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Technology Program Management Model (TPMM)

***A Systems-Engineering Approach to Technology
Development Program Management***

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Dynetics
The Power of Solutions™

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Space and Missile Defense, Technical Center

Mission is to “*Successfully support the transition of evolving and mature technologies to customers.*”

Technology Program Management Model (TPMM)



Introduction



TPMM V2 applies a **systems engineering methodology** to Technology Program Management developed by the Space and Missile Defense Technical Center

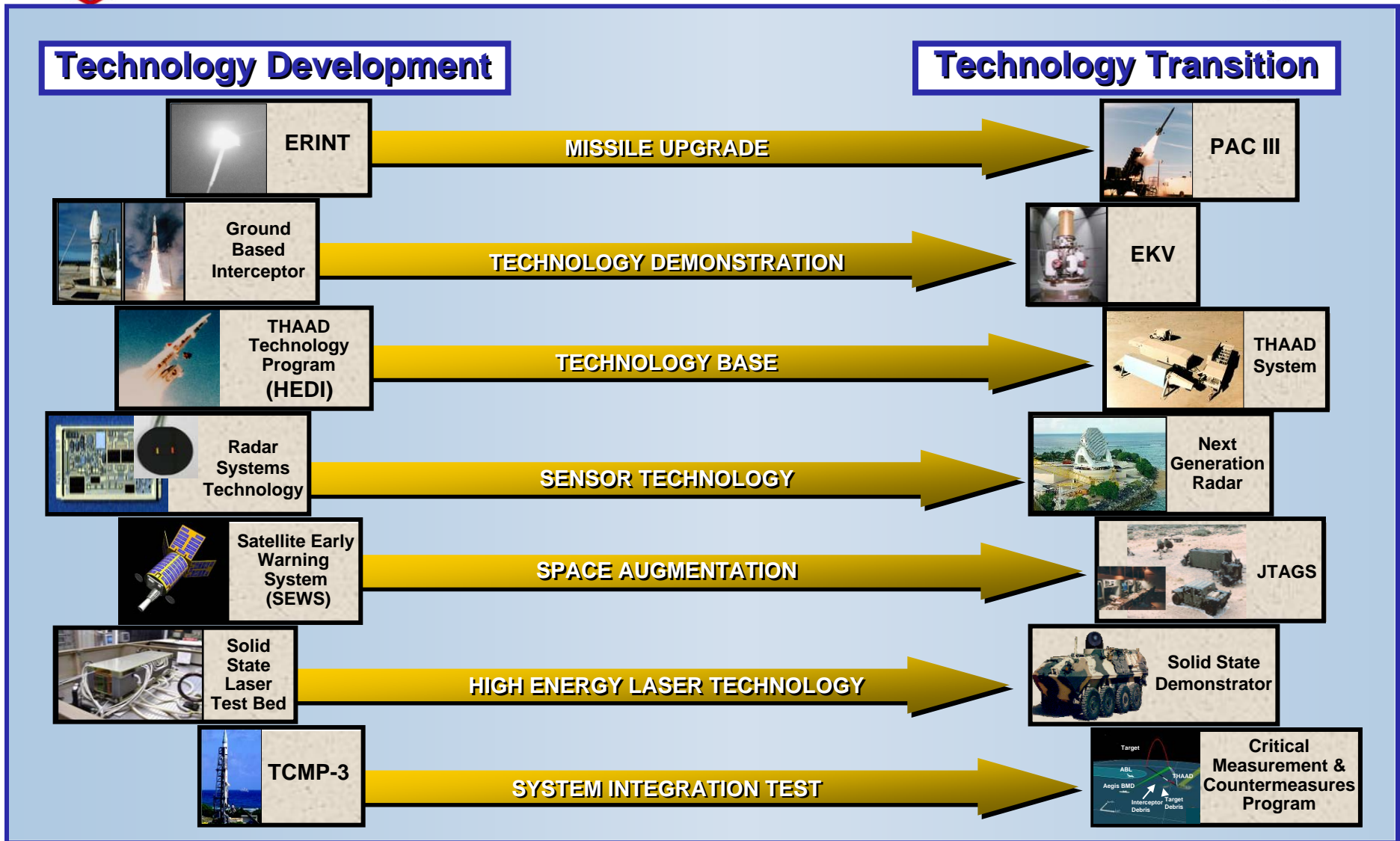
This presentation will highlight how a model like the TPMM can provide the Defense S&T community as a whole with the following benefits:

- A Systems Engineering Approach
- Improved Documentation Process
- Better Program Execution
- Management Decision Metrics
- Defensible Budgets





Transitioning Technology To Programs



"Secure the High Ground"



SMDTC Had The Problem of Every S&T Executive



Effectively ***managing technology development***

- Programmatic problems
- Lack of Systems Engineering Principles

Successfully ***transitioning technologies***

- Transition not considered as part of Tech Dev
- Lack of Customer identification/involvement



Quantifying the Effects of Immature Technologies



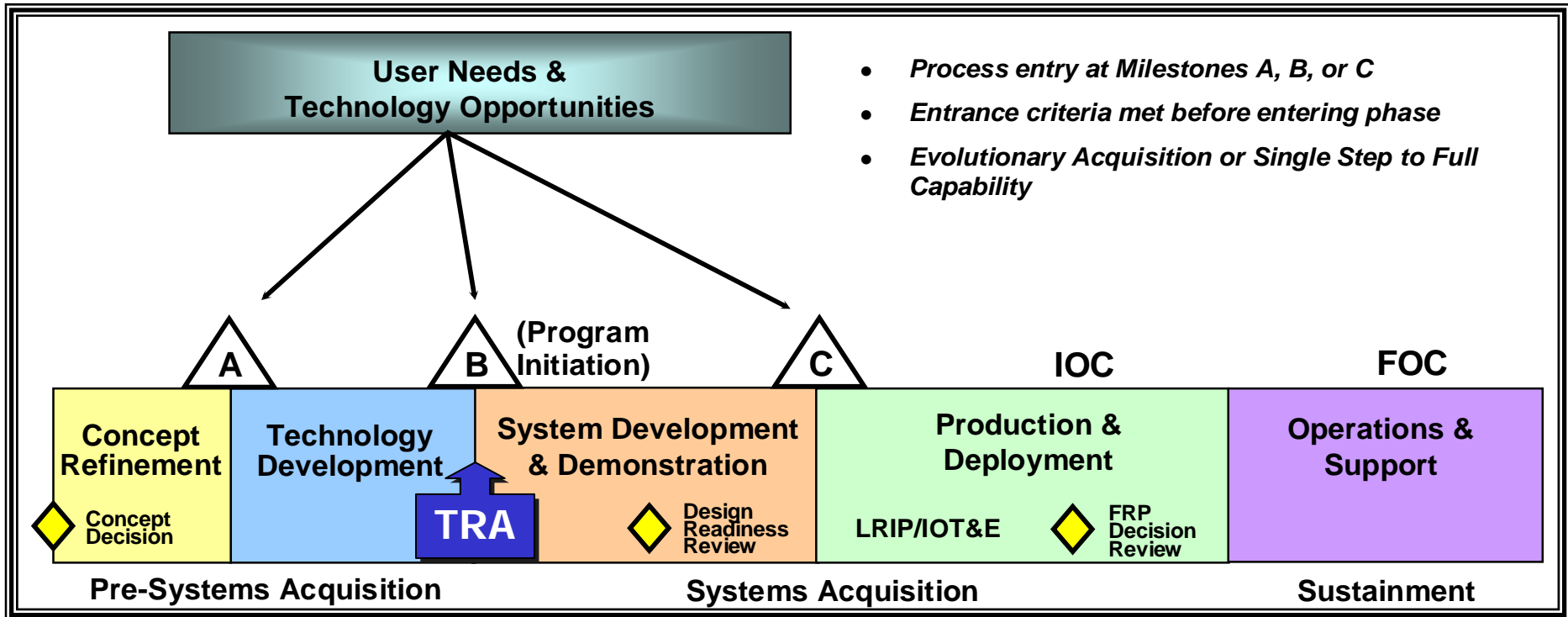
According to a GAO review of 54 DoD programs:

- Only 15% of programs began System Design Decision [post MS B] with mature technology (TRL 7)
 - Programs that **attempted to integrate with immature technologies** averaged **41% cost growth** and a **13 month schedule delay**
- At Critical Design Review, 58% of programs demonstrated design instability (< 90% drawings releasable)
 - **Design stability not achievable with immature technologies**
 - Programs **without stable designs at CDR** averaged **46% cost growth** and a **29 month schedule delay**

Source: Defense Acquisitions: Assessments of Selected Major Weapon Programs, GAO-05-301, March 2005



First TRA Requirement



DoD 5000 Metric

- **Technology Readiness Assessment (TRAs) - Required at MS B**
- **TRAs using Technology Readiness Levels (TRLs)**



Perspectives



Hey Buddy - I OWN The Requirements!

Gotta be small, lightweight, and 99.99% reliable

I Want it All!!
I Want it Cheap!
I Want it Now!

I'm governed by the JCIDS



- Threat Driven
- Soldier-Proof
- Fieldable
- Meets Mission Needs
- **DOTMLPF**

USER

Your next chance for funding is 5 years down the road – stud!

I NEED a REQUIREMENT (CDD)!

My prime can do that!!

I am governed by DoD 5000.

You forgot about the “illities”!!!



- Value Added
- Capability
- Probability of Success
- Acquisition Strategy
- Budget (LLC/POM)
- Schedule - WBS
- The System “ approach”

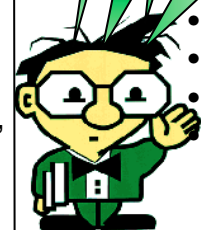
PM

If you “Push” long enough – they will come!

You don’t understand - This project is different from everyone else

S&T does not require a process – I have been doing it for years

Customer role is to integrate

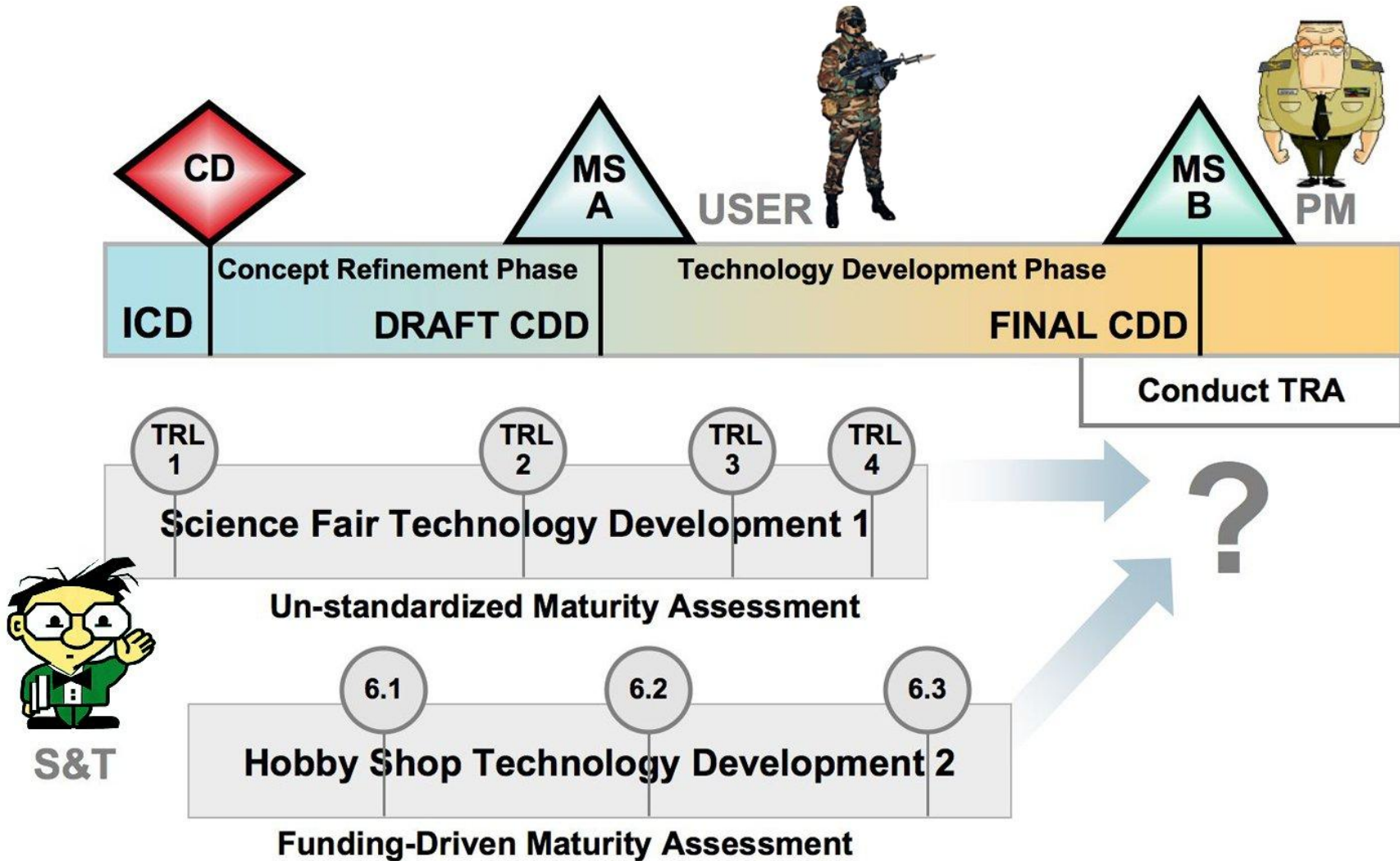


- Technical “break-thru”
- Performance Goals
- Risk
- Cost Estimate.
- Program Plan
- Build a prototype

S&T



Aligning Technology with the Acquisition DoD 5000 MS's





Transitioning Technology



Technology Management vs. Transition Management



"Secure the High Ground"



Technology Readiness Levels



Do I

1. **Basic principles and concepts** are established and the technology is understood. The technology is understood in its final form and the conditions, such as those encountered in its test and evaluation. Examples include using the system under operational mission conditions.
2. **Technology understanding** is established and the technology is understood. The technology is understood in its final form and the conditions, such as those encountered in its test and evaluation. Examples include using the system under operational mission conditions.
3. **Analysis and development** are initiated. This includes the development of analytical predictions of separate components that are integrated or represented together. This includes the development of analytical predictions of separate components that are integrated or represented together. This includes the development of analytical predictions of separate components that are integrated or represented together.
4. **Component and/or breadboard validation** is established. Basic technological components are established and integrated together. This includes the development of analytical predictions of separate components that are integrated or represented together. This includes the development of analytical predictions of separate components that are integrated or represented together.
5. **Component and/or breadboard technology** is established. Basic technological components are established and integrated together. This includes the development of analytical predictions of separate components that are integrated or represented together. This includes the development of analytical predictions of separate components that are integrated or represented together.
6. **System prototype demonstration** is established. Representative model or prototype system, which is well beyond the technology understanding level, is tested in a relevant environment. Representative model or prototype system, which is well beyond the technology understanding level, is tested in a relevant environment.
7. **System prototype demonstration** is established. Representative model or prototype system, which is well beyond the technology understanding level, is tested in a relevant environment. Representative model or prototype system, which is well beyond the technology understanding level, is tested in a relevant environment.
8. **Technology understanding** is established and the technology is understood. The technology is understood in its final form and the conditions, such as those encountered in its test and evaluation. Examples include using the system under operational mission conditions.
9. **Actual system performance through successful mission operations.**

In what way will this technology Add Value to the End User?

What Programmatic & System Engineering tasks should be performed during each Stage of Development?

When should I know who my Customer is?

When should I know what the requirements for the technology are?

At what point will the technology be transitioned to a Customer?

How will my progress be measured?

What are the criteria for completing a TRL?

What is the definition of a success?



Quantifying the Effects of Immature Technologies



According to a GAO review of 54 DoD programs:

- Only 15% of programs began System Design Decision [post MS B] with

mature

- Pro
- ave

- At Cr
- design

A System Engineering and Programmatic-based TRL criteria set needs to be applied as a standard earlier in the process.

ologies

- **Design stability not achievable with immature technologies**
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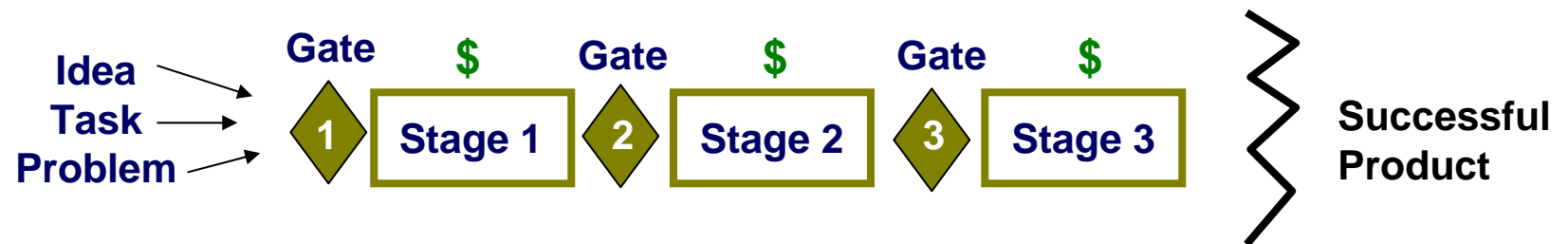
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Basic Stage Gate Process



Stage – Gate Type Process – all businesses have “a process”



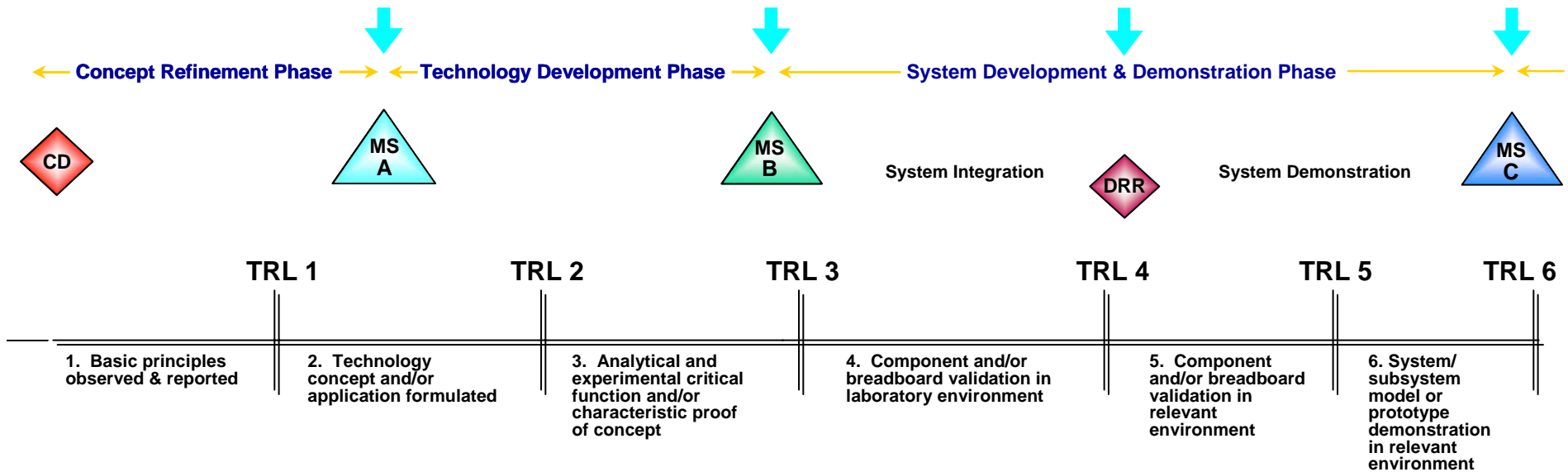
- Each Gate is a decision point for the program to move to the next stage.
 - Decision to Go / Kill / Hold / Recycle
- Each Stage is measured by:
 - Metrics Goals
 - Deliverables
 - (Exit Criteria)
 - Funding allocation

Everything We Do is a Process

“Secure the High Ground”



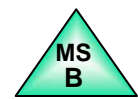
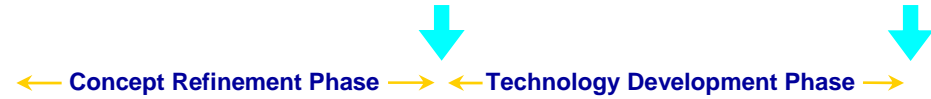
Aligning TRLs & DoD 5000



S&T Community Activities



Aligning TRLs & DoD 5000



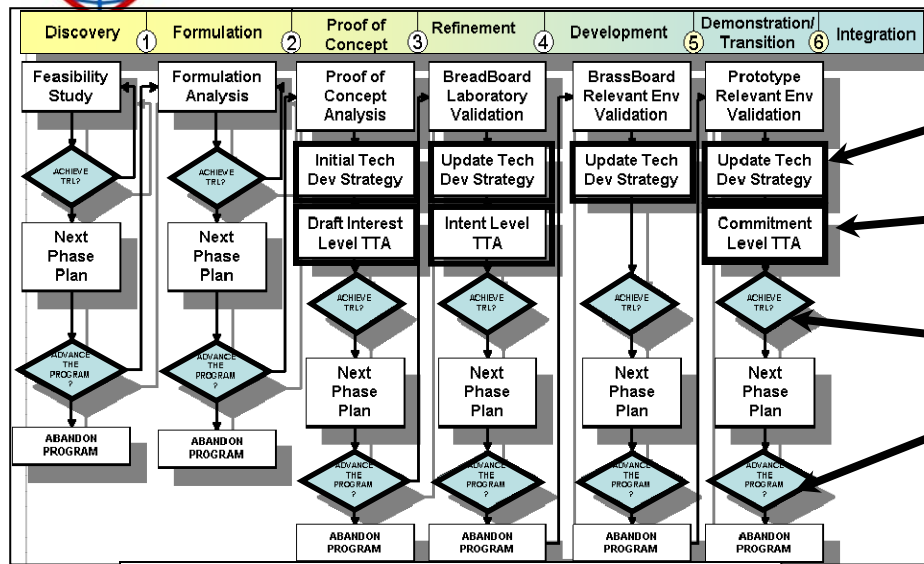
TPMM Criteria

TRL 1	TRL 2	TRL 3	TRL 4	TRL 5	TRL 6
1. Basic principles observed & reported	2. Technology concept and/or application formulated	3. Analytical and experimental critical function and/or characteristic proof of concept	4. Component and/or breadboard validation in laboratory environment	5. Component and/or breadboard validation in relevant environment	6. System/subsystem model or prototype demonstration in relevant environment
<u>Discovery</u>	<u>Formulation</u>	<u>Proof of Concept</u>	<u>Refinement</u>	<u>Development</u>	<u>Demonstration Transition</u>
Develop an Idea Based on Threat, need, User Rqmt, Other Identify Pertinent Military Application & a Potential Customer(s)	Develop a Concept Conduct Trade Studies Perform Military Utility Analysis Perform Paper Studies Identify specific customer(s) Analysis of Alternatives	Proof of Concept and approach Develop General Technical Requirements ID cross technologies Develop Draft Tech Development Strategy TTA - Interest	Demonstrate Key Technologies Work Together Refine Requirements System Eng Plan Update Tech Development Strategy TTA -Intent	Demonstrate Components Work With/as System Finalize Requirements Develop Transition Plan and Gain Customer Approval	Demonstrate Prototype Ready for Operations Demonstrate Increased Capabilities Develop Transition Agreement Acquisition Strategy TTA - Commitment

"Secure the High Ground"



Functional View of a Systematic Development Process



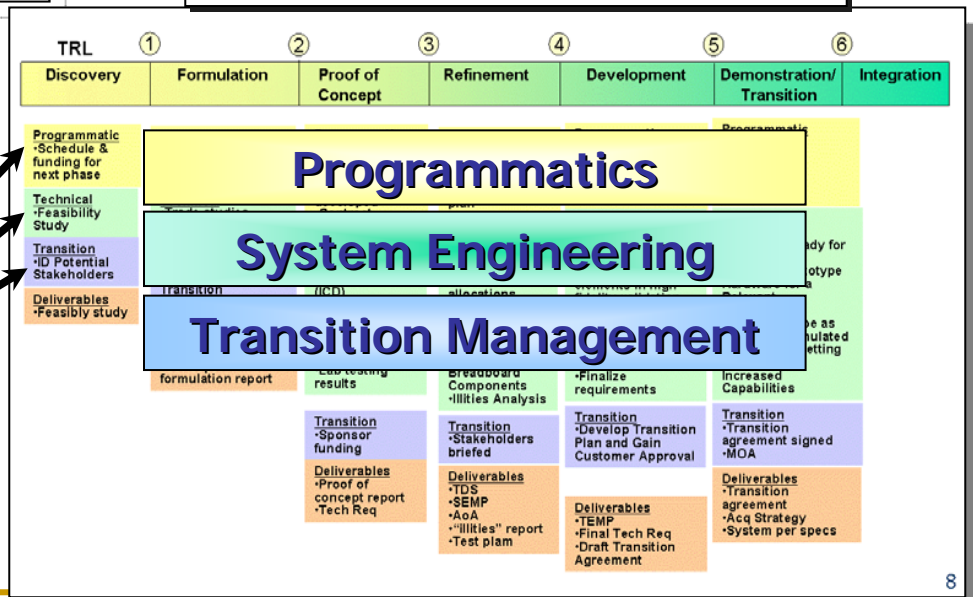
- TDS establishes common language and vision

- DAU adopted TTA

- Program reviews include a TRA and a TAA

ARCHITECTURAL VIEW

FUNCTIONAL VIEW



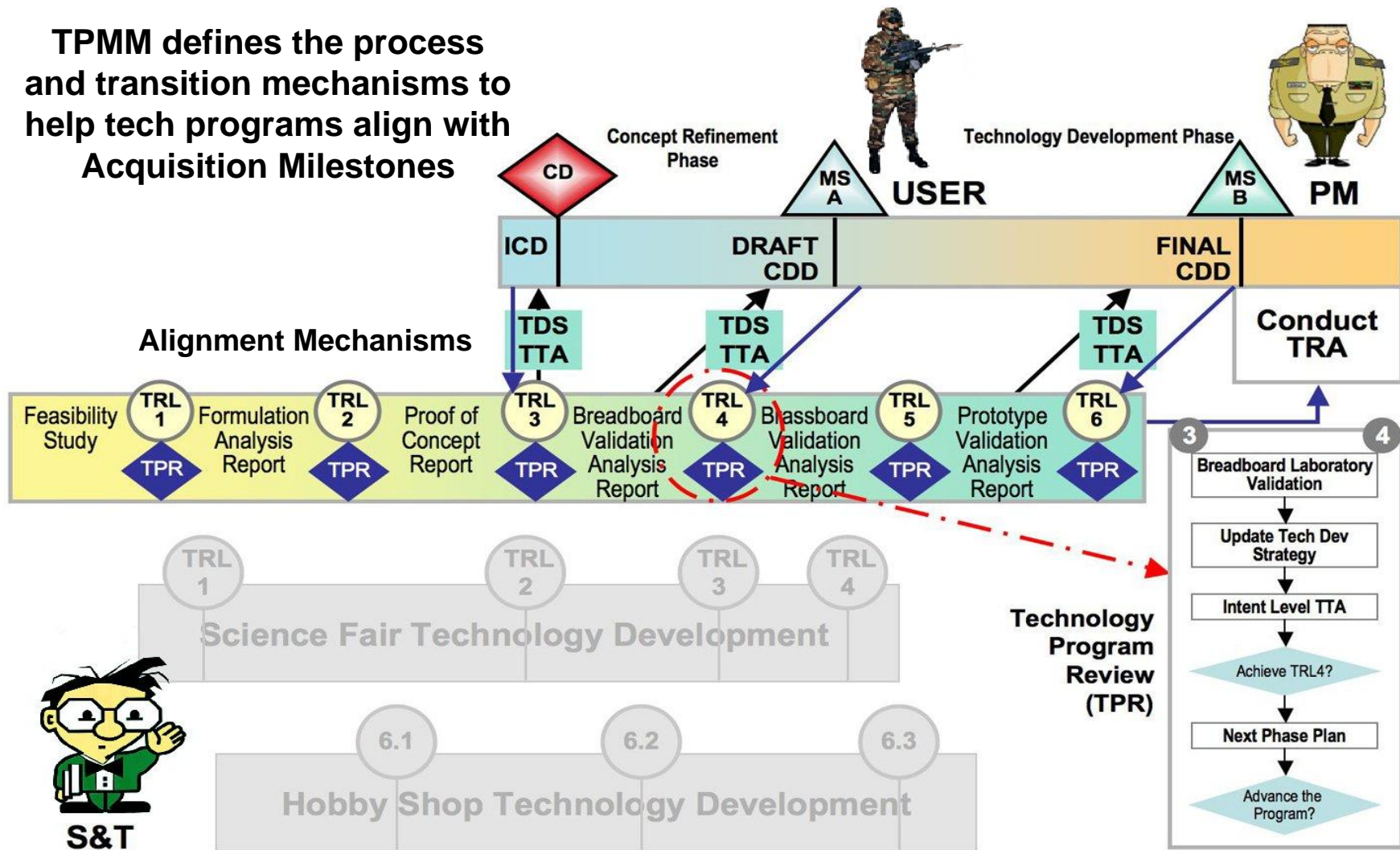
- Multi-Dimensional criteria set provides a comprehensive TRL Assessment



Operational View - Aligning Technology with Acquisition Partners



TPMM defines the process and transition mechanisms to help tech programs align with Acquisition Milestones



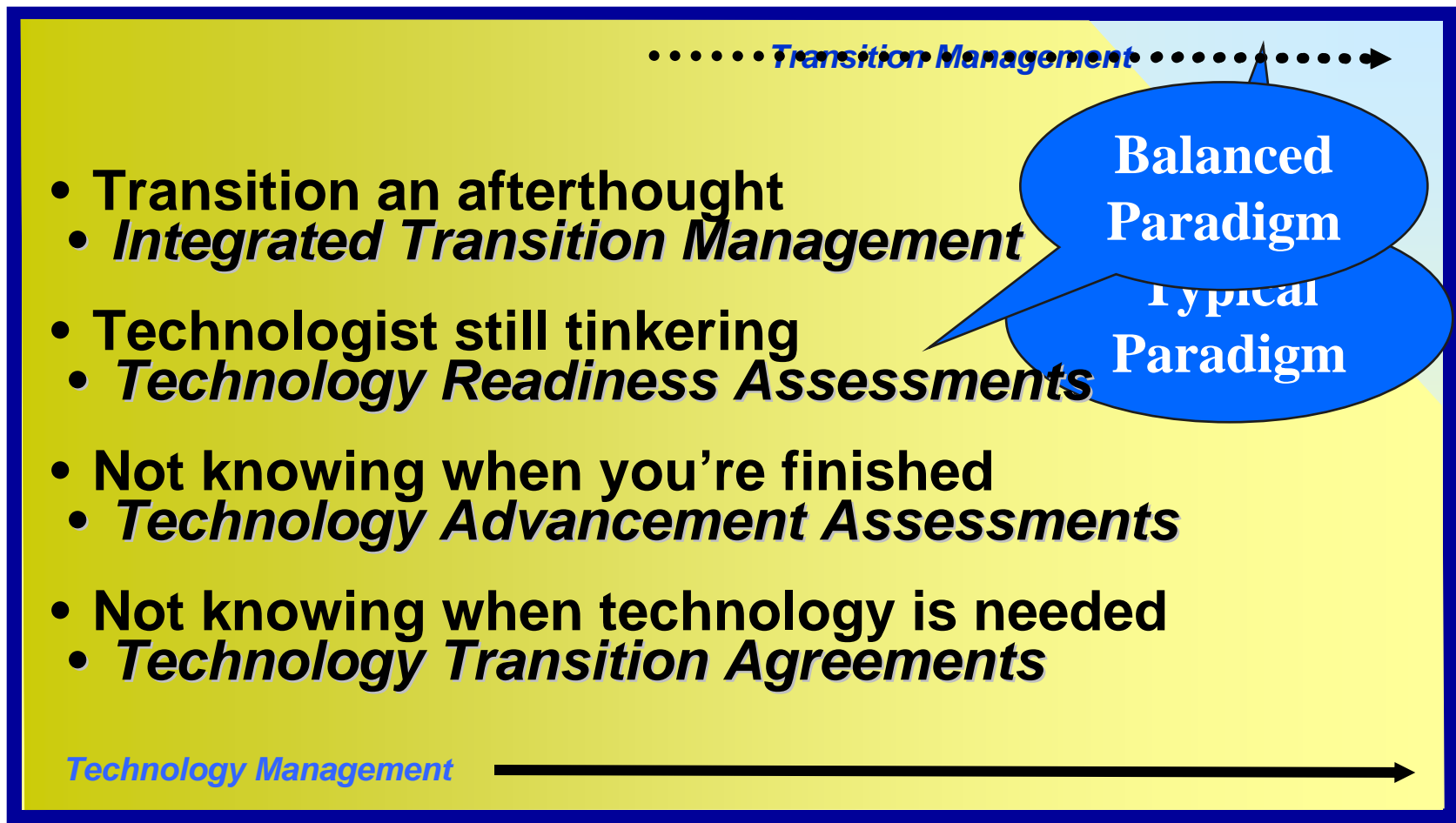
"Secure the High Ground"



Transitioning Technology



Technology Management vs. Transition Management

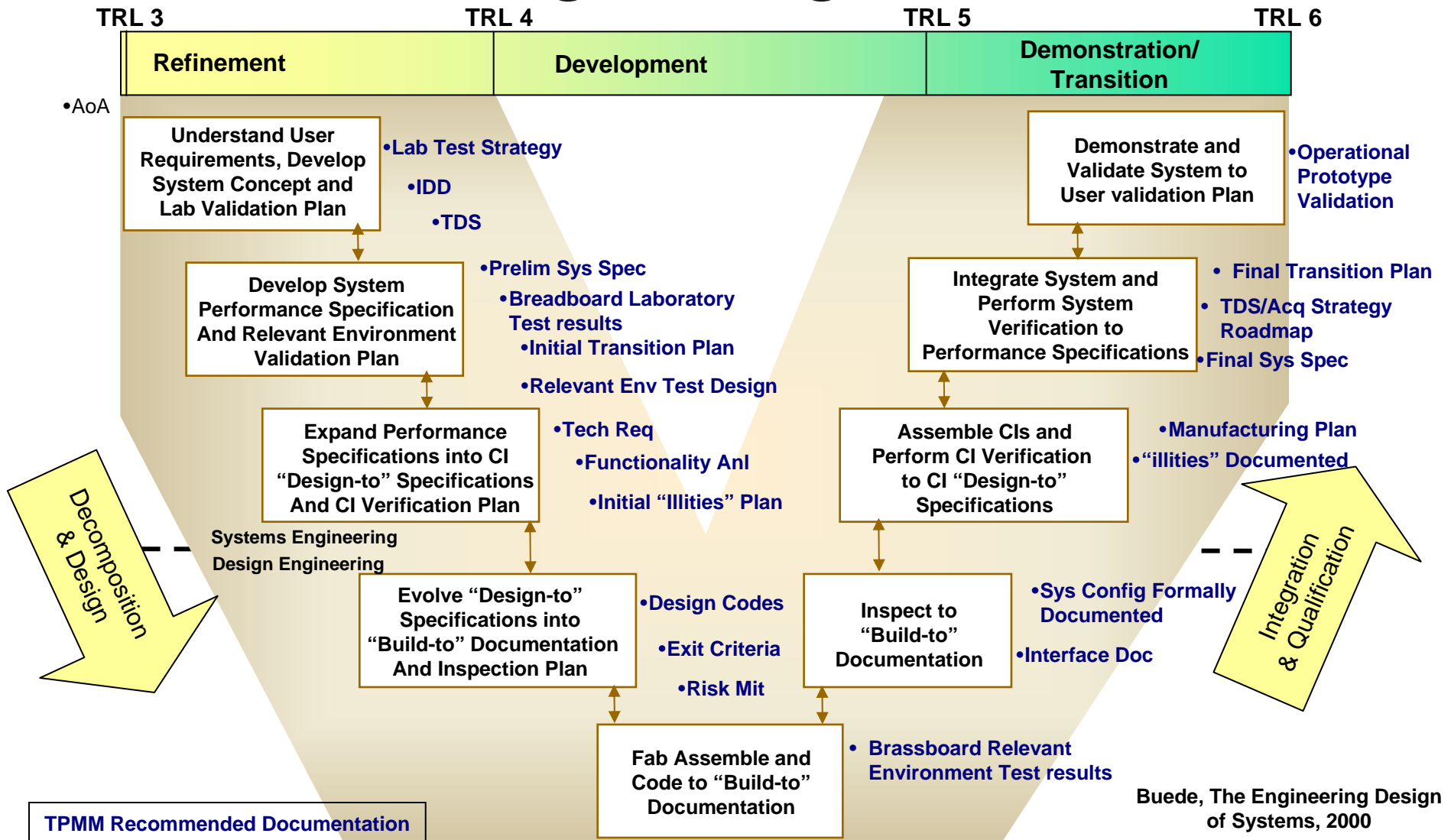




A Systems Engineering Approach

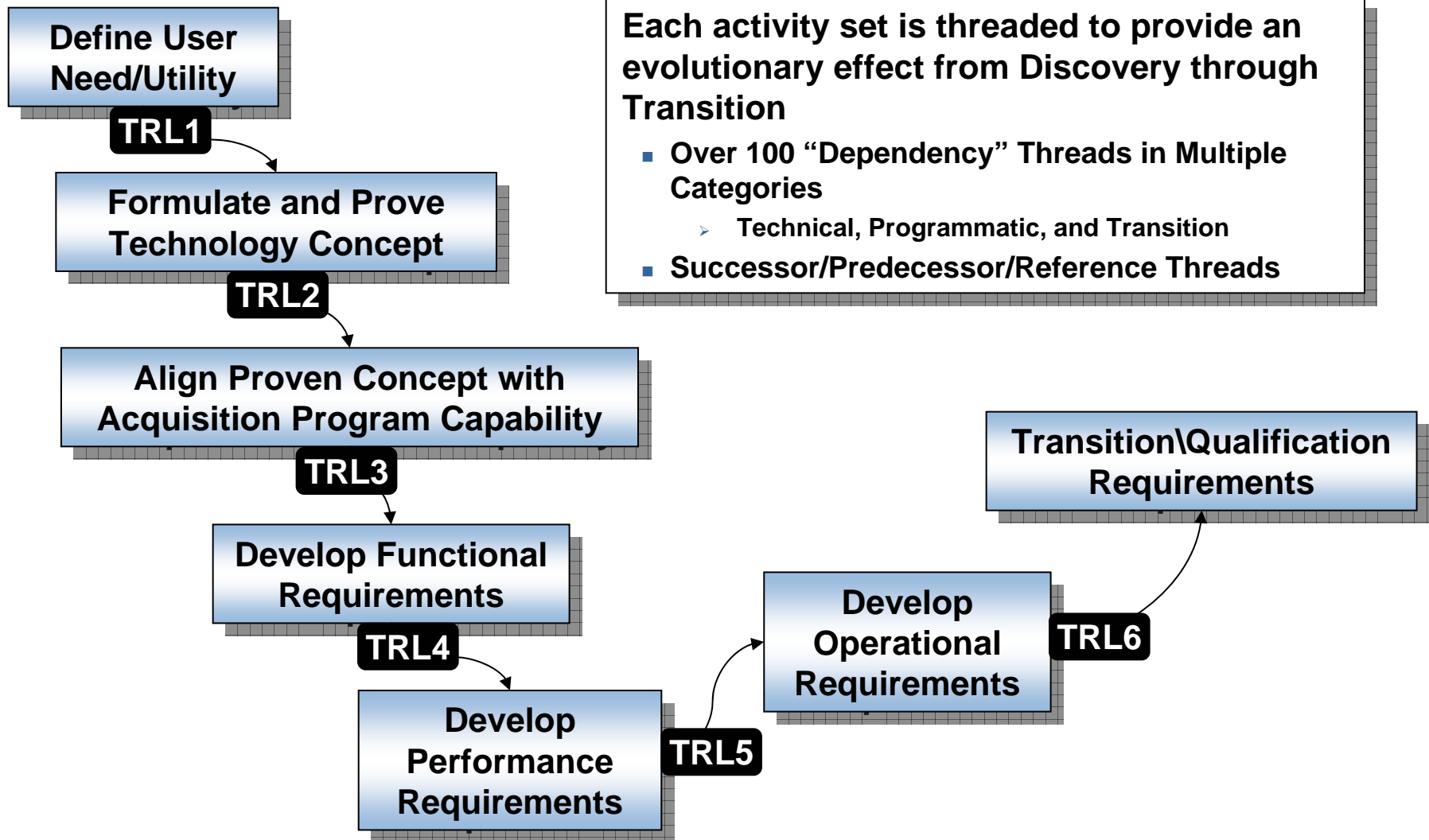


TPMM and the Systems Engineering "V"



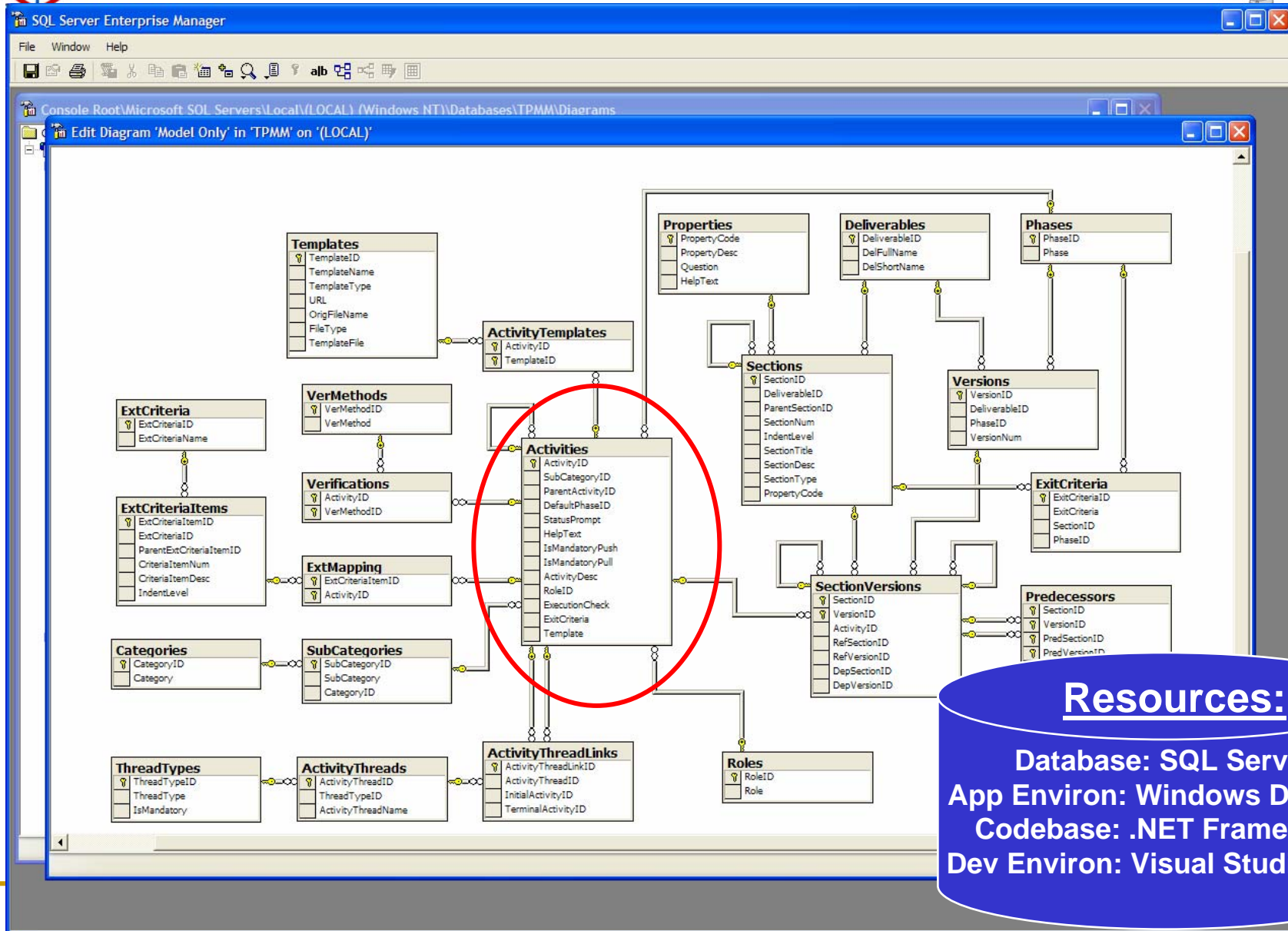


Example Thread - Capability/Requirement





Physical View - Activity Centric Database



Resources:

Database: SQL Server
App Environ: Windows Desktop
Codebase: .NET Framework
Dev Environ: Visual Studio 2005



System Engineering Threads



TPMM Administration Tool

File Import Export View Help

Graph Activities

Include Dep Threads Yes

Include Pred Threads No

Include Orphans Yes

Systems Engineering

- Conduct a functional analysis flowdown of the technology system.
- Define how and where the system will be used and potential applications
- Define Key Technology Requirements And Specifications
- Define measures of effectiveness
- Define the system element(s).
- Define the system interface requirements for the technology.
- Define the system performance requirements for the technology.
- Define the system physical requirements.
- Describe any other considerations included during the analysis and evaluation p
- Describe conclusions from the analysis and evaluation of each solution alternati
- Describe the analysis and evaluation of feasible solution alternative
- Describe the analysis results of each solution alternative./architecture.
- Describe the analytical tools, study results, and processes used for the assessn
- Describe the architectural synthesis process leading to optimization.
- Describe the criteria used in the selection process, including key performance p
- Describe the utility analysis results (Mil or other), including user benefits and prel
- Identify Preliminary "ilities" Requirements
- Refine the constraints
- Refine the operational and mission requirements/objectives
- Refine The Operational Concept
- Refine the system functional requirements
- Specify the technology advancement degree of difficulty index for the selected

Transition Management

1. Identify technology capabilities

2. Define the system performance requirements for the technology.

3. Refined System Performance Requirements

3. Develop Technology Performance goals

Selection Information

Deliverable Proof of Concept Report 2.h v1 (Proof Of

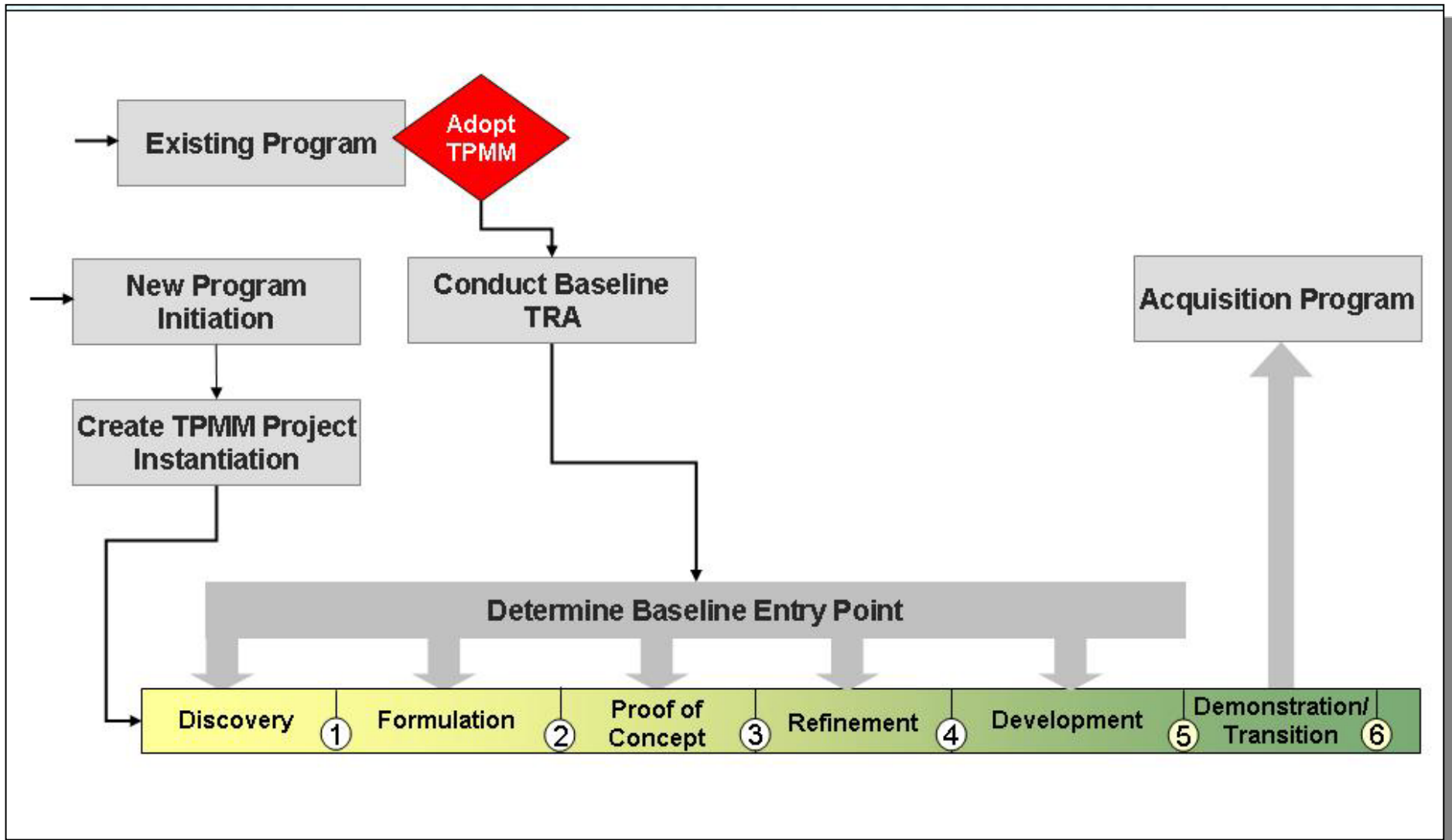
Cat/Sub-cat Technical : Systems Engineering



Improved Documentation Process

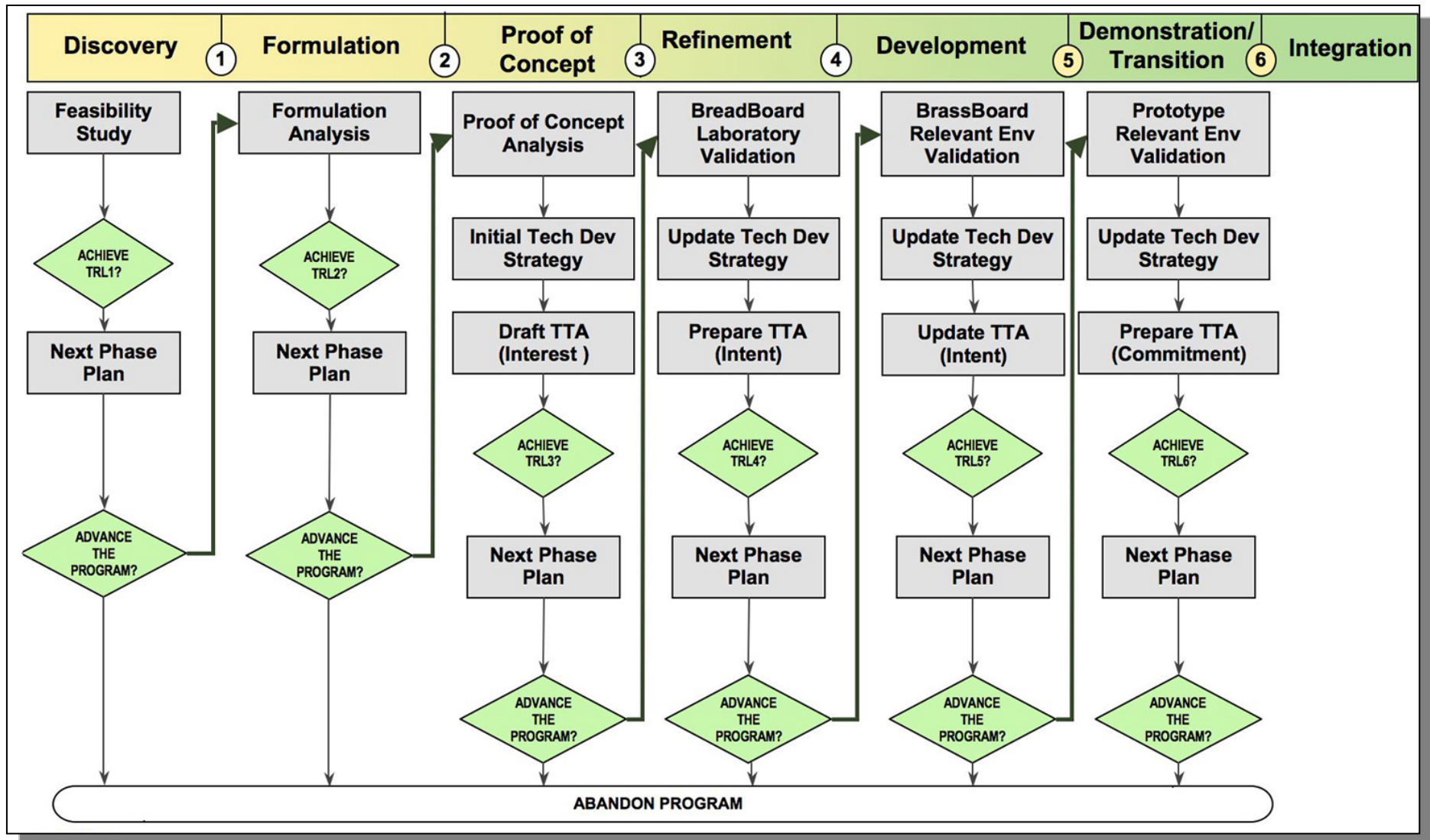


TPMM Entry Process



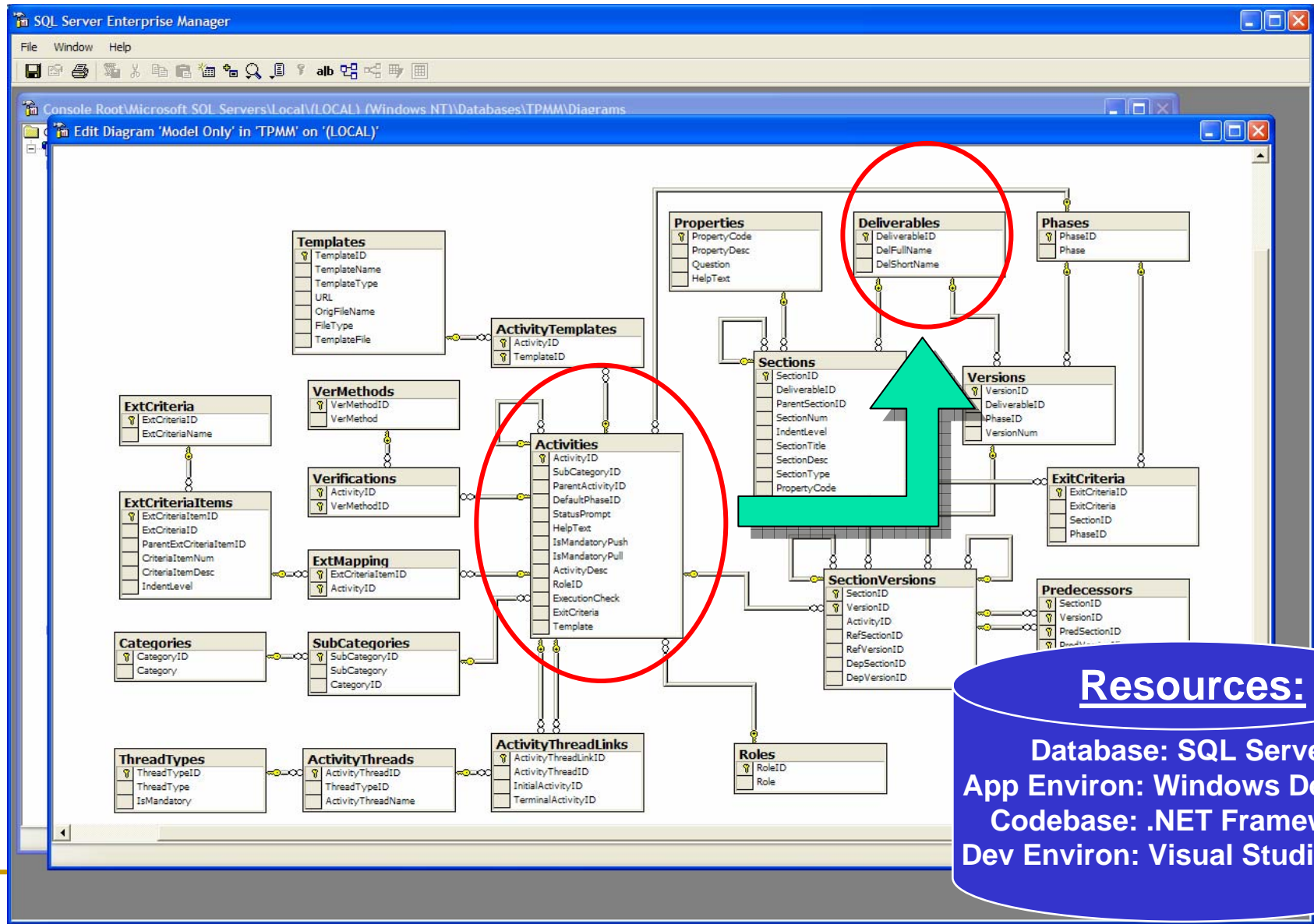


TPMM High-Level Process





TPMM Database – Activities Linked to Deliverables





TPMM Database Administration



View Activities by Category

- 1. Discovery
- 2. Formulation
- 3. Proof Of Concept
 - Programmatic
 - Technical
 - Transition Management
 - Transition
 - Acquisition Program Element (PE) numbers funding
 - Annual PE funding levels committed to the transition
 - Current phase of the acquisition life cycle.
 - Describe the process for integrating the technology
 - Determine Current performance of the technology/p
 - Develop and track Definitive, complete, measurable
 - Document Conditions under which technology/proc
 - Establish Key Technical Measures of Readiness for
 - Estimate costs for Transition and Technology Integi
 - Estimate of the transition TRL
 - Evolutionary acquisition, block upgrade or spiral de
 - Identify Minimum acceptable performance thresholc
 - Identify personnel responsible for day-to-day prograi
 - Identify the Sustainment officer responsible for ident
 - Identify the technology needs of the acquisition pro
 - Include need dates for specific capabilities (e.g. link
 - Initiate/Update the TTA**
 - Major program objectives.
 - Obtain Approval for the TTA

Activity: **Initiate/Update the TTA**

Status Prompt: Are you planning to produce a TTA commensurate with the level of maturity assessed for your technology?

Help Text: a. Initial Technology Development Strategy (TTA V.1) produced at TRL 3 to show Interest; b. Technology Development Strategy. (TTA V.2) produced at TRL 4 to show Intent; c. Acquisition

Is Mandatory: Push Pull

Role: Technology Manager

Exit Criteria: The appropriate version of TTA has been developed

Template: **TTA.doc**

Verification Methods: Peer Review

Deliverable: Title: Technology Transition Agreement Section: 1.d
\$ Title: Development Strategy.

Export



Better Program Execution



Standardizes Tech Development, Assessment, & Transition



A TRL-based, Systems Engineering Activity Model that Assists:

• Technology Program Definition

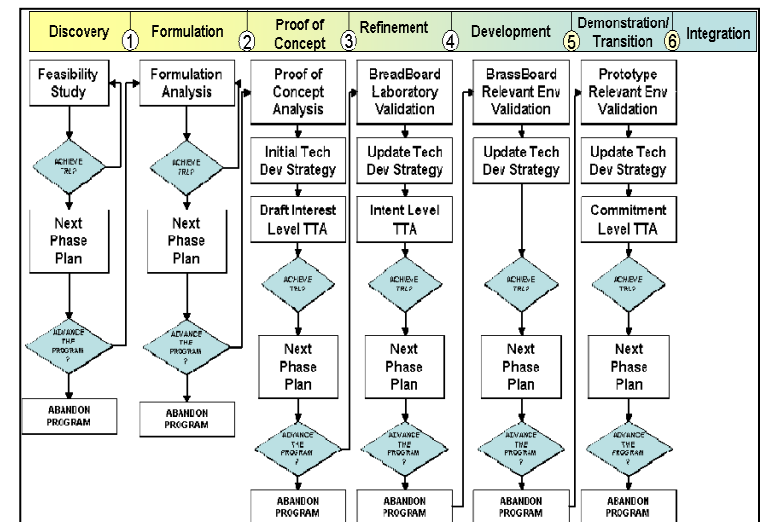
- o Identify **Activities** that will be performed
- o Identify **Documents** that will be produced
- o Provide an Environment for **Tailoring** the Model
- o Develop and Employ **“Best Practice” Tools**

• Technology Transition Management

- o Technology **Transition**
- o Technology **Transfer**
- o Technology **Marketing**

• Technology Maturity Assessments

- o Establishes **Entry/Exit Criteria** - Tailored for each Project
- o Provides a Framework for Performing **Technology Readiness Assessments** (TRA)



“TPMM: A Model for Technology Development and Transition”



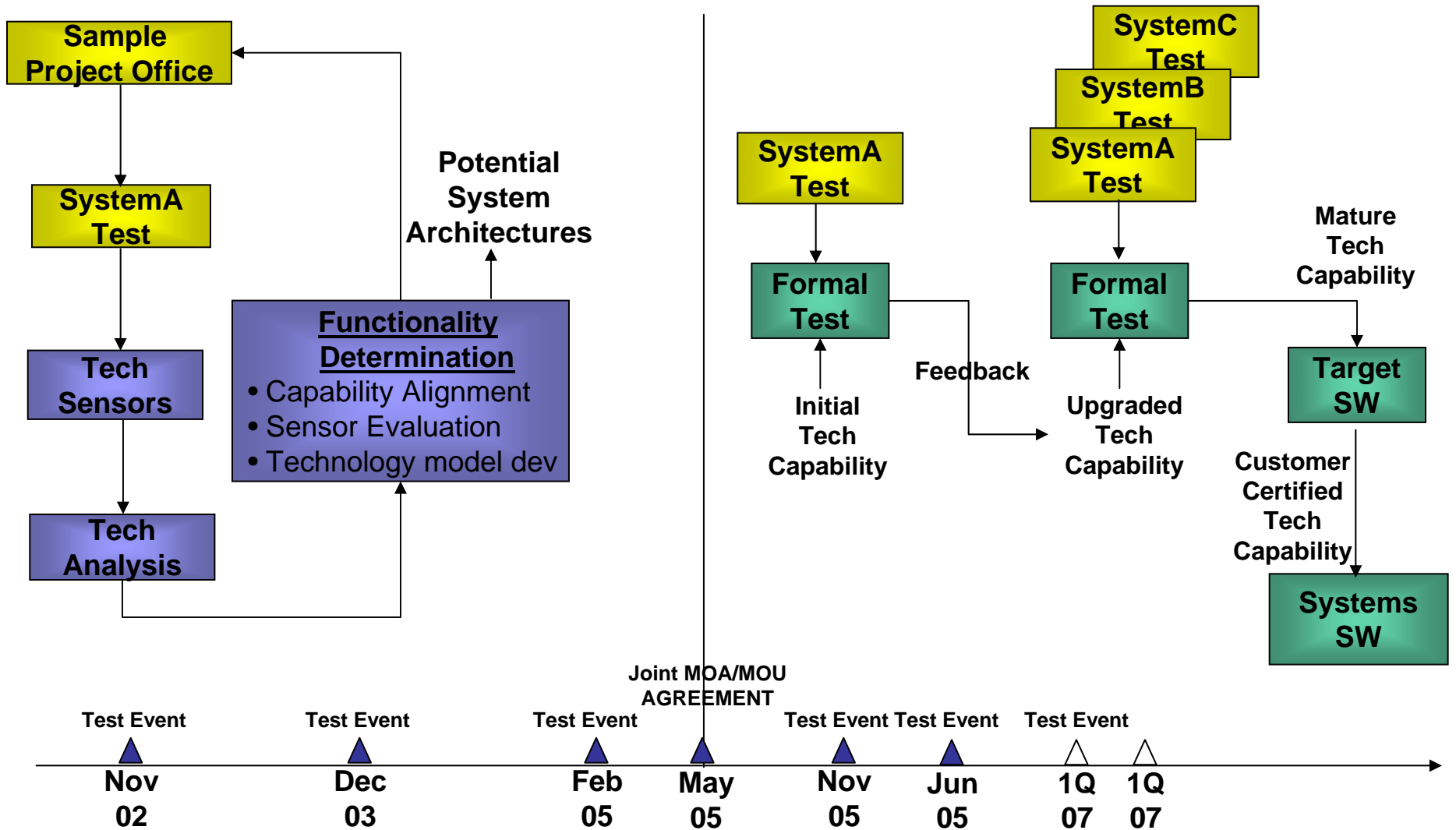
Establish TDS as Focal Point for Development Planning



- Producing a Technology Development Strategy (required at TRL3), with a focus on Systems Engineering Principles, helps Technology Managers by:
 - **Technology Goals** aligning with Users, Capability Needs, and Performance Requirements
 - Accomplishing Technology Goals drives **Program Schedules**
 - Focuses program efforts on **technology insertion** points
 - Develop and follow **Transition Plan** to execute TDS
 - Establish **transition agreements**, even if informal, with transition partners
 - **Budget/Funding** questions drive alignment with Sponsors/Customers
 - **Technology Readiness Assessment** of the program instills confidence
 - Gaps identified in Technology Development planning are fed directly to **Risk Management & Mitigation**



Incremental Capability Development (Excerpt from a TDS)



“Secure the High Ground”



Management Decision Metrics



TPMM as SMDTC Enterprise level solution



Mgt Level \ Mgt Functions	Technology Program Definition	Technology Maturity Assessment	Technology Transition Management
Tech Manager (Practitioner)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ ID activities performed by TRL ■ ID documents that will be produced /delivered ■ Develop and employ “Best Practice” Tools 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Establishes Technology Readiness Assessment Criteria ■ Tailored to each program ■ ID Technology Mgt Risks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Early Customer/USER Involvement ■ <u>TTA's</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Interest ▪ Intent ▪ Commitment ▪ Integration Opportunities
Portfolio Manager (Director)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Portfolio Tracking Data 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Standardized Measurements ■ Aligns technologies for cross pollination ■ ID Program Mgt Risks ■ Supports Key Decision Points 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Tech Transfer Opportunities ■ Align DoD 5000 (Common Language)
Executive Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Provides Enterprise Level Program Management Data 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Enterprise Assessment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ TRLs (Push / Pull) ▪ Funding ▪ Transition ■ Support s Key Decision Points 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Transition Focus – <i>Doing The Right Things At The Right Time With The Right People</i>

Vision to have a Fully Automated Management Tool For All Managers



SMDTC TPMM Quad Chart

(Notional)



TRL Rating Based on TPMM

- TPMM Phase
- Required Criteria Met/Not-Met
- Gap Analysis (on Un-Met)
- Risk Assessment on Gaps

**Current TRL confidence and
Statement of Risk**

Technology Development Strategy

- TPMM Requirement? (TRL3 or beyond)
- Status = Draft, Preliminary, Final
- Updated for Current Phase?
- Gap Analysis/Percentage Populated

Programmatic Progress

Transition Management

- Customer/User/Sponsor ID'd
- TTA Version (Interest, Intent, Commitment)
 - TTA Matrix Populated
 - Signature Status

Transition Planning Progress

TRL Roadmap

- TRL Milestone Schedule to transition
- TPR Status

Program Vision to Transition



Executive Dashboard



Captures the Enterprise View of Technologies in S&T

Status of Programs

- Transition Agreements in place
- Successful Transitions over time
- Program Distribution by
 - TRL
 - Technology Domain
 - Science Discipline
 - Sponsor
 - Acquisition Customer
 - Funding

Facilitate Strategic Planning

- Technologies Distribution
- Technologies Gap Analysis
- Domain Analysis
 - Skill gaps / recruiting needs (Develop/Maintain TC skill set)
 - Diversified Portfolio Analysis
 - Sponsor
 - Science Discipline
- TTA Migration Status

Metrics-driven Executive Dashboard forms the basis of a Decision Support System (DSS)



Promotes Defensible Budgets



- **Effectively Communicates** the Developmental Process/Methodology is working
- **Establishes Requirements** for
 - Cost/Funding
 - Capabilities/Performance
- **Instill Confidence** in Funding Source
 - Documented Planning & Schedules
 - Established Deliverable Documentation
- Puts **Program Execution** into perspective
- **Aligns Technology with Acquisition Partners** for Tech Insertion



Summary



- TPMM is a **technology development activity model**, partitioned into phases that are gate-qualified using **TRL's**.
- TPMM is a **best practice standard** that expands TRL understanding to include **detailed activities, exit criteria, and deliverables**.
- TPMM is a **toolset** used by the Tech Manager to **plan, guide and measure** a technology program's development maturity.
- TPMM is an **alignment mechanism** that promotes early focus on **transitioning the technology** to Acquisition Program Customers.
- TPMM acts as a **common yardstick** and provides OSD with the criteria for evaluating the **Technology Development Strategy at MS A**.
- TPMM model provides **a standard TRL criteria set** for performing effective **Technology Readiness Assessments at MS B**



Contact Information



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Request a copy of TPMM Version 2 .pdf file at:

<http://www.tpmm.info>

"Secure the High Ground"