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## **McAlpine Lock Replacement Instrumentation**

# **McAlpine Lock Replacement Instrumentation**

**Design, Construction, Monitoring, and Interpretation**

**Troy S. O'Neal, P.E.**



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# McAlpine Lock Replacement Instrumentation





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# McAlpine Lock Replacement Instrumentation

## **INSTRUMENTATION DESIGN**



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## McAlpine Lock Replacement Instrumentation

# Instrumentation Design Philosophy

1. Every instrument has a purpose.
2. Envision placement and constructability.
3. Have adequate redundancy of instruments.
4. Use to verify critical or variable design parameters.



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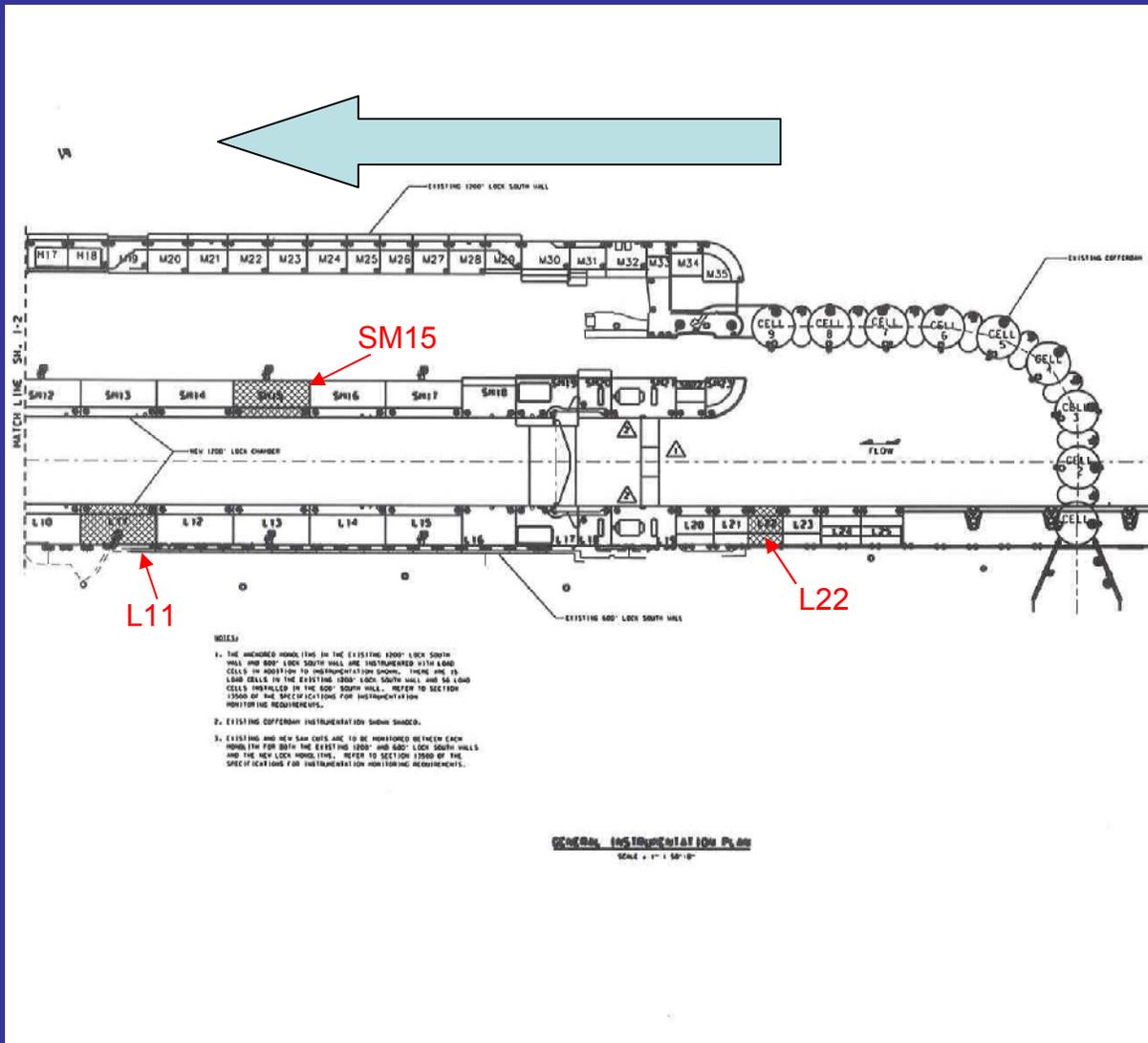
# Parameters Monitored

1. Concrete temperature
2. Concrete (monolith) strain
3. Monolith base pressures and distribution
4. Earth pressures and backfill sequence
5. Ambient temperature



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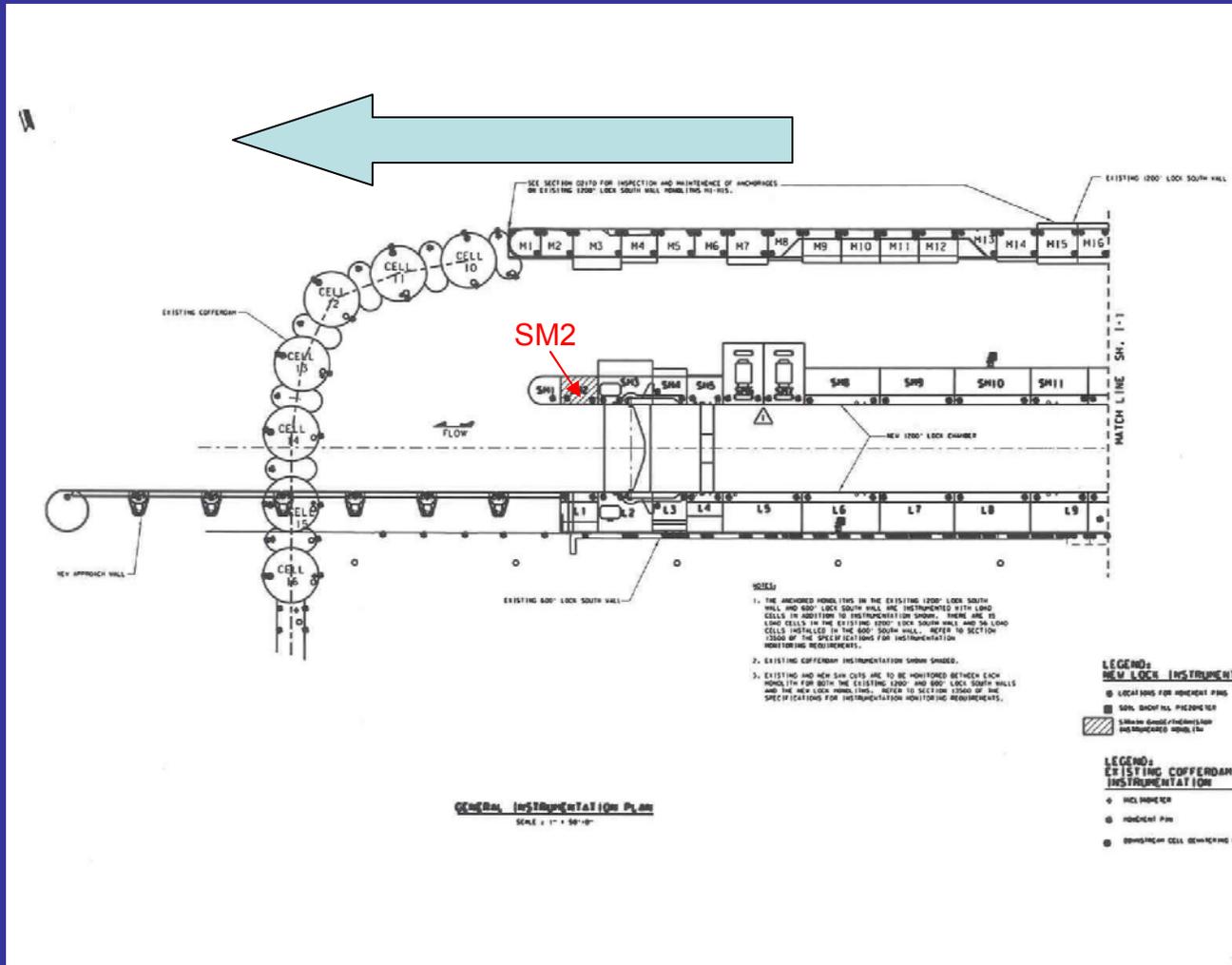
Shaded Monoliths  
L11, L22 and SM15  
have instrumentation



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Shaded Monolith SM2  
has instrumentation

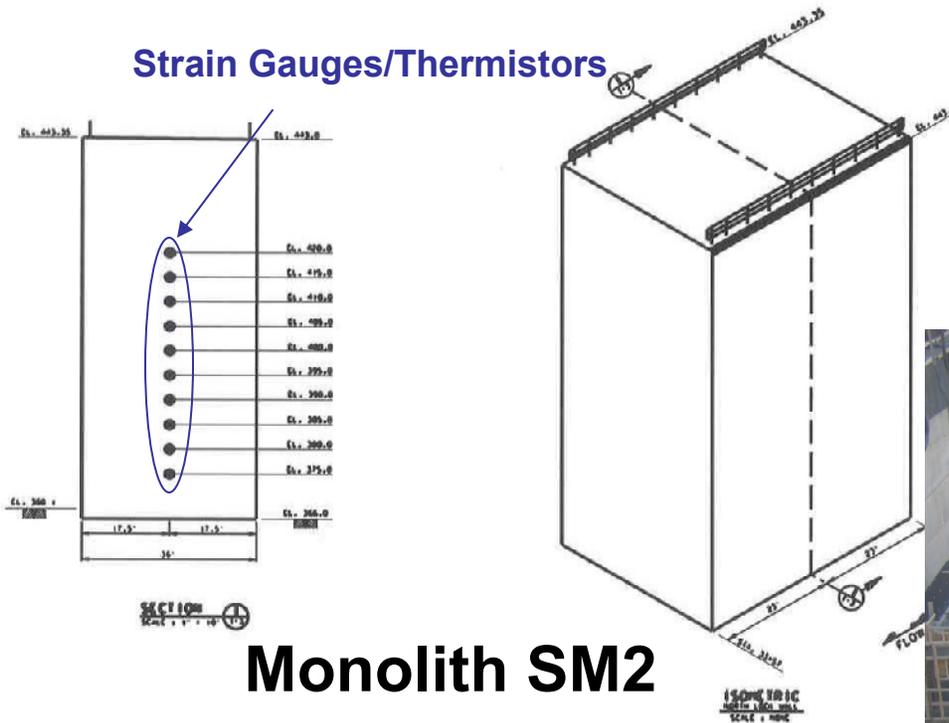




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## Strain Gauges/Thermistors



## Monolith SM2

Monolith SM - 2



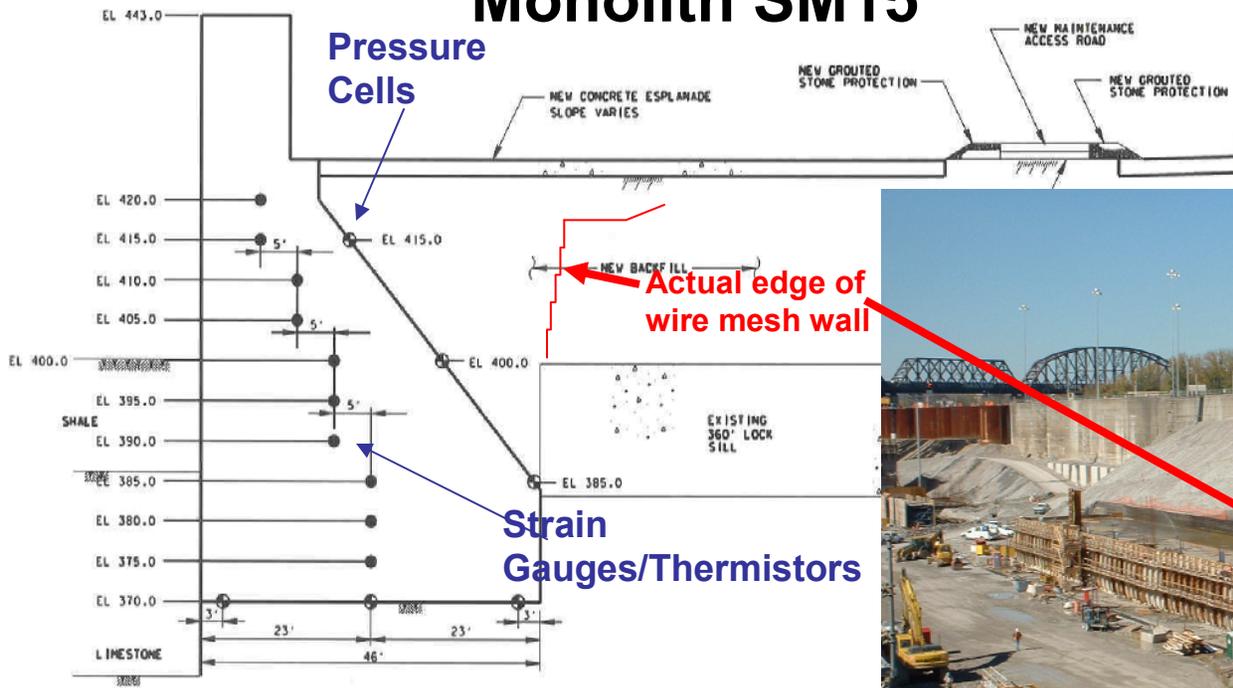
Monolith SM2 with location of Strain Gauges



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## Monolith SM15

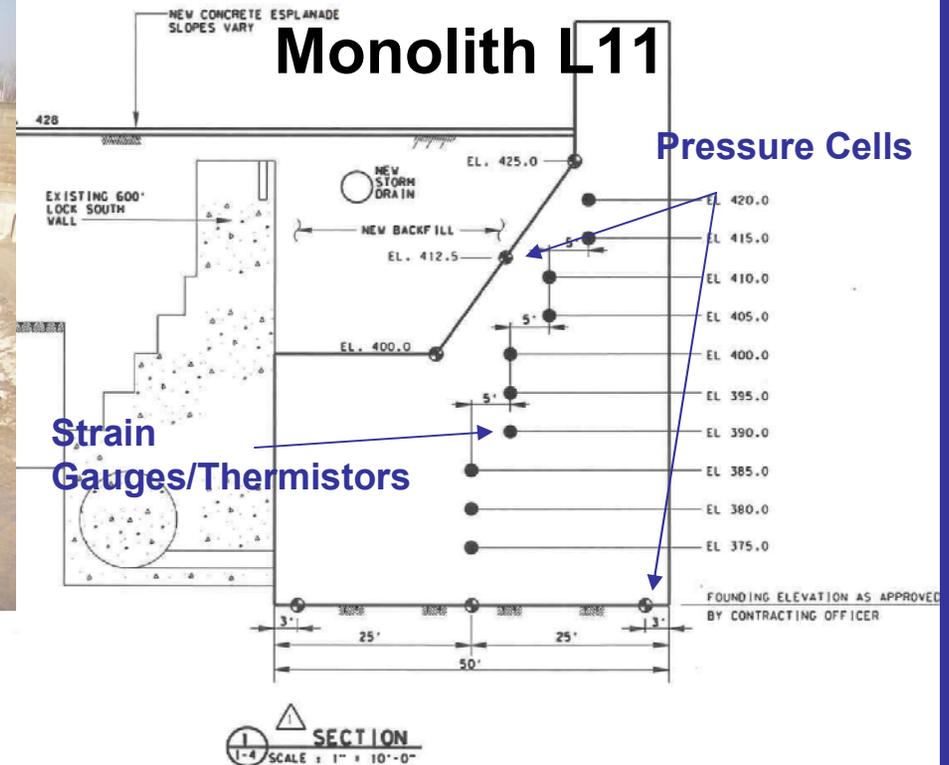


SM15 showing locations of strain gauges (solid circles) and pressure cells (shaded circles).



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L11 with locations of strain gauges (solid circles) and pressure cells (shaded circles).

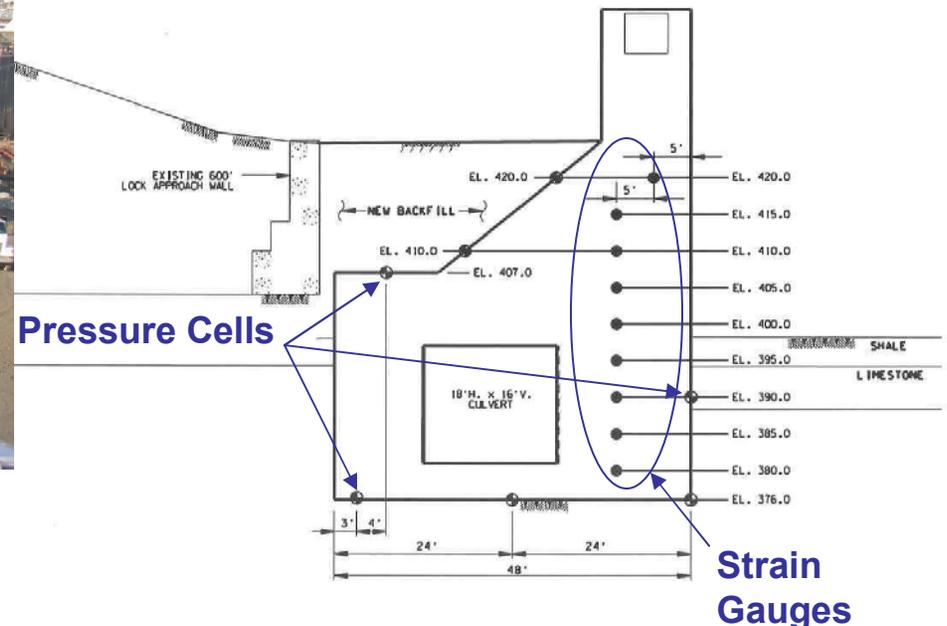


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## Monolith L22



L22 with locations of strain gauges (solid circles) and pressure cells (shaded circles).



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## **INSTALLATION METHODS**



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## Placement of Pressure Cell



## Leveling Pressure Cell





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### Placing Pressure Cell in L22



### Completed Pressure Cell





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## Solar Powered Data Reading Station



**Strain gauge mounted in L22**

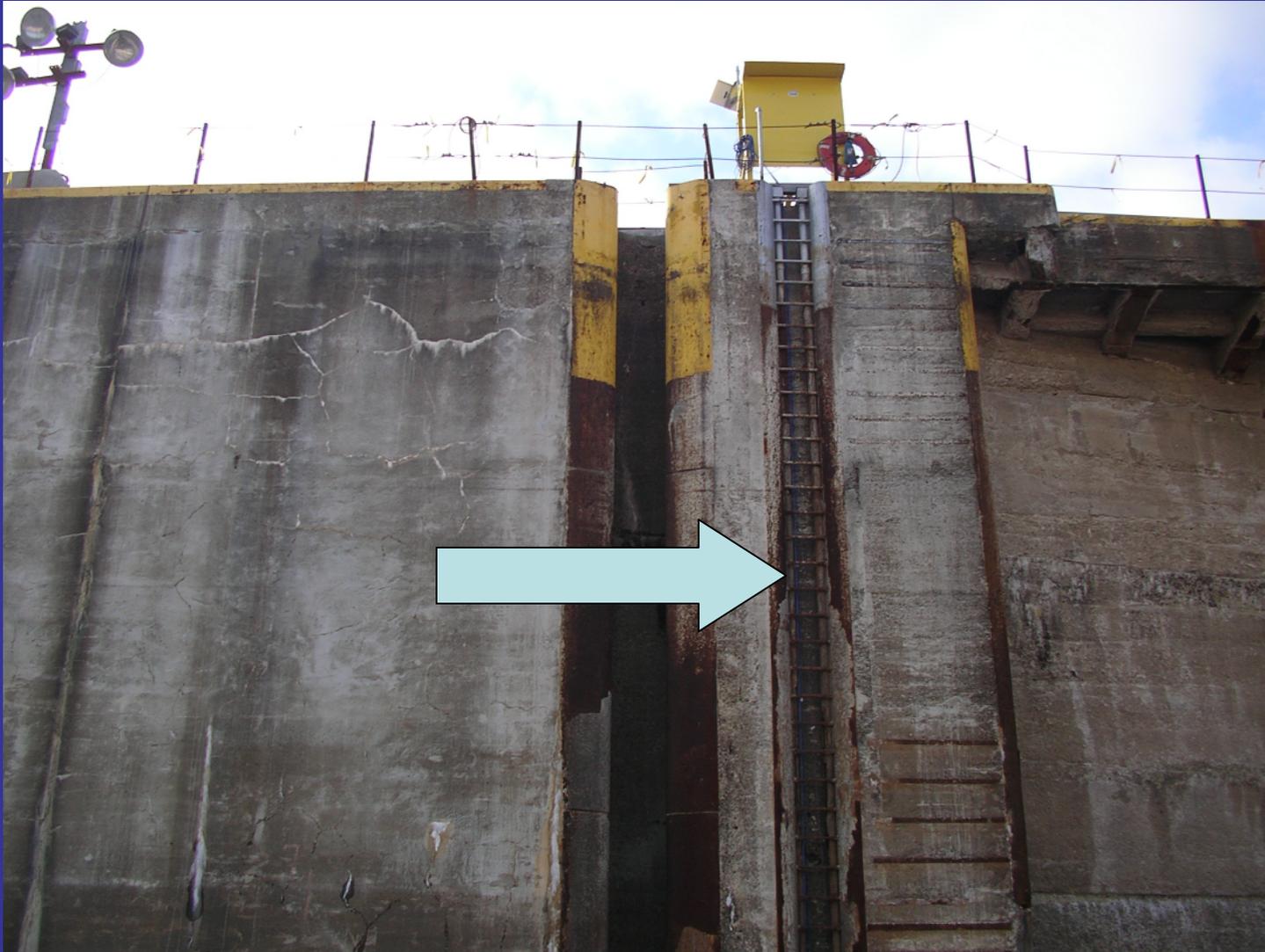




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## Location of Wires for Instrumentation





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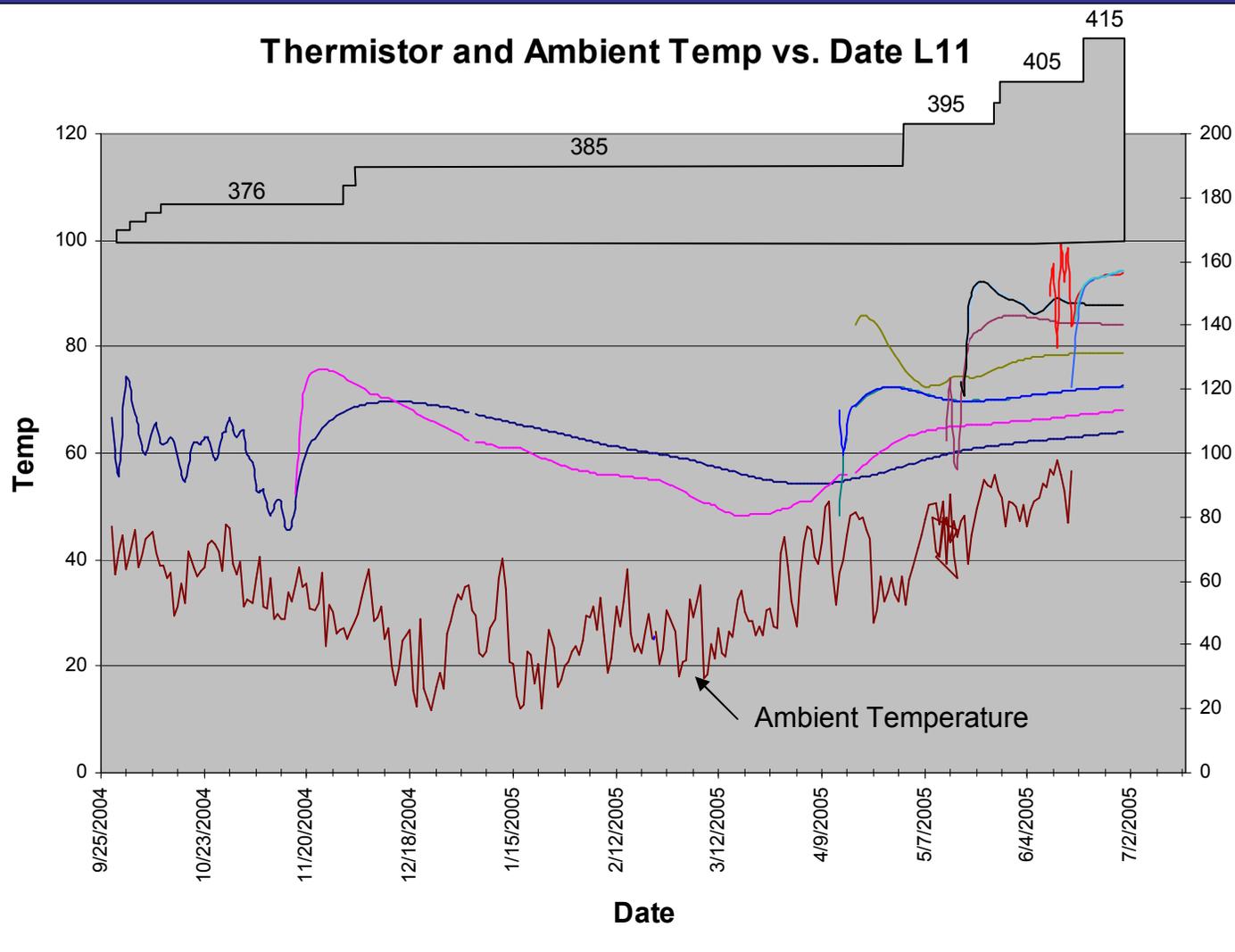
## **DATA INTERPRETATION**



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## Data Interpretation



### L11 Thermistor

-Note: temperature increases during initial cure then decreases gradually

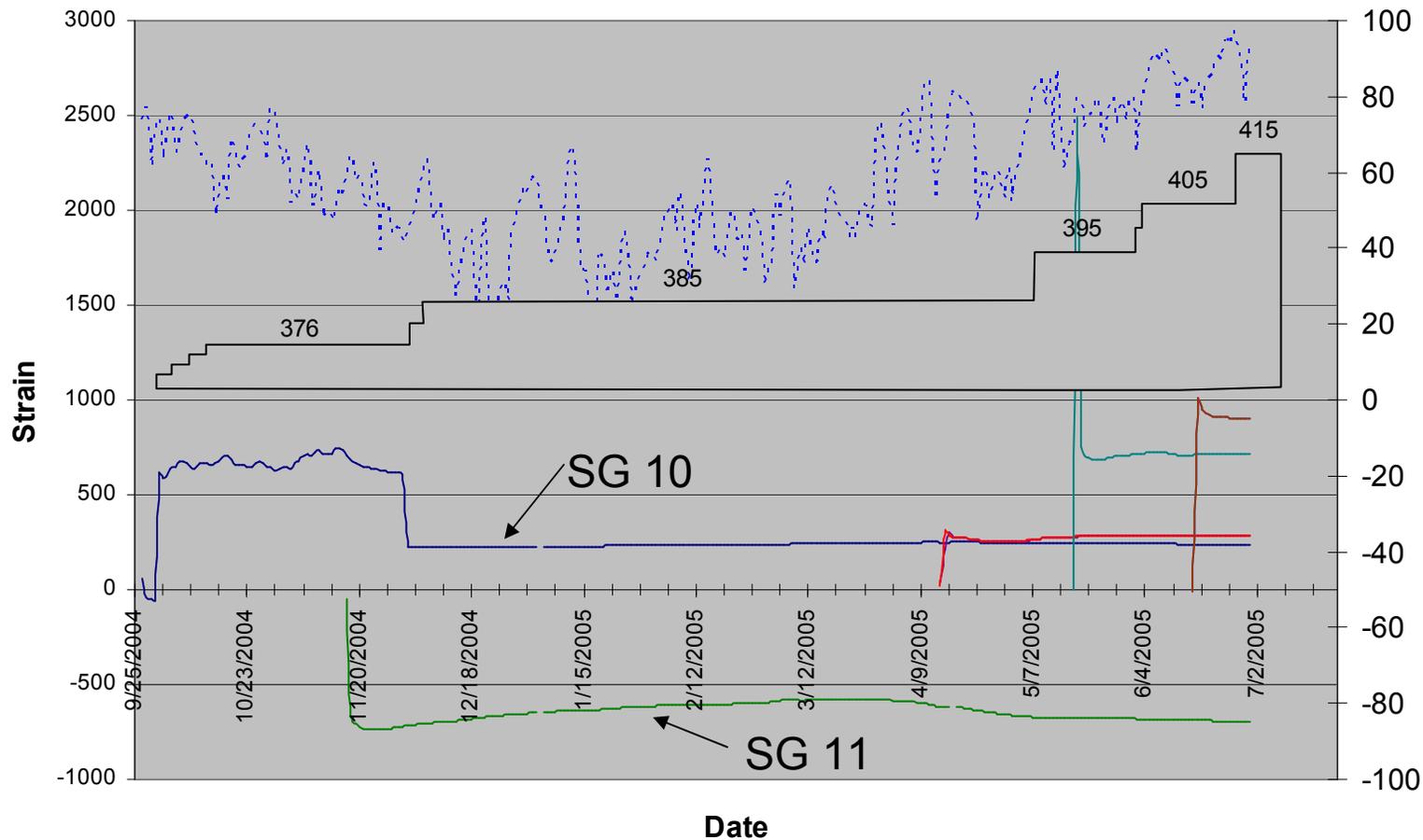


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## Data Interpretation

### Strain and Temp vs. Date L11



### L11 Strain

-SG 10 is placed perpendicular to the lock centerline and is reading positive.

-SG 11 is placed parallel to the lock centerline and is reading negative.

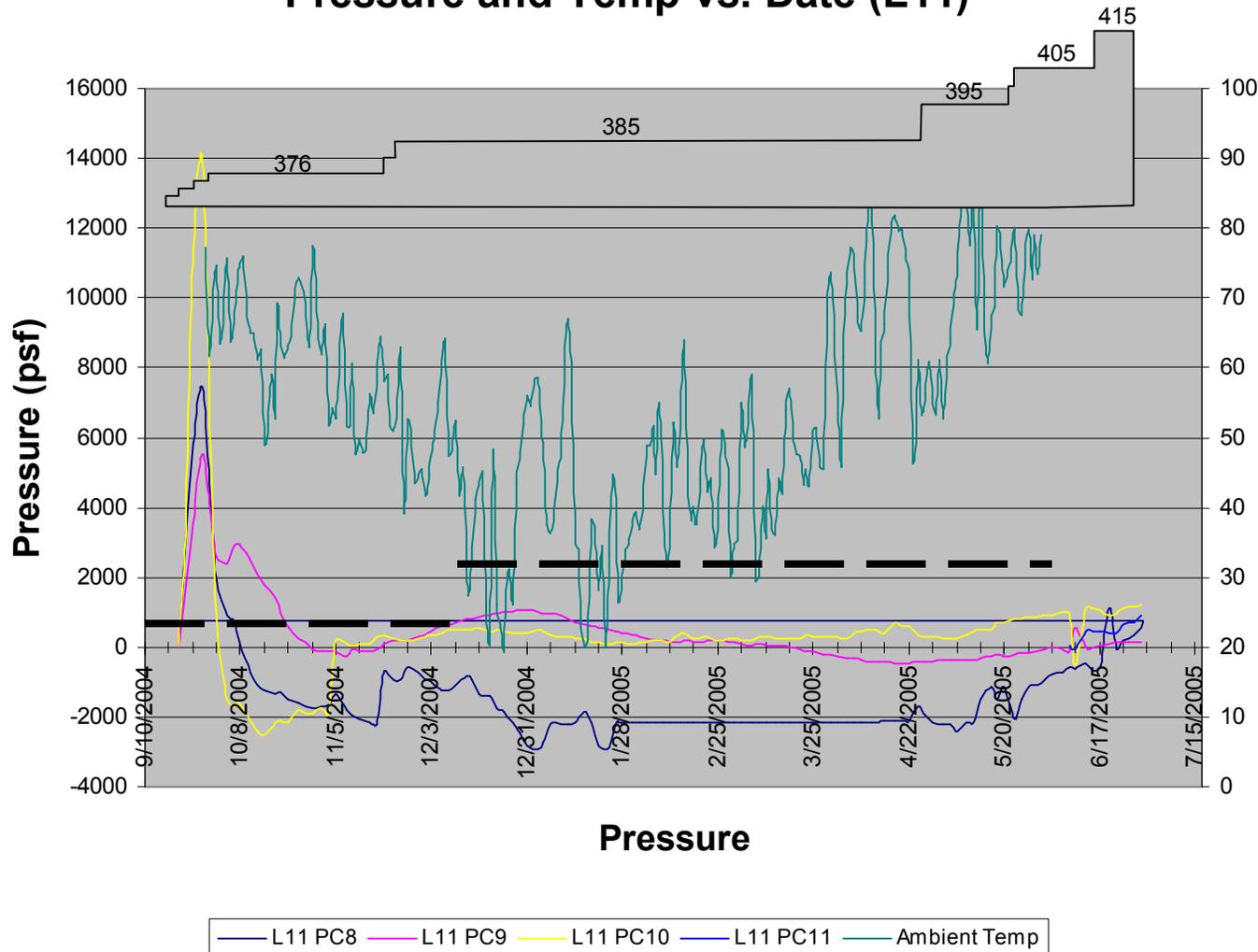


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## Data Interpretation

### Pressure and Temp vs. Date (L11)



### L11 Pressure Cells

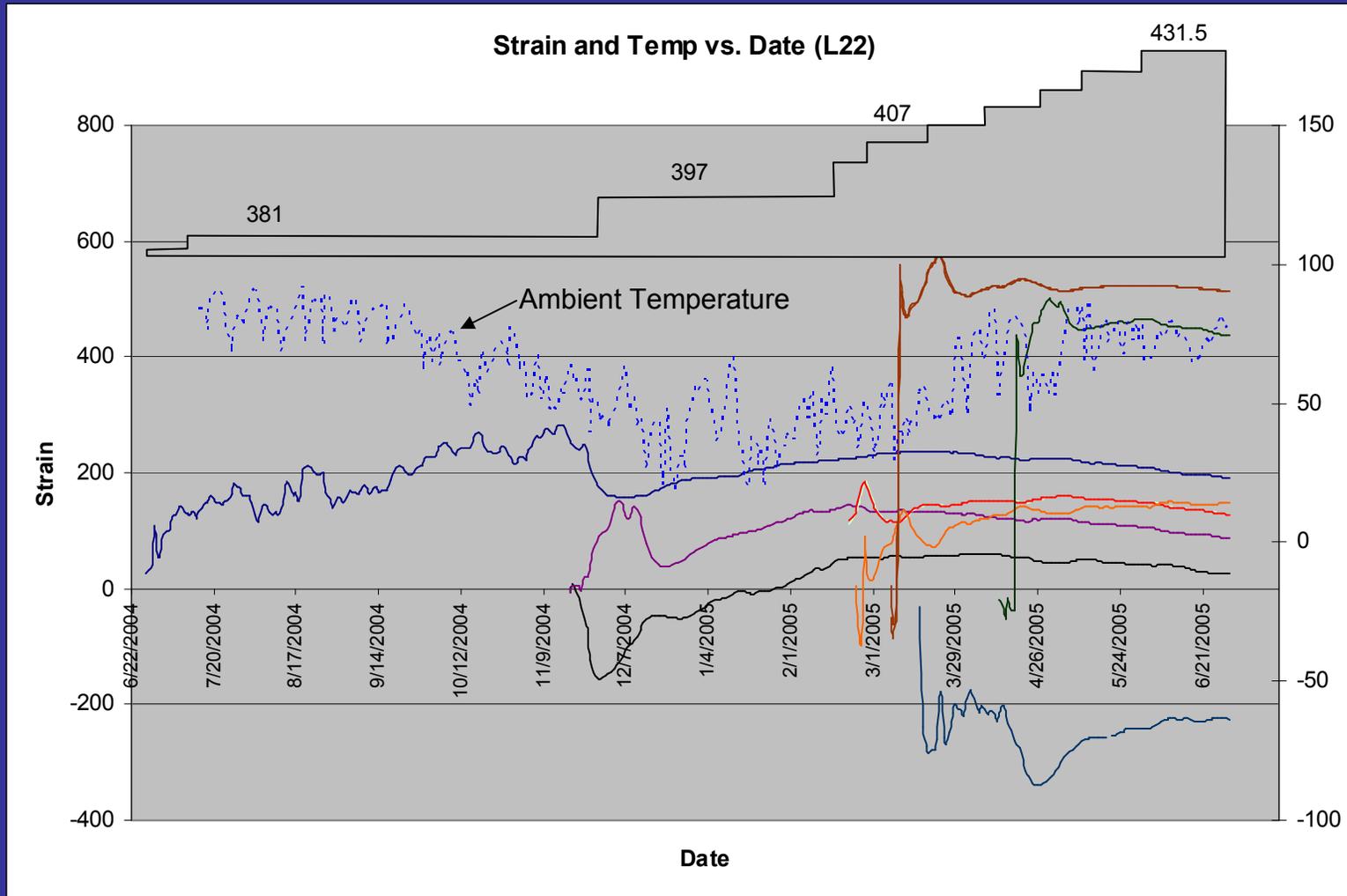
-Note: Extreme  
spike as concrete is  
placed.



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## Data Interpretation



### L22 Strain

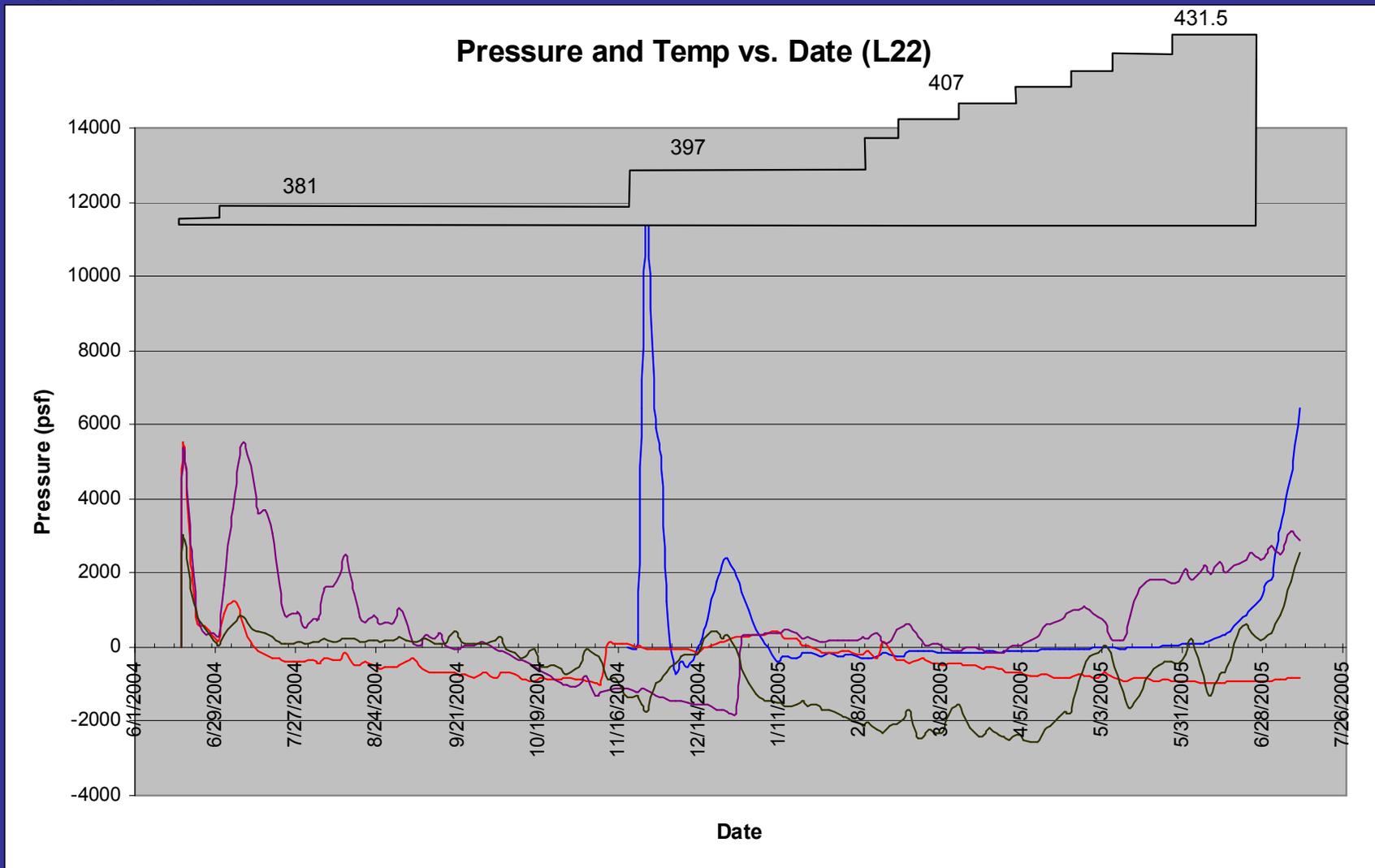
Note: Gages placed parallel to lock centerline, reading is negative.



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## Data Interpretation



L22 Base Pressures



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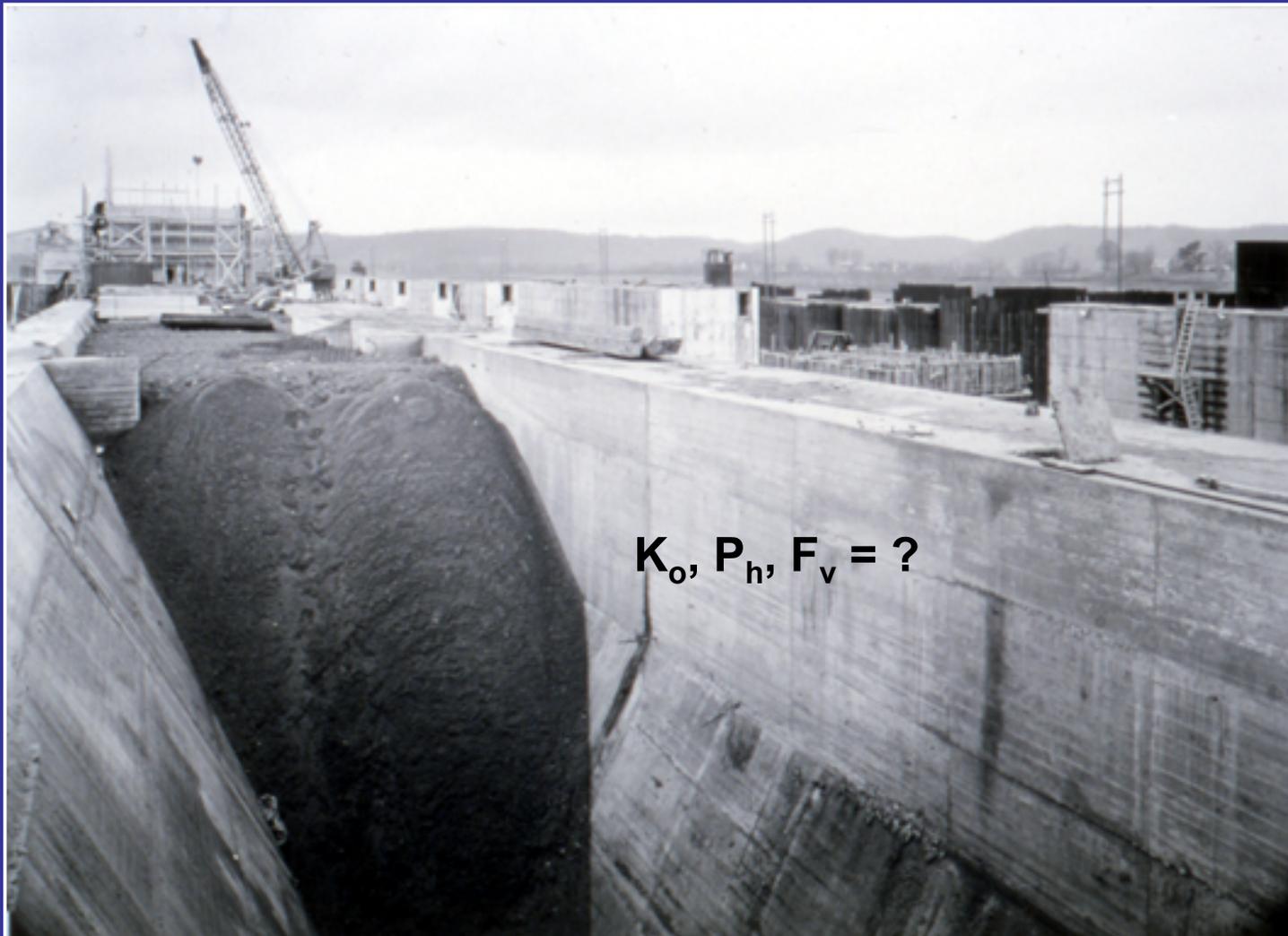
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# Earth Pressures



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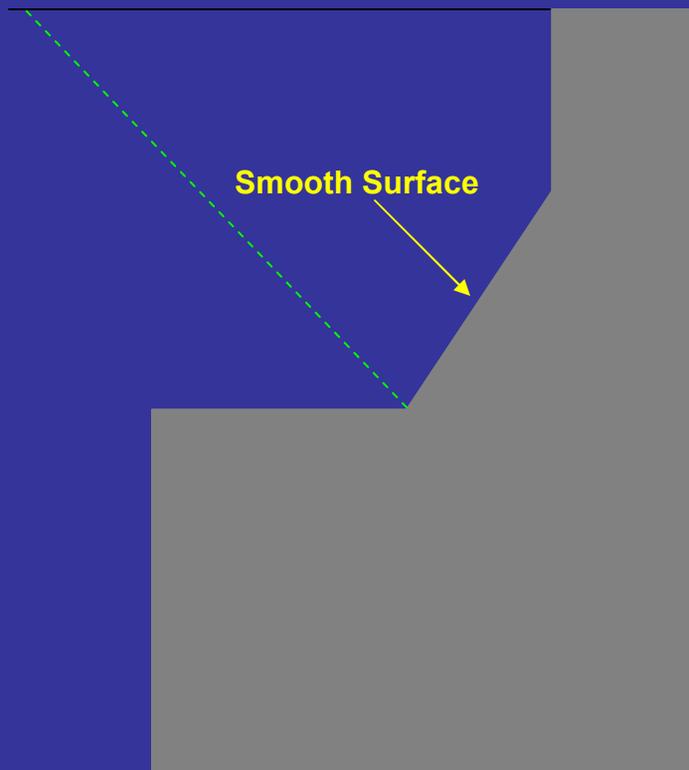


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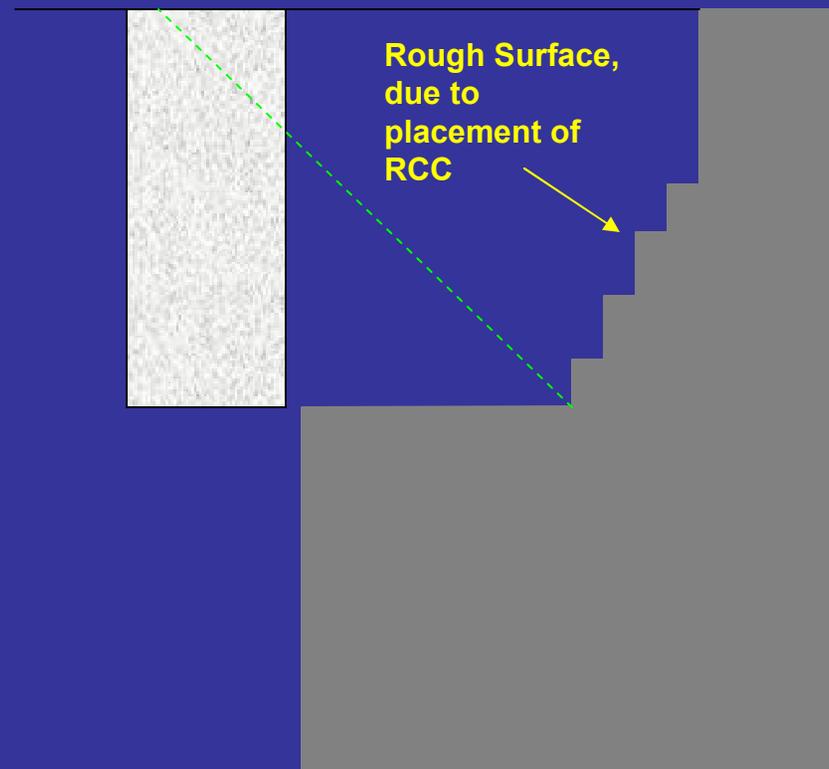
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## Monolith Construction

### Design Shape



### Actual Shape





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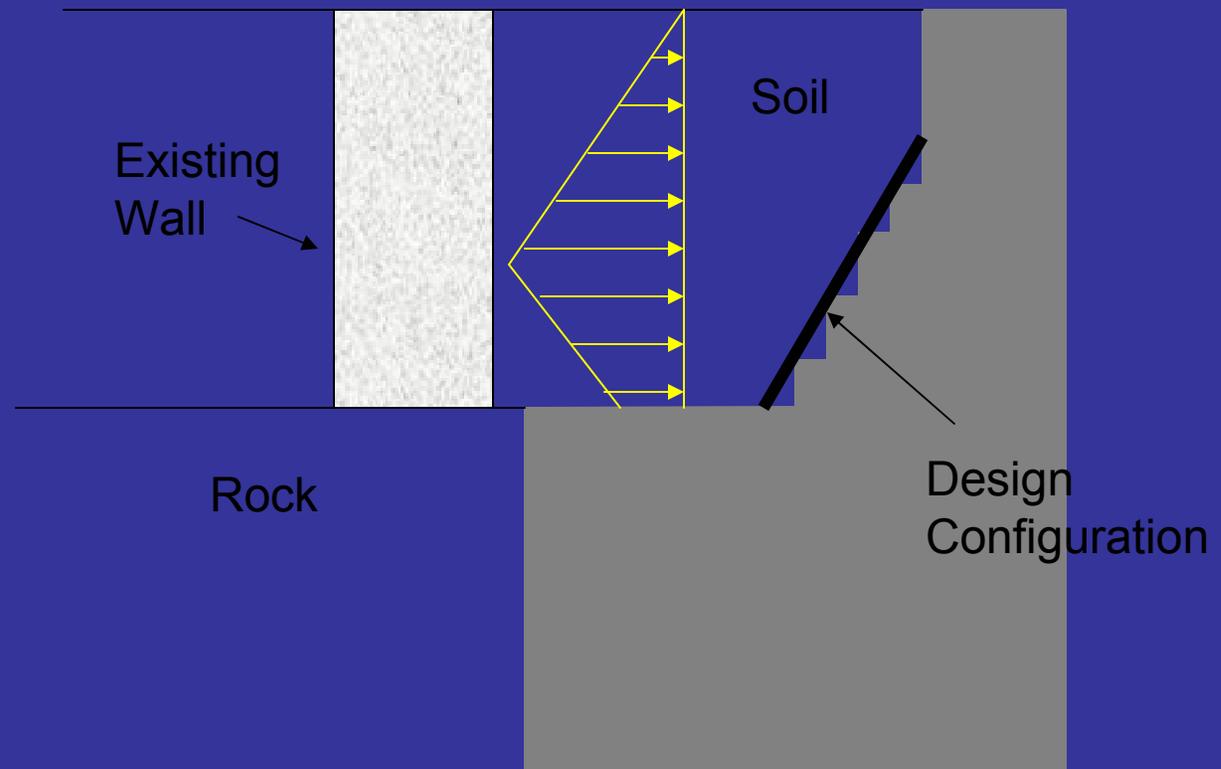
## McAlpine Lock Replacement Instrumentation

### General Design Methodology

$K_0$  Value used for lateral soil pressure calculations with reduction in lower area of monolith based on anticipated soil arching.

$$K_0 = 1 - \sin\Phi$$

(Jaky's Equation)





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### Design vs. Actual Construction Conditions

#### DESIGN

- Design attempted to account for arching on smooth sloping wall with  $\Phi = 32$ .
- Actual design now calls for 3" minus gravel and a stair stepped wall. ( $\Phi > 32$ ).
- Instantaneous loading assumed.
- Arching action invokes increased vertical shear effects that were not included at time of analysis.

#### CONSTRUCTION CONDITIONS

- **Material change**
- **Stair-stepped back of monolith**
- **Confined backfill areas with unique configurations**
- **Staged Fill Placement**

#### CONCLUSION

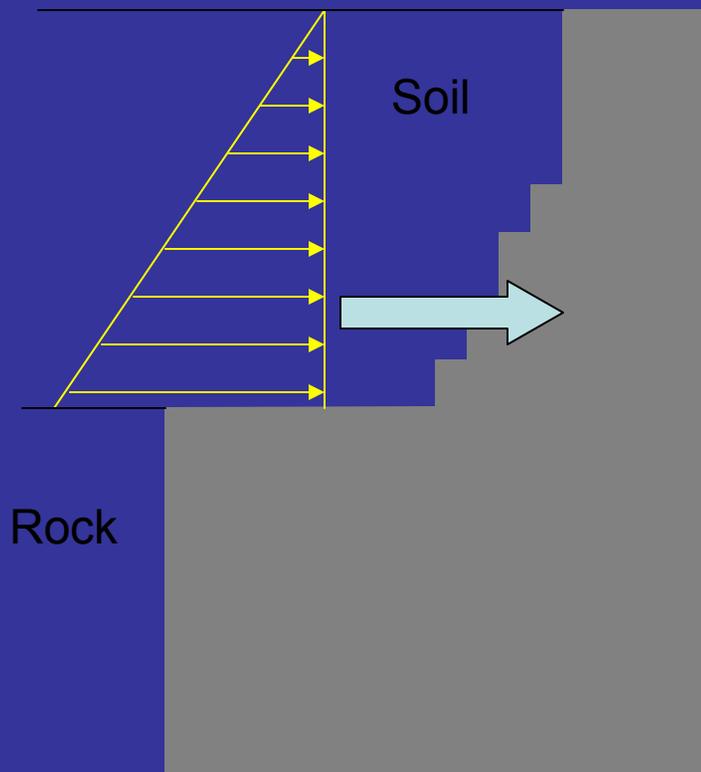
- **Changes from original design will likely increase arching effects, vertical shear, and nonlinearity of load distribution along the back of the monolith.**



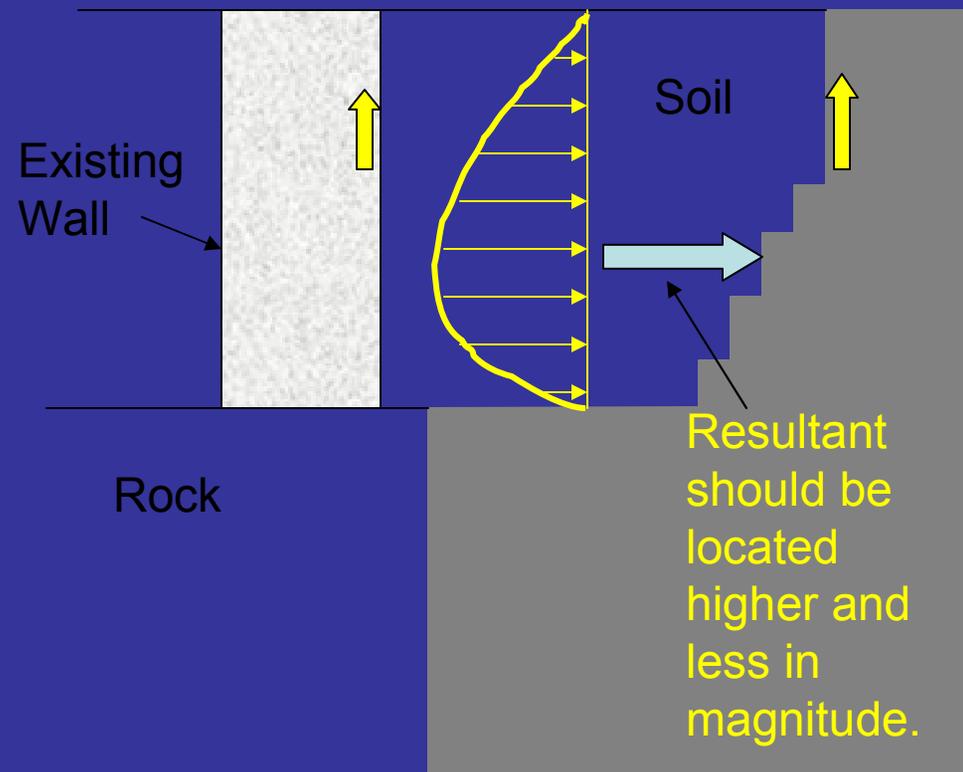
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### How Does Arching Effect Lateral earth Pressures on the Monolith?



Free Field Condition



Confined Field Condition

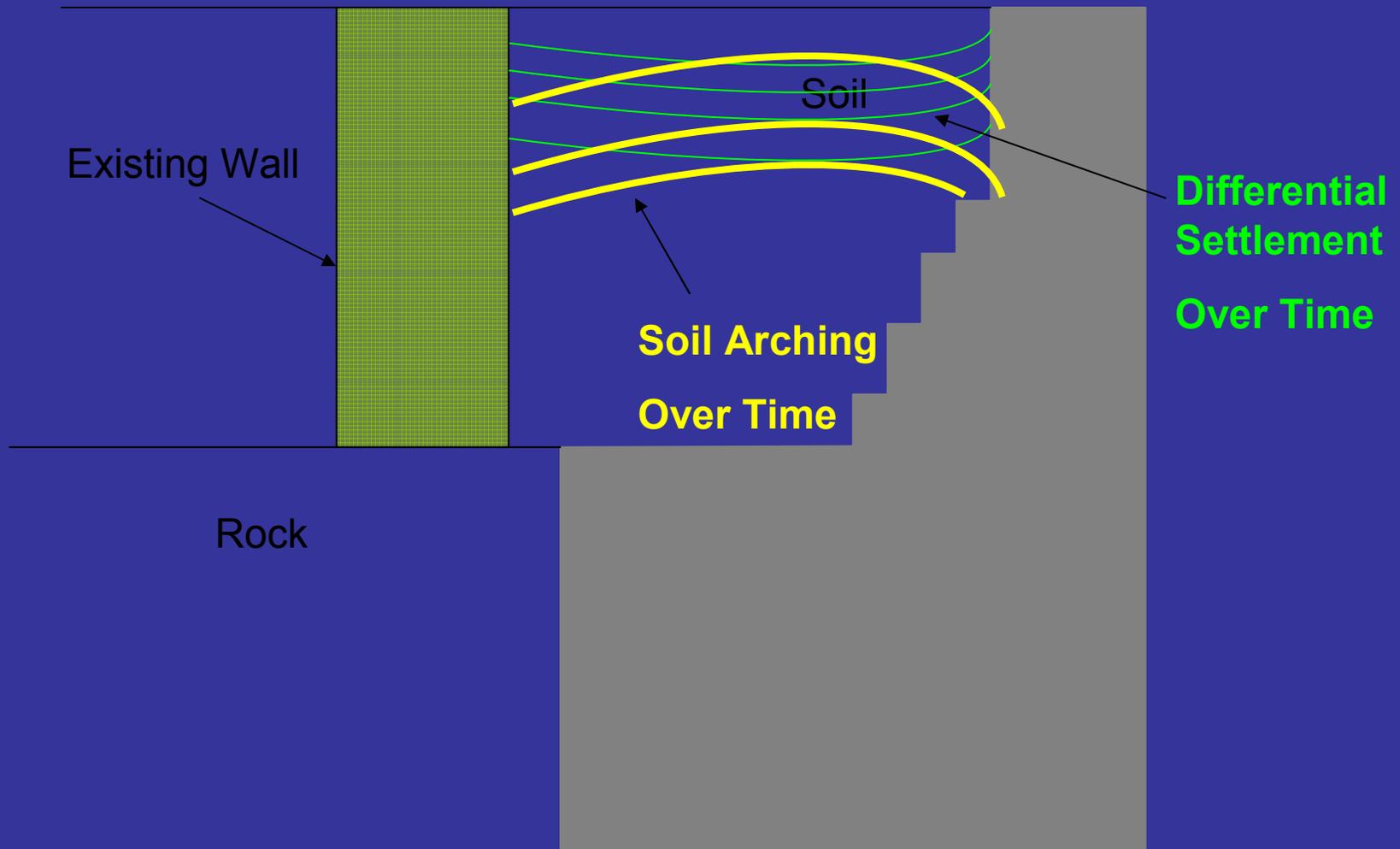
Resultant  
should be  
located  
higher and  
less in  
magnitude.



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## Soil Arching Mechanism

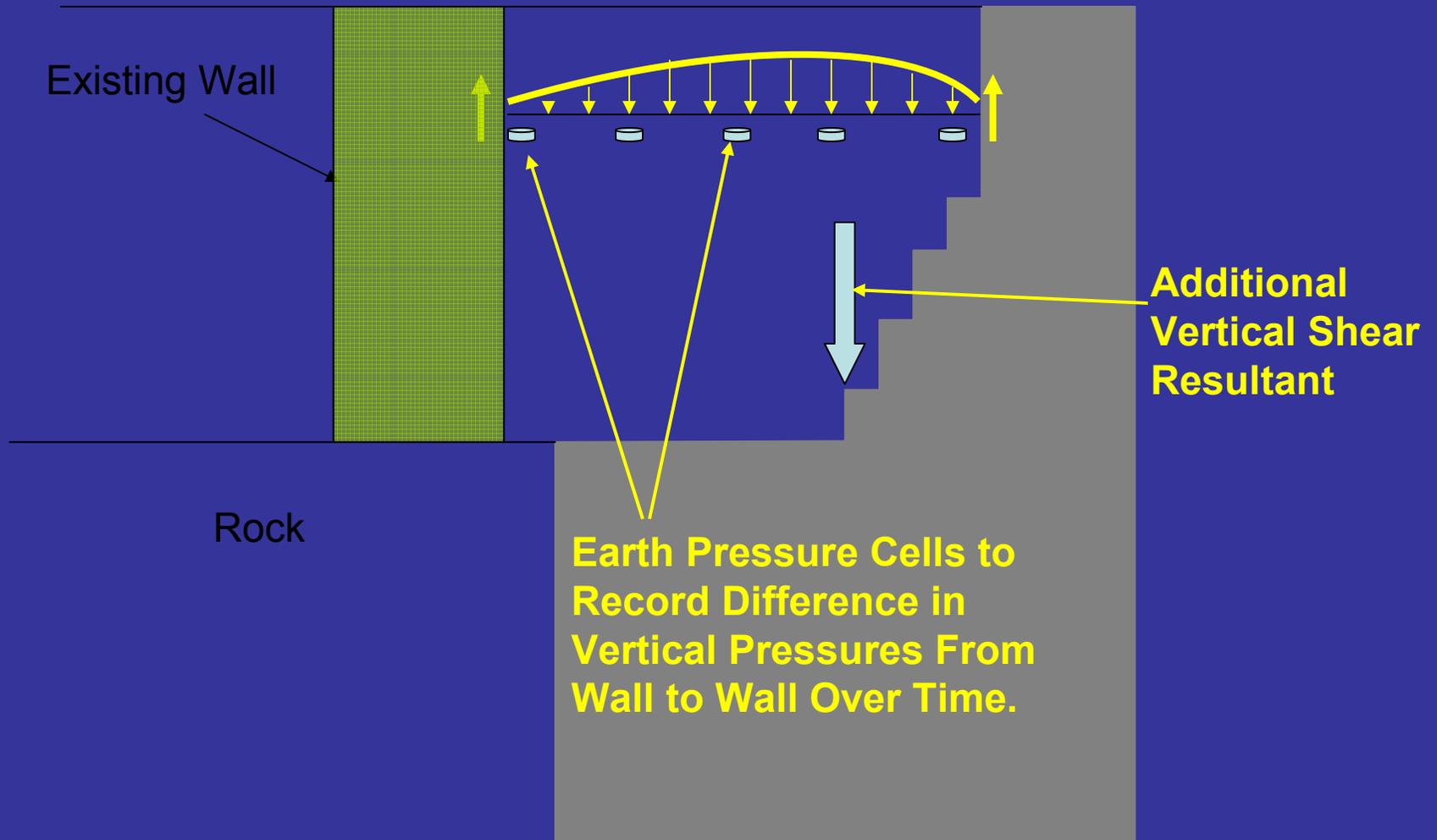




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## Vertical Shear





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### Why is Vertical Shear Important?

Publication Number: EC 1110-2-6058

Title: Engineering and Design - Stability Analysis of Concrete Structures

Proponent: CECW-E

Publication Date: 30 November 2003

#### APPENDIX F

#### F-2

d. “Filz, Duncan, and Ebeling (1997) present an example calculation using vertical shear for a 30-ft high, step-tapered, rock founded, gravity wall retaining dense sand with surcharge. This example compares the result with a conventional design and **shows a 14 percent reduction in base width by including vertical shear, without compromising the design safety requirements.**”

If applied to the McAlpine Lock Project (say at only 7 percent) it could yield:

- (3.5 ft reduction in each monolith wide)X(2400 ft) = 23,000 CY
- (23,000 CY)X(\$150/CY) = \$3.5M Savings



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# **SUPPLEMENTAL EARTH PRESSURE CELL WERE ADDED TO CONTRACT.**

### **Why?**

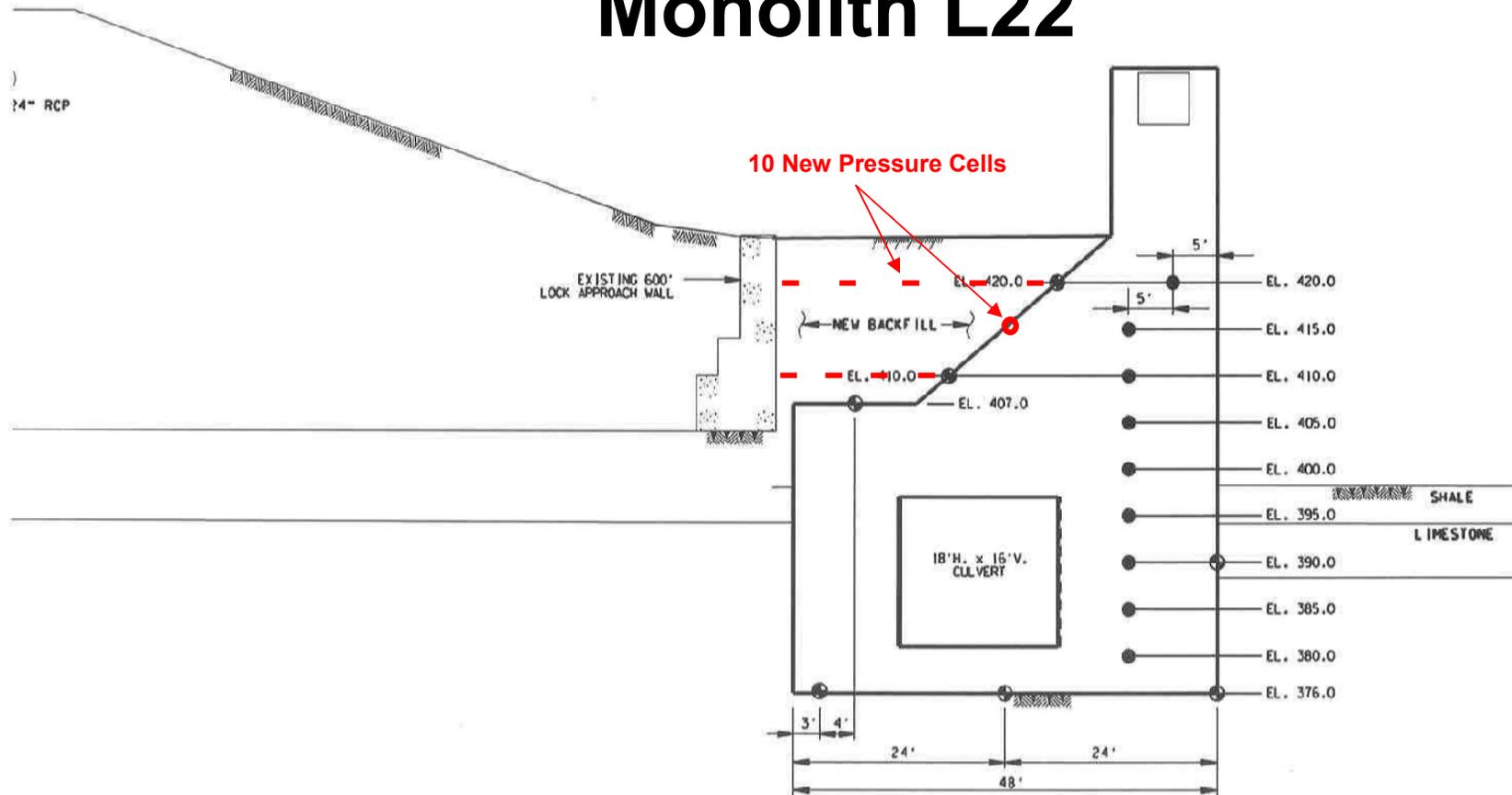
- Verify design assumptions.**
- Define earth pressure nonlinearity.**
- Capture vertical shear loading over time.**



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## Monolith L22

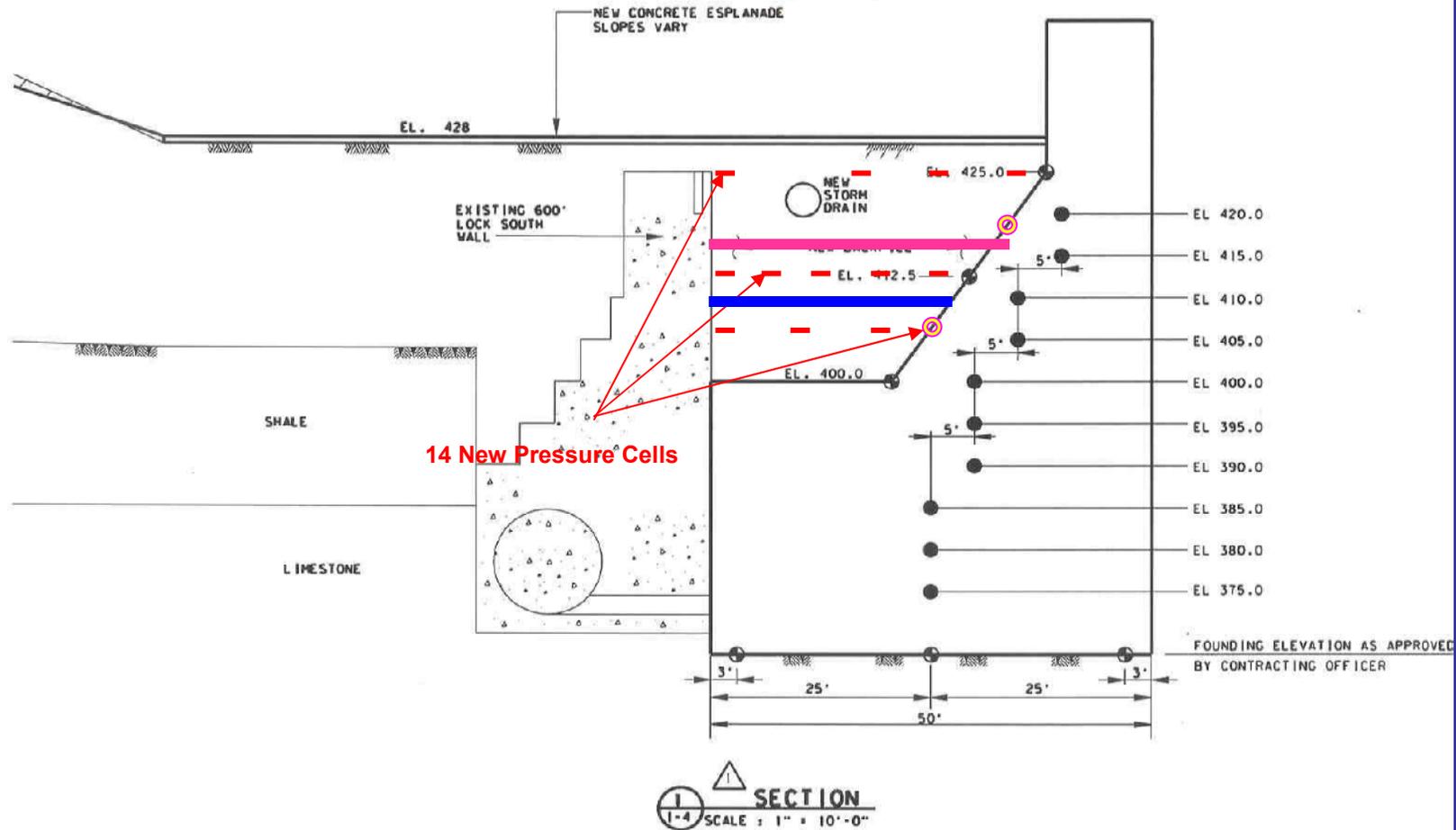




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## Monolith L11



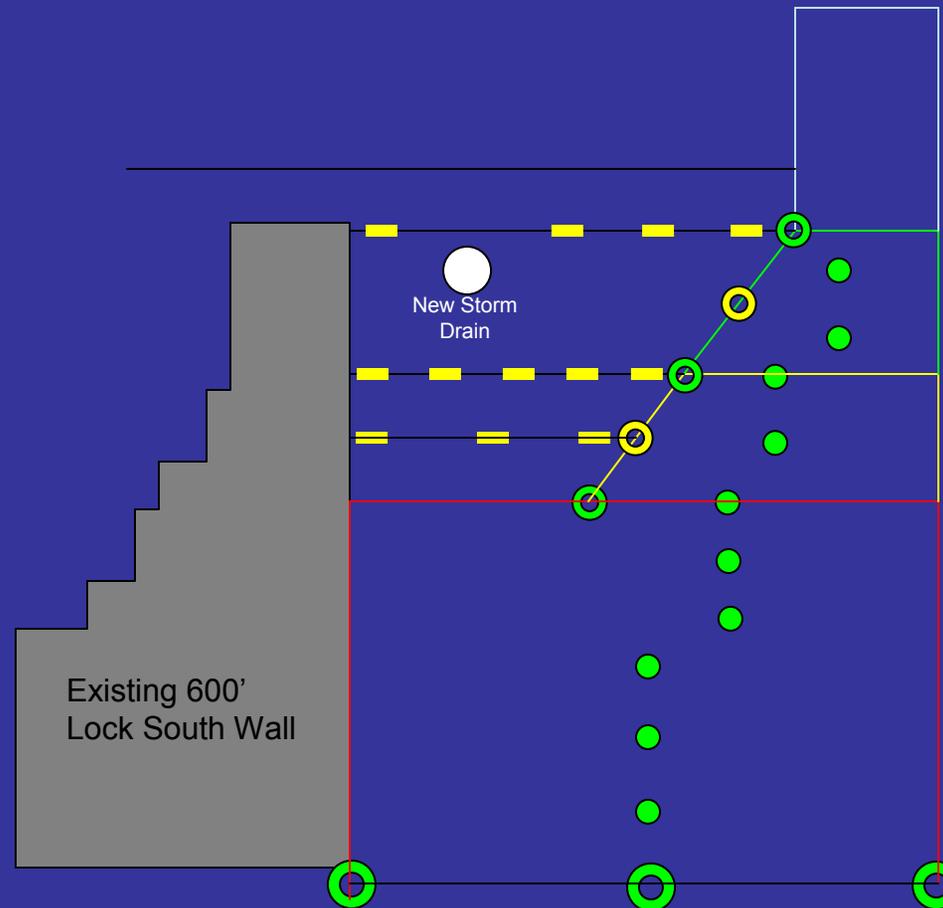
NOTES:



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## Proposed Construction Sequence L11



○ = Proposed Pressure Cell

— = Proposed Horizontal Pressure Cell

○ = Current Pressure Cell

● = Current Strain Gauge



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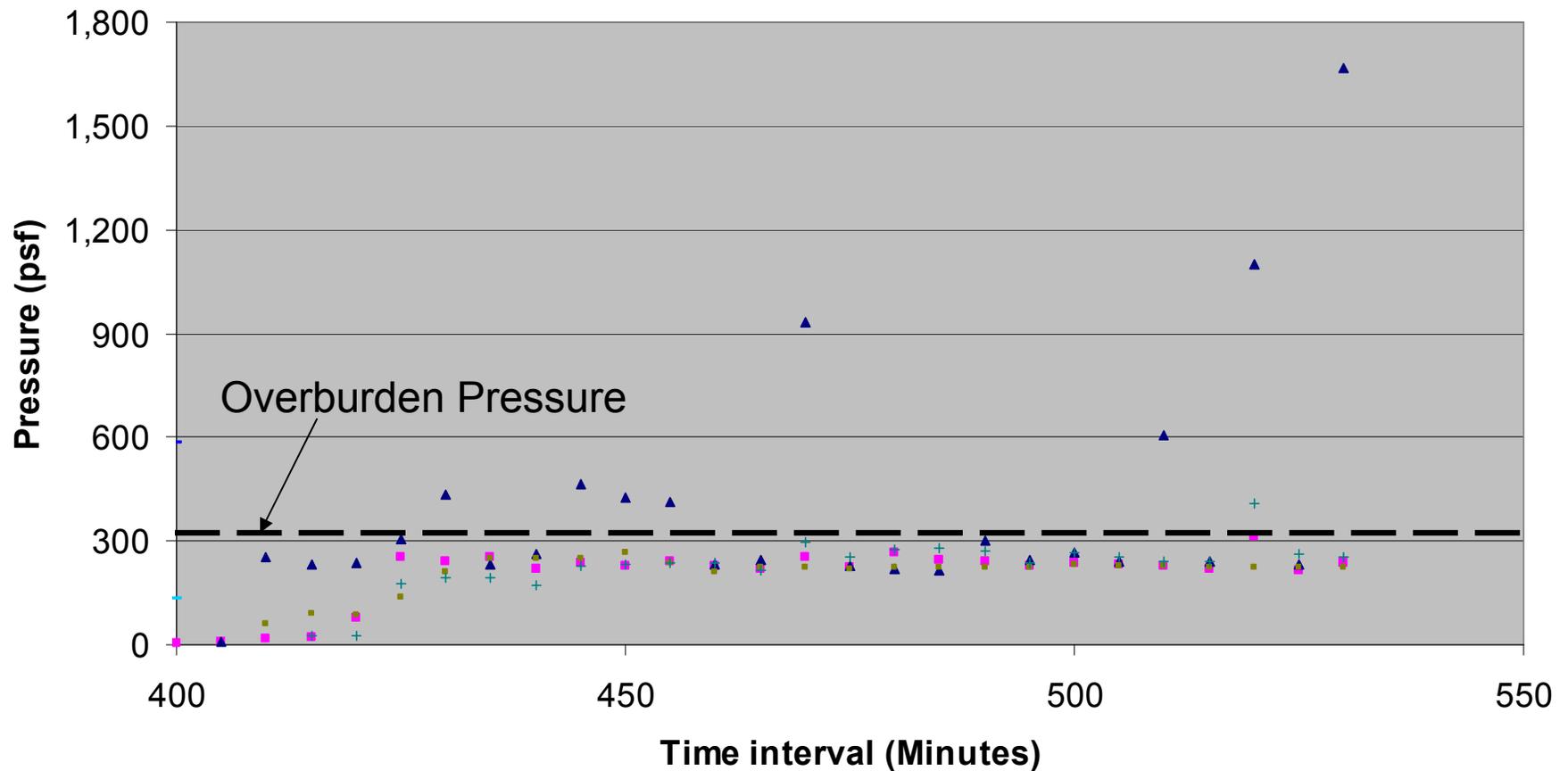
# EARTH PRESSURES DURING COMPACTION



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## L11 Pressure Cell Readings (psf) 3FT OF Backfill at El. 408.5 With Compaction Effort

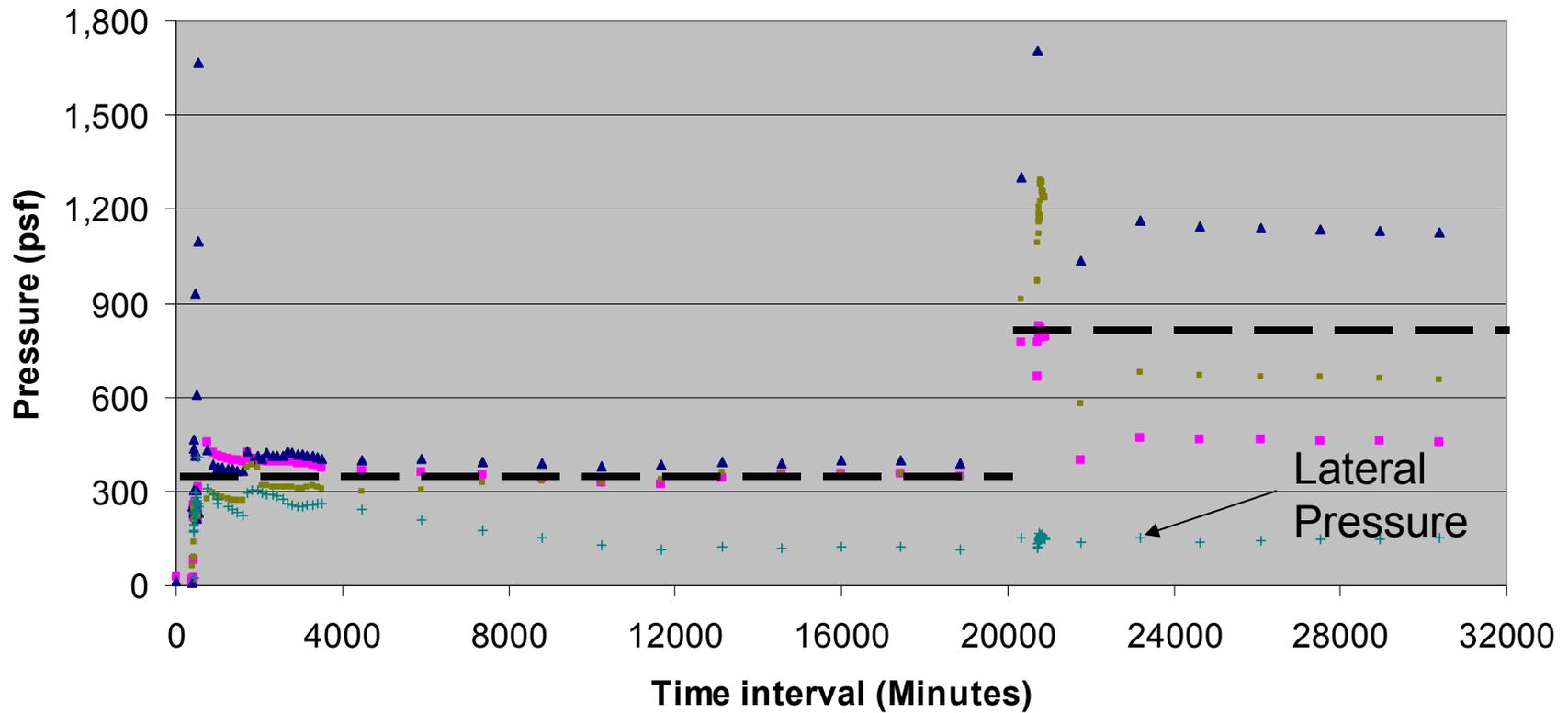




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## L11 Pressure Cell Readings (psf) Lower EP Cells with 3 ft and 7ft OF Backfill



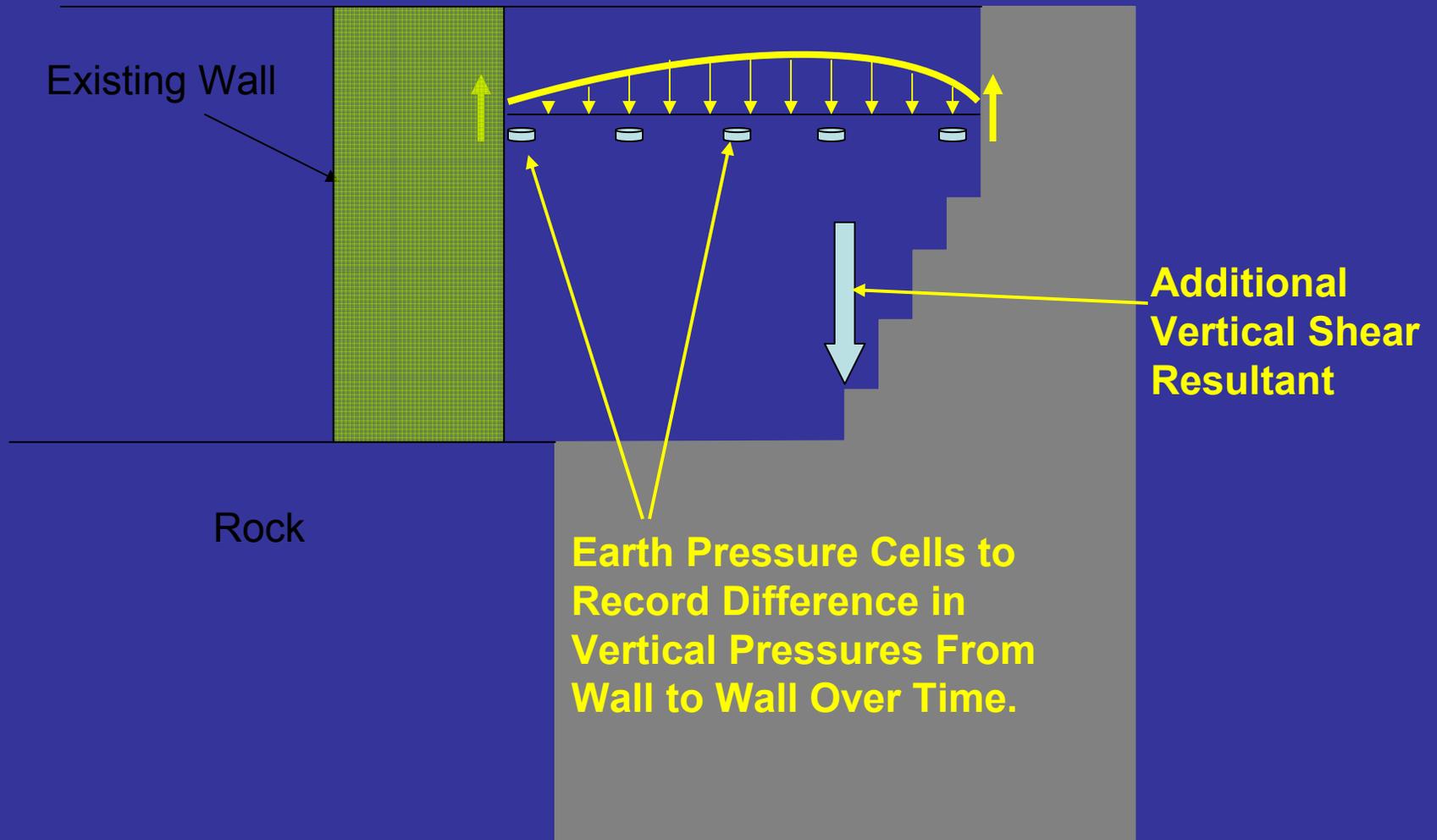
■ L11PC30 ▲ L11PC31.pressure\_psf ■ L11PC32.pressure\_psf + L11\_PC-12.pressure\_psf



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## Vertical Shear

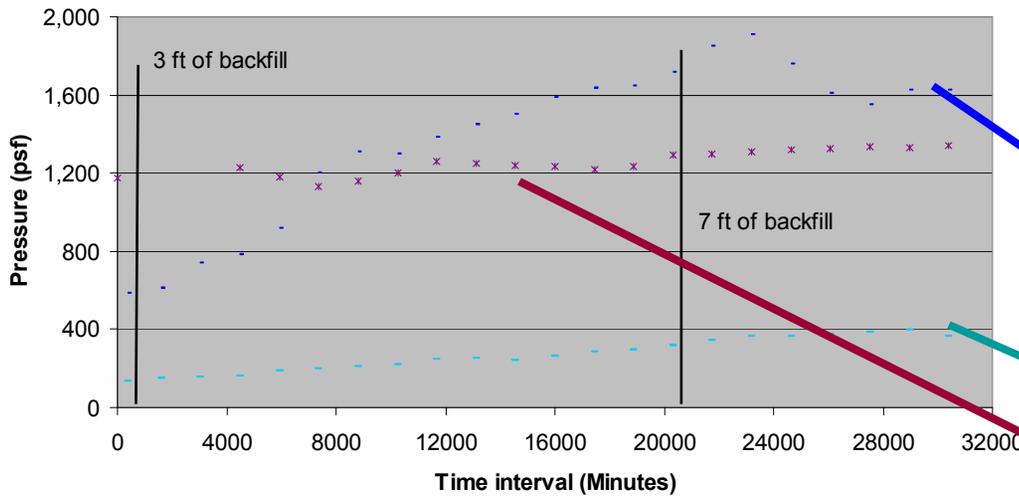




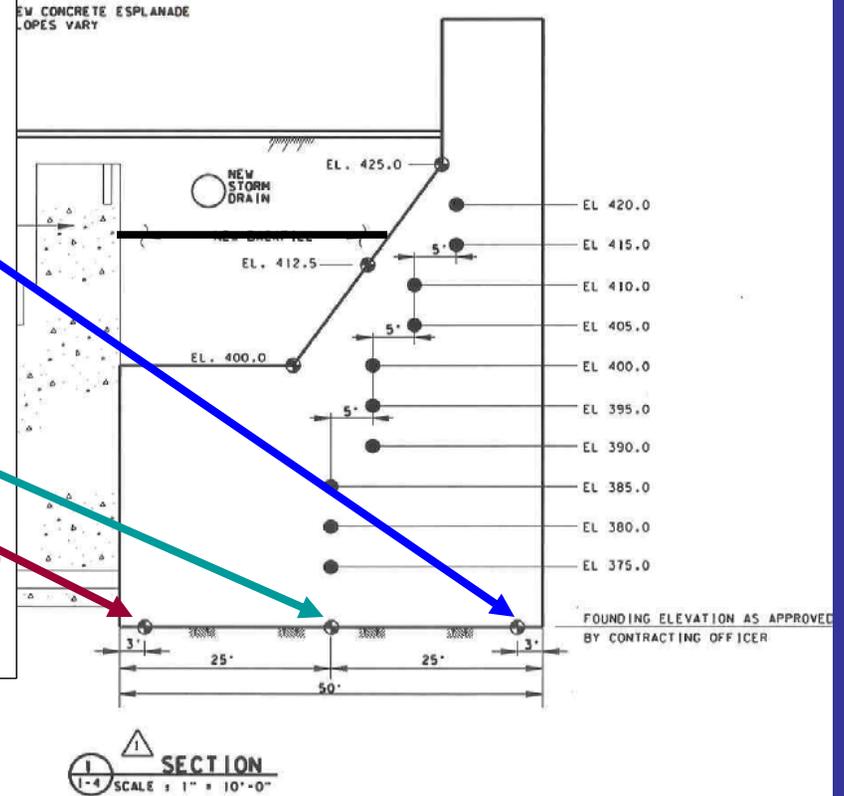
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L11 Pressure Cell Readings (psf)  
Monolith Base Pressures with 3 ft and 7ft OF Backfill



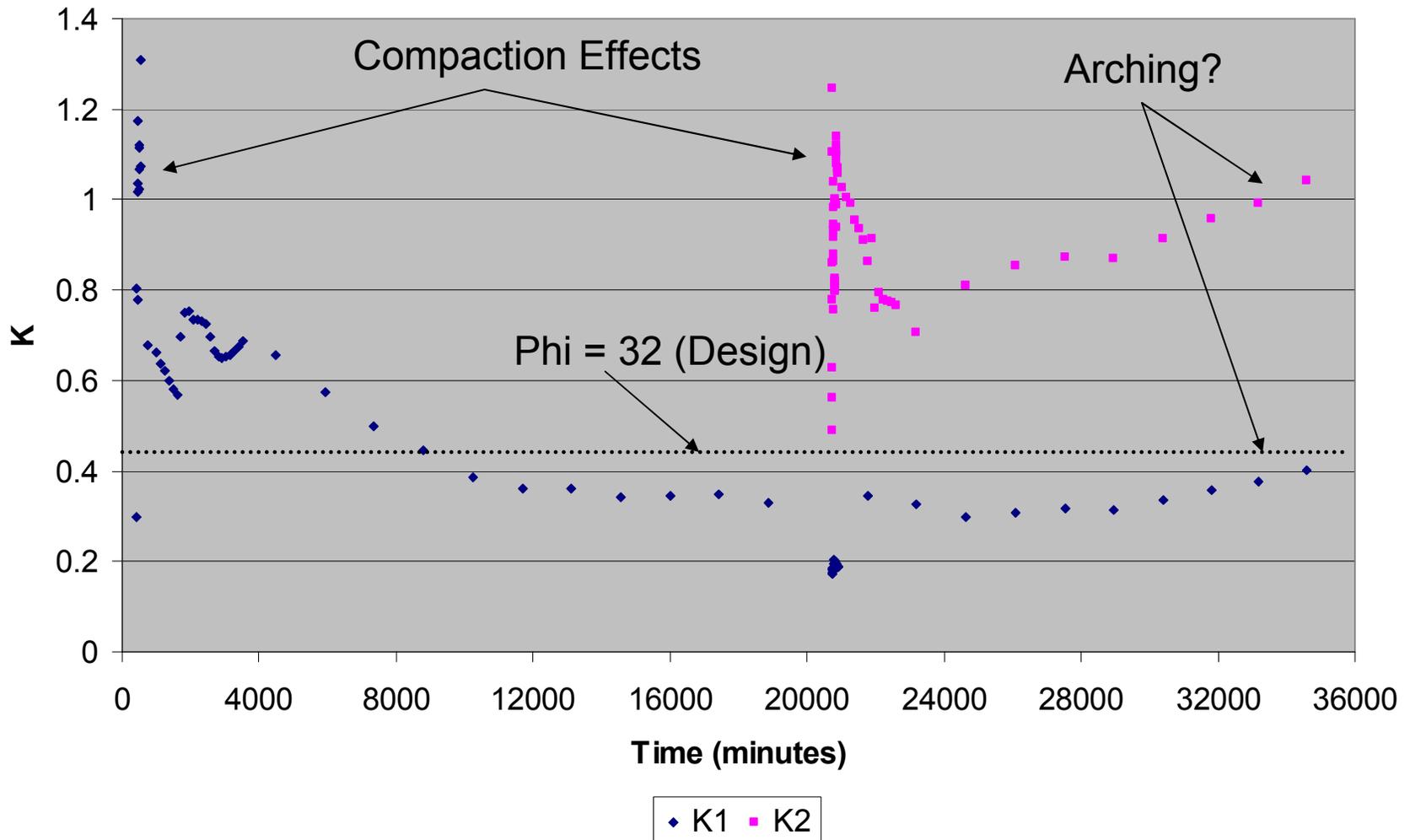
x L11PC10 - L11\_PC-8.pressure\_psf - L11\_PC-9.pressure\_psf



# BASE PRESSURES



## K During Compaction



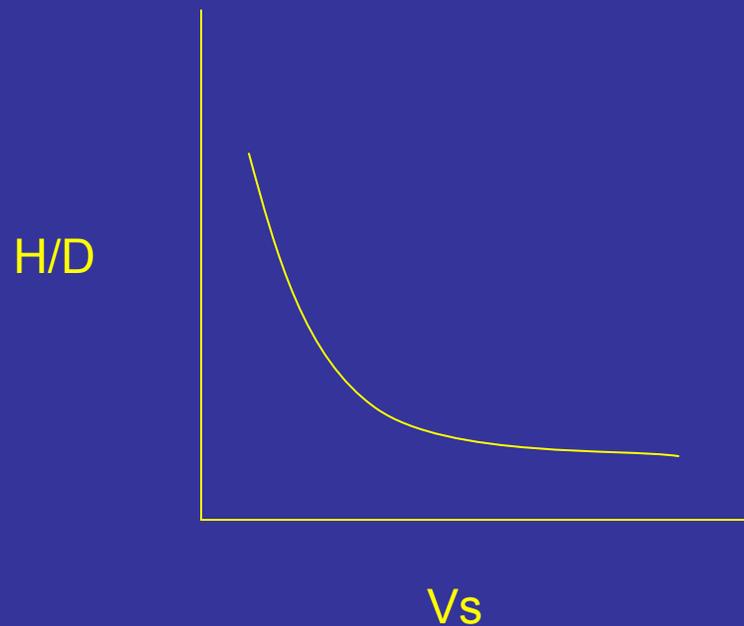


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## Analysis Goals

1. Develop design charts and a simplified procedure for design future walls with similar conditions could be developed.





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# Questions?

