



# ARNOLD ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT CENTER



## Improved Lethality Test Capabilities of the Arnold Engineering Development Center

Brian Roebuck

Aerospace Testing Alliance

Arnold Air Force Base,  
Tennessee



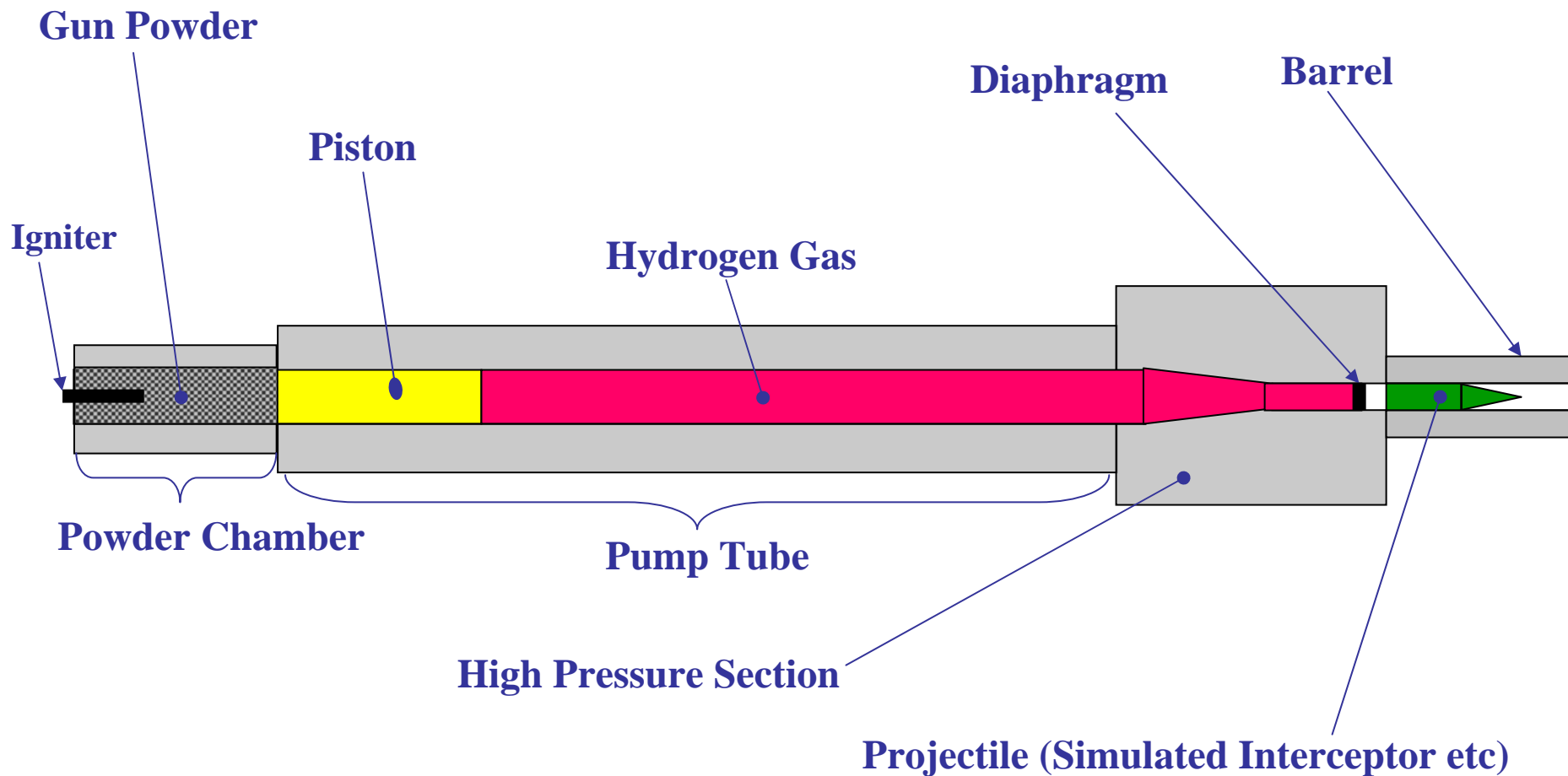
# ARNOLD ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT CENTER



This presentation is an overview of continuously improving impact lethality ground testing methods using the Range G two stage light gas gun facility and it's evolution into one of the premier ground test facilities for the Missile Defense Agency (**MDA**)

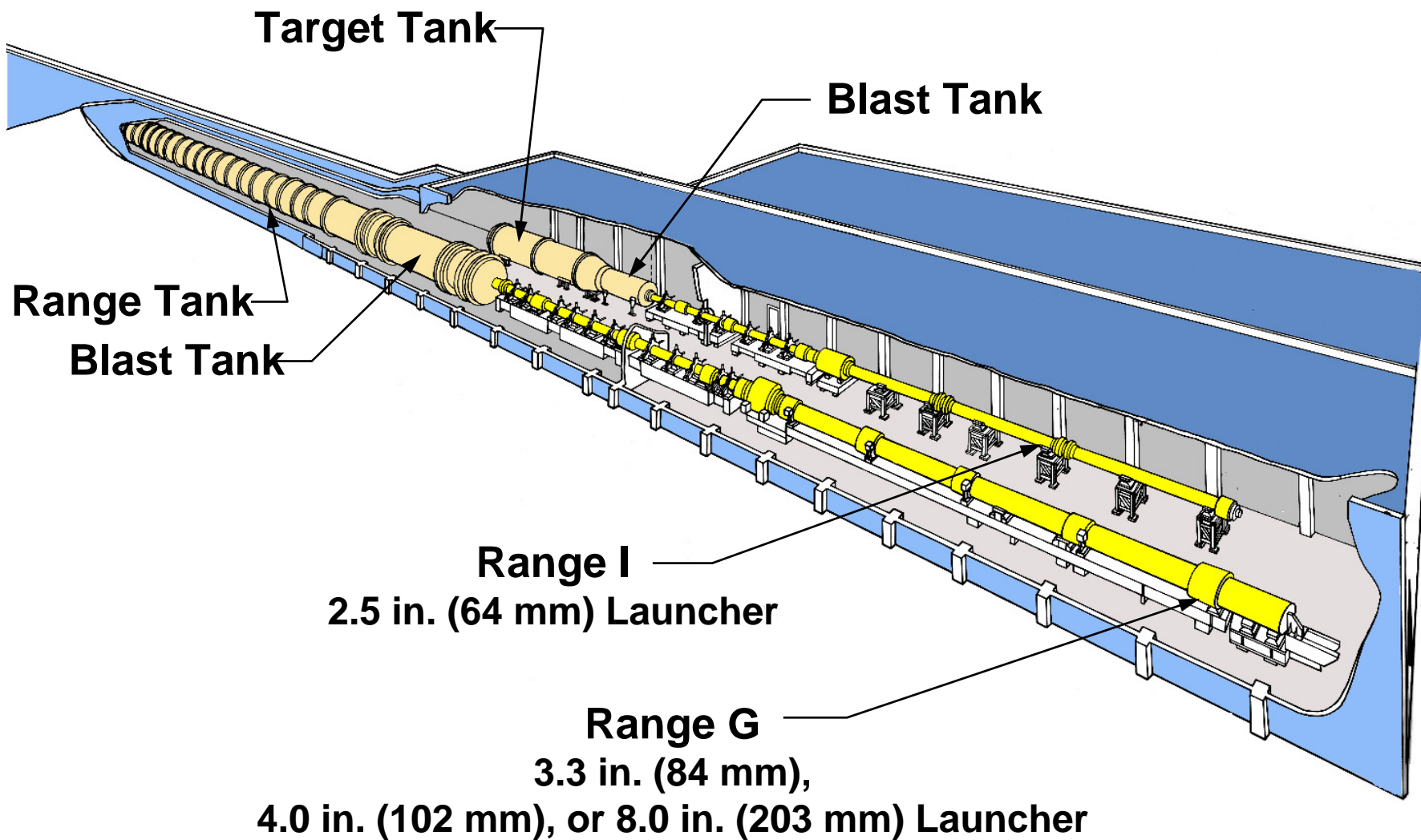


# TYPICAL TWO STAGE LIGHT GAS GUN OPERATION





# RANGE COMPLEX INCLUDING RANGE G AND RANGE I

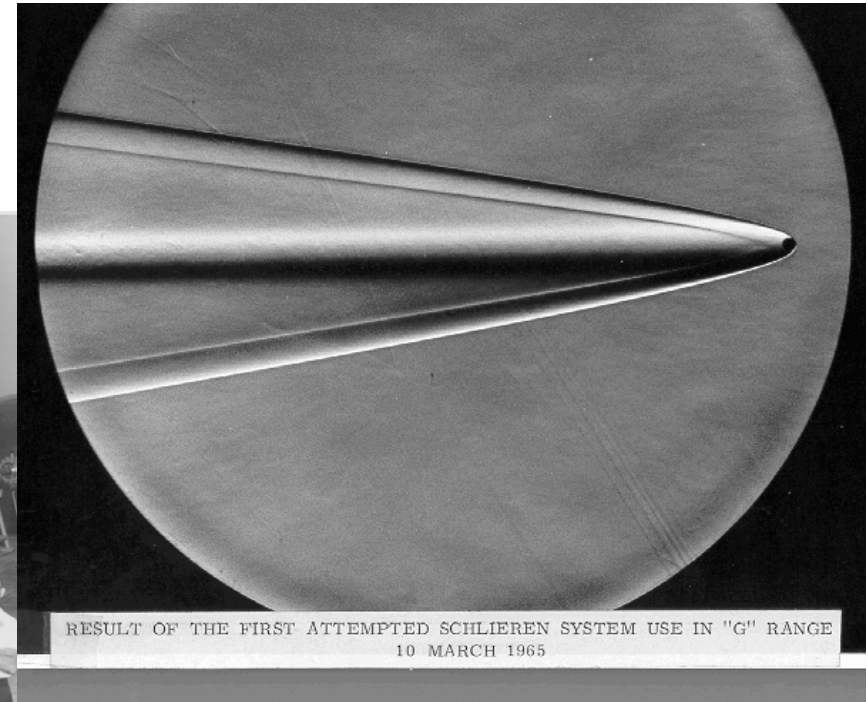




# A BRIEF HISTORY OF AEDC RANGE TEST TECHNIQUES – “The 60’s”



The original Range G 2.5 inch launcher and tank system was developed for high velocity Aeroballistic testing in the 1960s.



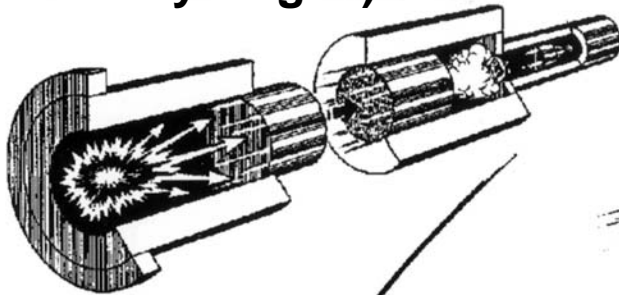
Free Flight Projectile  
Schlieren Image



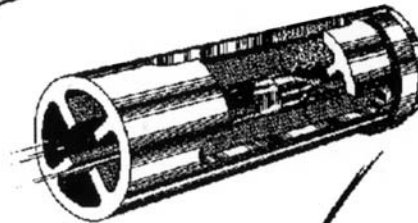
# UPGRADE RANGE G TRACK AND RECOVERY TUBE SYSTEM – “The 70’s”



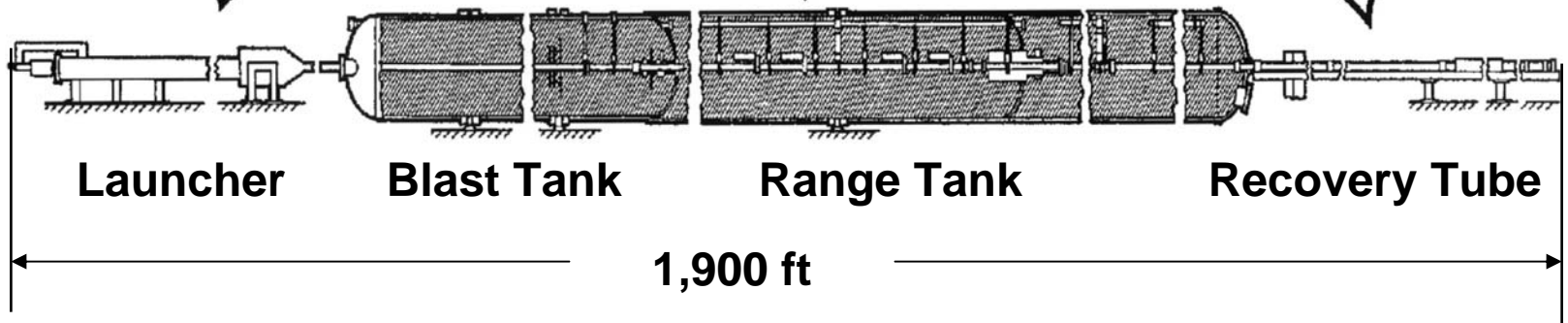
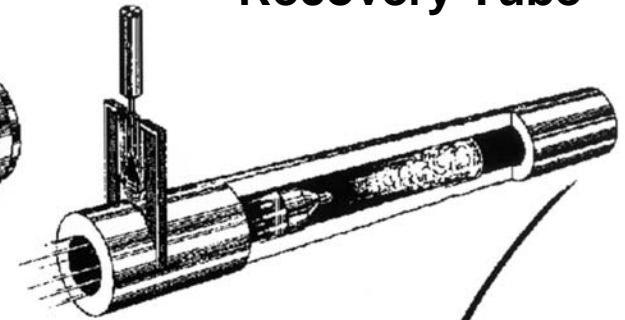
**Two-Stage Light-Gas Gun  
(Powder/Hydrogen)**



**Track Guidance  
System**

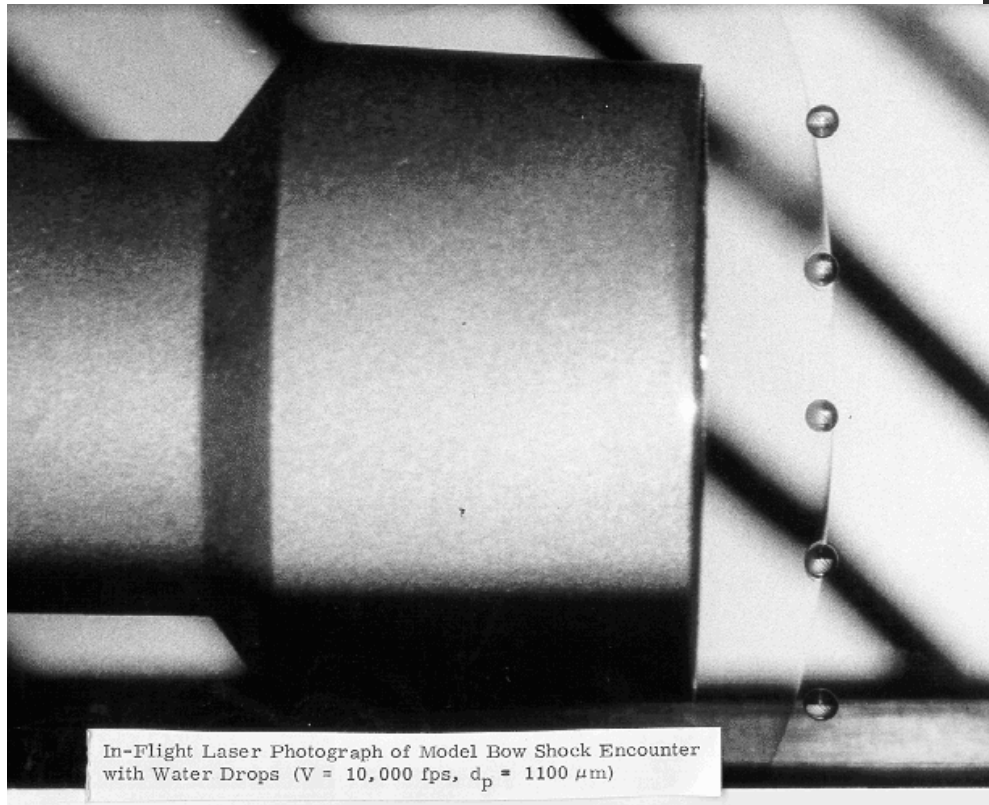


**Recovery Tube**

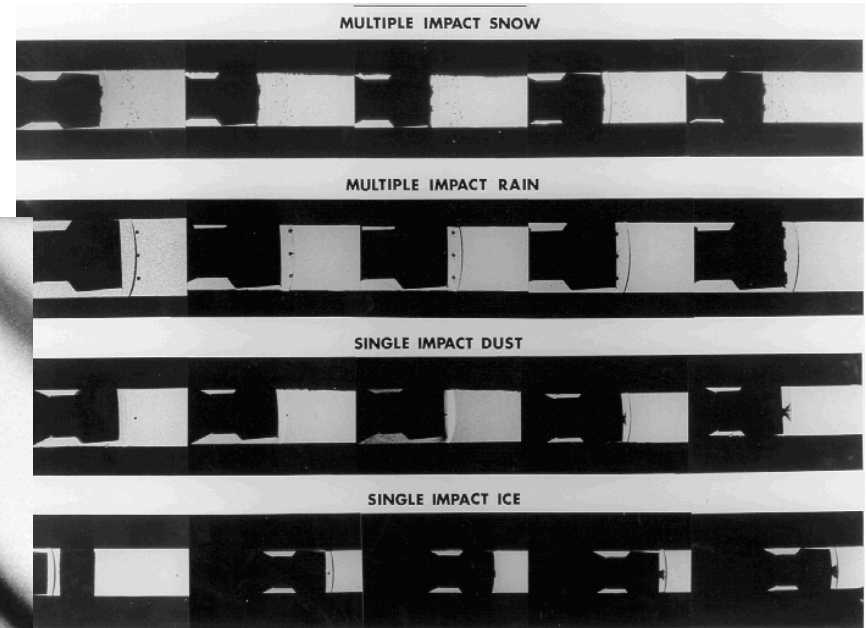




# EROSIVE FIELD TRACK GUIDED RANGE TEST TECHNIQUE – “The 80’s”



In-Flight Laser Photograph of Model Bow Shock Encounter  
with Water Drops ( $V = 10,000$  fps,  $d_p = 1100$   $\mu\text{m}$ )



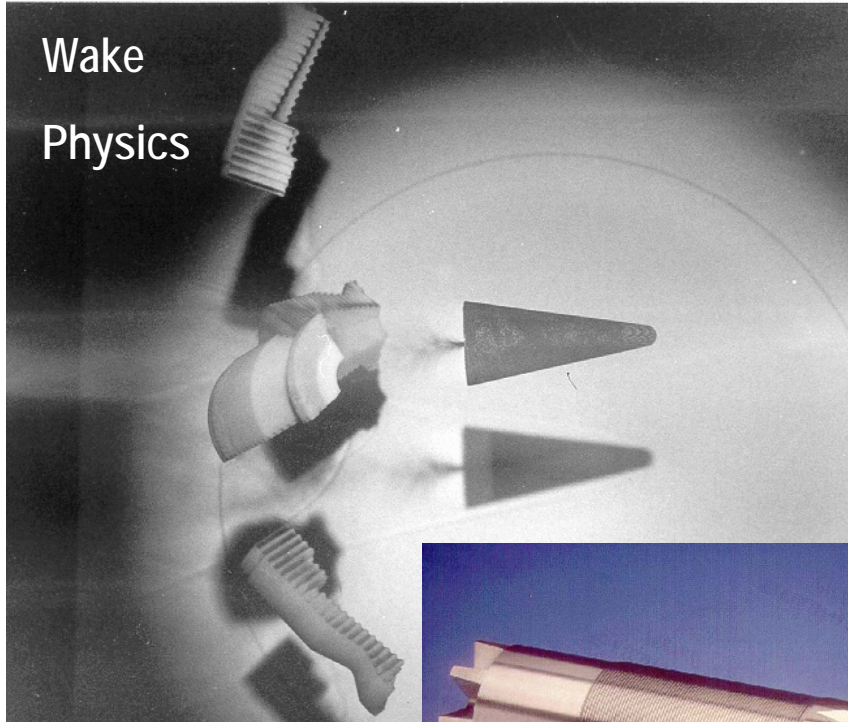
Erosive Fields  
(snow, rain, dust, and ice)  
testing via track



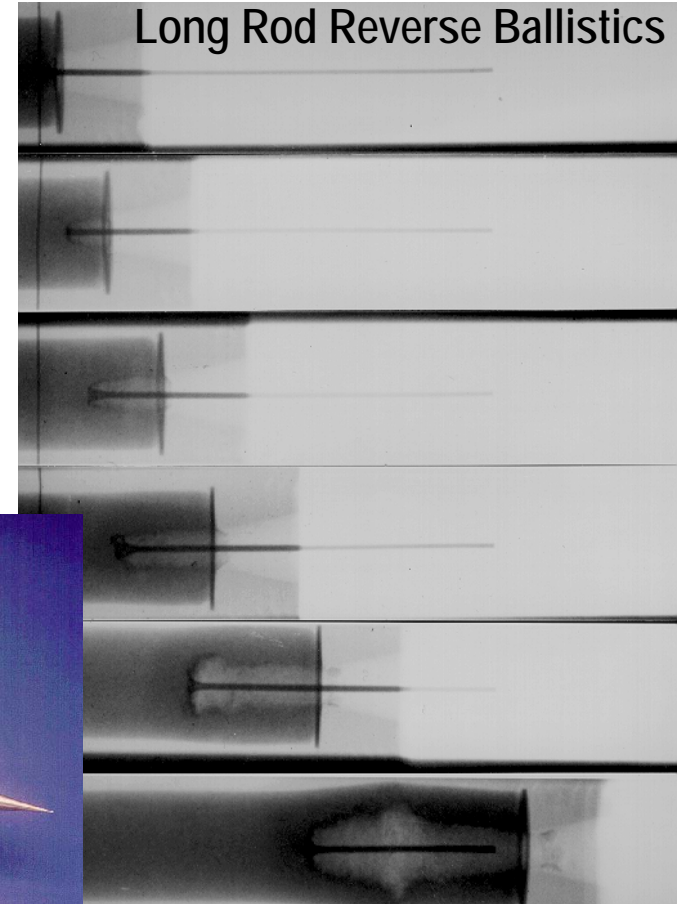
# TRANSITIONAL AEDC RANGE TEST TECHNIQUES – “The 90’s”



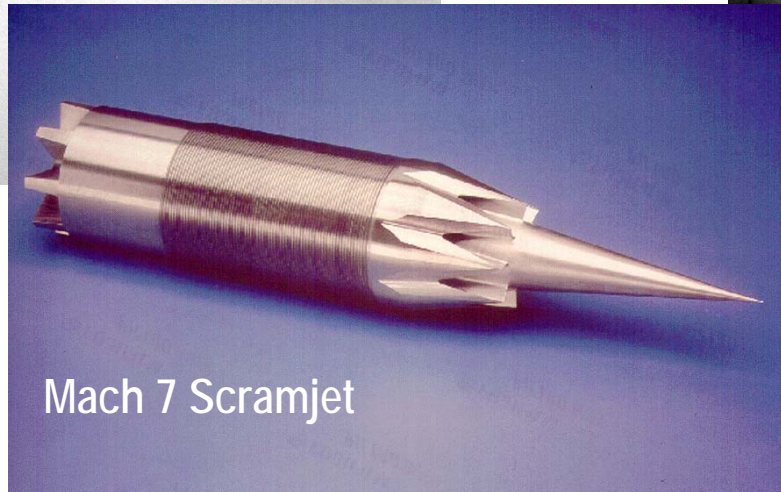
Wake  
Physics



Long Rod Reverse Ballistics



Mach 7 Scramjet



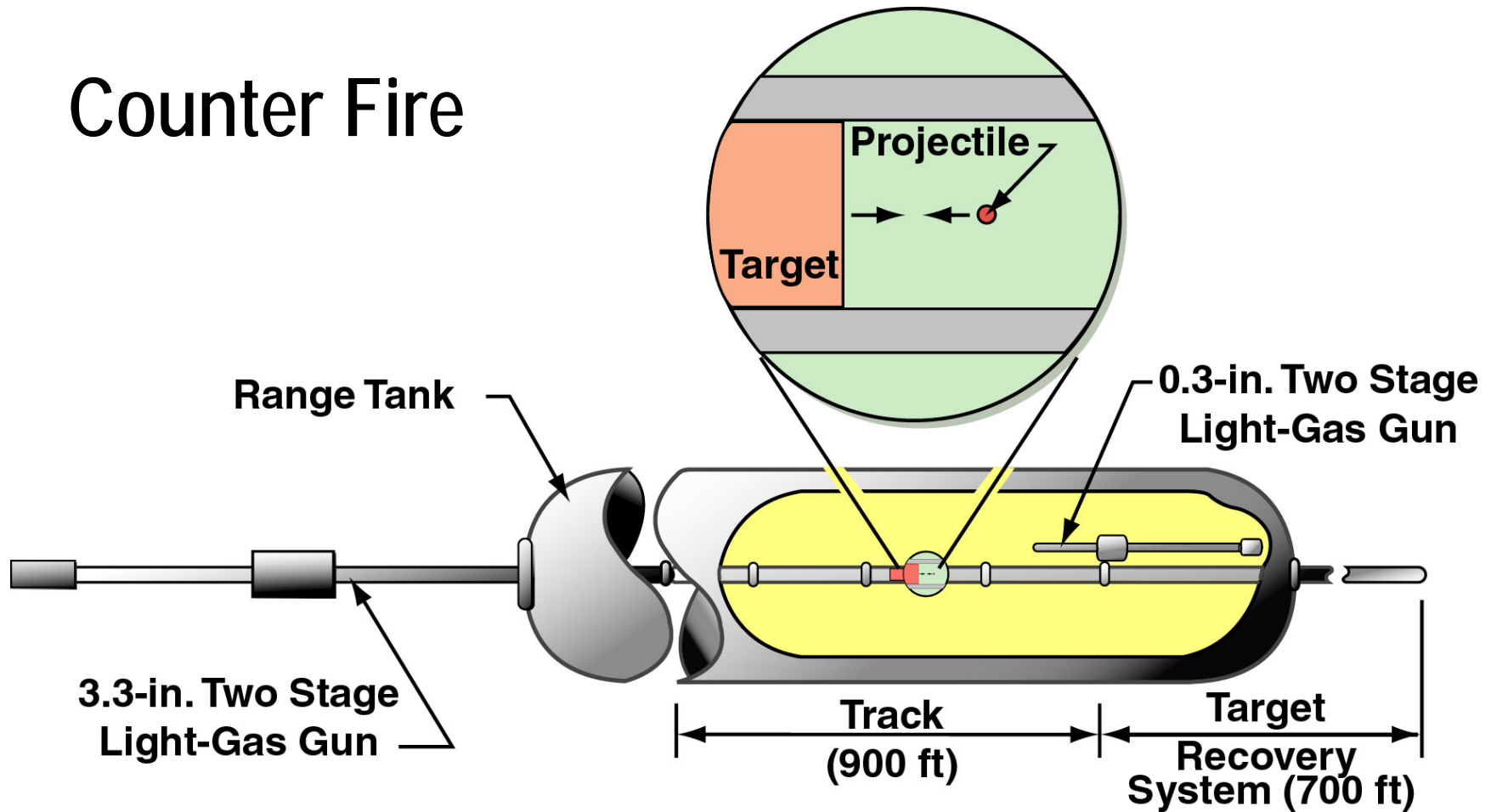




# NEW RANGE TEST TECHNIQUES POSSIBLE WITH 3.3 INCH LAUNCHER

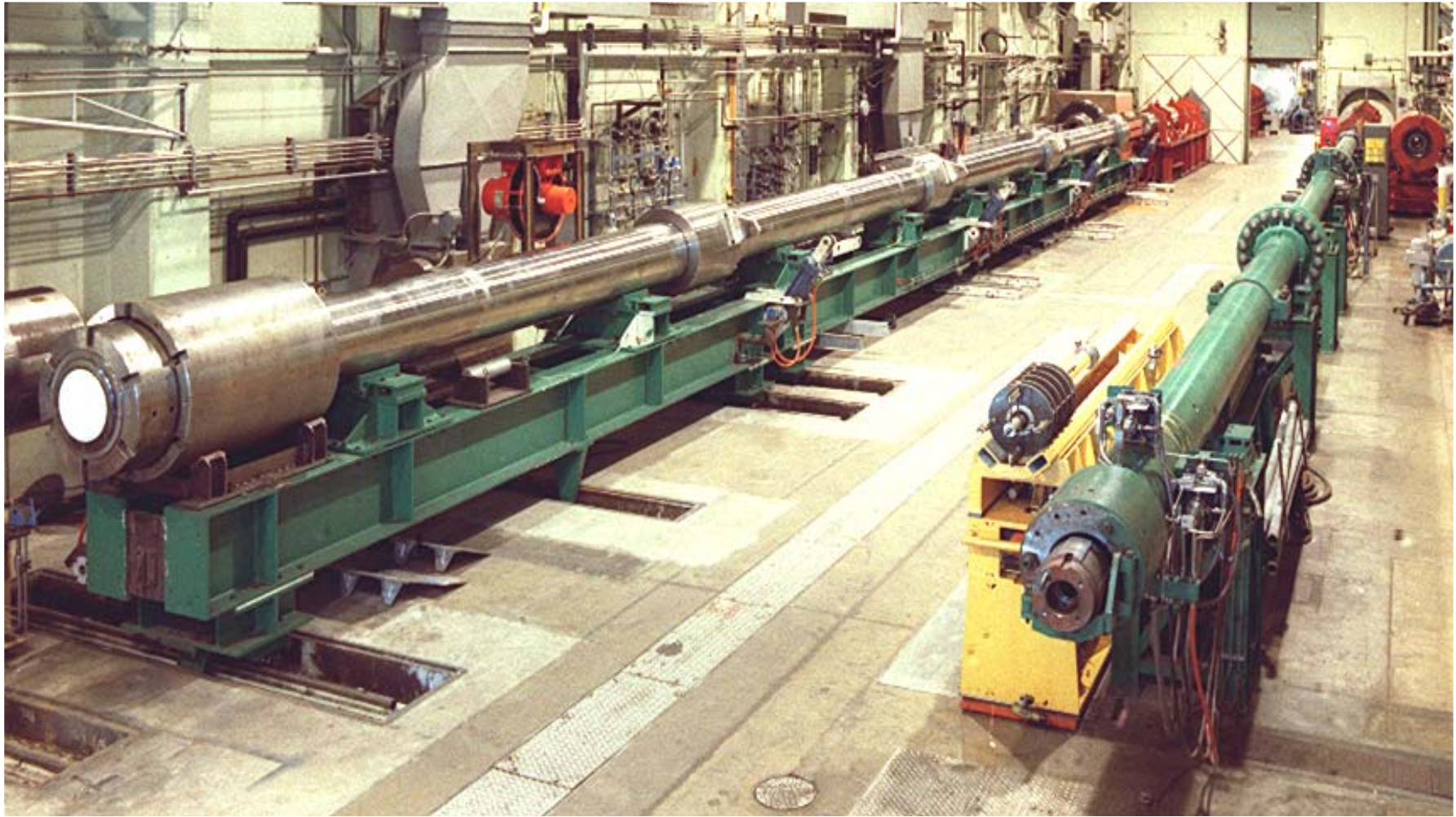


## Counter Fire



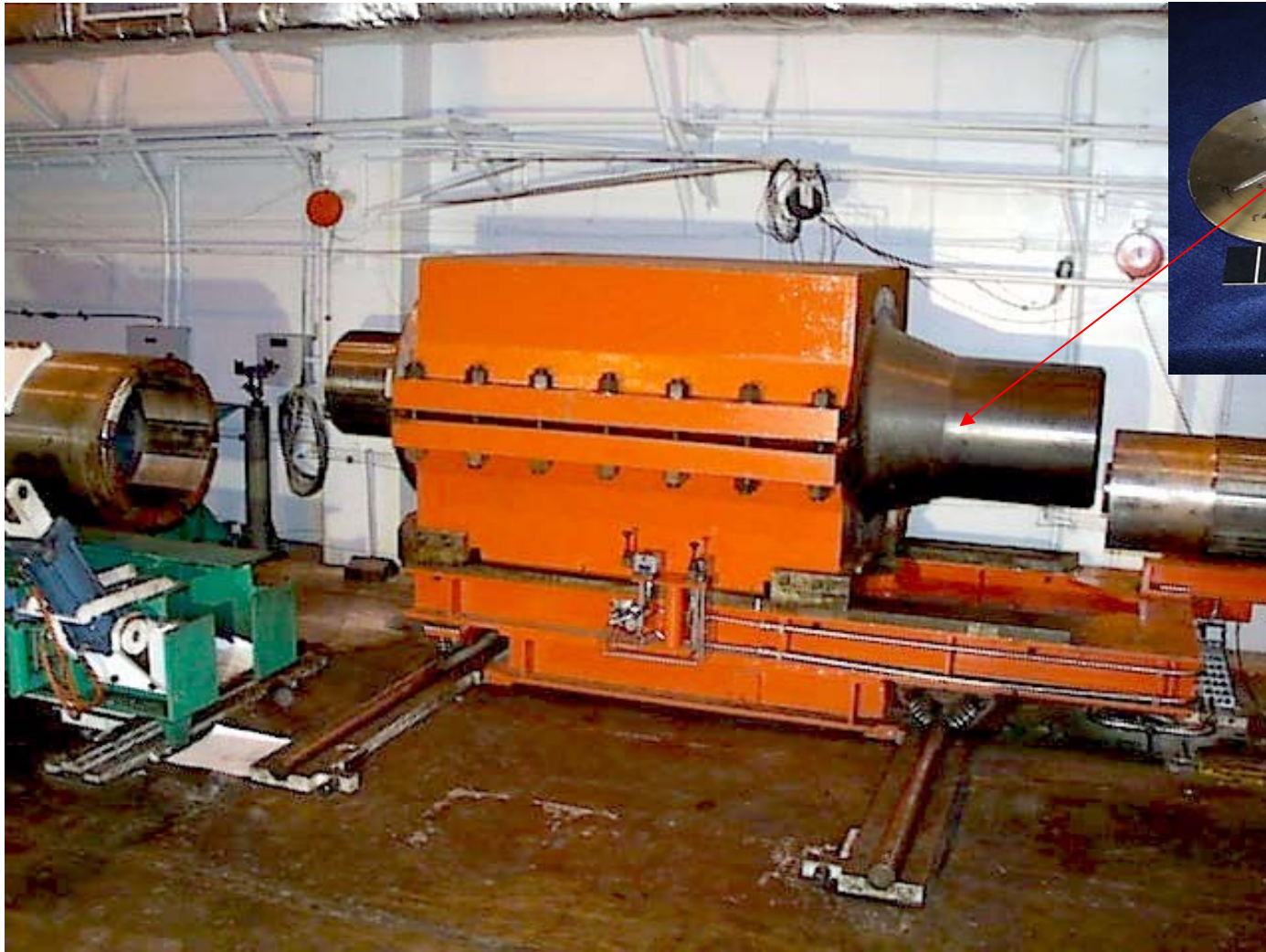


# RANGE G HYPERVELOCITY 3.3 INCH LAUNCHER UPGRADE





# 3.3 INCH LAUNCHER COMPONENTS: 60 TON HIGH PRESSURE SECTION





# 3.3 INCH LAUNCHER COMPONENTS: LAUNCH TUBE (3.3, 4.0, and 8.0-IN)





# IMPROVED LETHALITY TEST CAPABILITY REQUIREMENTS



**MDA funded an extended High Fidelity Development Program to enhance Range G testing capabilities for future test program support.**

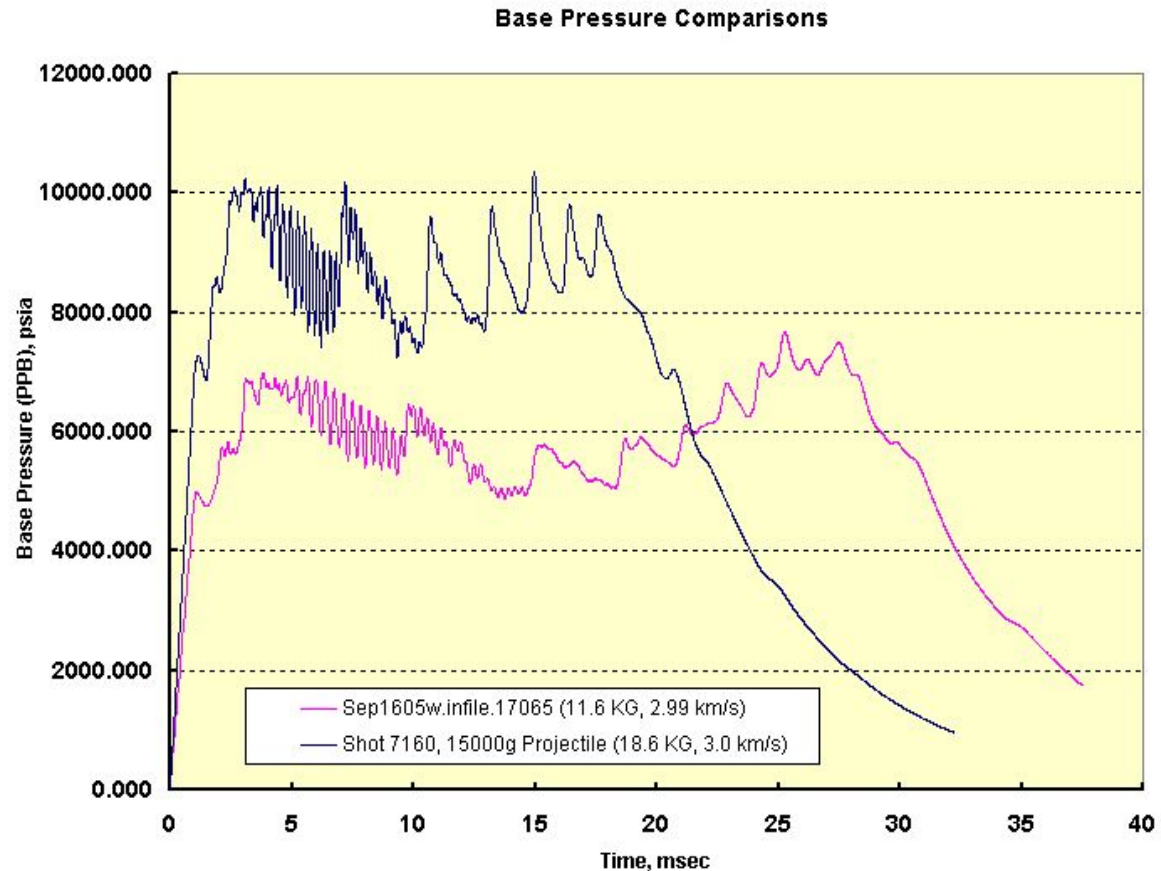
- Large Scale Hi Fidelity Projectile
- Velocities up to 5 Km/sec with 8" bore launch tube
- Improved gun cycle with lower launch accelerations
- Projectile Pitch capability
- Soft Catch of Target Debris Field
- Updated and Improved Instrumentation
- Improved Optical and X-ray recording equipment



# PARAMETRIC STUDY YIELDS IMPROVEMENTS TO GUN CYCLE

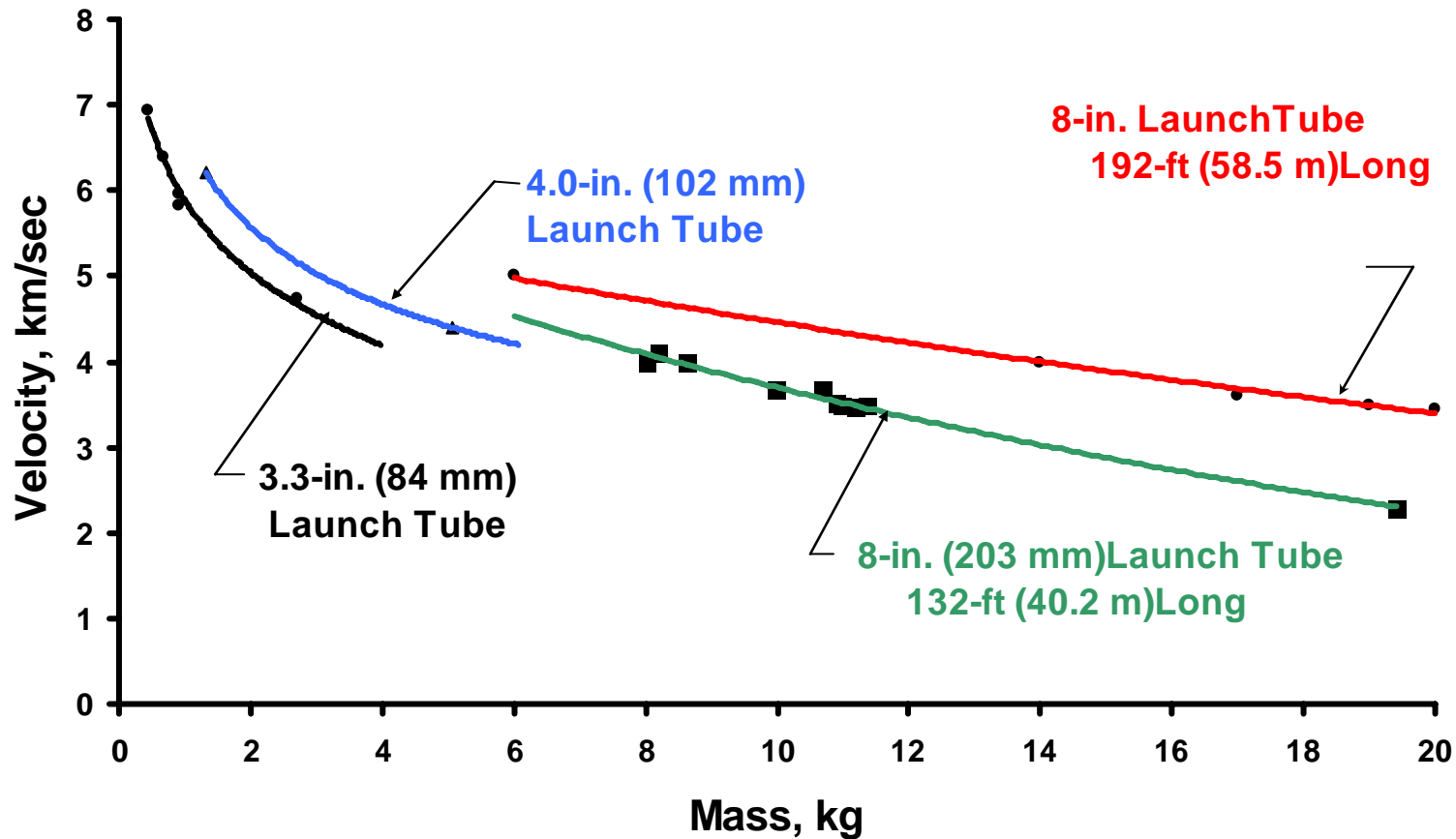


- An improved gun cycle was developed based on testing requirements
- Use of a heavier piston theoretically results in a 38% reduction in peak g-loading when combined with additional hydrogen mass
- Peak acceleration and base pressure occur much further into the cycle
- Longer barrel further softens launch loads





# MAXIMUM VELOCITY VS PROJECTILE MASS FOR RANGE G CONFIGURATIONS





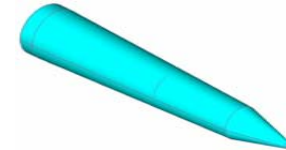
# OUR GOAL: A 40%-SCALE INTERCEPTOR HIGH FIDELITY PROJECTILE



Launch  
Package

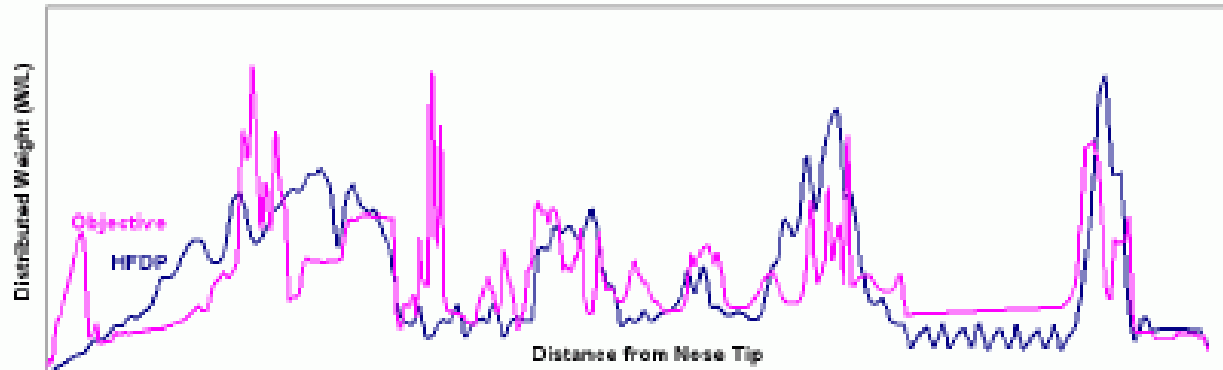
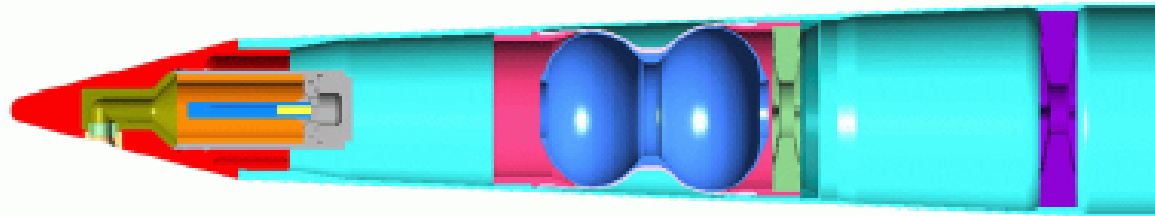


Sabot  
Separation



Impact  
Projectile

HFDP Projectile vs Objective

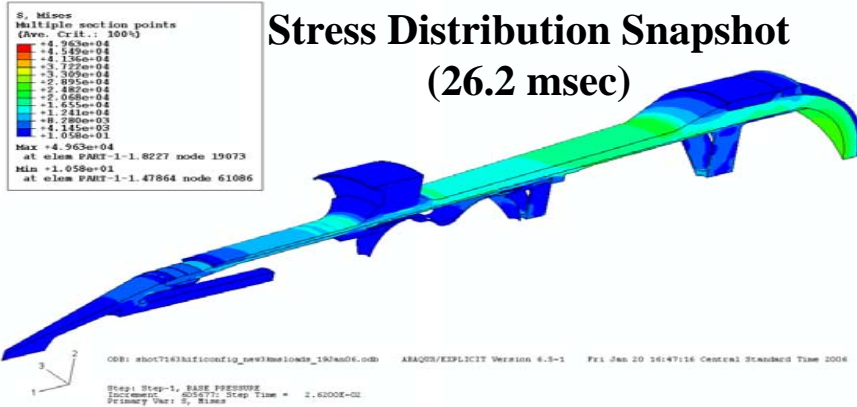




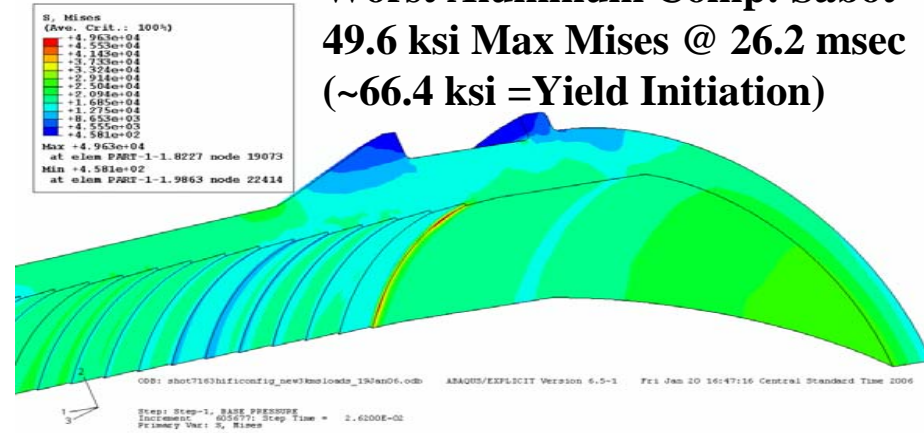


# Abaqus Explicit™ STRESS ANALYSIS FOR CANDIDATE PROJECTILE DESIGNS

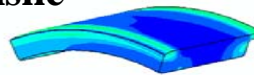
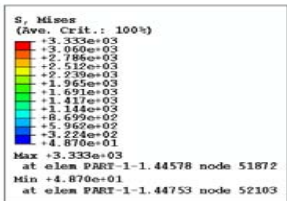
**Full Model  
Stress Distribution Snapshot  
(26.2 msec)**



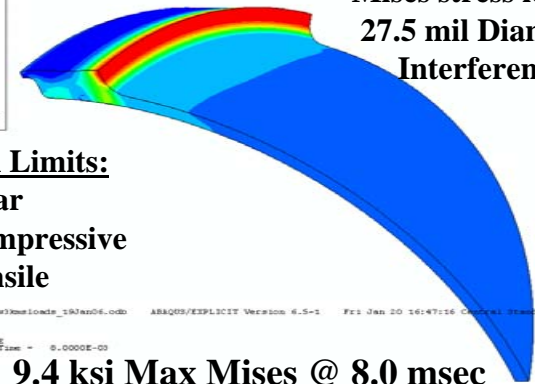
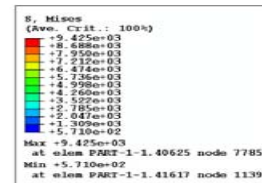
**Worst Aluminum Comp: Sabot  
49.6 ksi Max Mises @ 26.2 msec  
(~66.4 ksi = Yield Initiation)**



**3.3 ksi Max Mises @ 8.1 msec  
(~7 ksi Nylon Tensile Strength, Yield)**



**Key contributor to peak  
Mises stress level is  
27.5 mil Diametric  
Interference Fit**



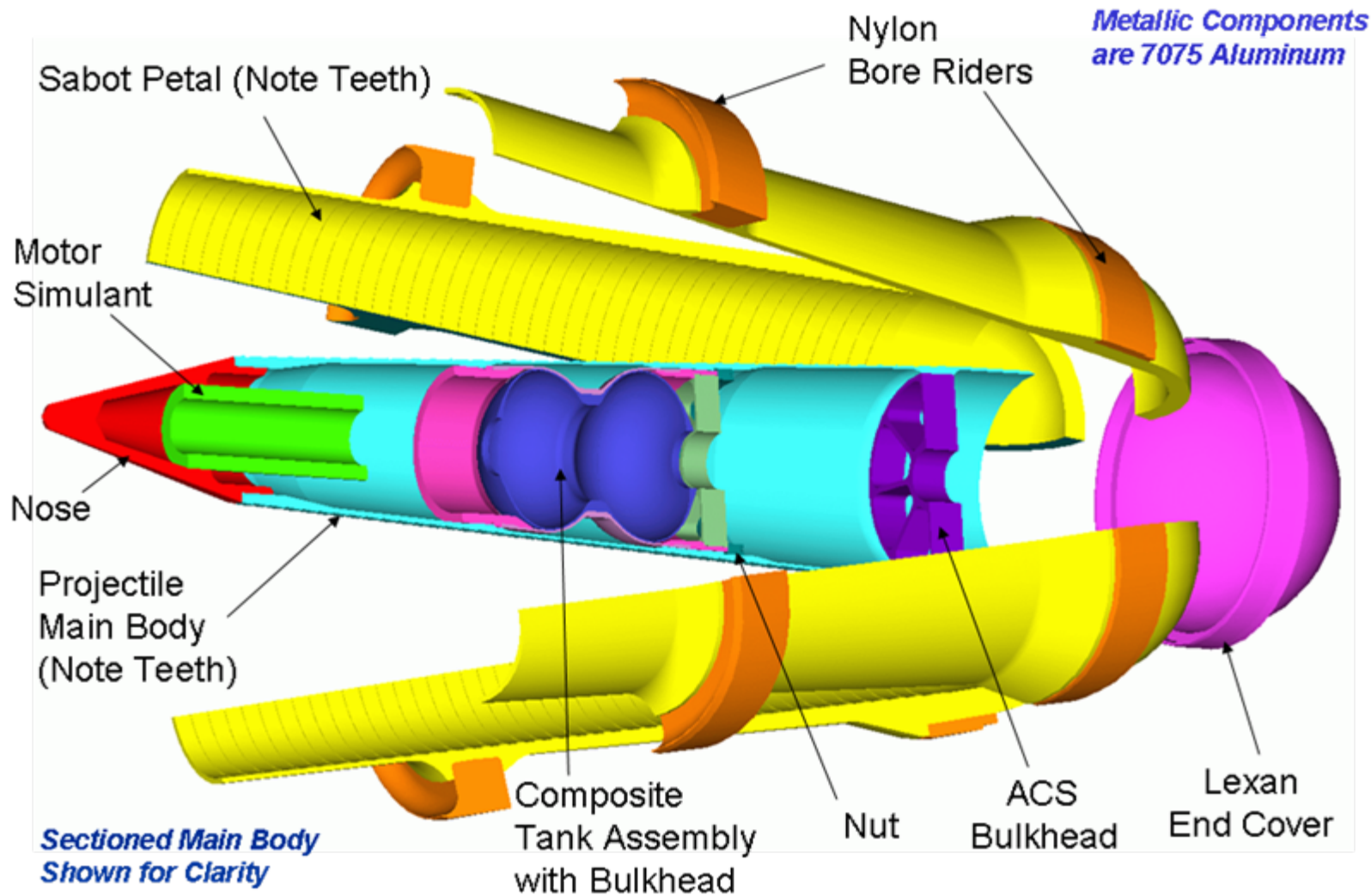
**Lexan Strength Limits:**

- ~10 ksi Ult Shear
- ~12 ksi Ult. Compressive
- ~14 ksi Ult. Tensile

**9.4 ksi Max Mises @ 8.0 msec**



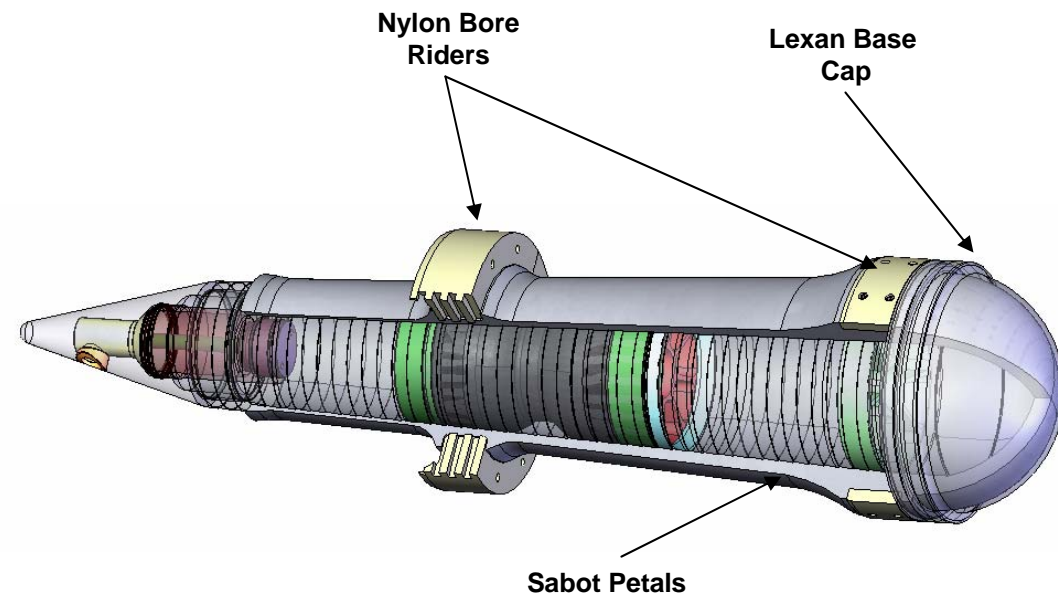
# HIGH FIDELITY PROJECTILE FINAL DESIGN





# BASIC PROJECTILE DETAILS

- Launch package is 4-petal sabot design
- Lexan base cap
- Separation event achieved in 75' of flight in blast tank



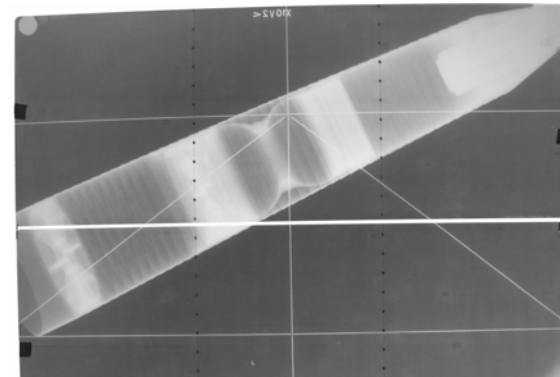


# AMRDEC DESIGNED PITCH MOTOR ASSEMBLY

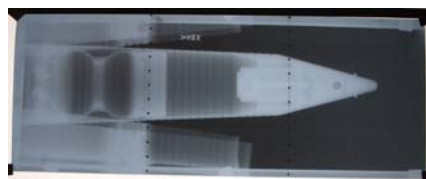




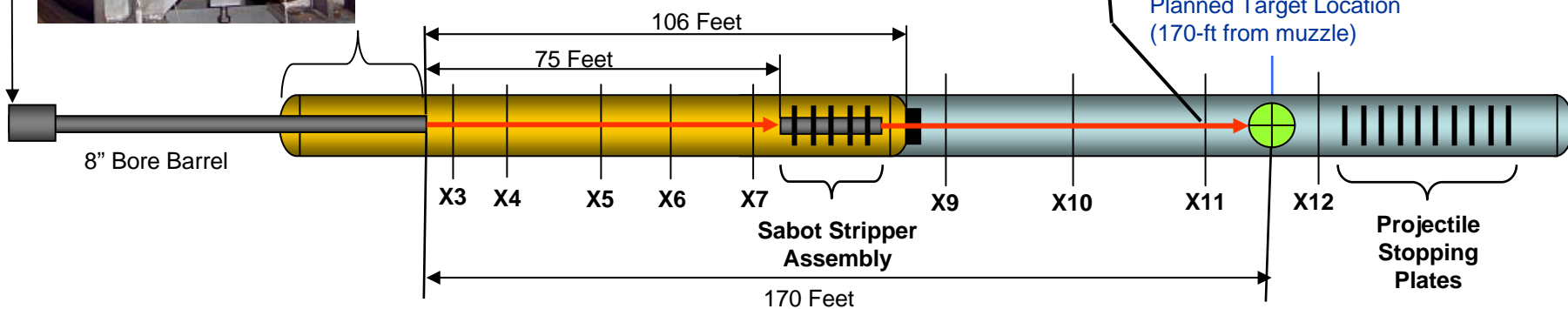
# PITCHING PROJECTILE TEST TECHNIQUE



X-ray of projectile prior to impact



X-ray of sabot separation





# ROOM FOR TARGET AREA ACCESS – SERVICE TUNNEL ADDITION





# TARGET AREA ACCESS DOOR INSTALLATION





# COMPLETED SERVICE TUNNEL UPGRADE





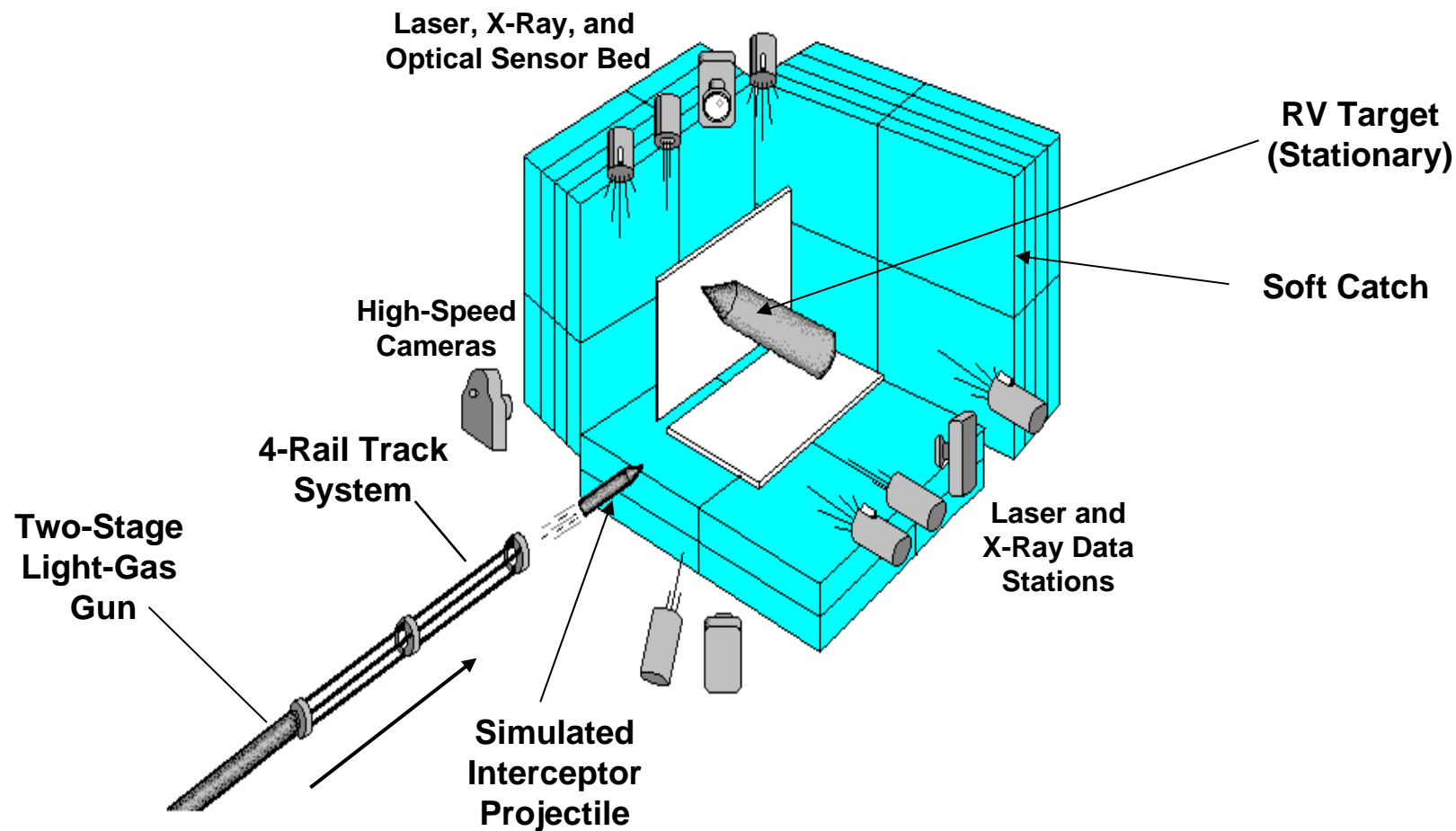


# SERVICE TUNNEL UPGRADE RAMP ADDITION





# TYPICAL LETHALITY TARGET ARENA





# TARGET IMPACT ARENA





# FREE FLIGHT PROJECTILE WITH PITCH MOTOR PRIOR TO IMPACT





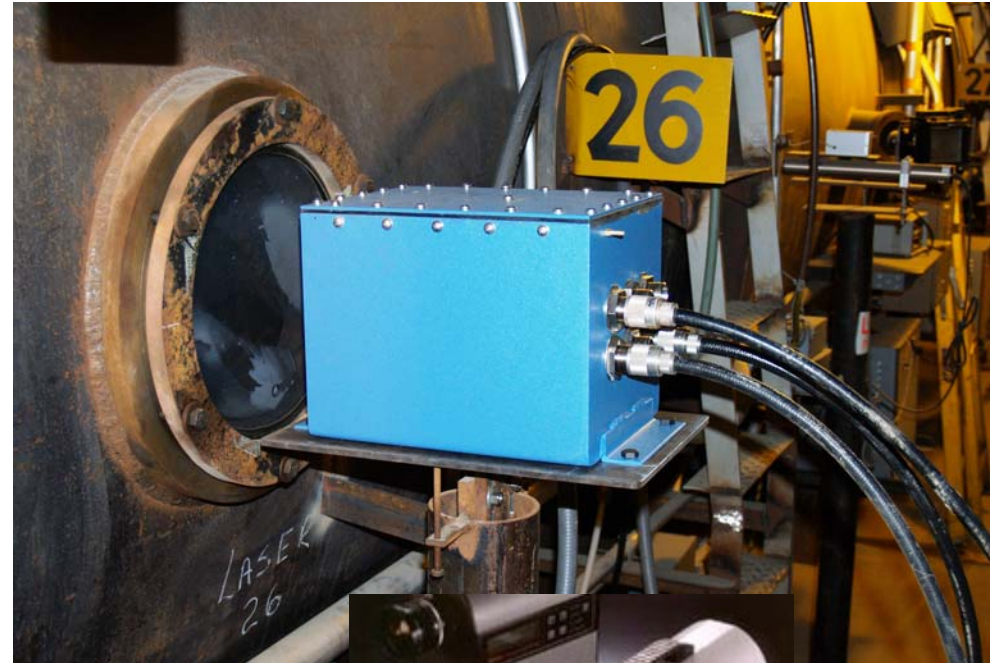
# IMPROVEMENTS TO RANGE INSTRUMENTATION



- Replacement of film cameras with high speed digital cameras such as Quik-E<sup>®</sup> single frame and Phantom 7<sup>®</sup> and Phantom 9<sup>®</sup> video cameras.
- Replacement of old PDP based computers with modern PC's used to control timing, sequencing, and firing the launcher.
- Obtained commercial VIES systems with three 10 channel pulse generators and 20 four channel delay generators.
- Replacement of old laser detectors along the range with modern systems.
- Inclusion of new X-Ray cinematography system.



# X-RAY CINEMATOGRAPHY SYSTEM





# SUMMARY



- AEDC has leveraged 44 years of hypervelocity range testing experience and continuous upgrades to build unprecedented capability for evolving test requirements.
- Improvements to range facilities, instrumentation, and operational parameters contributed greatly to enhance the overall testing capabilities.
- In house projectile design and systems operation expertise while partnering with other DOD contractors has achieved the required improvements in lethality testing capabilities for MDA.



# CONTACT INFORMATION



Brian Roebuck, Range Engineer  
Aerospace Testing Alliance Inc  
931 454-7106

[brian.roebuck@arnold.af.mil](mailto:brian.roebuck@arnold.af.mil)

Richard Rushing, 718<sup>th</sup> Test Squadron  
AEDC / USAF  
931 454-5801

[rick.rushing@arnold.af.mil](mailto:rick.rushing@arnold.af.mil)