

# **A Modular Architecture for Multivariate Investment Decision Support**

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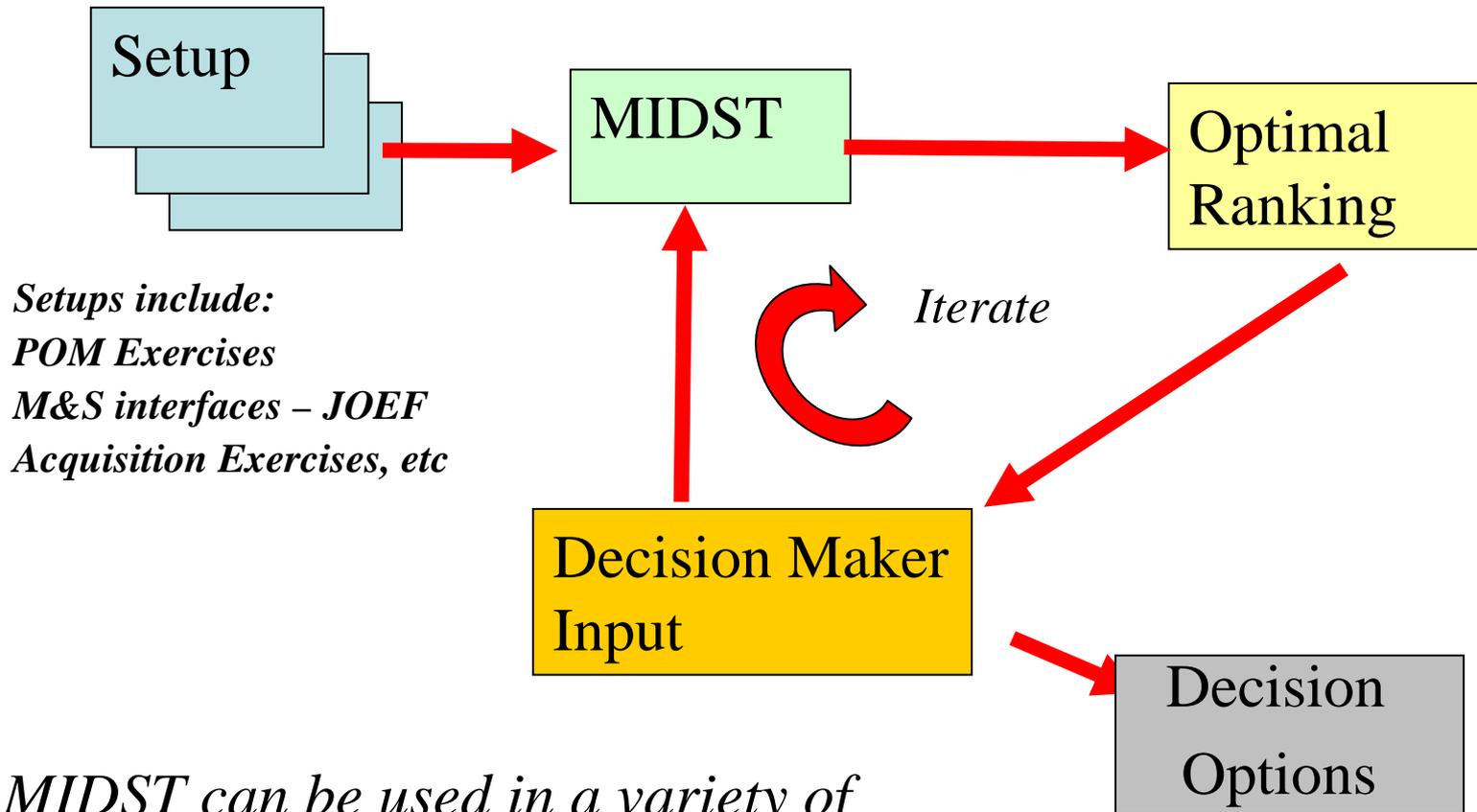
# MIDST Goals

- Develop the analytic and algorithmic framework for a tool, the Multivariate Investment Decision Support Tool (MIDST), which assists decision-makers who manage funding programs or portfolios intended to minimize threat-consequences
- Create a feasible system architecture to evaluate modeling, analysis approaches, and user interactions within this framework
- Develop exercises utilizing MIDST analysis

# MIDST Design Philosophy

- Utility to the decision maker
  - Tied to key user profiles - flexible in use
  - Used iteratively to fine tune decisions
- Transparency, not a black box
  - Shows the evolutionary process of derived outcomes
  - Illustrates cause and effect relationships through visualization
- Looking for “unexpected outcomes”
  - Adds information – not just obvious outcomes
  - Minimizes the effect of preconceived notions and biases
  - Provides new ideas and perspectives of the problem space
- Tuning is evolutionary
  - Capable of correcting and learning from false outcomes
  - Tool improves with use
- Use in exercises - macro or micro mode
  - High level table top use – at Agency or Program level
  - Capable of integration with JOEF or BioDAC or other M &S incident tools

# Use of MIDST

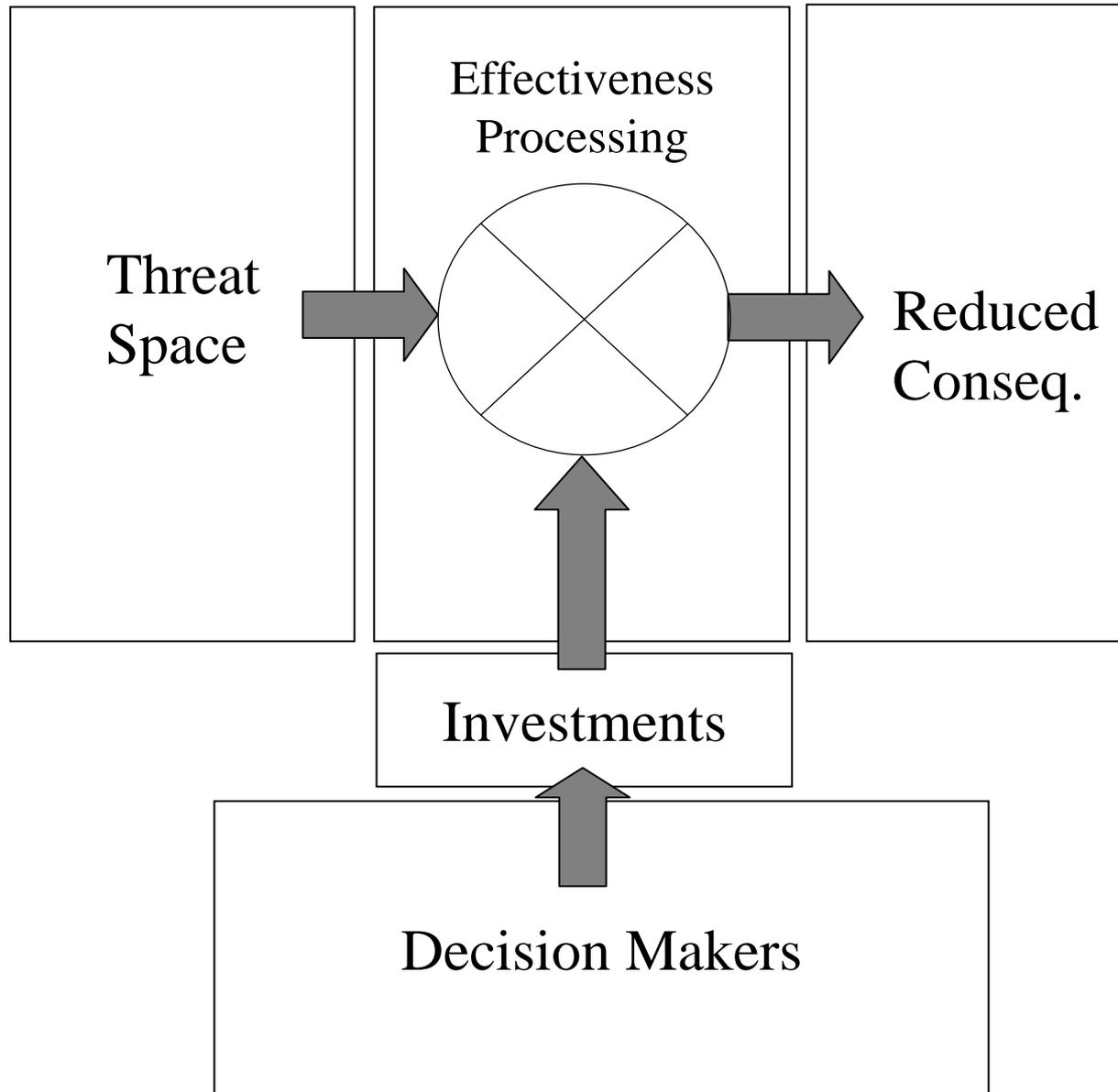


*MIDST can be used in a variety of exercises. Each use returns multiple decision options.*

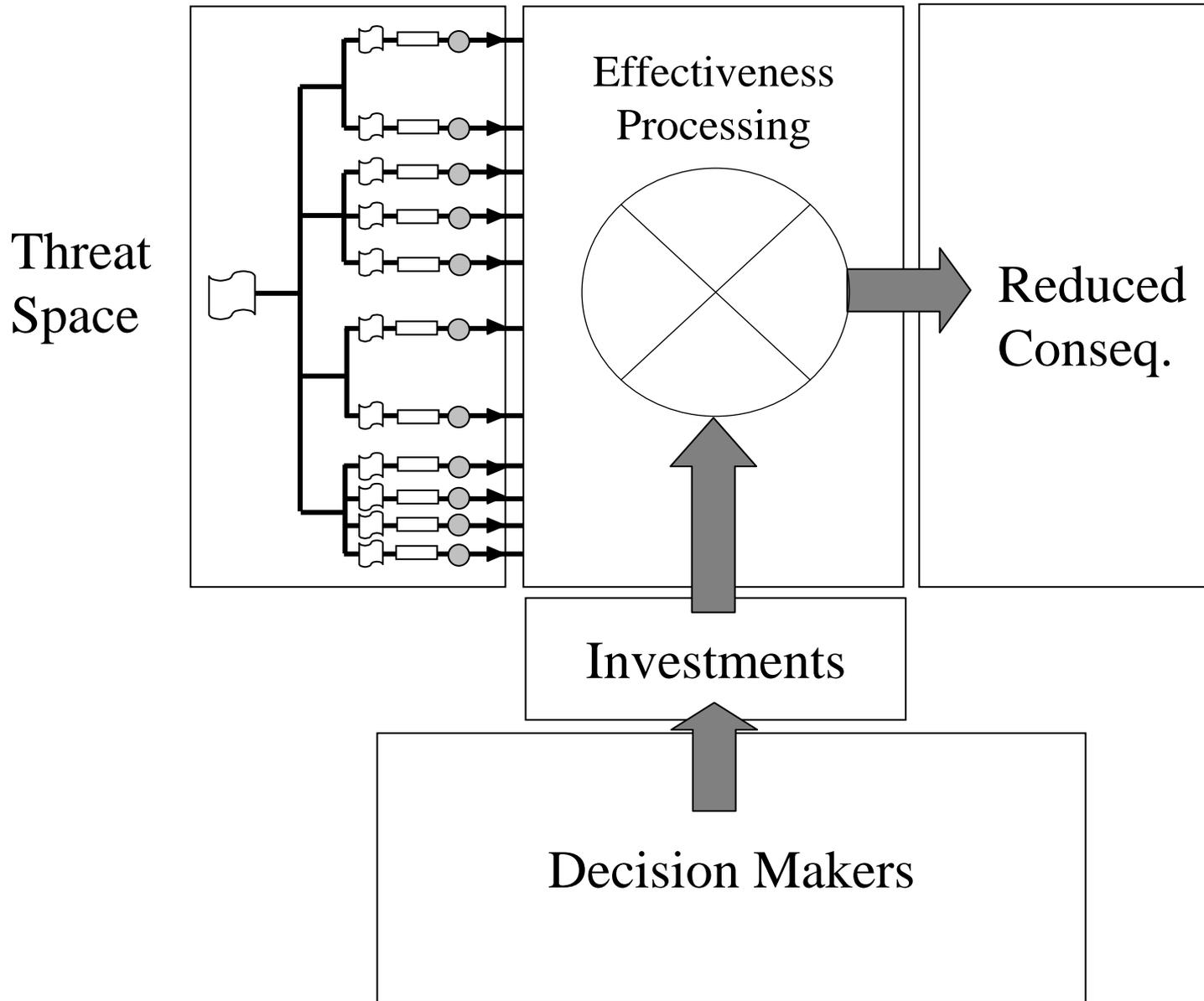
# MIDST Functionality

- Interfaces
- Databases
- Analysis
- Optimization
- Visualization
- Interactivity
- Logging
- Report Generation

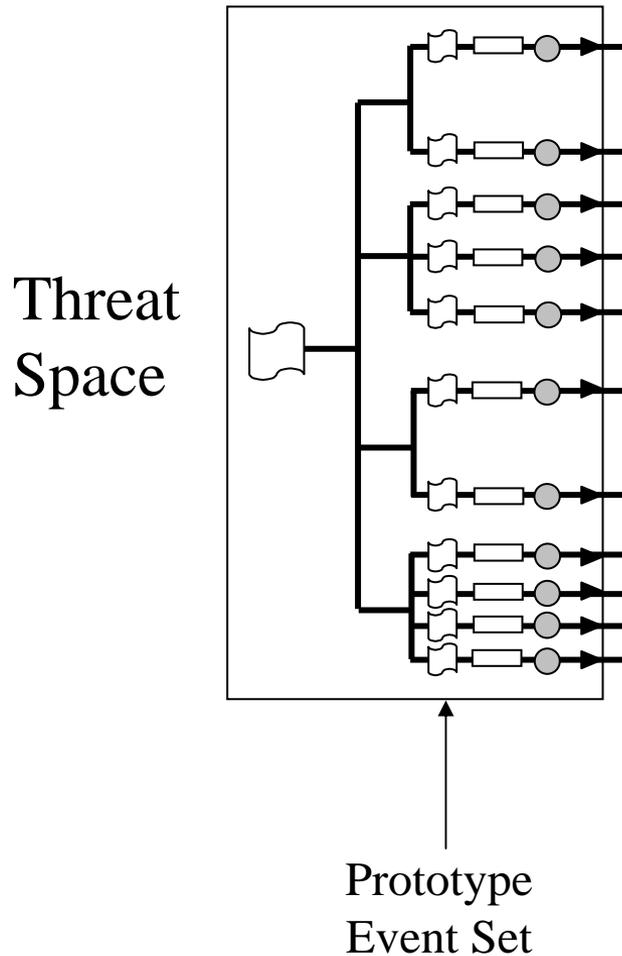
# Architecture



# Architecture



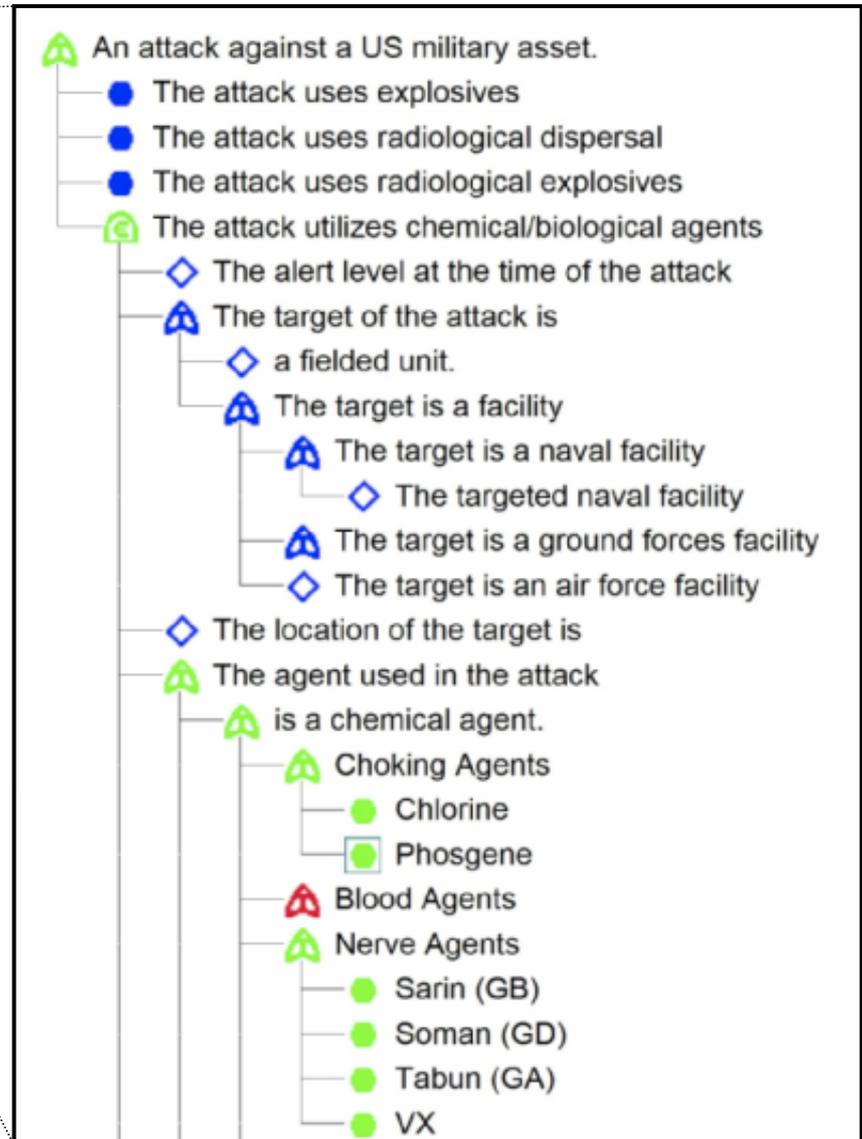
# Threat Event Model



- Possibility tree for Event Space
- Prototypes of event classes for analysis
- Multiple components of consequence
- A single event is a set of choices in tree

# Threat Event Model

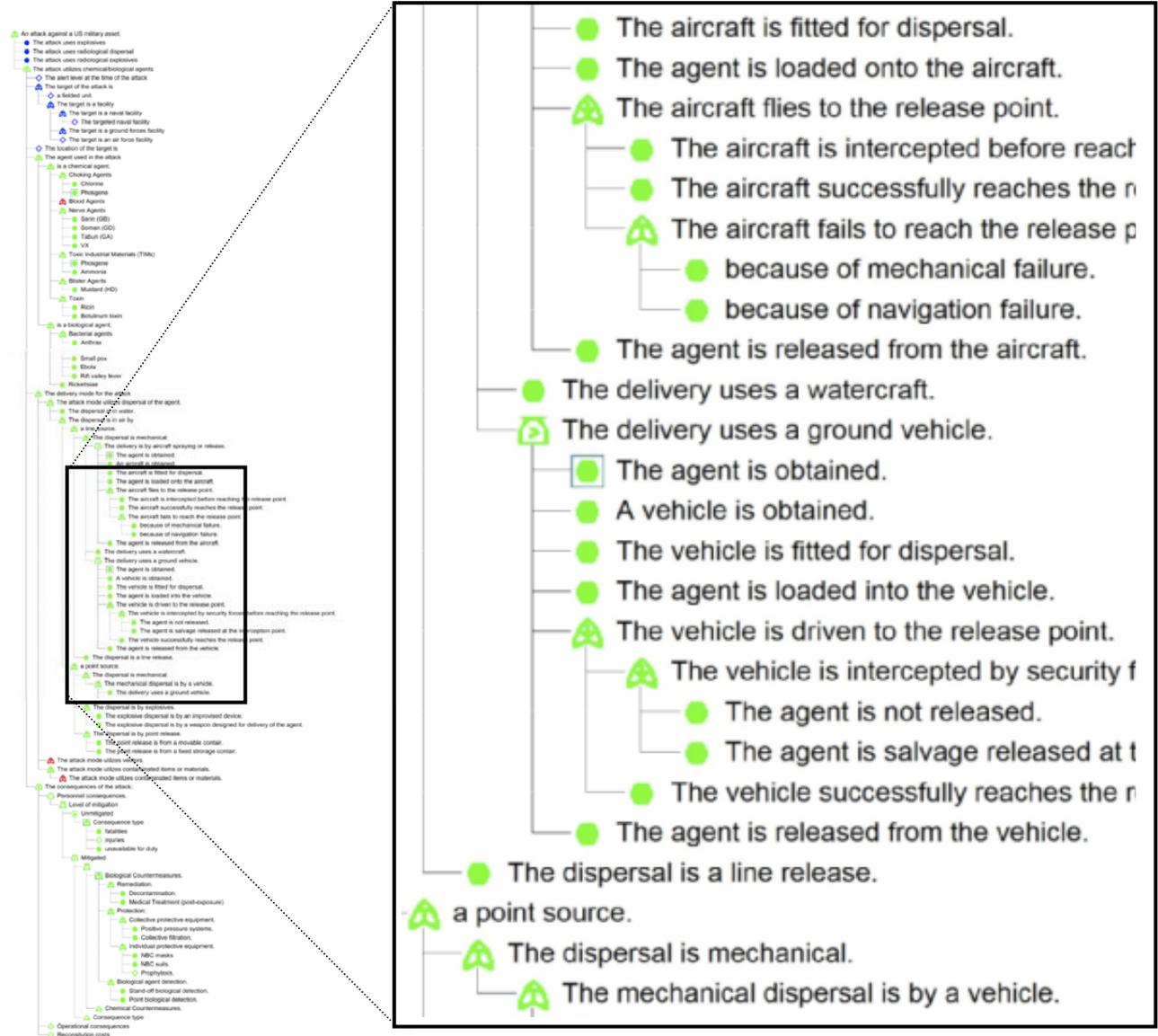
One Threat  
Event  
In  
Possibility  
Tree





# Threat Event Model

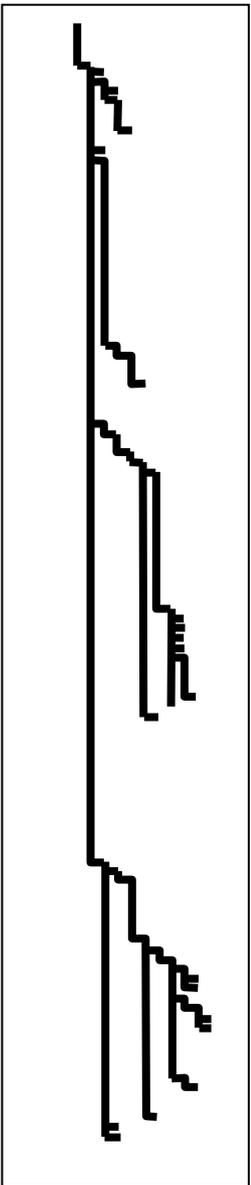
One Threat  
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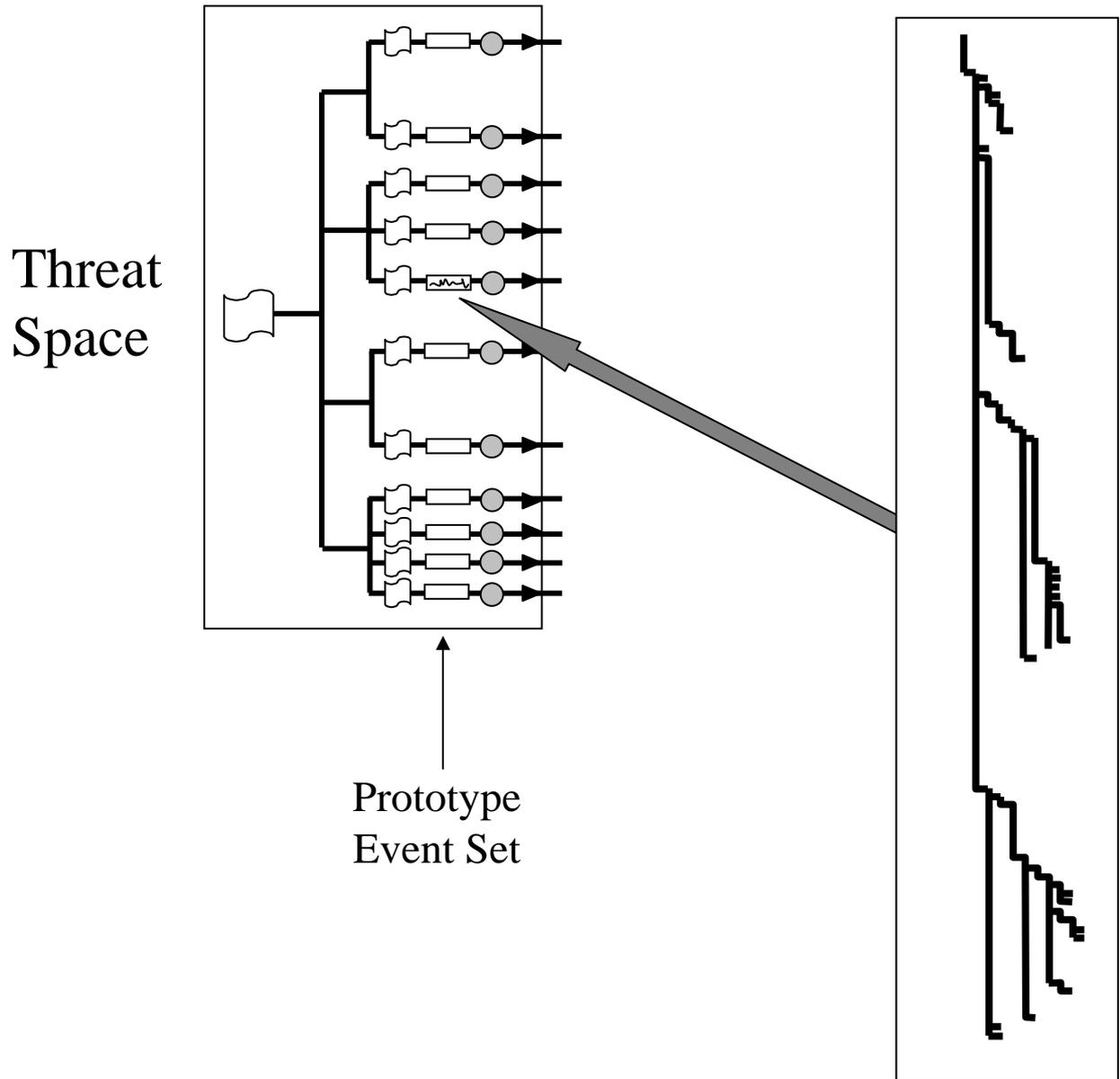


# Threat Event Model

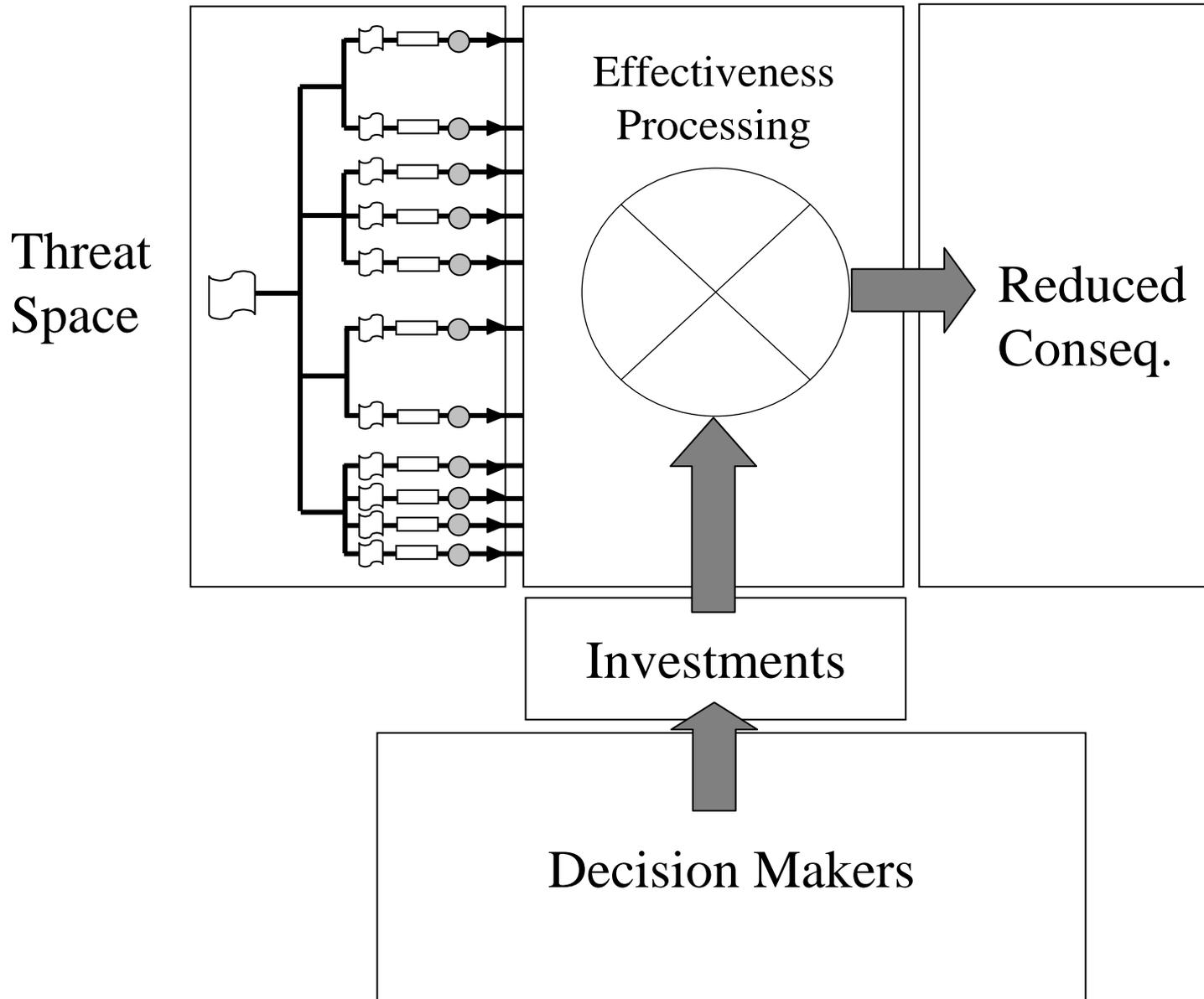
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Event  
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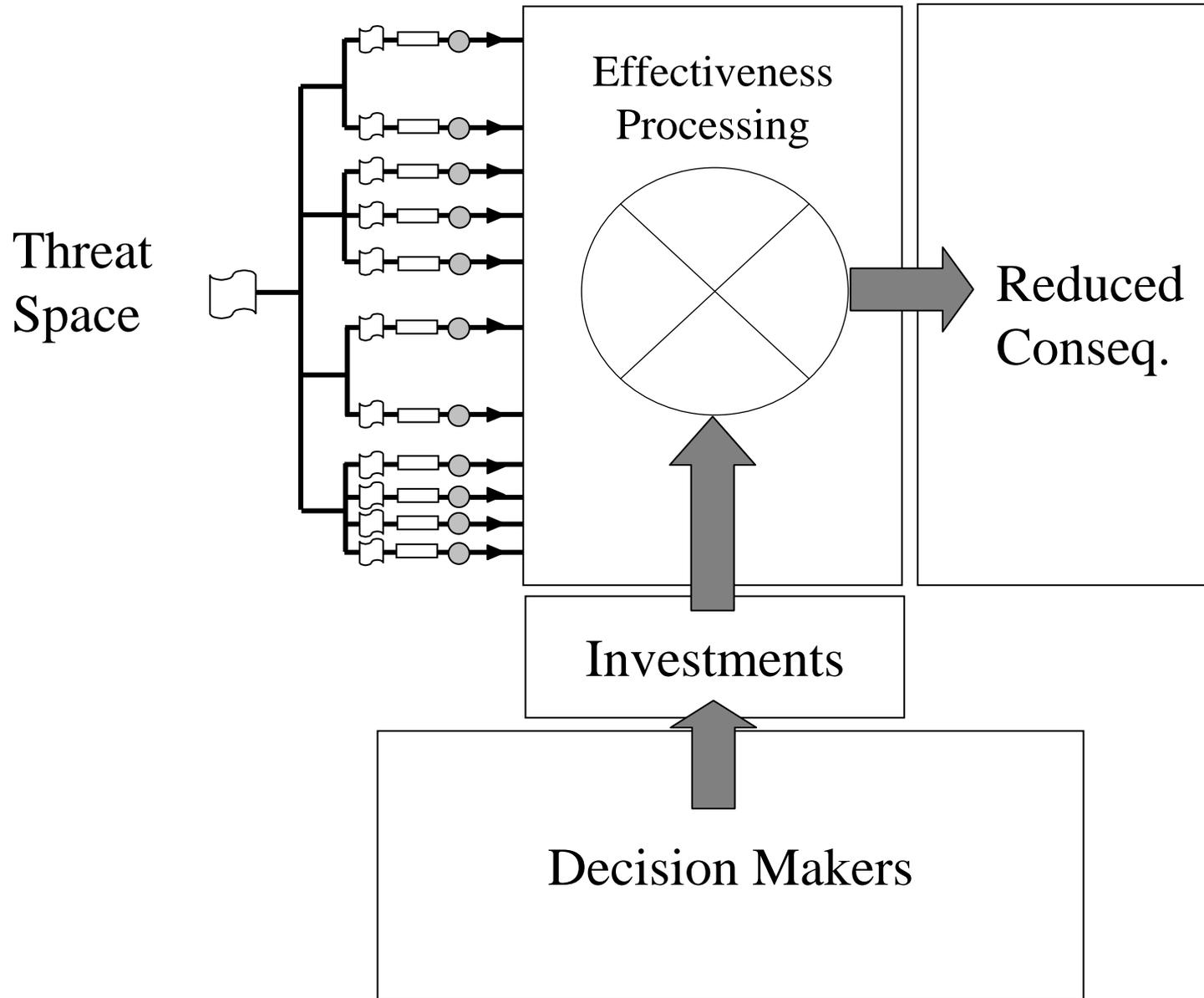
# Threat Event Model



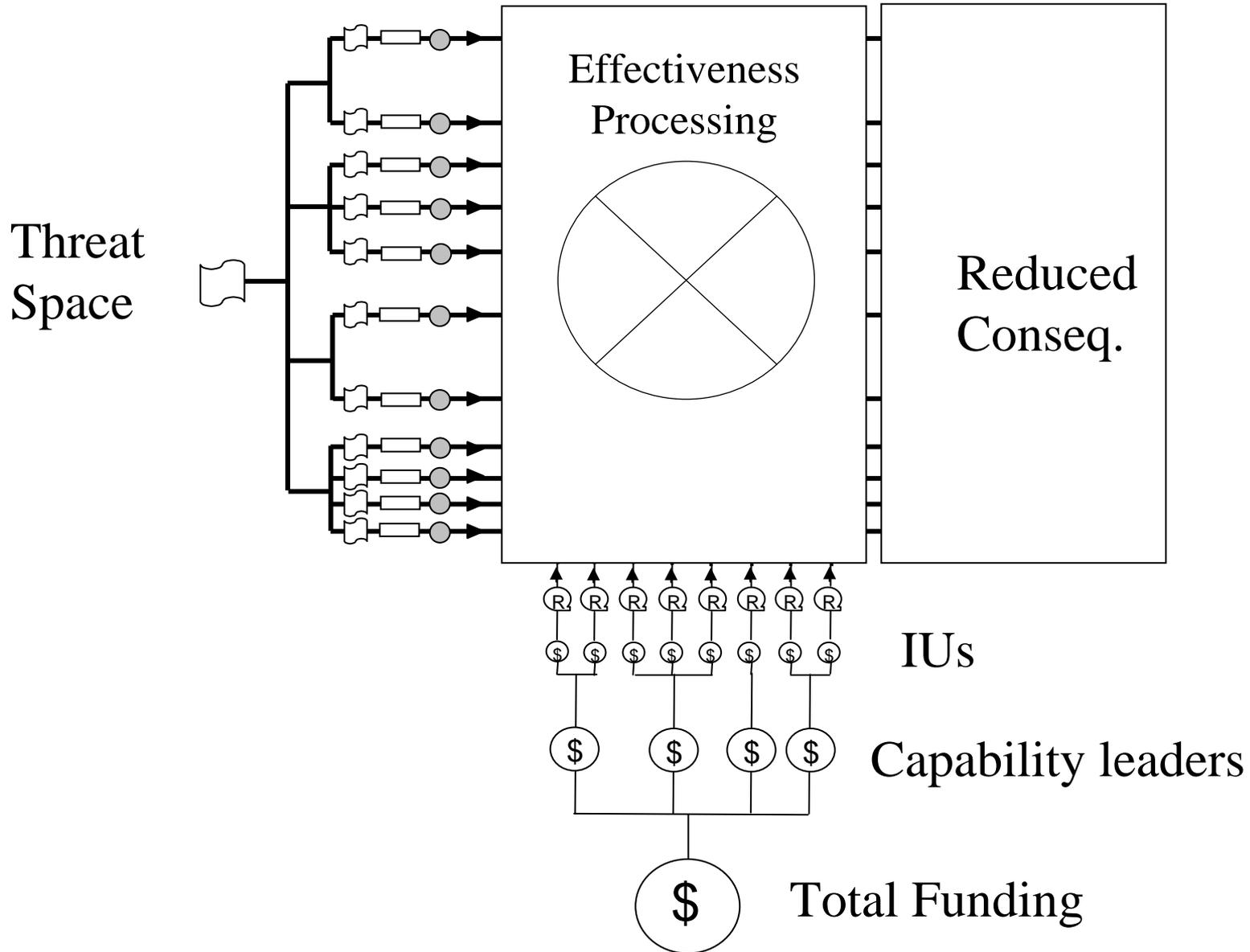
# Architecture



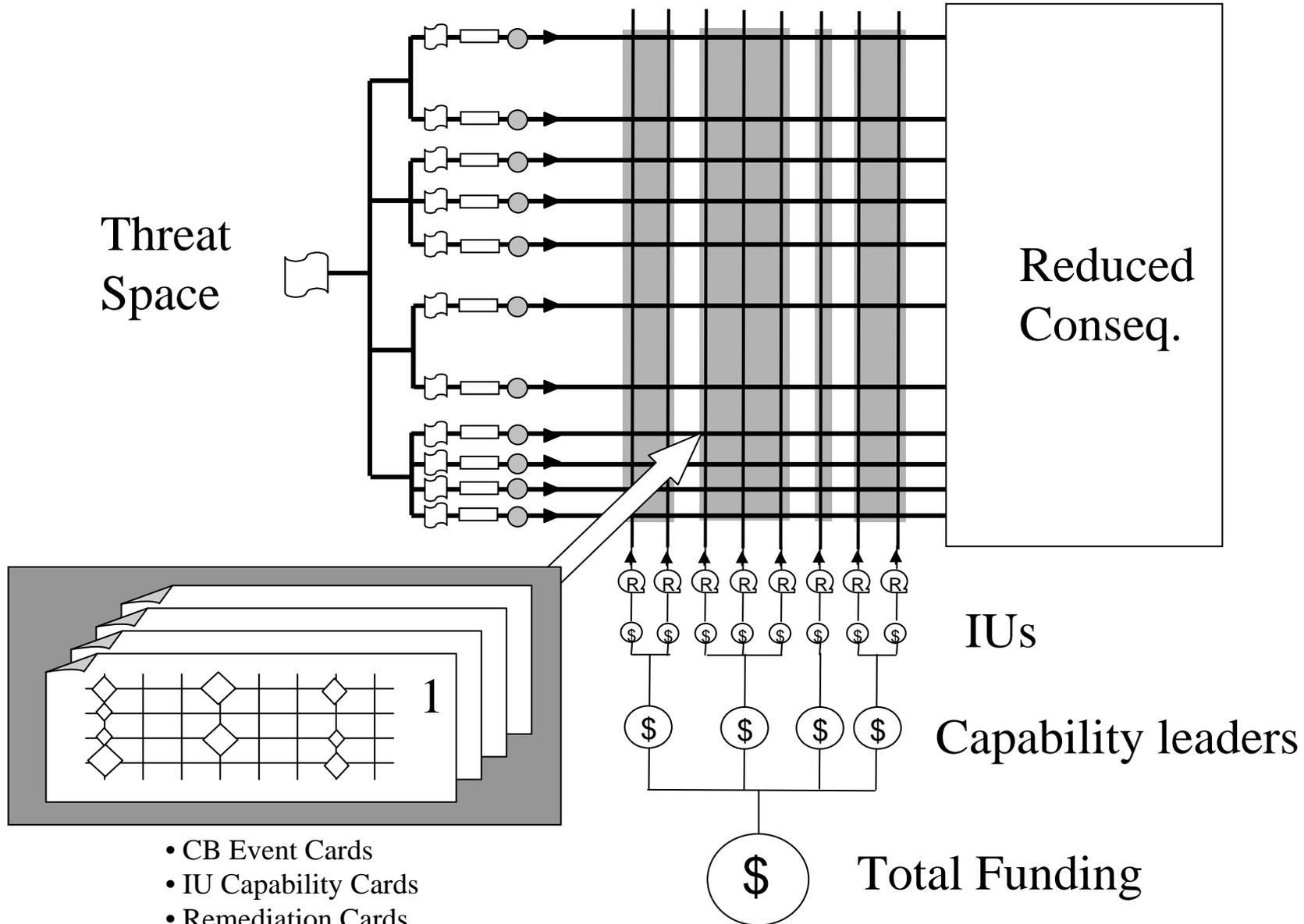
# Decision Makers and Investments



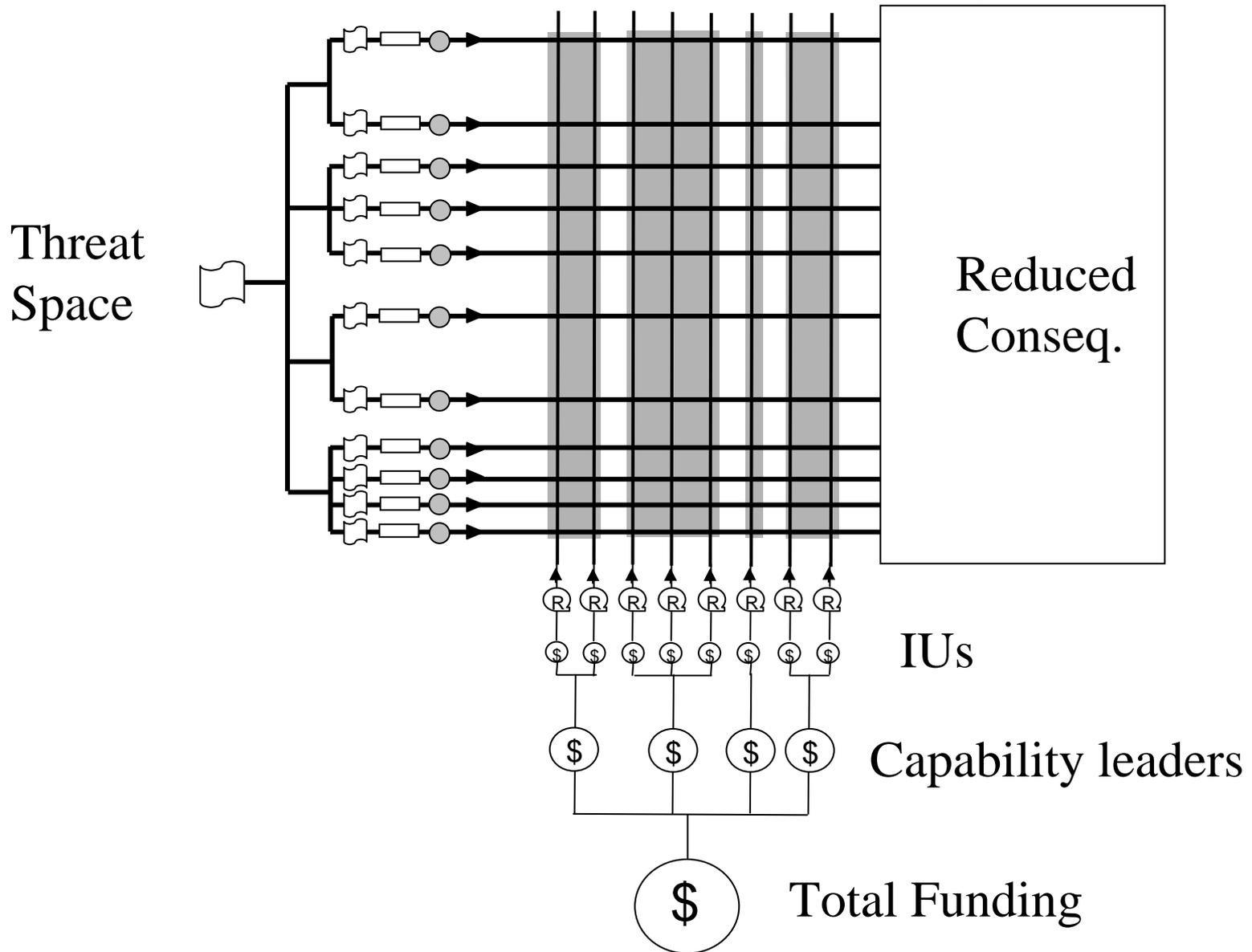
# Capability leaders and Effectiveness



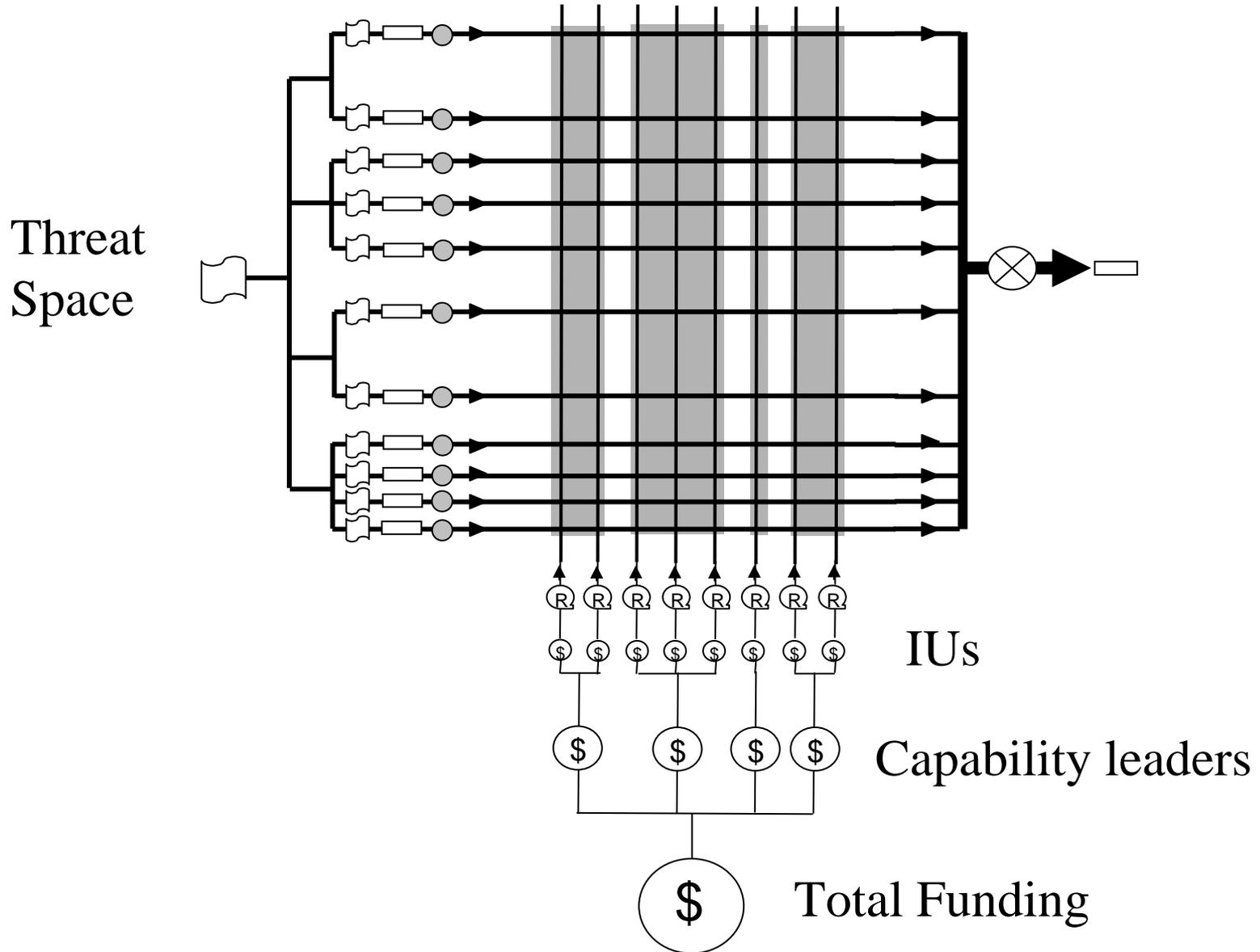
# Capability Experts and Setup



# Models & Analysis



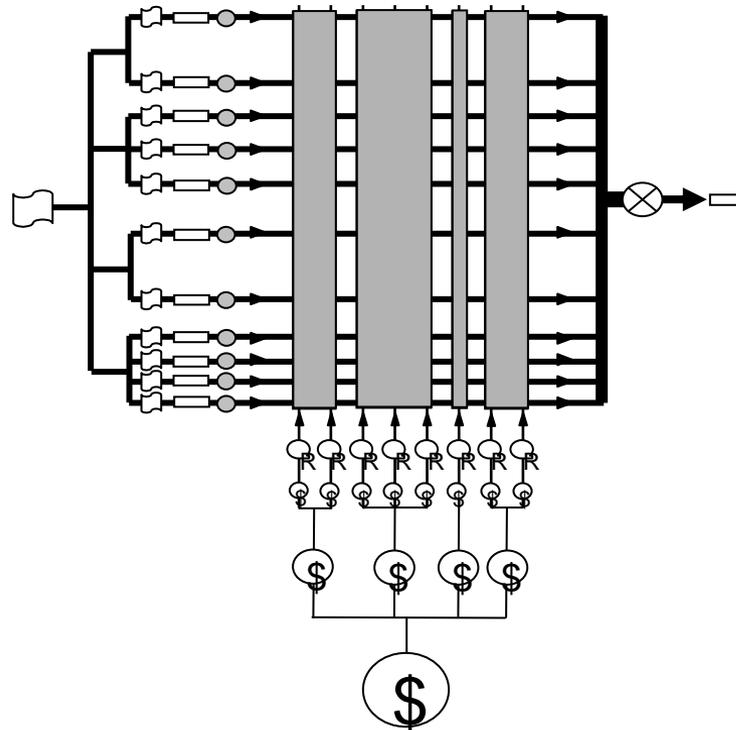
# Models & Analysis



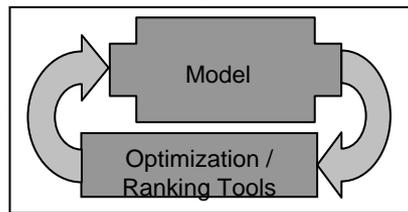
# MIDST Analysis Components

- Interpolation
  - Intelligent and Classical Interpolation based on inputs (*Nonlinear interpolation*)
- Data Fusion
  - Fuzzy, probabilistic and other fusion techniques (*Average*)
- Expected consequences
  - Possibility/Probability means of computing expectations (*Likelihood expectation*)
- Optimization and Ranking
  - Multi-objective optimization (*GA*, SA and RM)
  - Rank ordering using fuzzy integrals (*Choquet* and others)
- Sensitivity/Credit analysis
  - Sensitivity of portfolio
  - Credit analysis (scenario exclusion analysis, IU exclusion analysis)

# Optimization Loop



Tree  
Likelihoods {○○○}  
Remediations {R R}  
Total budget (\$)



(C, \$, ..., \$)  
(C, \$, ..., \$)  
(C, \$, ..., \$)  
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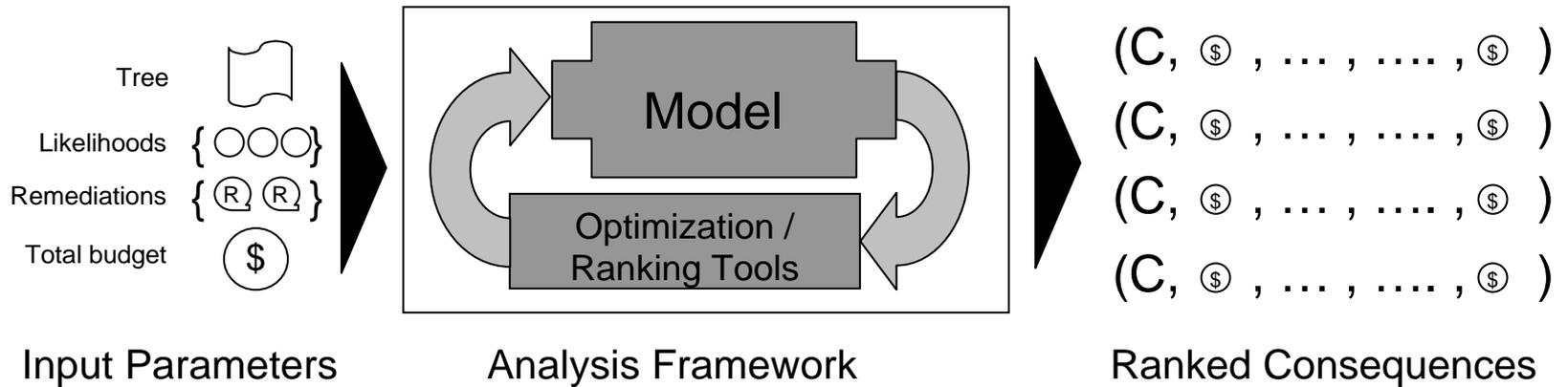
Input Parameters

Analysis Framework

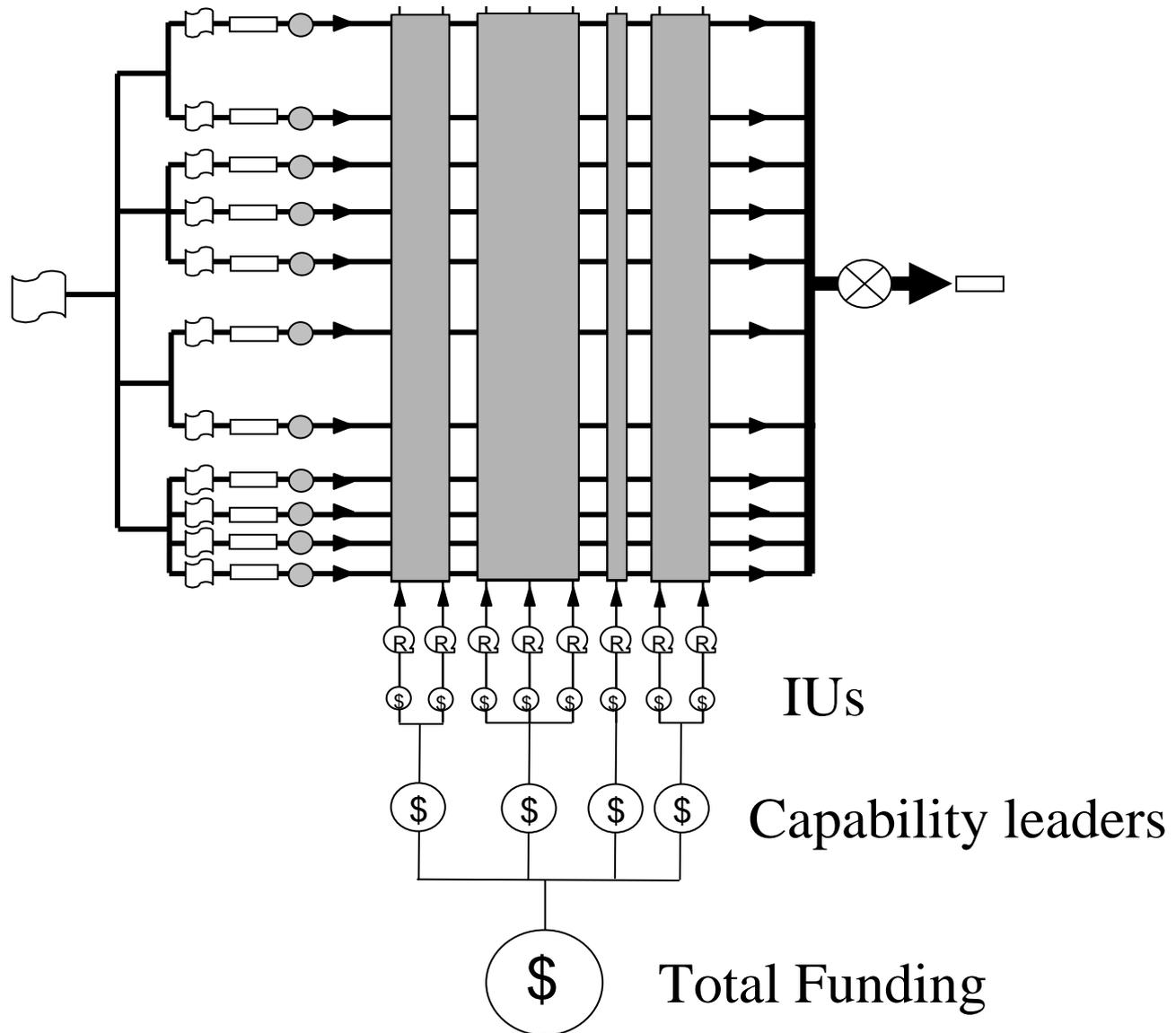
Ranked Consequences 22

# Optimization

Allocation of funds to minimize expected consequences



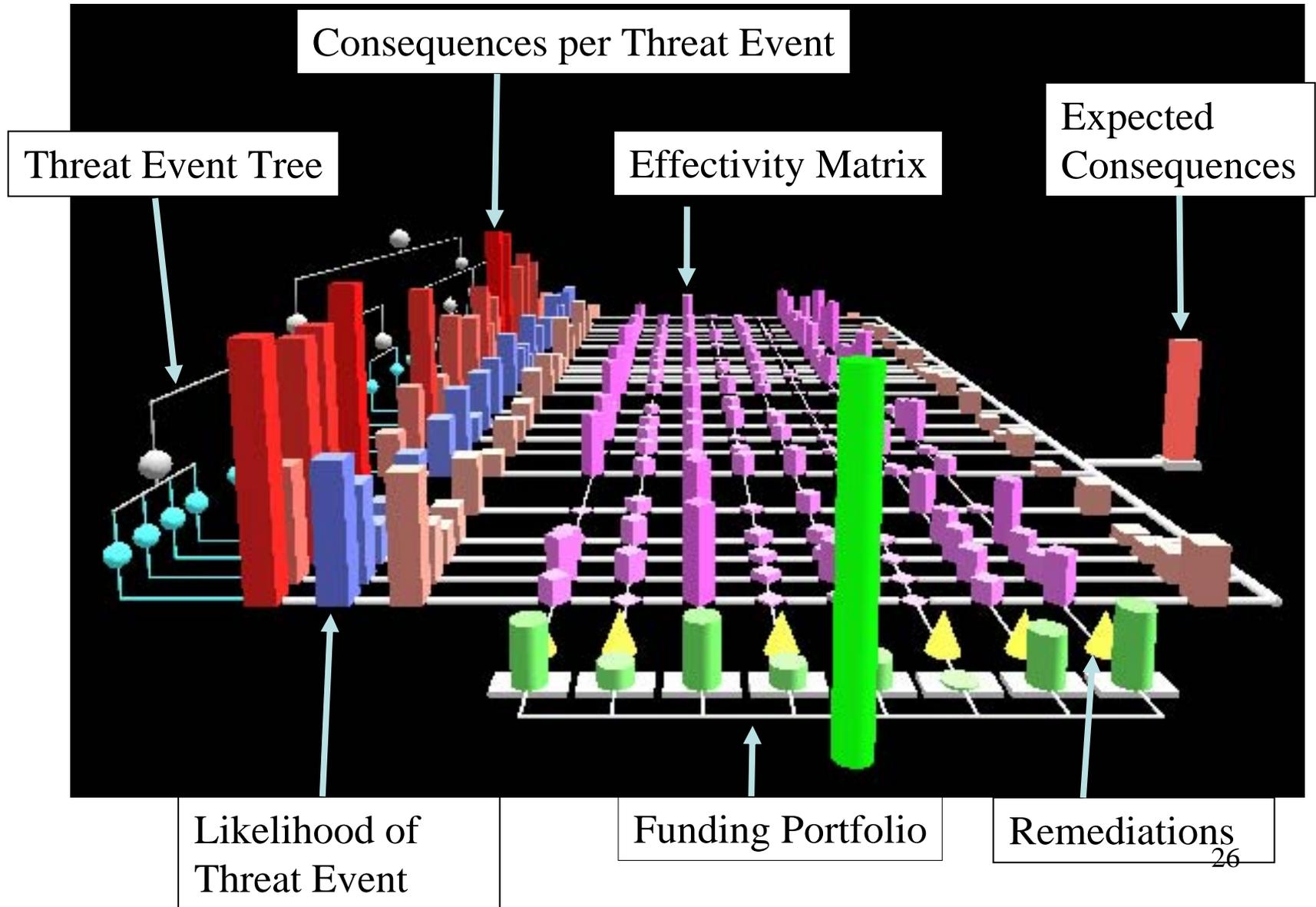
# System Architecture



# MIDST Visualization Features

- Complete visibility into computational model
- Multi-sensorial approach increases comprehension
- Consequence-flow metaphor
- Real-time user adjustable parameters
- Multi-resolution to manage complexity
- Drill-down for more details
- Animation of calculations and optimization
- Sensitivity and Credit analysis

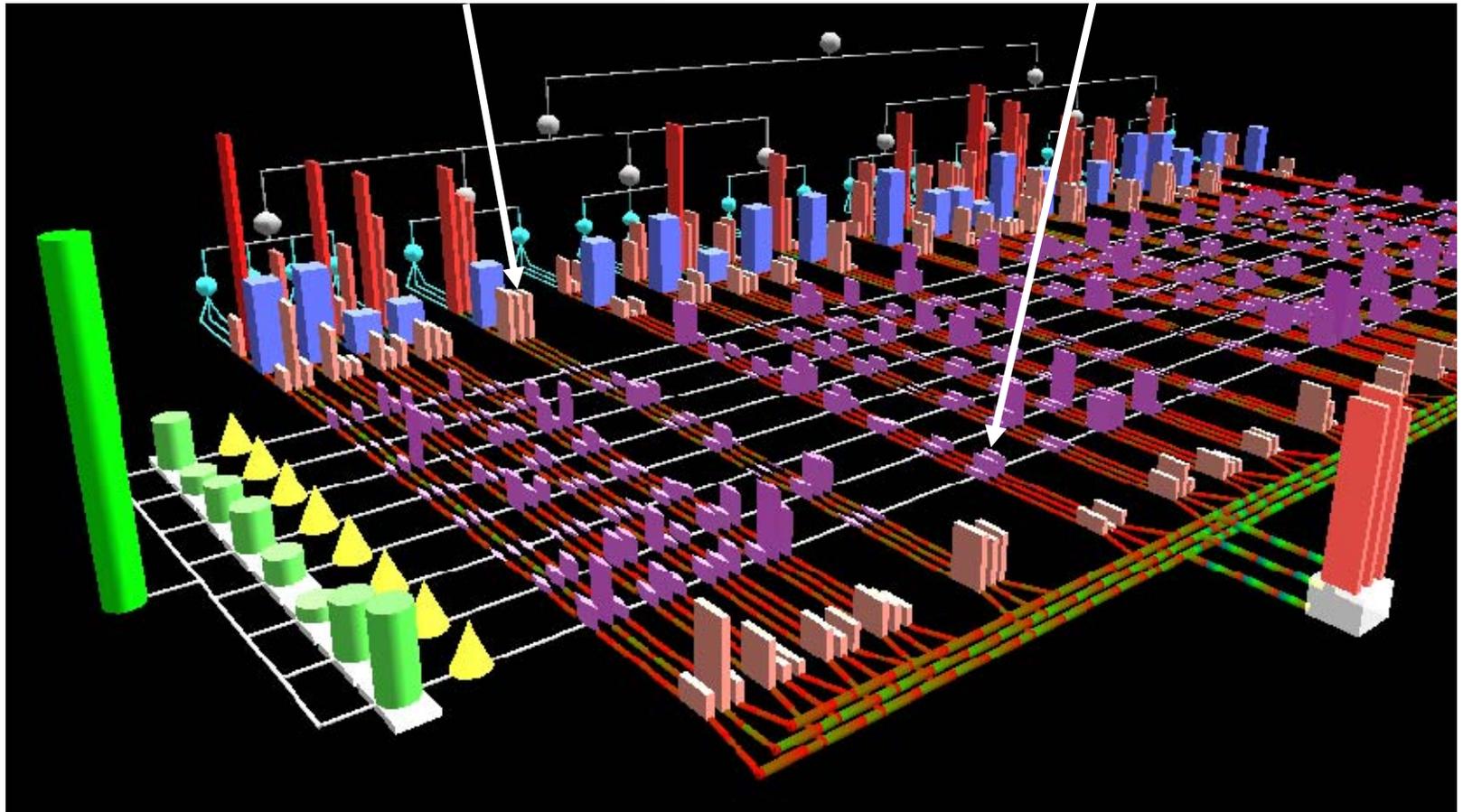
# 1<sup>st</sup> Generation Visualization of MIDST



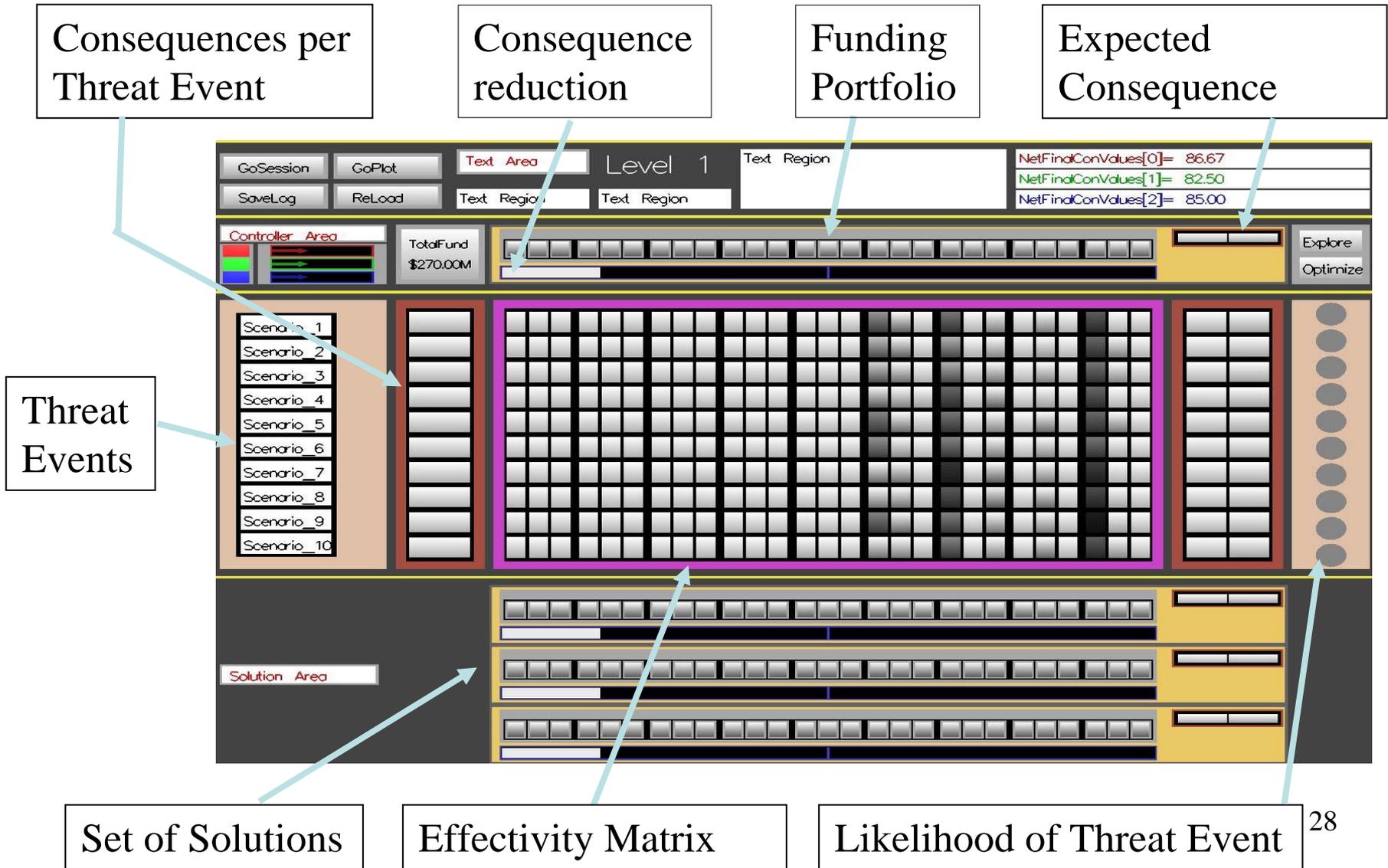
# Visualization of MIDST Architecture

Multicomponent consequences

Multicomponent effectivities



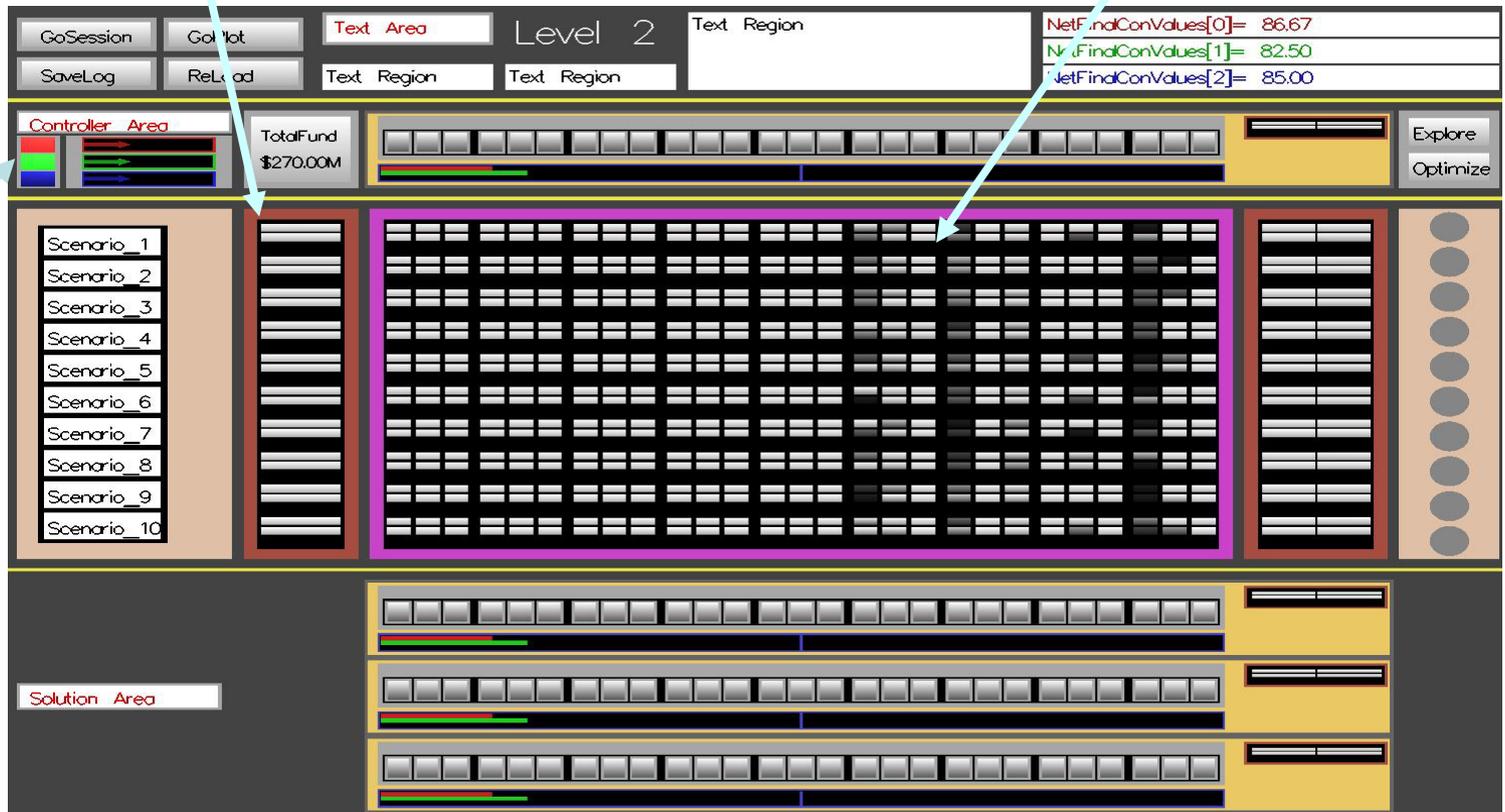
# 2<sup>nd</sup> Visualization Model of MIDST



# Visualization of MIDST Architecture

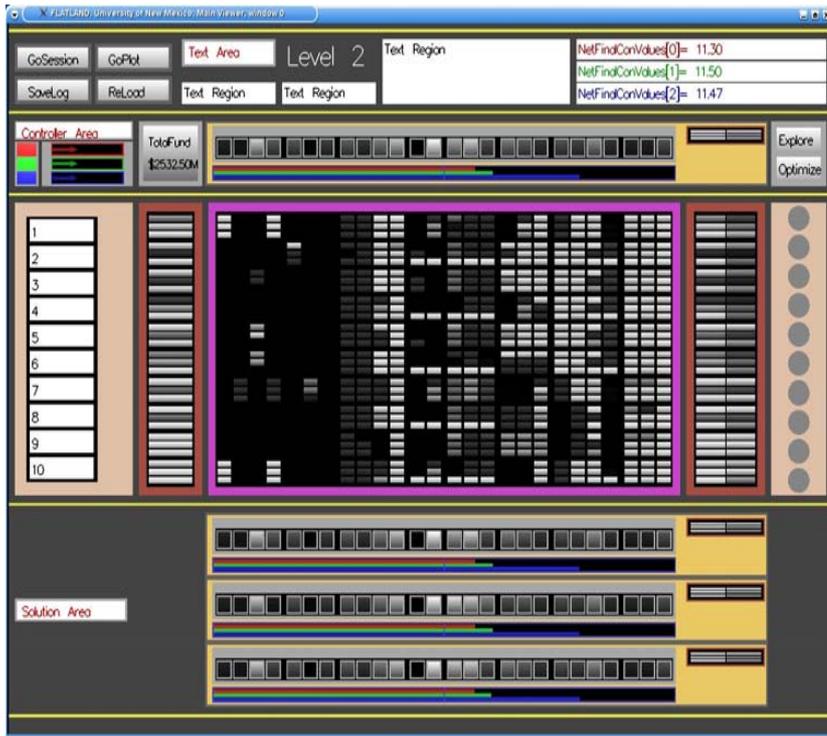
Multi-component consequences

Multi-component effectiveness

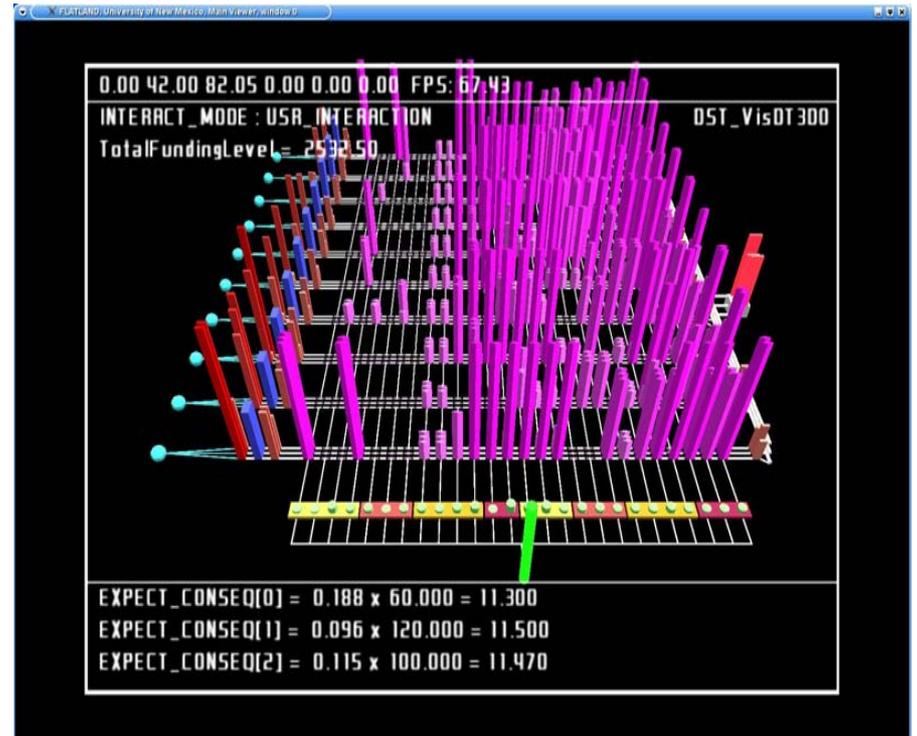


Component buttons

# Visualization with real data



2D version



3D version

# Conclusions

- MIDST that meets the Goals
  - Analytic and algorithmic framework
  - Feasible system architecture
  - Exercises utilizing MIDST analysis
- MIDST further refinement
  - Music and sound
  - Transition between 2D and 3D versions.
  - More drill-down details.

# Acknowledgements

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Thank you !