

A Strategy for Improved System Assurance

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Assurance Efforts Update

- Defense Industrial Base Information Assurance Policy Team Efforts
- System Assurance Working Group Efforts
 - Current Tasking
 - 6-bar construct
 - Progress

System Assurance Guidebook

- Intent
- Current Status and Way Ahead
- Program Protection Policy
- Software Assurance Initiative
 - Software Engineering Institute
- Overall Systems Assurance Progress Report



System Assurance

- We continue to be concerned with assurance of our critical DoD assets:
 - Critical information
 - Critical technologies
 - Critical systems

• Observations:

- Increasing numbers of network attacks (internal and external to DoD)
- Broader attack space

Trends that exacerbate our concerns:

- Globalization of our contracts, expanding the number of international participants in our system developments
- Complex contracting arrangements that further decrease transparency below prime, and visibility into individual components

These trends increase the opportunity for access to our critical assets, and for tampering

DIB IA Tiger Team Structure DIB CEOs IC DoD Interagency **Executive Committee (EXCOM)** SSG Membership: Defense Industrial Mission Assurance (MA) Base (DIB) • ASD(NII) • AT&I Academia • DC3 • USD(I) NSA ASD(HD) **DIBIA** • 8AF • OGC Senior Steering Group (SSG) • USA • DNI • DON DIB CIOs Action Team 2 **Action Team 5 Action Team 1 Action Team 3 Action Team 4 Reporting &** Damage **I&W Sharing Policy** Assessments Response Assessment Lead: NSA Lead: AT&L Lead: 8AF Lead: DC3 Lead: AT&L/Army

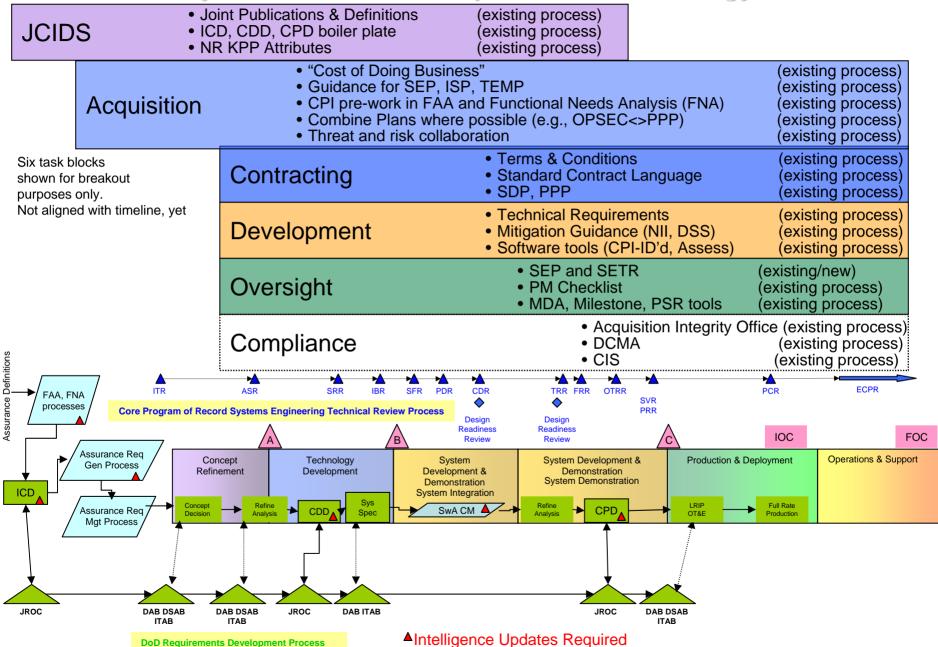
Matrixed participation by DoD and DIB representatives in all 5 Action Teams

System Assurance Working Group Update: 6-bar approach

Requirements	
Acquisition	
Contracting	
Development	
Oversight	
Compliance	

- "Holistic" approach, end-to-end spectrum to capture the most stakeholders
 - Note: Intelligence Stakeholder is embedded in and across all "bars"
- Concentrate on six areas of interest, which also happen to be logical grouping of discipline interest and existing policies
- Within each "bar", identify processes, policies to leverage for system assurance

Systems Assurance Implementation Strategy





Acquisition Path Forward

- Create a 'framework' to integrate multiple security disciplines and policies
 - Leverage 5200.39: expand CPI definition to include system assurance and total life cycle
- Use the Program Protection Plan (PPP) to identify CPI and address assurance for the program
 - Link plans (e.g., Anti-Tamper, Software Protection, System Engineering, Assurance Case)
- Modify Acquisition and System Engineering guidance to integrate system assurance across the lifecycle
 - Milestone Decision Authority visibility
 - Guidebook on Engineering for Assurance for program managers/engineers

Raise the bar:		
Awareness	- Knowledge of the supply chain	
	- Who has access to our critical assets	
Protection	 Protect critical assets through security practices 	7
	- Engineer our systems for assurance	



Current Systems Security Policies

Defense-In-Depth

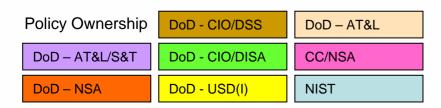
Intelligence

Supply Chain

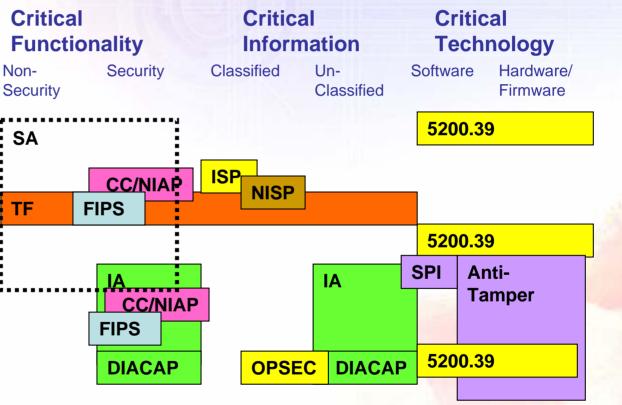
Engineering

Certification

Documented Plan



Component Protection Sought





Proposed Framework for Security Policies

Defense-In-Depth

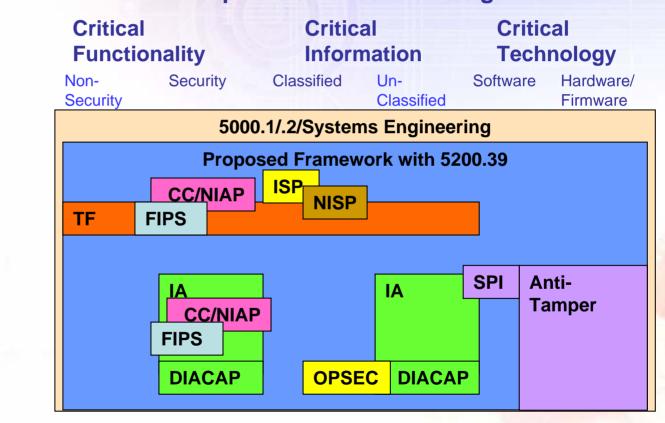
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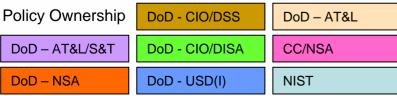
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Component Protection Sought

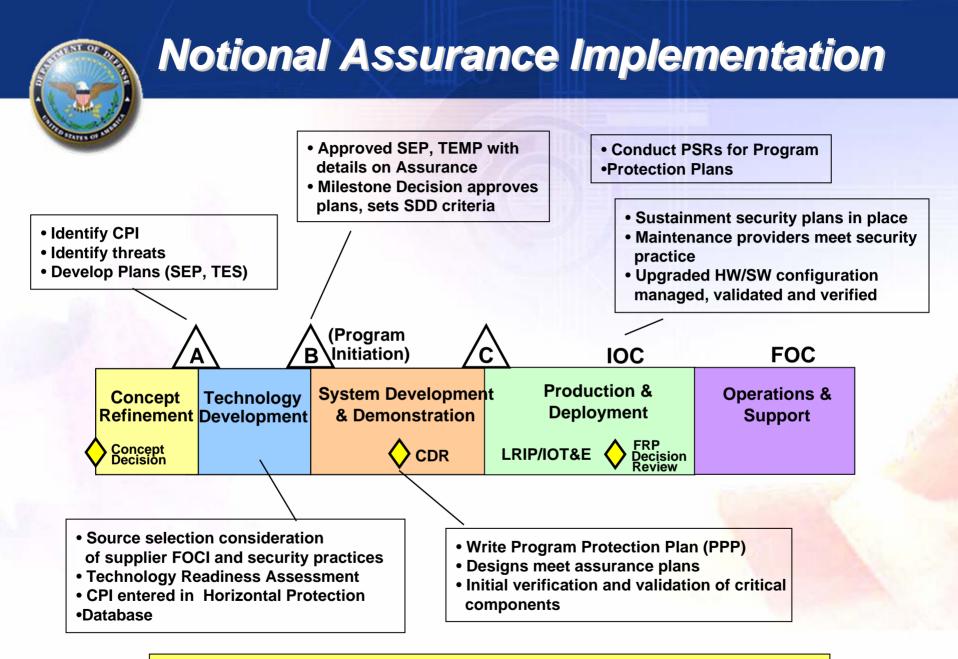




Critical Program Information

New Definition - Draft DoDI 5200.39:

- E3.6. Critical Program Information (CPI). Elements or components of an RDA program that if compromised, could cause significant degradation in mission effectiveness, shorten the expected combat-effective life of the system, reduce technological overmatch, significantly alter program direction, or enable an adversary to counter, copy, or reverse engineer the technology or capability.
- E3.6.1. Technologies become eligible for CPI selection when a DoD Agency or military component invests resources to demonstrate an application for the technology in an operational setting, or in support of a transition agreement with a Program Manager.
- E3.6.2. Includes information about applications, capabilities, processes, and end-items.
- E3.6.3. Includes elements or components critical to a military system or network mission effectiveness.



Total Lifecycle Approach to Assured Systems



Program Protection Plans

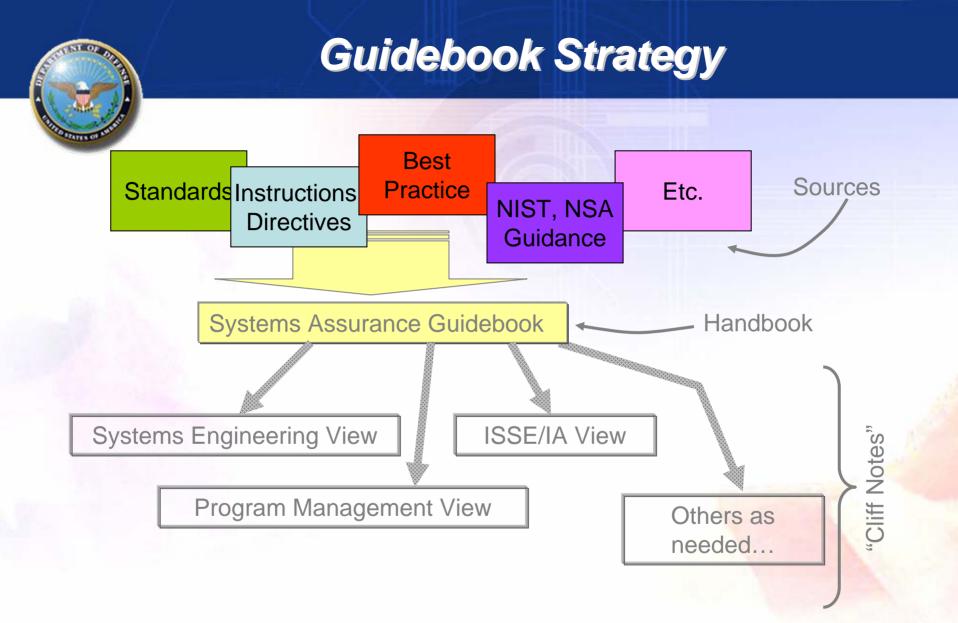
- Policy
 - Revised DoD 5200.39 policy
 - DoD 5000.2 Deliverable at MS B
- Guidance
 - DAG Chapter 4 and 8, modified to reflect policy changes
 - NDIA System Assurance Guidebook
 - Revised SEP and TEMP Guides
- Support
 - Develop on-site Training
 - Defining CPI consistent with new version of DODI 5200.39
 - Protecting CPI and documenting protection in PPP
 - Senior level support provided to assist programs in defining, implementing, and documenting protection of CPI in PPP

Development Path Forward -SA Guidebook

- Augments system engineering from documentation through engineering processes and technical reviews
 - Introduced as early as possible Where there is the greatest impact
 - Continue through the life cycle

• Consistent with international standard and current best practices

- E.g., Guidebook approach, presentation of process / procedure consistent with ISO/IEC 15288 standard for System Engineering
- Integrates consideration and leverages numerous existing program protection or security disciplines (e.g., IA, AT, SwA, SPI, PPP)
- Existing information security / assurance material is summarized, and leveraged by reference, not repeated
 - Enhanced vulnerability detection techniques
 - SwA Body of Knowledge
- Intent is to provide practical guidance on augmenting systems engineering practice for system assurance
 - Defines "Engineering-in-Depth"!



Future: Link to Acquisition Guidance, Evolve/Implement into training, education



Guidebook Construct

Table Of Contents

- <u>1. Introduction and Organization</u>
 - Definition of System Assurance
 - <u>1.1 Scope</u>
 - <u>1.2. Purpose</u>
 - <u>1.3 Audiences and Applications</u>
 - <u>1.4 Related Disciplines</u>
 - <u>1.5 Relationships of Policies, Standards and Efforts</u>
 - <u>1.6 Organization of Document</u>
- <u>2. Context of Systems Assurance</u>
- 3. Guidance (mapped to ISO/IEC 15288
 - <u>3.1 Agreement Process (ISO/IEC 15288 section 5.2)</u>
 - <u>3.2 Enterprise Process (ISO/IEC 15288 section 5.3)</u>
 - <u>3.3 Project Processes (ISO/IEC 15288 section 5.4.1)</u>
 - <u>3.4 Technical Processes (ISO/IEC 15288 section 5.5)</u>
- <u>4. Examples</u>
 - <u>4.1 Guidebook Implementation Examples</u>
 - <u>4.2 Assurance Case Development Example</u>
- <u>5. Documentation Examples</u>
- <u>6. Glossary & Acronyms</u>
- <u>7. Bibliography</u>

Contact us to participate in stakeholder review



Guidebook Construct con't

- Table Of Contents
 - Additional Material
 - Section A: Systems Assurance Concept and Methodology
 - <u>Section B: Correspondence with Existing Documentation,</u> <u>Standards efforts, etc.</u>
 - <u>Section C: Contacts in Communities of Interest and</u>
 <u>Practice</u>
 - Section D: Anti-Tamper
 - <u>Section E: Enterprise Processes</u>
 - <u>Section F: Technical Guidance Research & Development</u> (R&D)
 - Index

Contact us to participate in stakeholder review



Guidebook Status

- Stakeholder review Comments due 31 Oct 07
 - Request copy for comment <u>ATL-SSA@osd.mil</u>
- Comment adjudication and release by 31 Dec 07
 - Version 0.9 of the Guidebook, to be updated over time
- Pilots
 - Systems Assurance innovators and areas where comprehensive expertise in one or more relevant domains exists
 - Starting Summer, 2007
- Write specific stakeholder views
 - Focus: Derived from the Guidebook, "get the right content" (by audience)

Contact us to participate in stakeholder review



System Assurance Overall Progress Report



System Assurance Progress Report --a sampling of activities

Requirements - JCIDS

- Modify Joint Publications & Definitions to include SA
- Modify ICD, CDD, CPD boiler plate to incorporate SA
- CPI pre-work in FAA and Functional Needs Analysis (FNA)
- Modify NR KPP Attributes to address SA
- Develop text to discuss Systems Assurance within JCIDS documents
- ⊠ Sample boiler plate presented at SAWG meeting 7 June 2007

Acquisition – Program Protection Planning (PPP) Process

- Define process required to identify CPI components
- Submitted edits to DODI 5200.39 with definition of CPI to incorporate SA interests May 2007
- ☑ Drafted formal PPP review process slide set 18 May 2007
- ⊠ Conducted review of Component PPP processes, tools 1 Aug 2007
- ☑ Developed and submitted PPP process resource estimate 30 Aug 07
- □ Draft common PPP development process due October 2007

System Assurance Progress Report

Development - Guidance for SEP, ISP, TEMP

- ☑ Updated Systems Engineering Plan (SEP) Guide to include system assurance Aug 2007
- ⊠ Modified Defense Acquisition Guide (DAG) Chapter 4 on systems engineering
- □ Modifying DAG Chapter 8

Development - Guidebook

- ☑ NDIA Guidebook released to stakeholders 19 Sep 2007
- □ Adjudicate comments and release Version 0.9 31 Dec 2007

Oversight - SA Content for Program Support Reviews

- Define how programs should be assessed for compliance with systems assurance policy and guidance
- ☑ Developed guidance and questions May 2007
- ⊠ Conducted pilot assessment June 2007

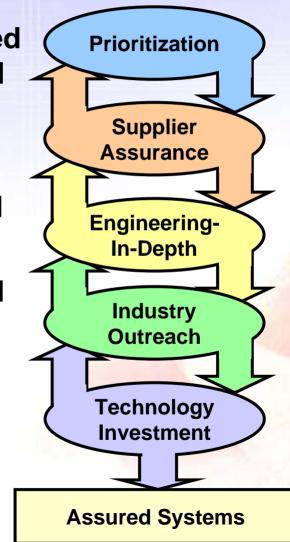
Intelligence Community collaboration

☑ Developed and submitted estimate of impact on CI resources to conduct threat assessments- May 2007
20



System Assurance: What does success look like?

- The requirement for assurance is allocated among the right systems and their critical components
- DoD understands its supply chain risks
- DoD systems are designed and sustained at a known level of assurance
- Commercial sector shares ownership and builds assured products
- Technology investment transforms the ability to detect and mitigate system vulnerabilities





Questions/Comments

UNCLASSIFIED

DoD Security Policies

- The DoD Acquisition System must develop secure weapon systems and must increase the security of the acquisition process itself.
- The purpose of secure warfighting systems and acquisition processes is to protect the DoD technology lead, develop warfighting systems that cannot be usurped or disabled, and ensure the secure flow of information during war and peacetime for its warfighting systems and corporate infrastructure.
- Primary policy concerned with securing the warfighting acquisition process and systems:
 - DODI 5200.39 Security, Intelligence, and Counterintelligence Support to Acquisition Program Protection

DoD Security Policies

- Countermeasures methods for protecting CPI
 - System Assurance (DAG Chapter 4 & 8, MIL-HDBK-1985 Secure System Design)
 - Classification (DODD 5200.1 Information Security Program, ISP)
 - Network security (DOD8500.01E Information Assurance)
 - Secure communications (C-5200.5 Communications Security)
 - Hardcopy document markings
 - Physical security (DODI 5200.08 Security of DoD Installations and Resources)
 - Operational security (DODD 5205.02 OPSEC)



Backup Slides

Top Software Issues*

- 1. The impact of requirements upon software is not consistently quantified and managed in development or sustainment.
- 2. Fundamental system engineering decisions are made without full participation of software engineering.
- 3. Software life-cycle planning and management by acquirers and suppliers is ineffective.
- 4. The quantity and quality of software engineering expertise is insufficient to meet the demands of government and the defense industry.
- 5. Traditional software verification techniques are costly and ineffective for dealing with the scale and complexity of modern systems.
- 6. There is a failure to assure correct, predictable, safe, secure execution of complex software in distributed environments.
- 7. Inadequate attention is given to total lifecycle issues for COTS/NDI impacts on lifecycle cost and risk.

*NDIA Top Software Issues Workshop August 2006



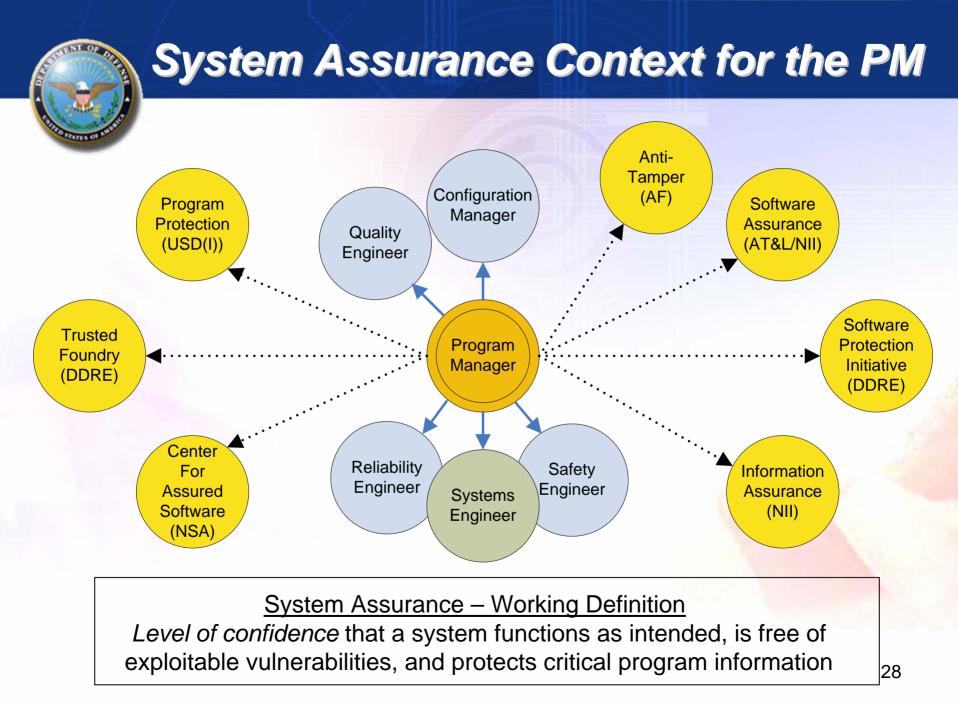
Fragmented Systems Security Policies

Each policy:

- Affects different parts of the life cycle
 - R&D, acquisition, foreign ownership
- Applies to a different subset of DoD systems
 - NSS, IT, MDA, ACAT 1C, etc.
- Assures different 'type' of components
 - information, leading technology, functionality
- Mandates a different set of defense tactics
 - intelligence, engineering, documented plan, certification & accreditation

- CC Common Criteria
- DIACAP DoD Certification & Accreditation
- FIPS Federal Information Processing Standards
- ITAR International Traffic in Arms Regulation
- IA Information Assurance
- ISP Information Security Program
- NIAP National Information Assurance Partnership
- NISP National Industrial Security Program
- **OPSEC Operational Security**
- 5200.39 DODD 5200.39 Security, Intelligence, and Counterintelligence Support to Acquisition Program Protection
- SA System Assurance
- SPI Software Protection Initiative
- TF Trusted Foundry

Current approach does not have systems-of-systems perspective



Consequences of Fragmented Systems Assurance Initiatives

- Lack of Coherent Direction for PMs, and others acquiring systems
 - Numerous, uncoordinated initiatives
 - Multiple constraints for PMs, sometimes conflicting
 - Loss of time and money and lack of focus on applying the most appropriate engineering for systems assurance for each system
- Synergy of Policy Multiple ownership
 - Failure to capitalize on common methods, instruction among initiatives
- DoD Risk Exposure
 - Lack of total life cycle view
 - Lack of a focal point to endorse system assurance, resolve issues, advocate PM attention
 - Lack of system-of-systems, architecture perspective on system assurance
 - Potential for gaps in systems assurance protection