



Systems Engineering Analysis to Improve Concept Development of Complex Defense Systems

Michael Harper

Project Engineer, I2W SE

SPAWAR Systems Center Charleston

Dr. Jerrell Stracener

Systems Engineering Program Director

Southern Methodist University

Improving operational effectiveness through C⁴ISR common integrated solutions





Define the framework for an investigation to improve concept development of new-start and reengineering of complex defense systems and systems of systems.

Formulate Systems Engineering approaches through systemic analyses to provide feedback into future policy, guidance, education, and training updates for Concept Development environment, methodology, tools and skills to increasing effectiveness of SE in Concept Development.



Increasing System Complexity (SoS)

- -Network centric and extension of system applications are driving more integration
- -Functional and physical interfaces expanding in number and complexity
- -New approaches to testing balanced with modeling and simulation must match new system of systems requirements

Experienced but Aging Work Force

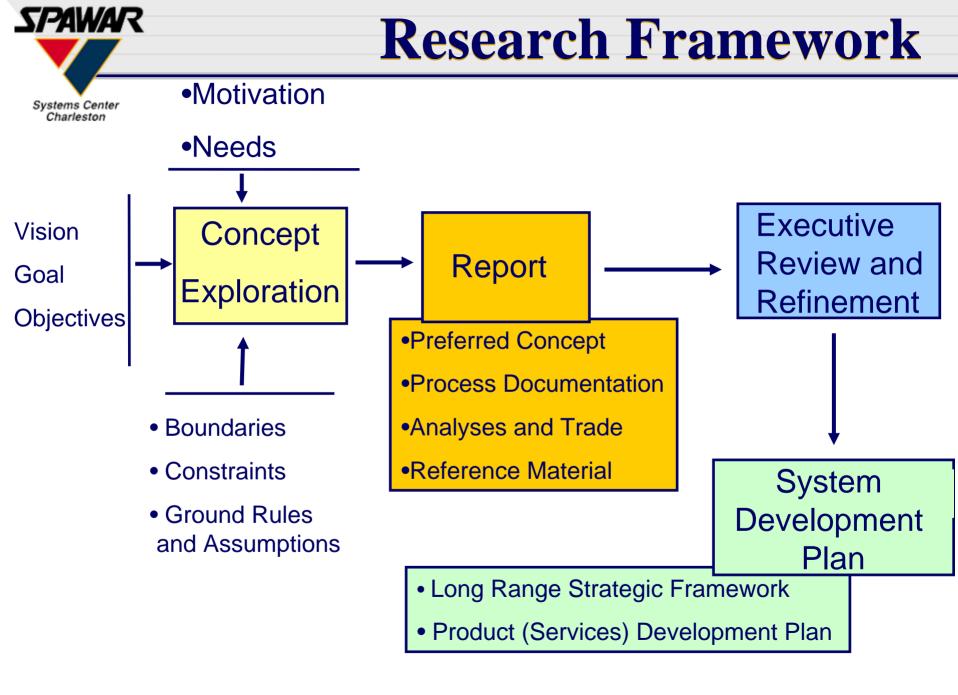
Not sufficient Systems Engineering education, research and training resources to meet needs

Issue	Single System	System of System
Constituents	All known and visible	Changing, potentially unknown
		May not know is part of SoS
Purpose	Predetermined by system owner and conveyed to constituents	Continuously evolving, cooperatively determined, may or may not be known by systems participating in SoS
Control	Hierarchically structured	No control in SoS
Requirements	Defined and managed by System Owner	Often required to anticipate how system will be used
Ownership	Pieces developed are owned, maintained, and evolved by owner	Independently owned, developed, maintained, and evolved
Boundaries	Closed with clearly defined boundaries	In general, unbounded and part of a larger SoS
Visibility Smith, et al. SEI, 2006	All aspects seen, understood and controlled	Components and process aspects beyond control and visibility of developers, users, and owners



- Develop a framework for identification of overlap, gaps and needs based on current and evolving DoD program acquisition policies and regulations
 - -Identified to determine improvement candidates
- Specific focus directed at earlier "real" consideration of critical elements
 - -Reliability, Availability, Logistics (sustainment), Security and Disaster Tolerance

Directed at Aerospace / Defense / Security sectors



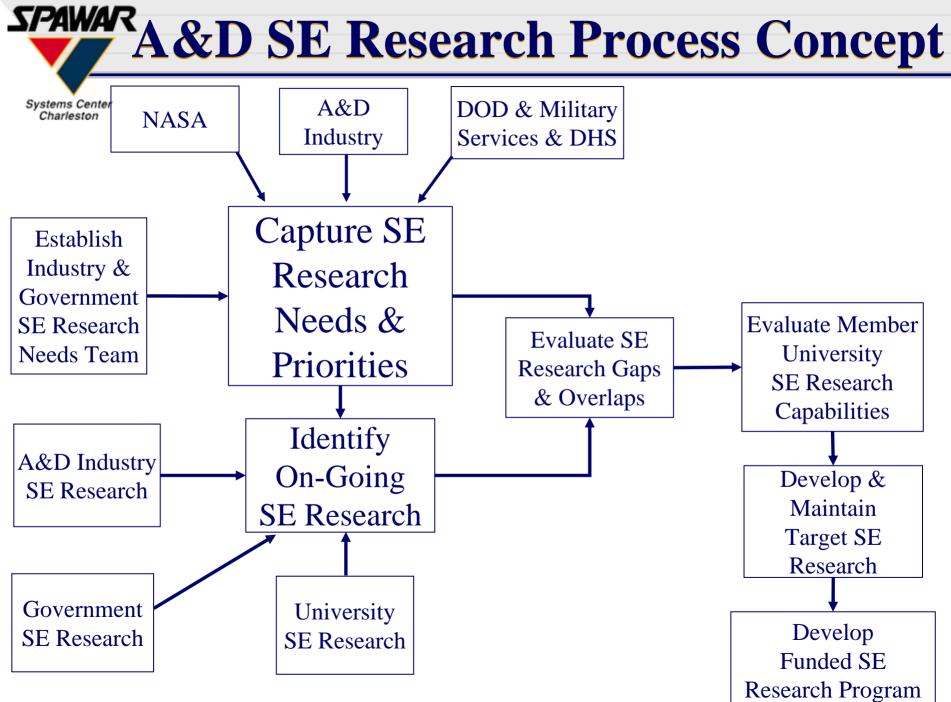


Specific tasks necessary to evolve the framework

-Industry and government needs capture and assessment

Methodology

- -Identification and analysis of capabilities
- -Analysis for gaps and overlaps with respect to needs
- -Explore and define alternatives for needs response
- -Evaluate and refine alternates to evolve preferred concept
- -Strawman research framework development plan





Critical elements identified for engineering of complex defense systems

- -SoS Critical Element Reliability and Availability
- -SoS Disaster Tolerance
- -SoS Security
- -Culture and Infrastructure

SPAWAR Critical Element SoS Reliability and Availability

Metrics

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- -Mean Time between SoS maintenance and support
- -Expected Failure free SoS operation time: MTBF
- -SoS Mission Success Probability
- -Probability of SoS being ready for use

Features that determine SoS

- Likelihood of being ready for use / mission success probability
- -Life cycle cost in terms of product and customer support

Consequences not considering R&A as critical SoS elements

SPAWAR Critical Element SoS Disaster Tolerance

SoS Disaster

- -Catastrophic Failure in System A can Result due to Missing Requirement in System B
- -Disaster Tolerant Driven Requirements Definition MUST OCCUR at SoS Level

Enormous SoS Complexity Necessitates

- -High-level, Manageable SoS Model with "What-if" Analysis Capability (SysML?)
- -Simple, Robust Injection of Failure Models in Component SoS Systems
- -Capability to Ensure DT in Presence of Failure Model



Ensuring access and functional security difficult for single component

Exponentially more difficult for SoS

- Internet-based access architecture
- Shortened development and deployment cycles
- Integration complexity
- Costly and time-consuming

Model-Based Security Testing

- SysML models for security testing
 - Attack models
 - Verification vs. validation
 - Integration security?

Critical Element Culture and Infrastructure

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Characteristics of DoD and Corporate Culture

- Identify cultural norms of enterprises (DoD and contractors)
- Understanding cultural norms wrt senior management decision making
- Influencing the growth of enterprise cultures

Leveraging DoD/ Contractor Infrastructures and IP

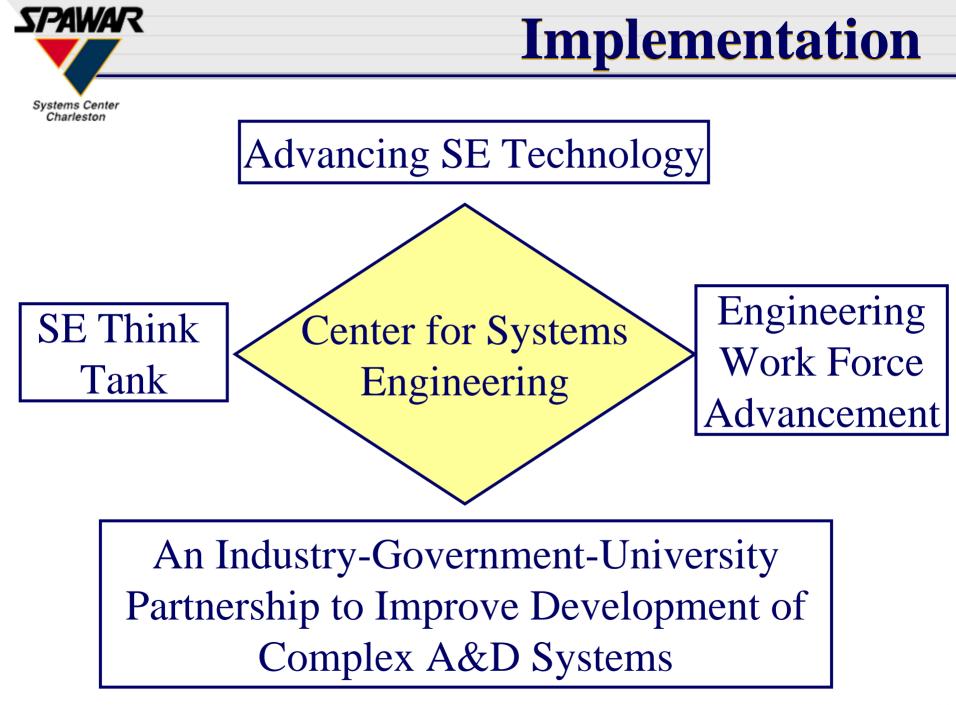
- Understanding competing DoD & contractor needs
- Leveraging/reuse of prior design to shorten development timelines (<u>set-based</u> <u>concurrent engineering</u>)

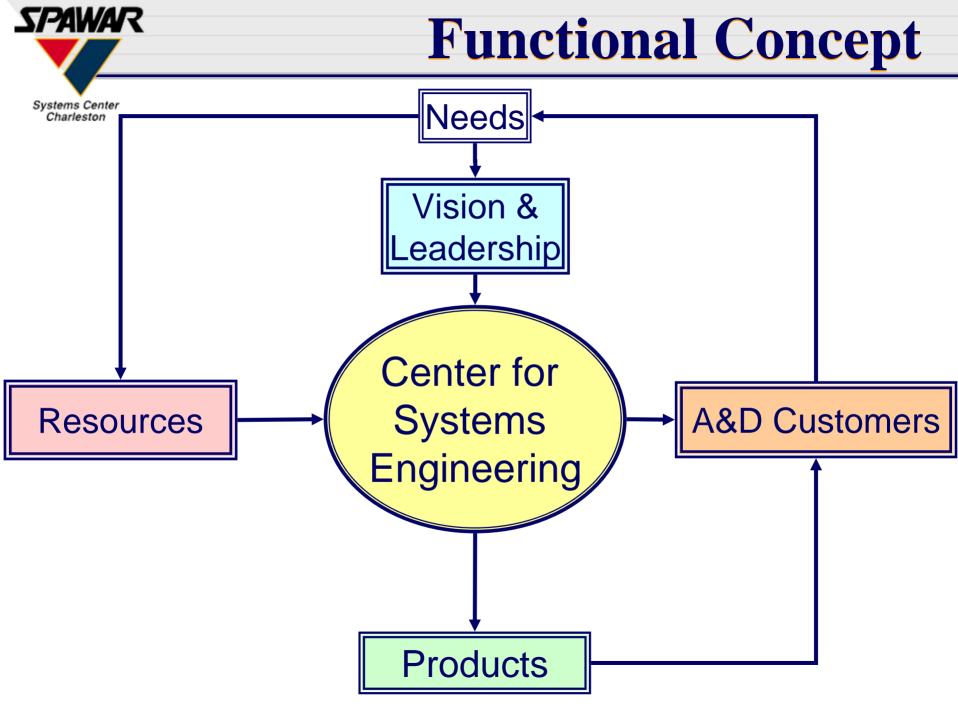
Role of Systems Engineering in Enterprise

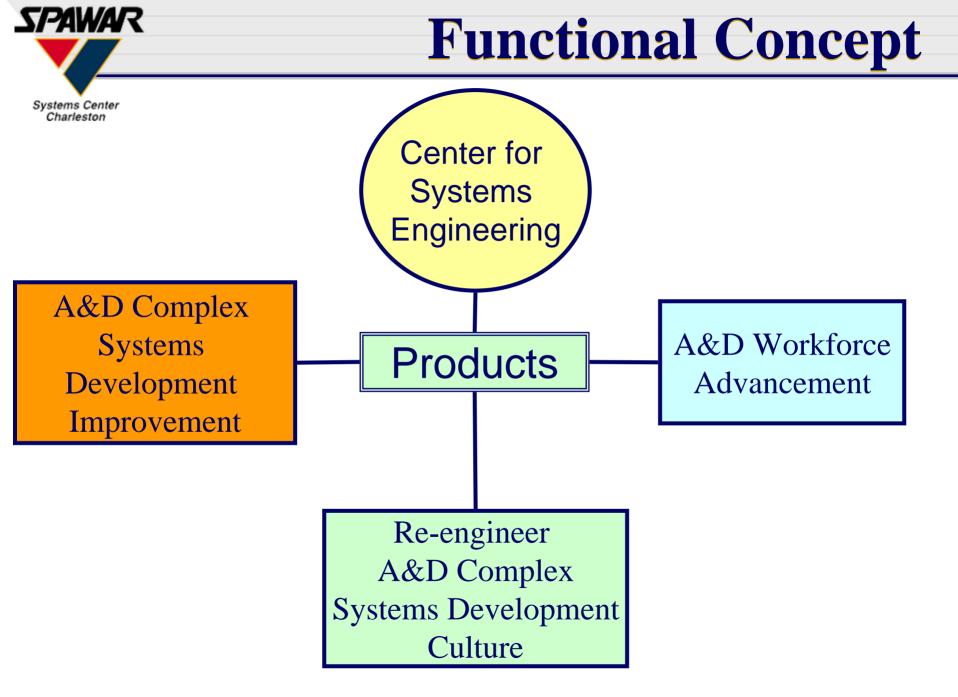
– Identification of SE role with respect to PM and senior management

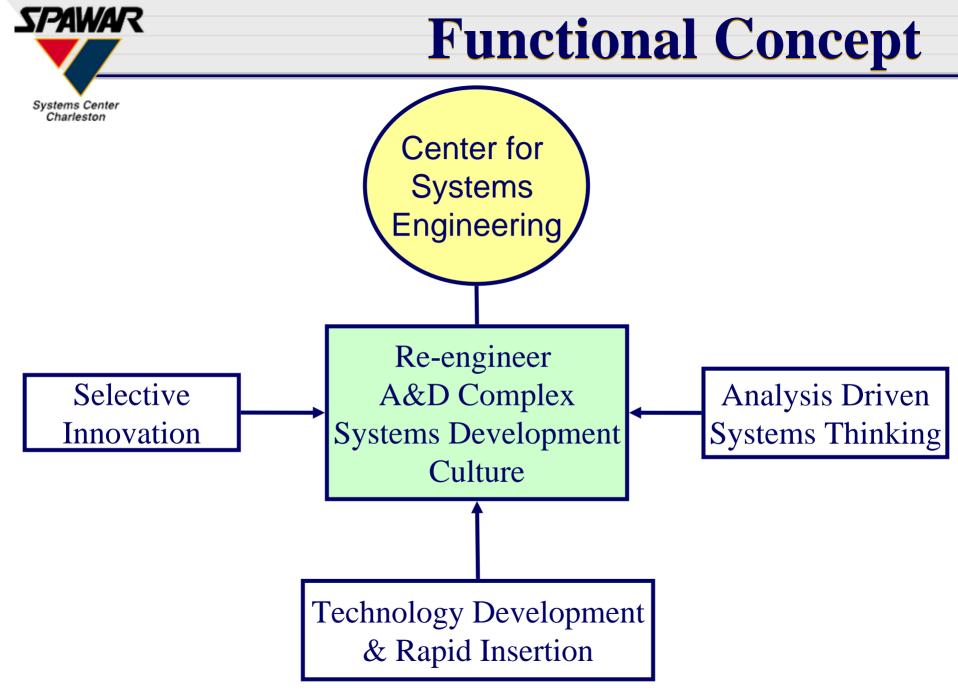
Role of Initiatives

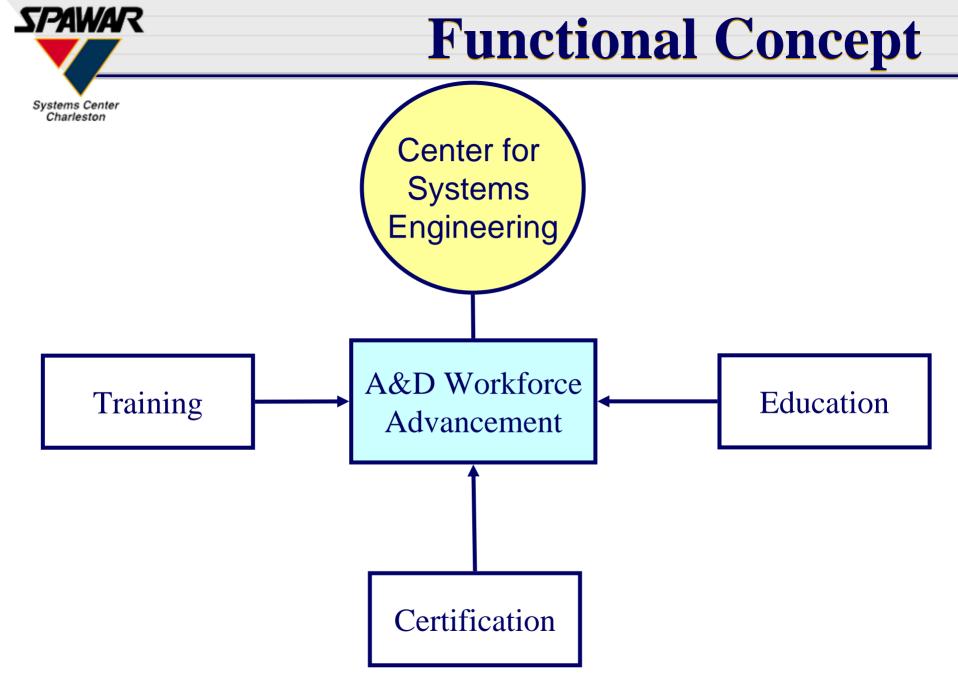
- CMMI (Effects on Corporate Culture)
- Lean, Six Sigma and Collective System Design

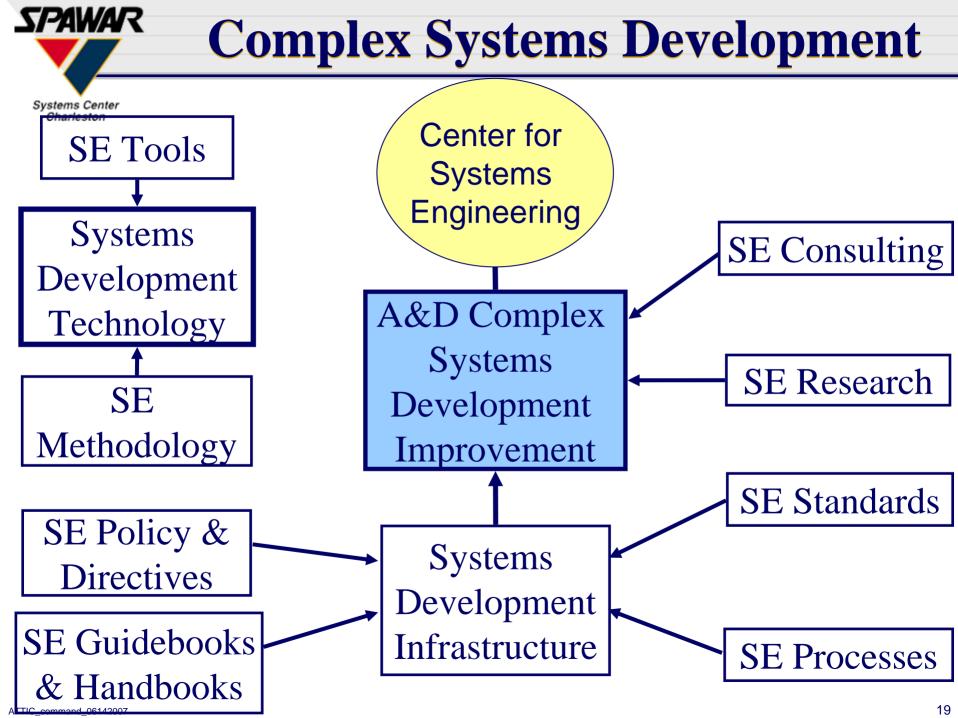


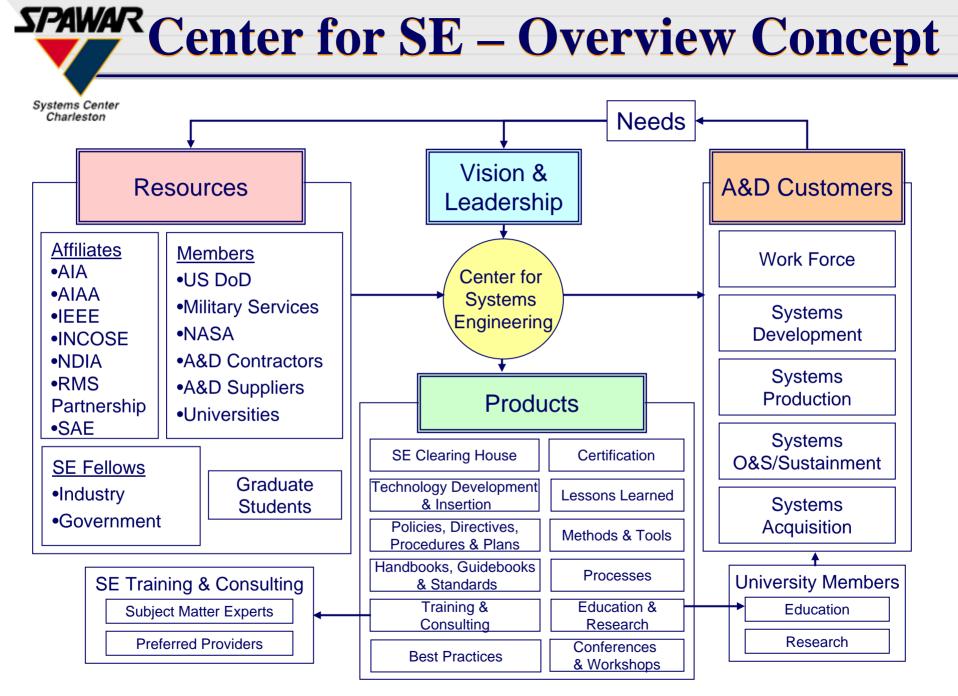














Summary

- •Vision, Goal and Plan Formulated
- •Research Initiatives Evolving
- •Key Meetings Planned
- •Team being Expanded Task Driven

Challenge is to focus resources on Concept Exploration & Definition – Not Detailed Design



Thank you!



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Questions?

