

Alan Estevez | Principal Assistant Deputy Under Secretary of Defense Logistics & Materiel Readiness

March 12, 2008





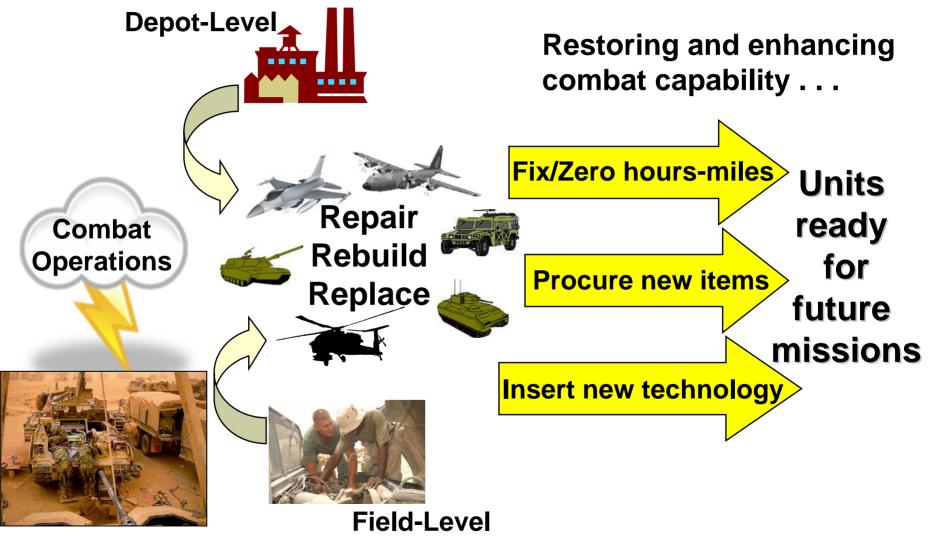
Reset Requirements



Battle Damage/Losses



Defining DoD Reset





Costs of Reset

Past costs exceed \$56B

- Army \$38B
- Marine Corps \$10.9B
- Navy \$4.3B
- Air Force \$1.9B



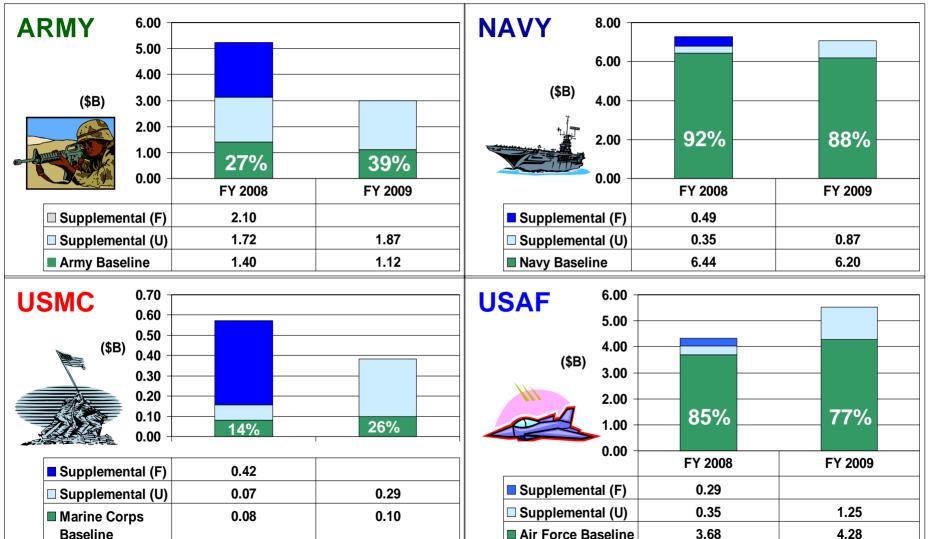
Pending DoD FY 2008
GWOT Supplemental
contains \$46.4B for
Reconstitution requirements:
\$13.7B has been funded to date

Future costs . . .

- Army estimates \$13+ billion per year required for the foreseeable future
- Marine Corps estimates annual future funding requirements of \$3+ billion
- Navy assumes three years to complete reset after hostilities end at added cost of \$11+ billion



Depot Maintenance Baseline versus Supplemental Budgets





Reset Depot Maintenance Issues

• Legislatively mandated "50-50" compliance

- Substantial additional workloads into DoD depots;
- Substantial additional workloads for contractor supported systems
- Balance Management Required

Public Private Partnerships

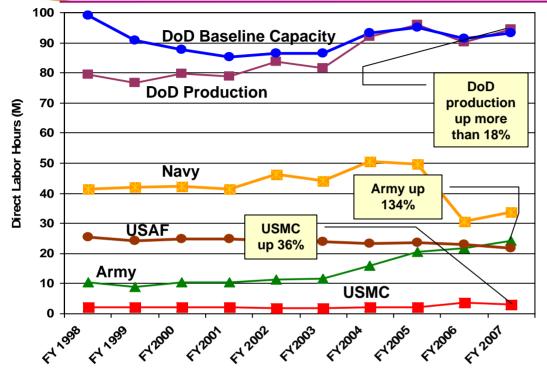
- Provide flexibility and opportunity
- PPP \$ may count on the both sides of 50-50

Interservice workload

- May be opportunities to improve capacity utilization factors
- Depot Source of Repair (DSOR) decisions drive opportunities



Production in DoD Maintenance Depots



- FY98-02 capacity reduction driven by BRAC 95 closures of major depots
- Major production increases seen beginning in FY04 – driven by Army and USMC
 - Army 24M DLH from 10.3M
 - USMC 3M DLH from 2.2M
- Overall, depots operating at about 101% of capacity, but Army depots at ~115%

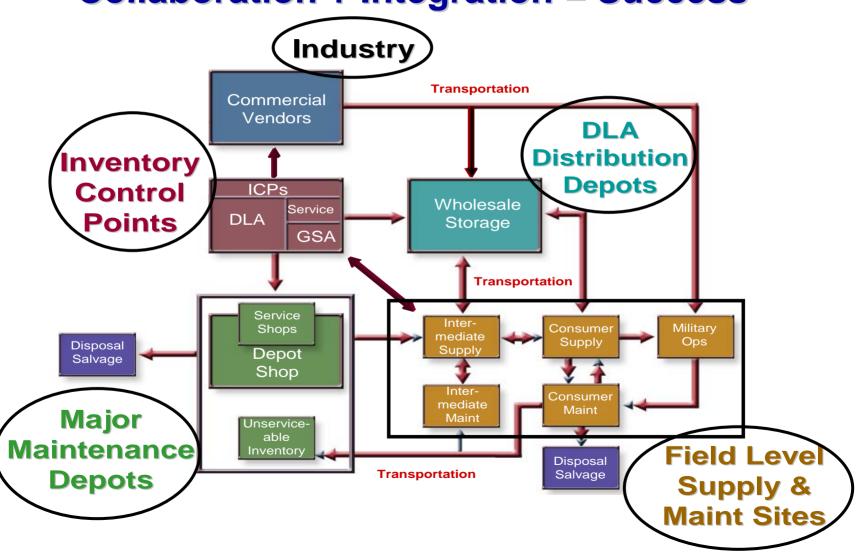


Baseline capacity = single-shift, five-day week; FY07 DoD baseline capacity = 93M DLH



Meeting the Reset Challenge

Collaboration + Integration = Success





Questions



