2007 Global Demilitarization Symposium & Exhibition

Destruction of Old Chemical Bombs using DAVINCH[™] at Kanda, Japan





Yutaka INADA, Katsuo KUROSE, Takashi WASHIDA



Operations at Kanda

Chemical Bombs from WW2 on the sea bed in Kanda Port

Locate Suspicious OCWs
Recovery of OCWs
Destruction of OCWs



Location of Destruction Facility and Work Area



Overall Schedule



Old Chemical Bombs Destructed at Kanda, Japan

Phase 1 (2004) 57 bombs

Phase 2 (2005) 538 bombs

Phase 3 (2006) 659 bombs

total 1,254 bombs

Old Chemical Weapons recovered from Kanda Port







50kg Yellow Bomb (2.3kg of High Explosive, 18 L of CA)

<u>15kg Red Bomb</u> (1.3kg of High Explosive , 368 g of CA)

Characteristics of Old Chemical Weapons recovered from Kanda Port

① Contain As,

- 2 Heavily deteriorated, deformed and corroded,
- ③ Covered with shellfish

	Chemical Agent	Explosive
Yellow Bombs	Mustard + Lewisite	Picric Acid + TNT
Red Bombs	DA, DC (similar to Clark I, II)	Picric Acid + TNT

Work Procedure at Kanda



Locate Suspicious OCWs (High Accuracy Magnetometer Detection)







Magnetic Anomaly Map

Magnetometer Detection Probe



Data Recorder



Detection Operation

Uncovering / Recovery of OCWs









①Uncover objects

2 Take X-rayed picture in the sea







③Put into a cylinder

(4)Recovery

Schematic Flow of Kanda Chemical Weapons Destruction Facility



DAVINCHTM

Detonation of Ammunition in Vacuum Integrated Chamber



Structural Characteristics

- Double-Shelled Cylinders (Outer & Inner Cylinders)
- Multi-layered Outer Cylinder (Pressurized container) Sequential Detonation
- Removable Inner Cylinder (Can be replaced if it is damaged)

Operational Characteristics

- Detonation in Vacuum
- Emulsion explosive as donor charge
- Implosion Process

Performance Characteristic • High-DRE only by detonation

Double walled structure with removable inner chamber

Inner chamber

Sacrificial chamber against fragments



Outer chamber High-pressure vessel against impulsive pressure

Multi-layered Outer Chamber



$\mathsf{DAVINCH}^{\mathsf{TM}}$ in operation



Remote Operation

Examination & Improvement

- Longer Chamber
- Minimize Amount of Explosives
- Improve Setting Method of Bombs
- Trace Arsenic Behavior
- Data acquisition of pressure, strain, composition of off-gas for further improvement
- Cleansing Shot
- Application of Cold Plasma

Cold Plasma

- Compact
- High efficiency burning
- Low power requirement
- Rapid start-up



Cold Plasma GlidArc Operating Principle





Thank you !

Hope we can be of service to you!!

a slide with my contact information

Name:Yutaka InadaPhone Number:+81-(0)78-261-7042Company:Kobe Steel Ltd.E-mail:y.inada@engnet.kobelco.co.jpinada.yutaka1@kobelco.com