



**RDECOM**



***NVESD S&T for  
Maneuver  
Support***

***Night Vision***

*Night Vision & Electronic Sensors Directorate*



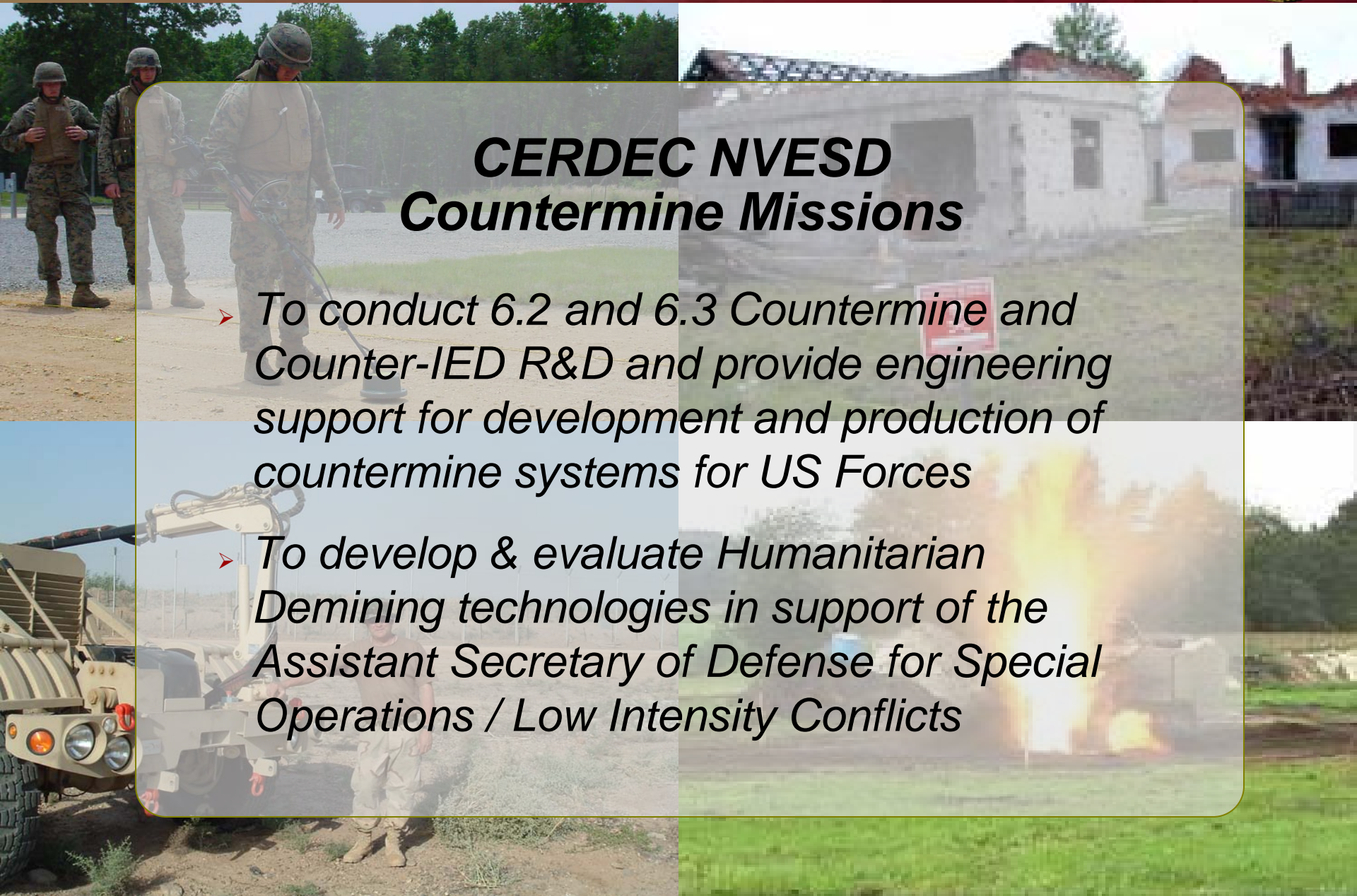
***TECHNOLOGY DRIVEN. WARFIGHTER FOCUSED.***

**Dr. Donald A. Reago, Jr.  
Principal Deputy for Technology and Countermine  
US Army CERDEC NVESD**



## **CERDEC NVESD Countermine Missions**

- *To conduct 6.2 and 6.3 Countermine and Counter-IED R&D and provide engineering support for development and production of countermine systems for US Forces*
- *To develop & evaluate Humanitarian Demining technologies in support of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations / Low Intensity Conflicts*



# NVESD Roles

- As an Army R&D directorate, NVESD takes on many roles:
  - Develops new components and prototype systems (TRL 3-6)—in house & contract
  - Supports university research that is targeted to our system needs (UMR, Duke, U Fla, etc.)
  - Maintains technical expertise in our mission areas—in house labs & field experimentation
  - Supports PMs (PM Countermine & EOD) in the development of new systems for the warfighter (e.g. GSTAMIDS, ASTAMIDS, AN/PSS-14)
  - Provides “honest broker” analysis and support
  - Develops and supports quick reaction capabilities to assist the warfighter



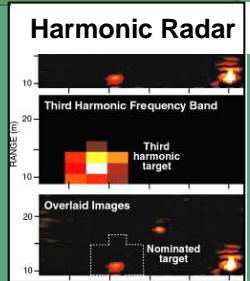


# NVESD Technology Development for Detection of Explosive Devices

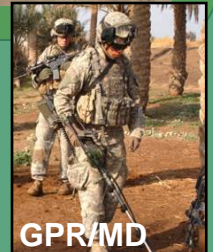


## Electromagnetic

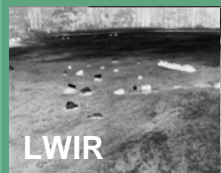
### Down Looking GPRs



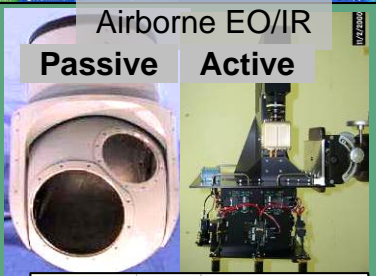
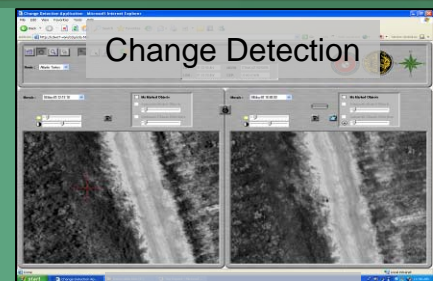
## Metal Detectors



## Electro-optical and Infrared



Hyper-spectral, Reststrahlen & Multi-spectral LWIR



Route Clearance Camera



Acoustic LDV

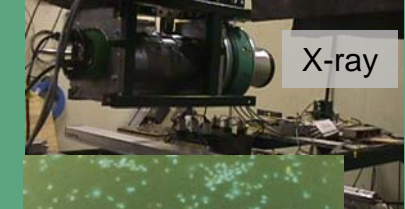
## Explosive Specific Techniques



NQR



TNA



X-ray



Fluorescing Bacteria

IMS

Expertise Across the Spectrum – Flexibility to adjust to Changing Threat Transitions to PM Countermine/PM IED Defeat



# ***Current Operations***





# War Support is Priority #1

## NVESD Employees In The Field Supporting OIF/OEF





# Interrogation Arm



**Purpose: Provide medium mine-resistant vehicles a stand-off tool to detect and/or interrogate suspicious off-route targets**



RG-31 arm training in theater



Crane mounted on HMMWV testbed

**Current configurations:**

- All systems equipped with components necessary to permit remote operation inside a protected vehicle cab

**Testbed capability:**

- Testbed configuration on HMMWV used to integrate and evaluate additional sensors in standoff mode



NVESD Engineers training soldiers in theater on the use of the Husky arm

**Lightweight system to minimize impact to cross-country capability of medium mine-resistant vehicles**

**One of the Top 10 Army's Greatest Inventions for 2007**

# Nomadics Fido Technology: Product of NVESD Sensors for Explosive Detection ATO



The Nomadics Fido XT sensor is capable of detecting trace amounts of the most common Explosive Related Compounds (ERCs)

NVESD Developed Fido X and XT versions



Early Versions of Fido Sensor



Fido X and XT models

## Applications:

**Selected Army's  
Greatest Invention  
2005-2006**



SPENCER PLATT/GETTY IMAGES



Vehicle Inspection



Personnel screening



Iraqi Soldier utilizing Fido for personnel screening prior to Mosque entry.

Photo from NY Times article

**Applications include personnel/facility screening, IED confirmation, and VBIED inspection**



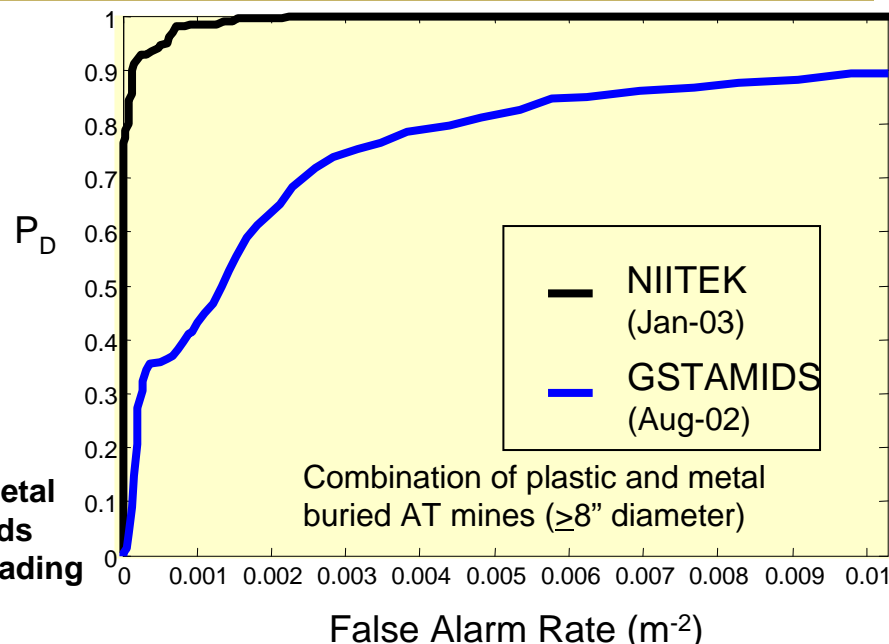
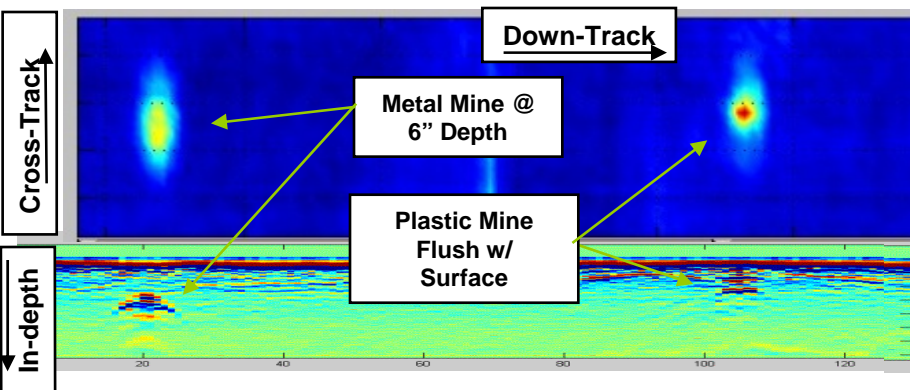
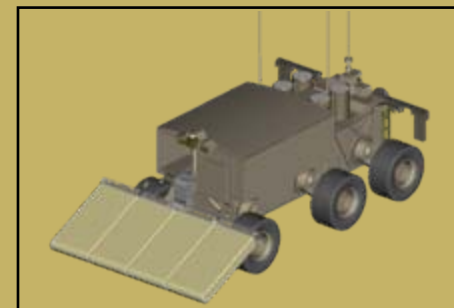


# ***Near Term Innovations***

# Down Looking Mine Detection Hosted on Unmanned Ground Vehicle



## Breakthrough in Vehicle-Mounted GPR Wichmann/NIITEK



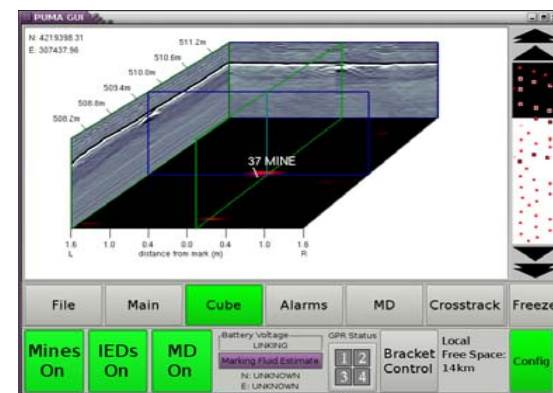
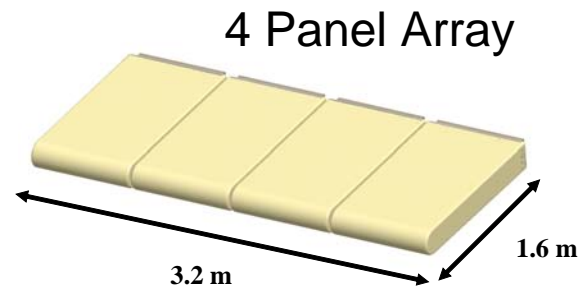
Combination of plastic and metal buried AT mines ( $\geq 8$ " diameter)

- Near perfect Pd for AT mines in initial blind tests ( $> .95$ )
- Order of magnitude reduction in FAR ( $.0005/m^2$ ) for plastic & metal cased AT mines buried at varying depths in dirt and gravel roads
- Off route capability will be tested but can expect higher FAR leading to slower ROA at choke points

**First practical wideband radar for rapid sub-soil imaging of plastic and metal cased mines. Radar search speed has been increased to 15 km/hr.**



- Wide bandwidth
- Significantly reduces system related clutter
  - Resistive V dipole
    - Voltage reflected from open end of antenna is small
    - RCS of antenna is small – reduces ground reverberations
    - Secondary ground bounce outside time gate
- Directive beam
  - Reduces clutter to target ratio
  - Low side lobes reduces direct coupling and extraneous scattering
- Best demonstrated shallow target detection performance
- Numerous field tests
  - YPG
  - AP Hill, VA
  - ATC
  - UK
- Deployment to Africa & Cambodia (Humanitarian Demining)



\* JASON Mine Detection Study, pp. 13-15, Final Brief, 2003

# Husky Mounted Detection System (HMDS) Kit Components



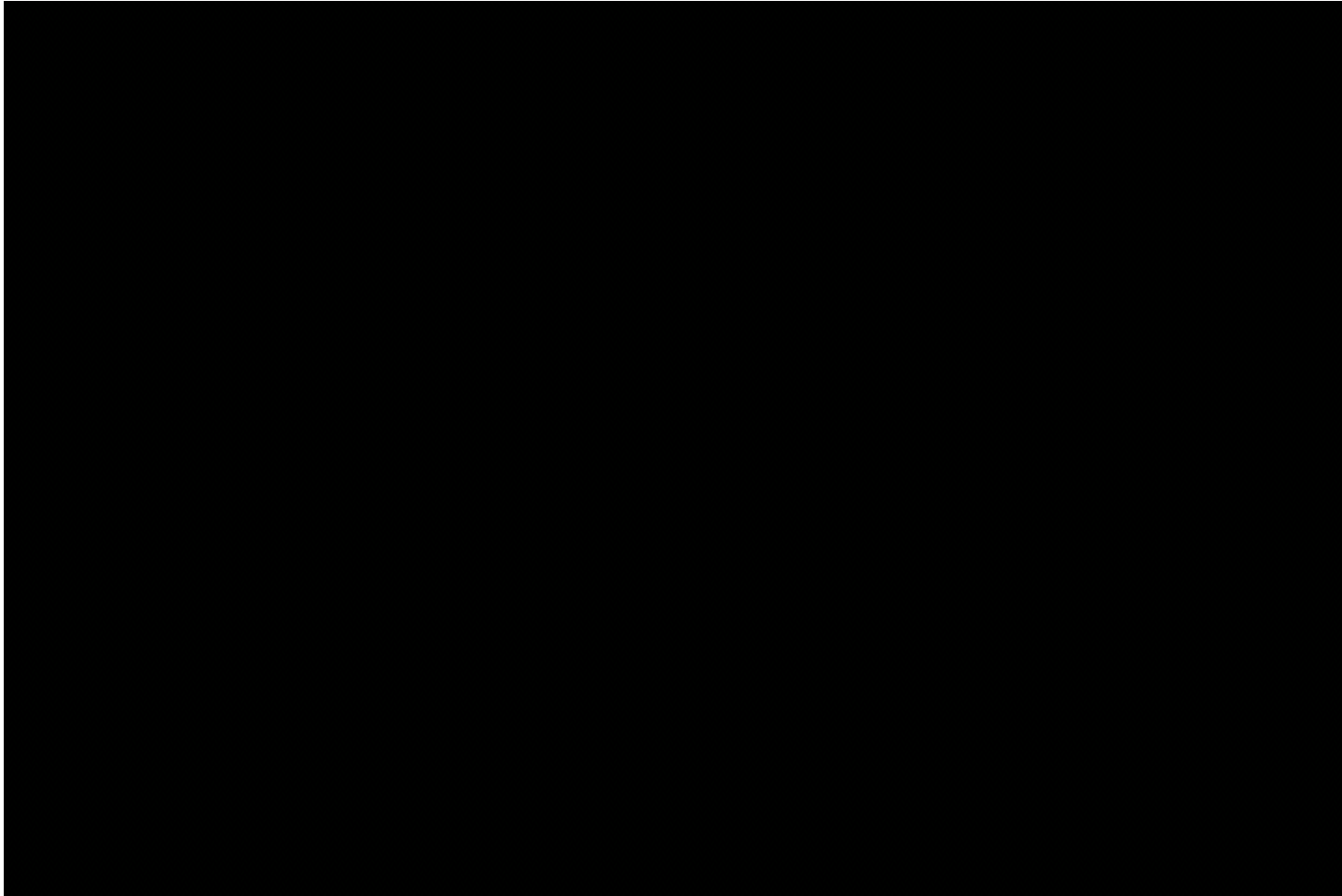
**Product of Army S&T**

1. GPR Sensor Array
2. Marking System
3. Computer
4. Carrier
5. GUI



**Wichman/NIITEK  
State-of-the-Art GPR**

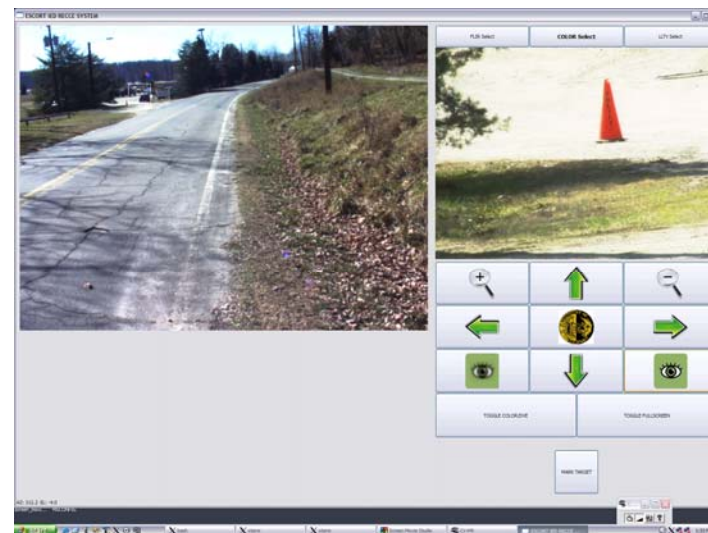




# NVESD Multi-Sensor EO/IR GUI

- **Unique Graphical User Interface (GUI) provides new capability for on-the-move detection by combining the strengths of existing DVE and high mag, stabilized sensors**
- **GUI allows full use of both sensors simultaneously.**
  - DVE's WFOV provides excellent situational awareness, but low magnification limits C-IED activity to short range.
  - Higher magnification sensors provide excellent overwatch & longer range detection, but soda straw effect limits useful on-the-move-situational awareness
- **Touchscreen GUI provides easy operator control of both sensors -- best method to point high magnification sensors to regions of interest while on-the-move.**
- **NVESD solved the technical problems with DVE-to-high mag pointing in a moving vehicle**
- **Now working on automation of cueing (in house and with UMR)**

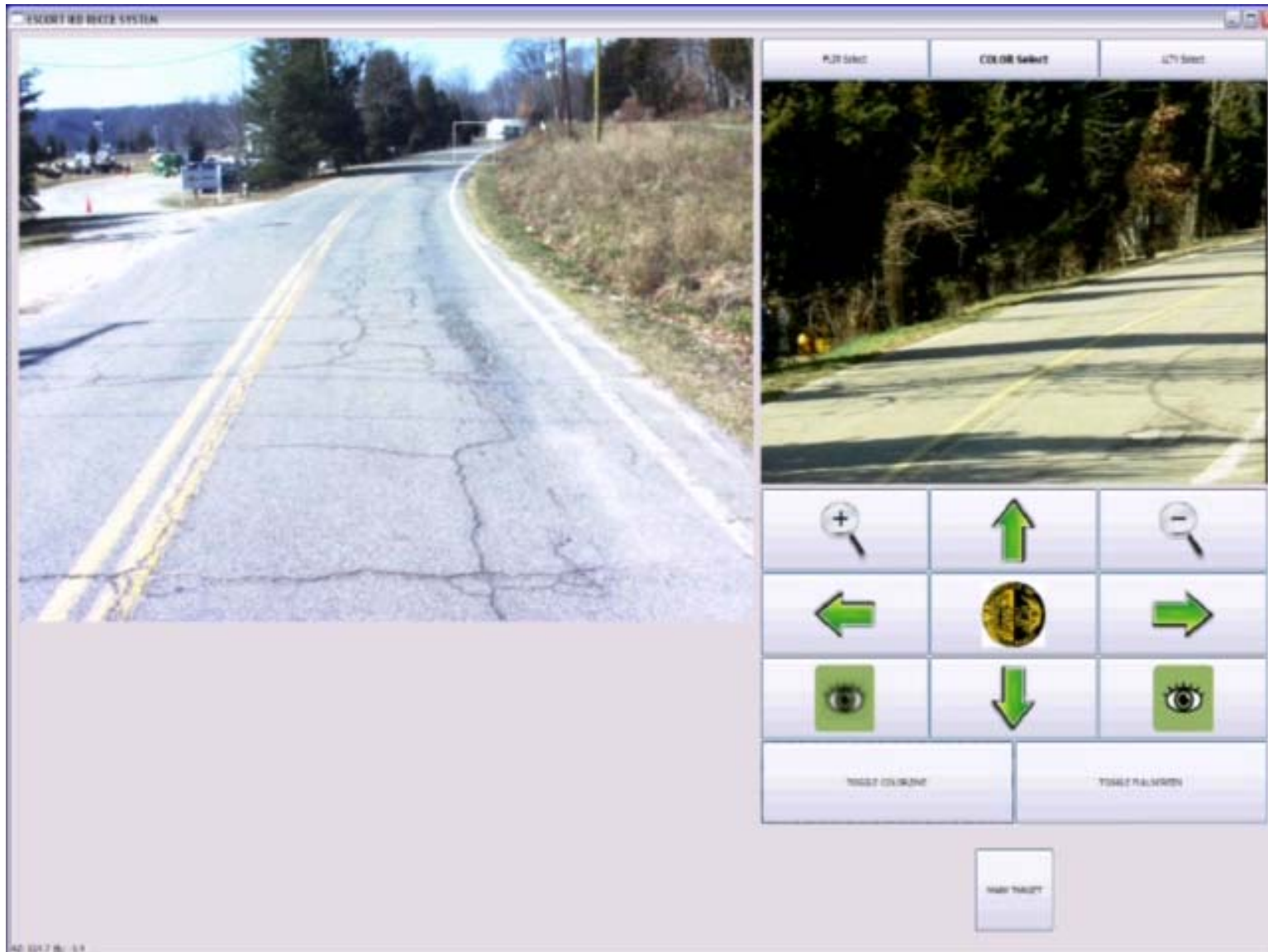
Operation on the Move



**GUI only requires ruggedized PC, upgraded display & simple video camera for easy integration with existing sensors.**



# GUI Operation





# ***Advanced Technology***





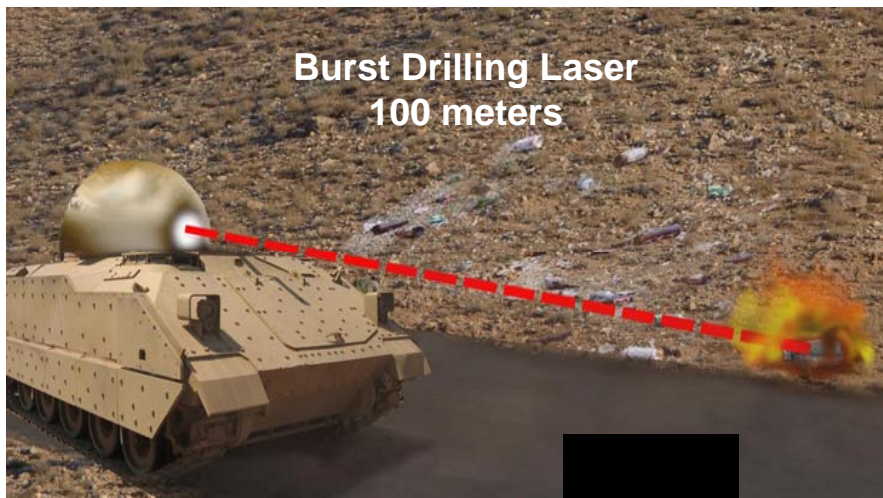
# ***NVESD Countermine/CIED ATOs***

**Army S&T Advanced Technology Objectives (ATOs) form the core of our mission specific research and development portfolio**

- **Component Development (6.2)**
  - Standoff Mine/IED Defeat
  - Sensors for Explosive Detection
  - Standoff Explosive Detection
- **Advanced Development (6.3)**
  - In Road Mine/Threat Detection
  - Standoff Threat Detection and Neutralization for Route Clearance



# Standoff Mine/Threat Defeat Technology (6.2)



## **Purpose:**

Develop ability to pre-detonate/defeat mines/threats at 100m standoff using novel high power long pulse drilling laser technologies, & by improving the accuracy, lethality, & current standoff of a penetrator payload which will be used with fielded launcher system

## **Payoff:**

- Force protection and increased Warfighter assured/enhanced mobility and survivability with reduced collateral damage thru accurate point defeat and higher OPTEMPO in threat/mines areas
- Modular defeat solutions for unmanned and manned platforms
- Reduce overall logistical burden through use of regenerable power drilling laser technology
- Regenerable drilling laser technique does not waste assets on false alarms



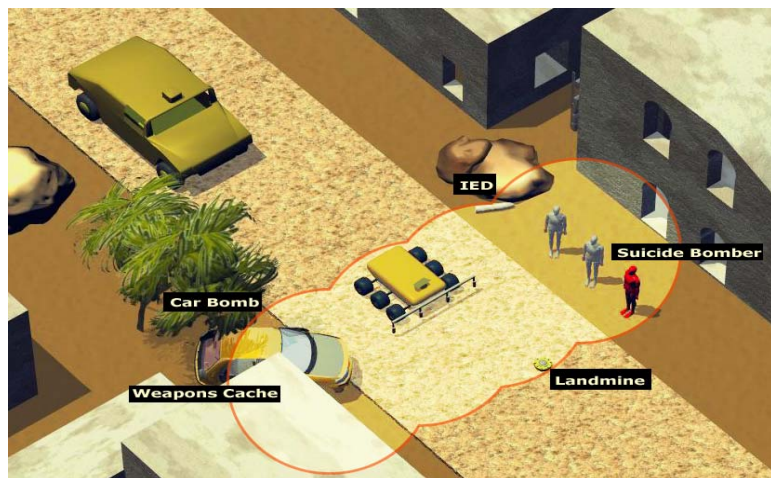
**Novel Techniques for Precision Neutralization**





# Sensors for Explosive Detection (6.2)

Program Other than ATO (POTATO)



Detection of explosives from threats in urban/route clearance missions



**Technology  
Transition of Fido**

Integrated Nomadics  
Fido XT on iRobot  
Packbot EOD variant

## Purpose:

- Provide short range standoff capability to detect explosives which is the only constant amongst the various related threats, mines & other threats in high clutter urban environments and along route clearance scenarios
- Program will support the user with survivability, increased optempo and improved mobility

## Product:

- Explosive signature database of threats, landmines and other threats
- Brassboard prototype spectroscopic and/or polymer-based sensors - use in urban areas
- Models and algorithms to improve sensor response and enhance detection

## Payoff:

- Detection/confirmation of threats, mine, Car and suicide bombers & weapons cache in complex urban environment and on-routes
- Survivability, optempo, improved mobility

**FY08 focus will enhance Fido with additional sensor channels and improved detection algorithms.**

# New Program: Standoff Explosive Detection Technology (6.2)



Program duration: FY08-11

## Current

## Future

### IMS with particle sampling



### Robotic platform capability



### Handheld Fido



### Vehicular mounted system



### Fido/Packbot



## Purpose:

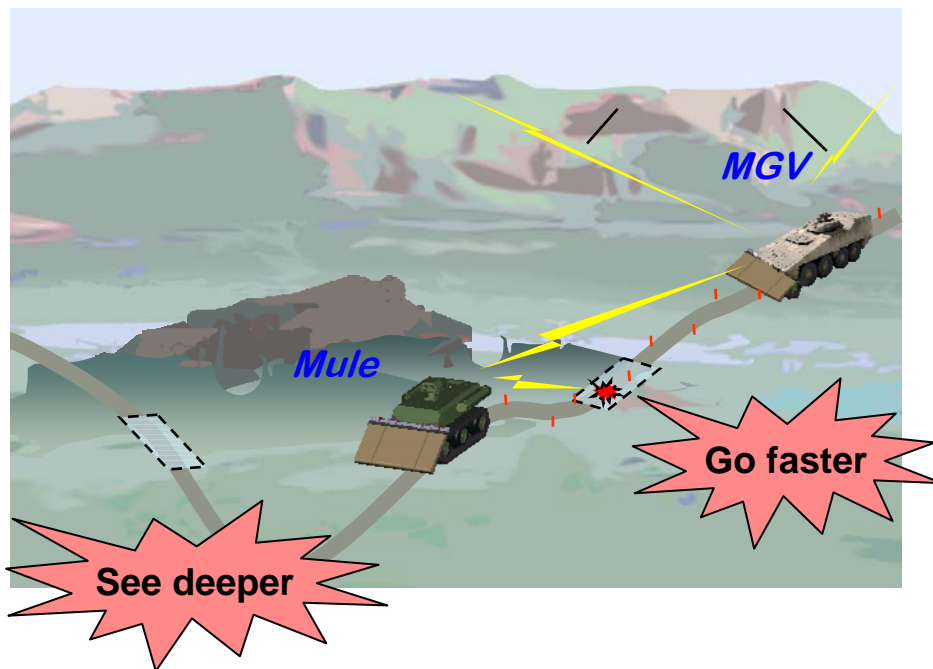
- Pursue ground based detection and confirmation technologies of explosives from standoff distances
- Provide a reliable solution for standoff detection of threats, surface mines & bomb-making facilities in real-time
- Development will focus on emerging non-contact sensing techniques to attain standoff range

## Payoff:

- Standoff explosive detection at safe distances, that provide a rate-of-advance meeting OPTEMPO requirements
- Higher probabilities of detection, and lower false alarm rates, for chemical specific sensors (TNT, DNT, RDX, PETN, HMEs, and other ERCs)

**Program will focus on maturation of standoff techniques**

# In Road Threat/Mine Detection (6.3)



**Downward looking sensor technology to address a broader spectrum of in road mine and threat threats**

**Purpose:** Demonstrate advanced mine and threat detection capability to address a broader spectrum of in road threats (including deeply buried threats) and higher rates of advance

**Product:** TRL6 prototypes detection sensors for in road threat and mine threats for modular engineer platforms and FCS

- **Low Cost High Speed Metal Detector:** Metal detector and signal processing to address inroad metallic threats at tactical speeds
- **Advanced GPR For Deep and Shallow threats:** Optimized down looking radar and algorithms for deeper threat detection and operation at tactical speeds
- **Combined Vehicular GPR/Metal Detector Array:** Modular, multimode array of down looking GPR and MD sensors to address a broad spectrum of in road threats

**Payoff:** Enhanced survivability of US vehicles and forces from in road threats (AT mines and deeply buried threats). Enables higher speed operations for FCS and higher rates of advance for route clearance teams in modular brigades



# Standoff Threat Detection and Neutralization for Route Clearance (6.3)



## Suite of Counter-threat Sensor and Neutralizer Technologies to Address Evolving Roadside Concerns



Forward Looking Radar



Precision Targeting Grenade



Advanced Radar and RF



Forward Looking EO/IR

Detection and neutralization technologies work together as a system of systems.

**Purpose:** Demonstrate and mature threat/mine detection and neutralization capabilities for route clearance vehicles

**Product:** TRL6 prototypes of detection and neutralization technologies that provide effective standoff detection and neutralization of roadside threats

- Standoff forward looking sensors: multi-sensor suite includes forward looking radar, harmonic radar, thermal infrared (IR) sensors and other forward looking technologies
- Precision Grenade: collaborative effort with ARDEC to mature a shape charge penetrator round for the existing 40mm grenade launcher
- Effective system concepts for route clearance

**Payoff:** Enhanced survivability of US vehicles and forces from roadside threats. Higher rates of advance in route clearance.



# Summary

- NVESD serves as the Army's primary laboratory for the development of new countermine and counter-IED technologies (detection and neutralization) and provides engineering support for development and production of countermine systems for US Forces

## NVESD Principles of Operation

- Maintain In-house Expertise
- Close Contact with Military User
- Partnership with Industry
- Open to New Technology from All Sources – Leverage DARPA, Other Labs
- Concern with Affordability

**Champion the Right Technology for the Soldier**