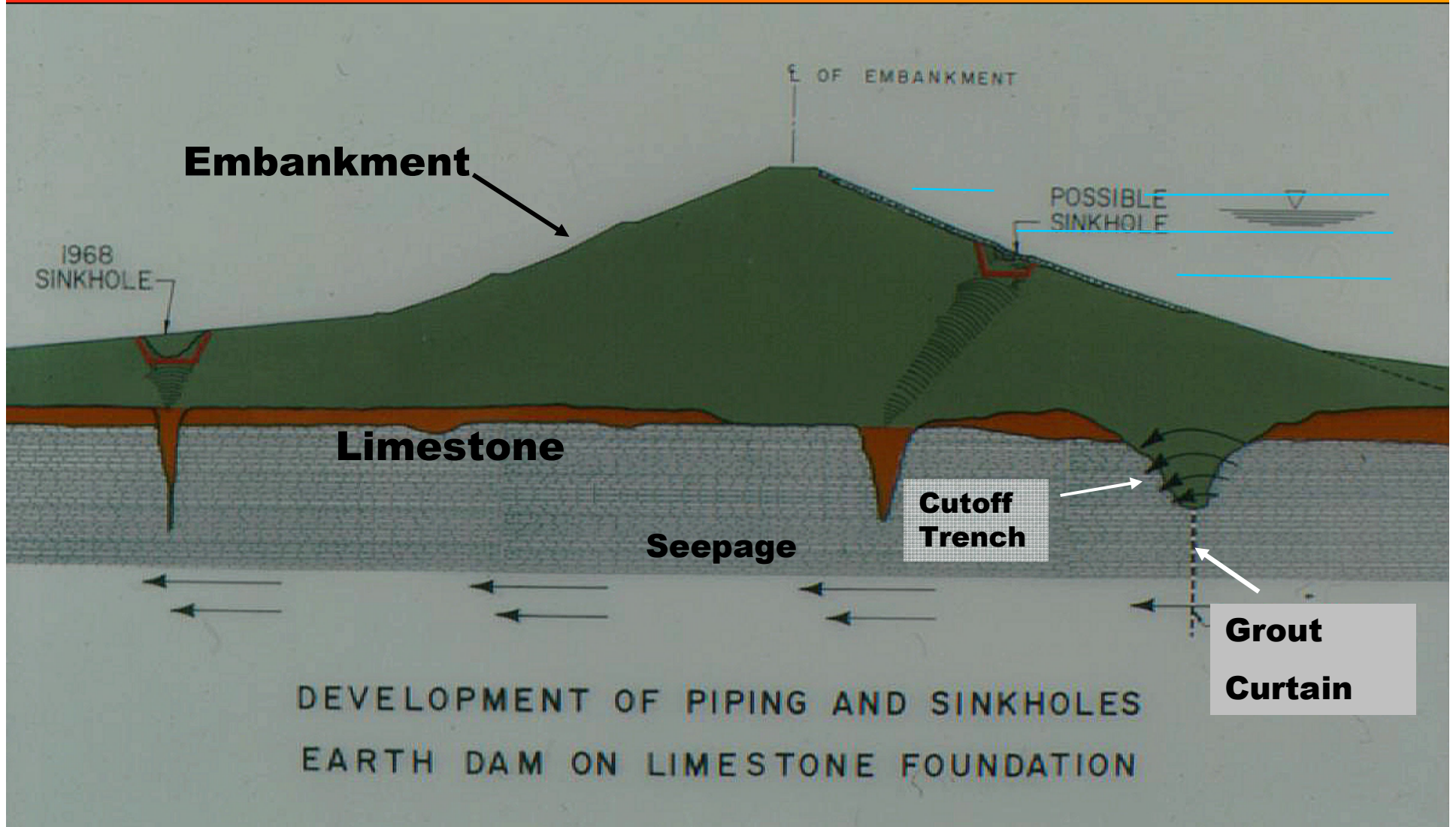


Sinkhole

Switchyard

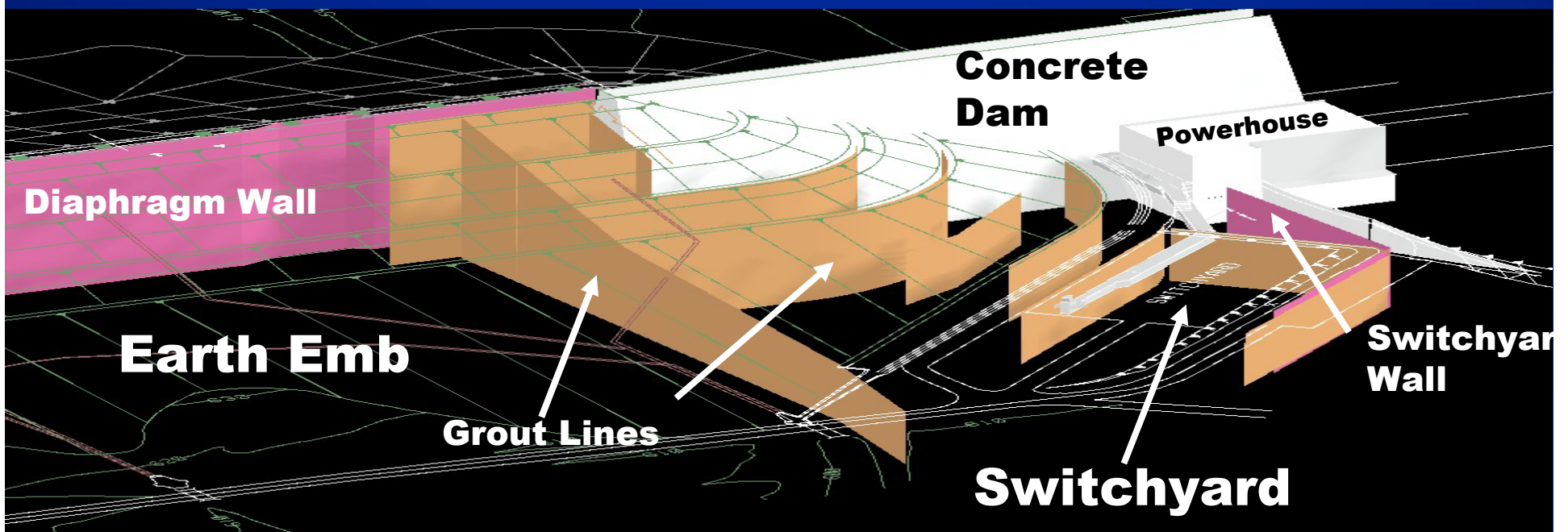
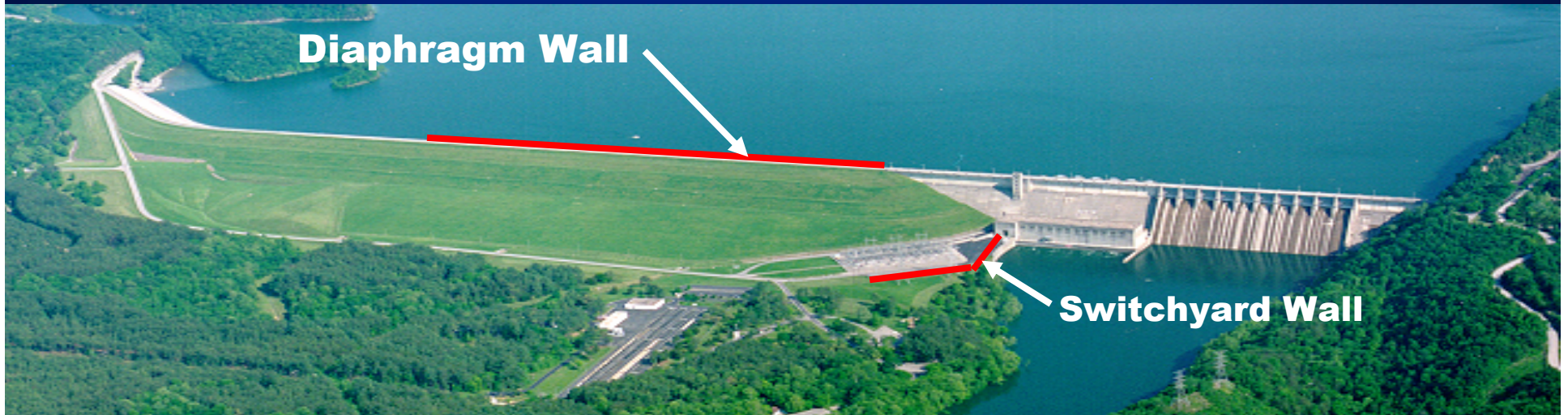


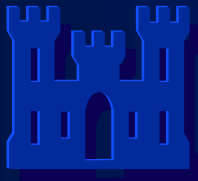
Piping and Sinkhole Development



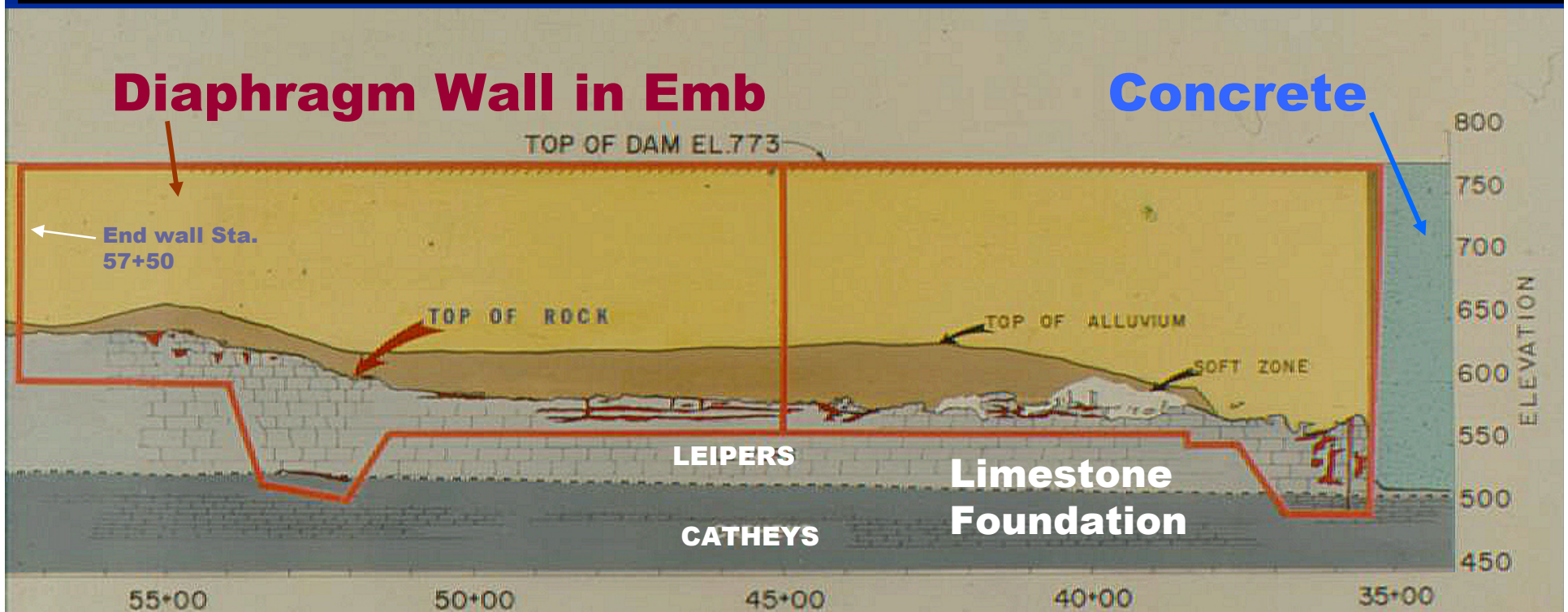


1960's and 70's Remedial Features



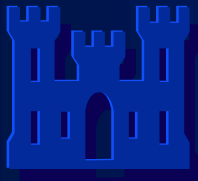


Profile along Diaphragm Wall

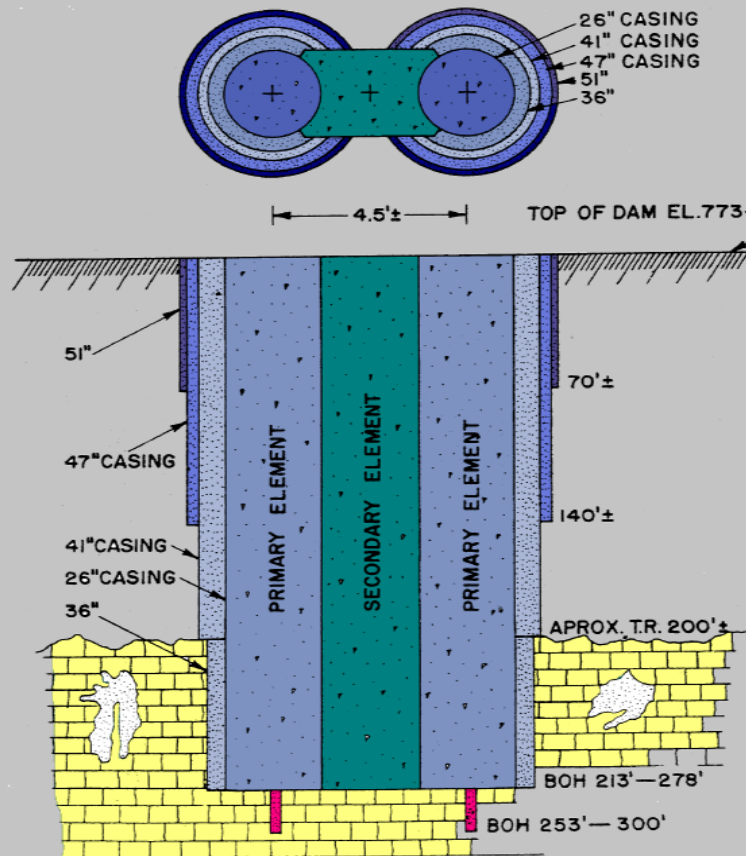


PROFILE ALONG AXIS OF DAM

Looking U/S



Diaphragm Wall

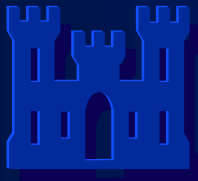


Typical Section

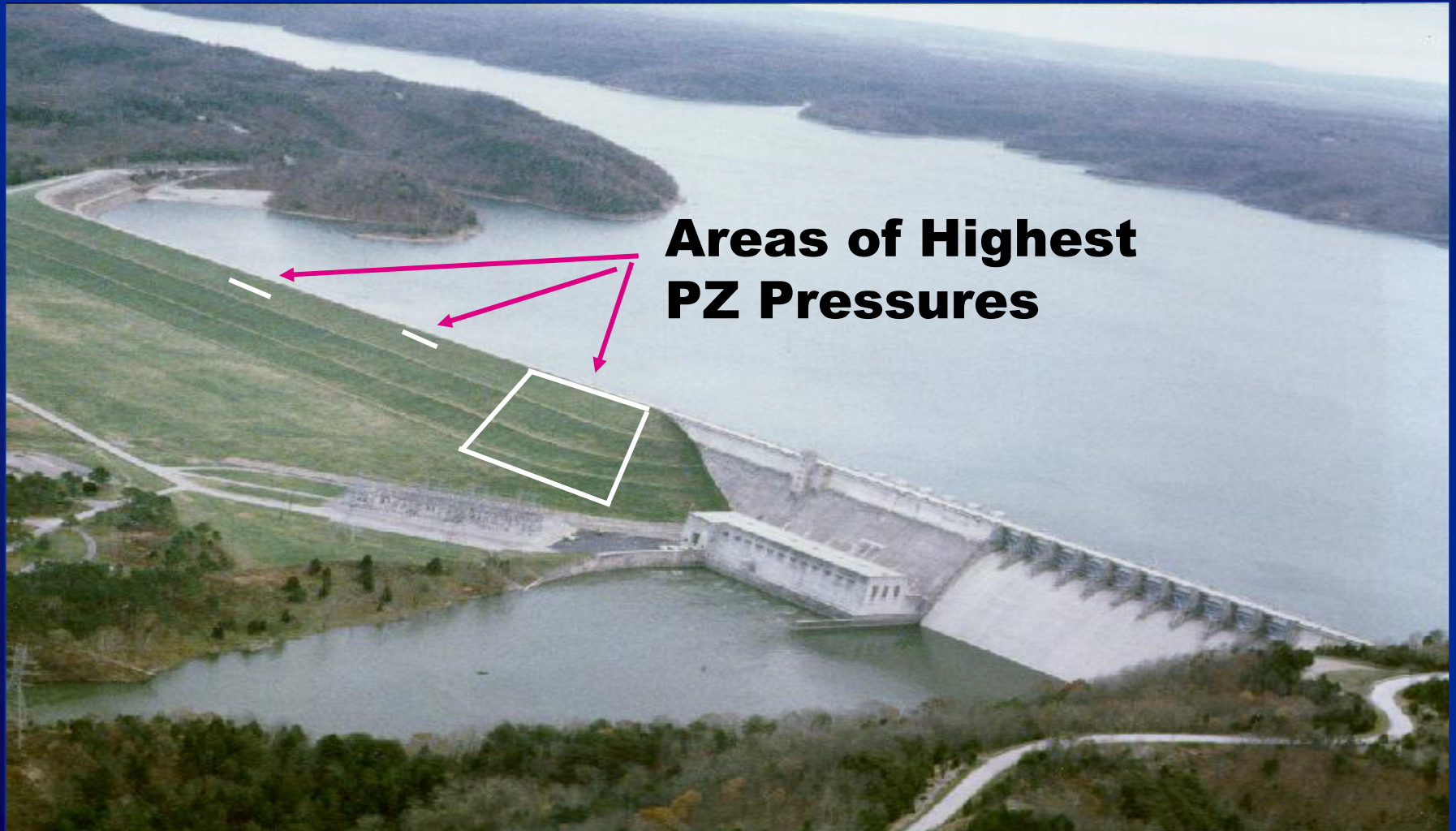


Post Wall Performance/Current Distress Indicators

- **Piezometers**
- **Wet Areas**
- **Settlement**
- **Soft Zones**
- **Temperature Survey**
- **Other**



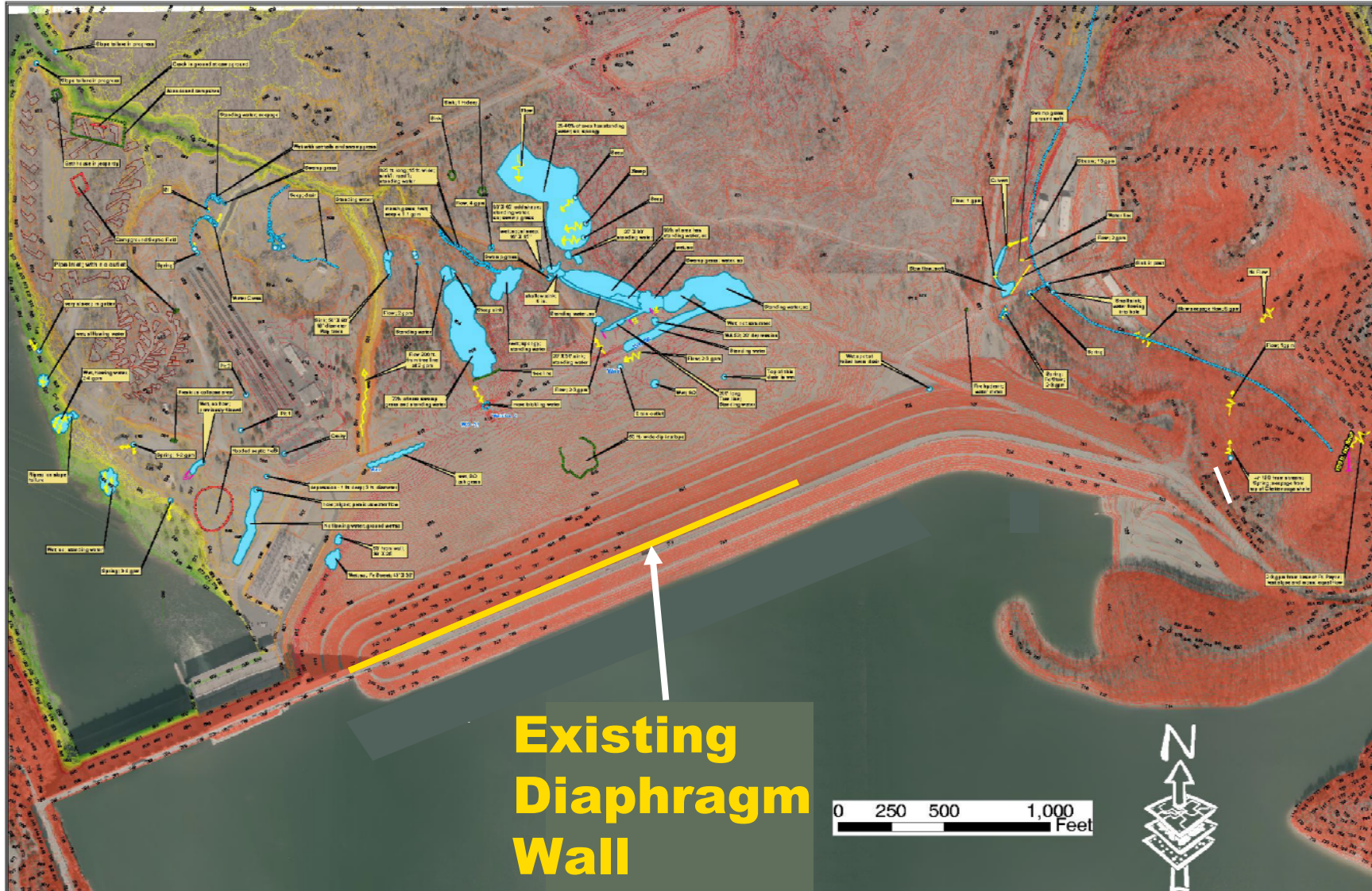
High PZ Pressures

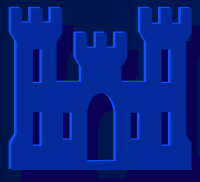


**Areas of Highest
PZ Pressures**

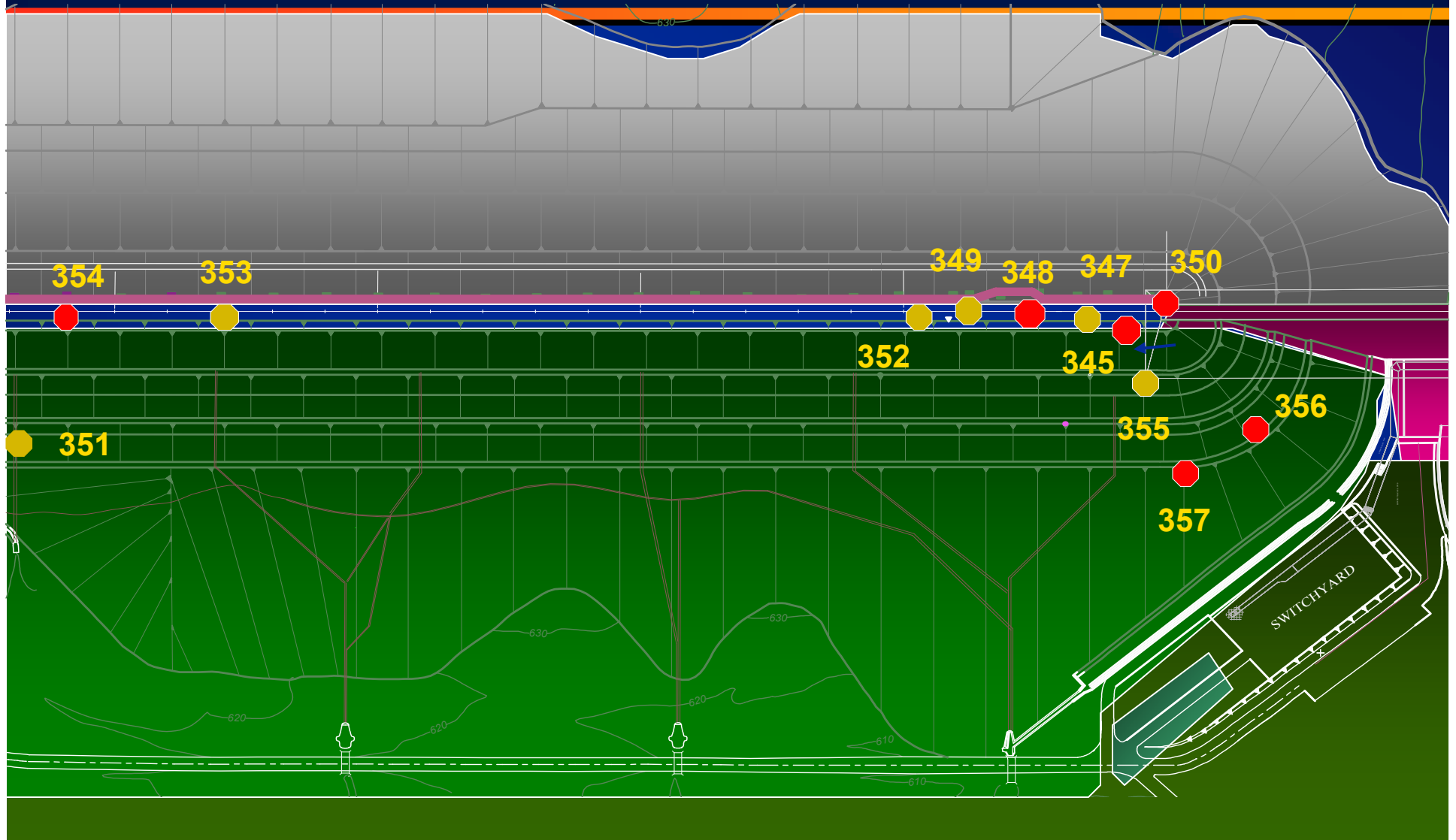


Post Wall Performance – Wet Areas





2002-2003 Resonant Sonic Investigations





Other Concerns/Distress Indicators

- **Cool Spots from Piezometer Temp. Survey**
- **Cable Tunnel Seepage and Cracking**
- **Increased Seepage and Instability Problems in the D/S Riverbank**
- **Structural Integrity of Existing Wall**

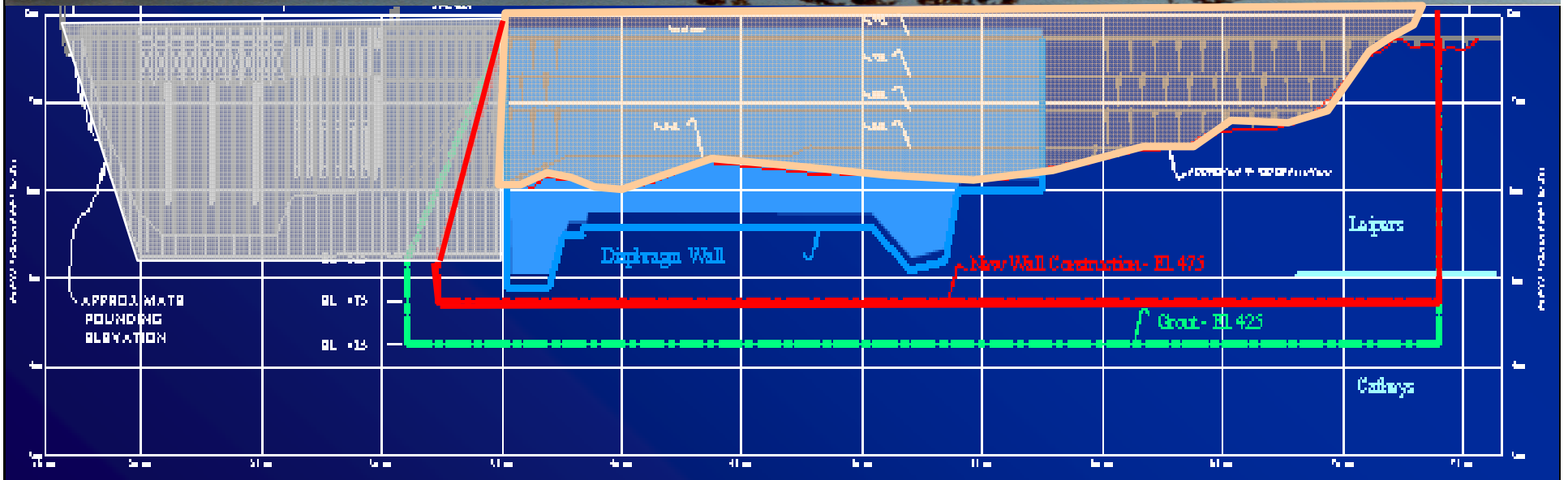


Reasons for Continuing Distress

- **Seepage coming around ends of wall**
 - **Through features untreated beneath monoliths**
 - **Around right end where no wall exists**
- **Below wall through features untreated or partially treated by previous grouting**
- **Through defects in wall itself**

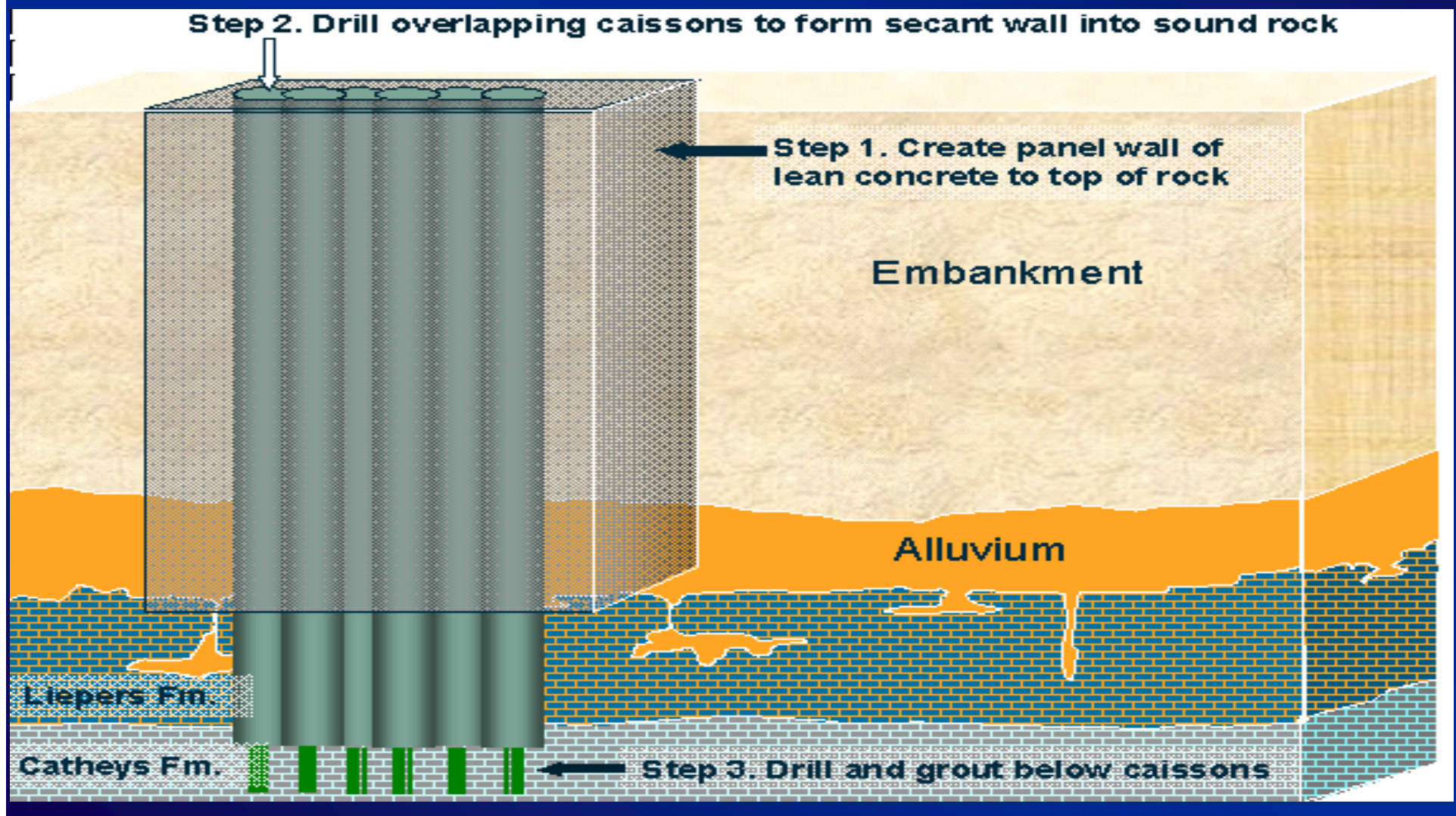


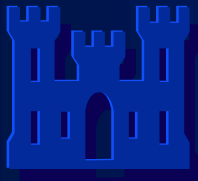
Proposed Remedy





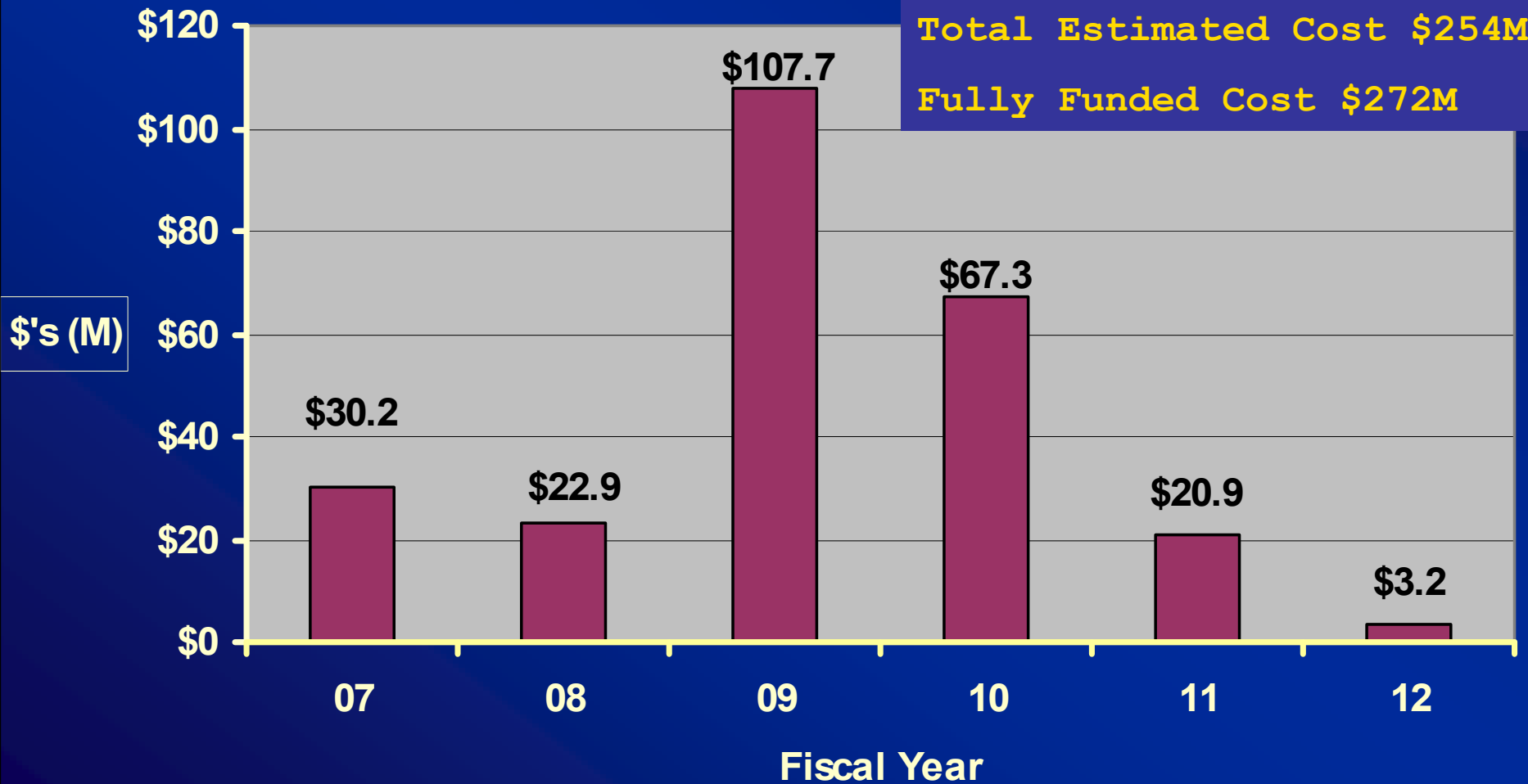
Proposed Secant Wall





Unconstrained Construction Cost By FY

Total Estimated Cost \$254M
Fully Funded Cost \$272M

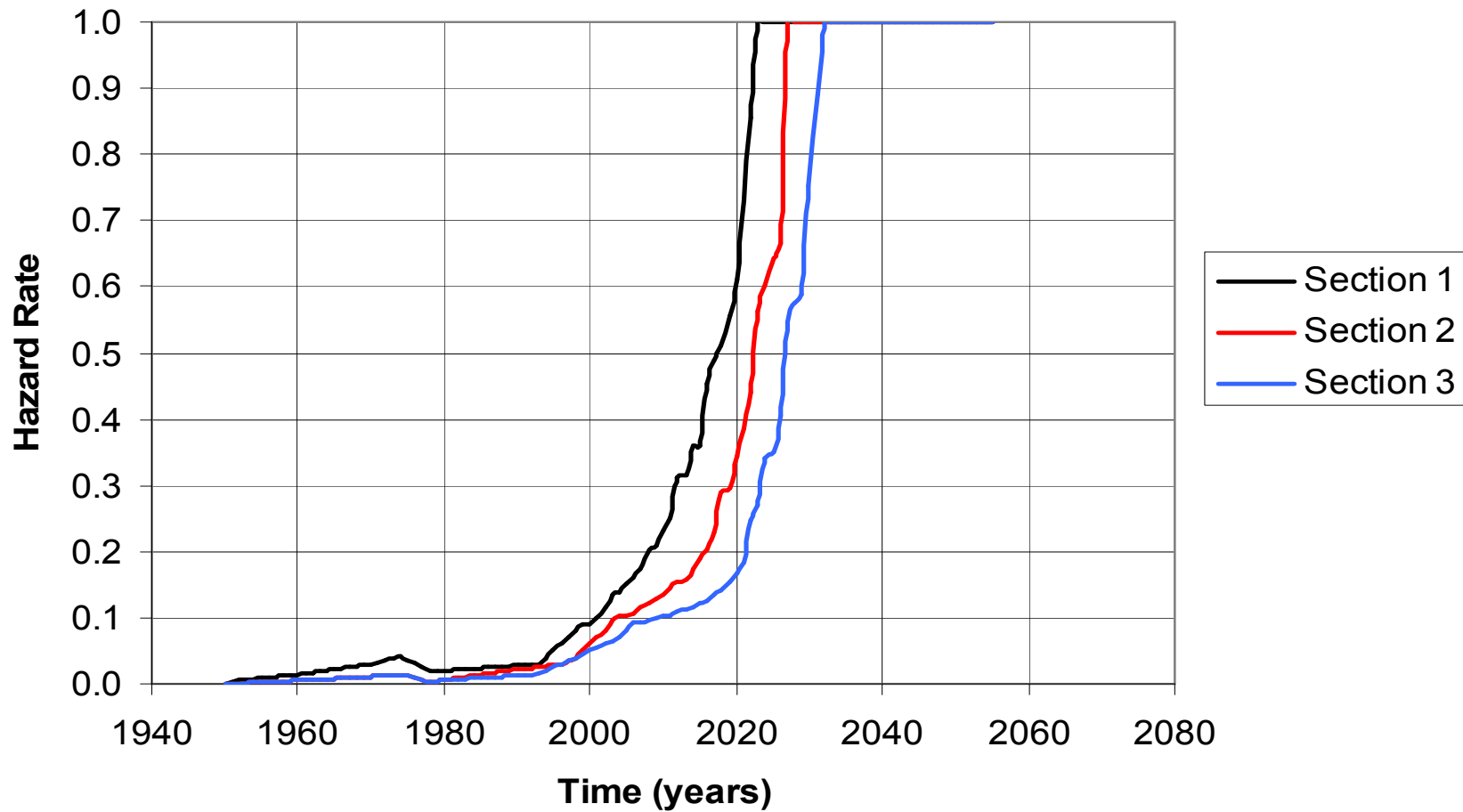


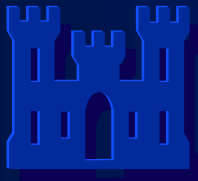


Reliability Analysis

Hazard Rates

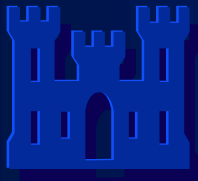
Summary of Hazard Rates for Wolf Creek Dam





Questions?





Speaker Info. Slide

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- Nashville District Corps of Engineers
- 615-736-5693
- michael.f.zoccola@ltn02.usace.army.mil