

# U.S. Army Munitions HQ DA G-3/5/7

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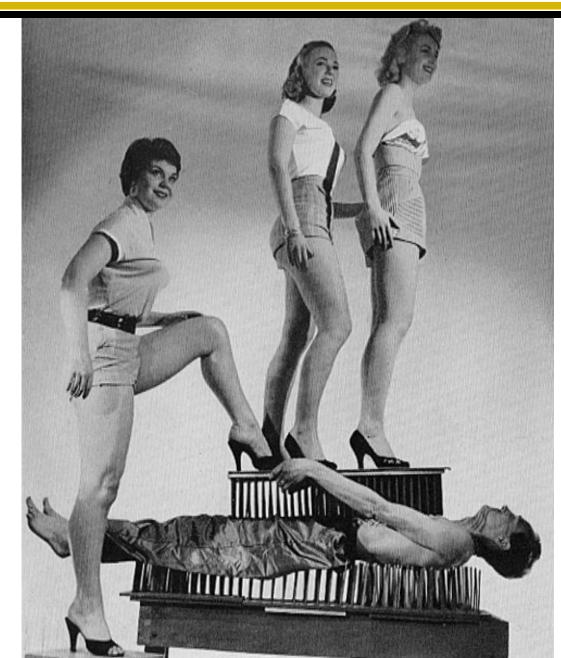


## What I Thought It Would Be Like...





## What It's Really Like...





## Agenda

### DA G-3/5/7 Munitions Mission

- Current Operational Trends and Observations
- Munitions Requirements Process (MRP)
- Major On-going Actions/Initiatives



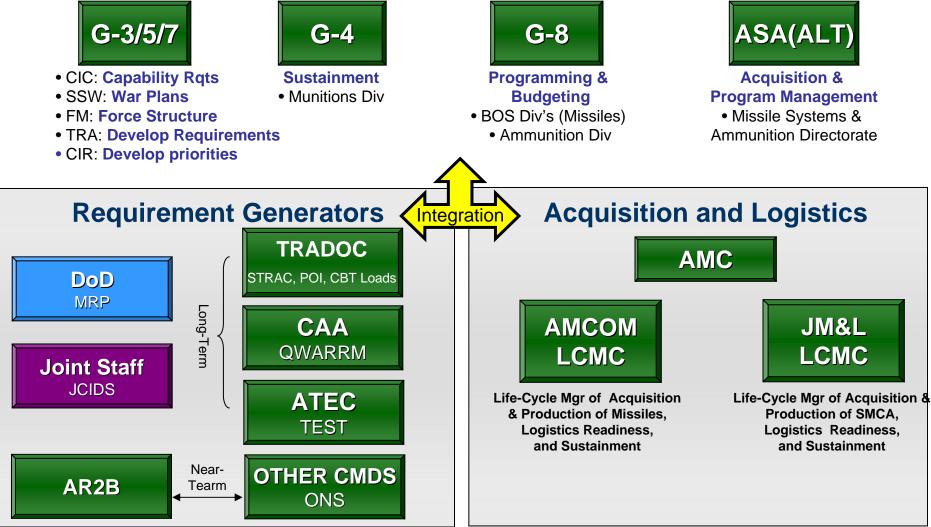
Serve as Army Staff focal point for integrating all munitions issues

- ARSTAF Team of Teams = G-3/5/7, G4, G8 and ASA (ALT)
- > Where do we focus?
  - ✓ Determine ALL munitions requirements
  - ✓ Sustain the warfight
  - $\checkmark$  "Operationalize" munitions issues and recommend priorities
  - Coordinate munitions resourcing strategy
  - ✓ Synchronize munitions policy
  - ✓ Oversee Army weapons training program
  - ✓ Monitor munitions and industrial base readiness



## Munitions "Team of Teams"

### Validation, Prioritization, Resourcing, Policy





## **Current Operational Trends and Observations**



➢ Our inventory is not necessarily tuned for "full spectrum" operations and change is slow going (e.g. 2.75" rockets, 40mm NL)

> We must not "prepare" for the last fight (2.75" rockets, VL/IR IIIum)

➢ We must be more responsive to rapidly changing Tactics, Techniques and Procedures to support the current warfight and persistent conflict (e.g. 17lb 2.75" rockets, Blast/Frag Hellfire)

> AT does not always equal AP (play Hellfire video)

Phase 4 Operations and "Persistent Conflict" require more than small arms (e.g. Demo, precision guided munitions, non-lethals, etc.)

Joint and Coalition Ammunition planning and training is critical. Technology cannot outpace slowest runner (7.62 Dim Trace, Aphids)



Continued...

➢ We are and will continue to fly (fixed and rotary) 155mm and more (intra and inter theater)

Buying foreign to make up for shortfalls should never happen again (e.g. UK small arms)

Ammunition Foreign Military Sales (FMS) are on the rise and must be leveraged for; Strategic Shaping/Coalition building and Industrial Base readiness

Reduction in inventory (due to overall reduction in force structure, increased lethality and precision) has led to a greater reliance on near real time inventory and expenditure data (not there yet)

Non-lethals must quickly transition to lethal effects to best support Escalation of Force, detainee operations, etc. (no more FN303's). Extended range (150m) for NL is critical to buy standoff time.

Technology is great but watch for Achilles heel (Excalibur)



Continued...

> Just in time production does not equate to just in time logistics

Precision vs dumb munitions balance is not easy. TRADOC is conducting a detailed study to support senior decision makers

TRADOC also working a study to help focus PEO- Missiles and Space RDT&E and S&T funding requests in FY12-17 POM

Operational Needs System (ONS) system is working

Significant increase in ammunition and explosive related accidents with fatalities

> We have a knowledge gap among junior to mid-grade officers



## Munitions Requirements Process (MRP)



DoD Instruction 3000.4 Munitions Requirements Process (MRP) directs all Services to develop munitions requirements biennially

MRP is a <u>deliberate planning process</u> that supports long-range POM planning and investments

As part of <u>deliberate planning process</u>, we use the "Quantitative War Reserve Requirements for Munitions" (QWARRM) process to develop War Reserve / Operational requirements

Center for Army Analysis (CAA) conducts theater-level modeling based on input from multiple sources including;

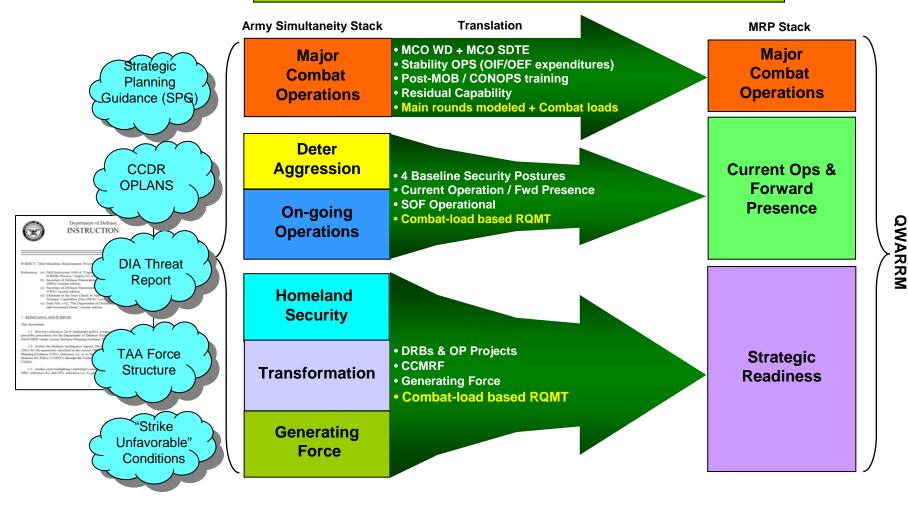
- Strategic Planning Guidance
- COCOM OPLANS
- DIA Threat reports
- Projected Force Structure

- Approved/projected munitions
- Munitions caps
- Approved Combat Loads
- Munitions/system performance



### **QWARRM** Development

#### Account for Everything; Double-count Nothing





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QWARRM does not address immediate operational needs. These are approved and resourced through the Army Requirements and Resourcing Board (AR2B) via Operational/Urgent Needs Statements (ONS/UNS) (e.g. Pen Flares)

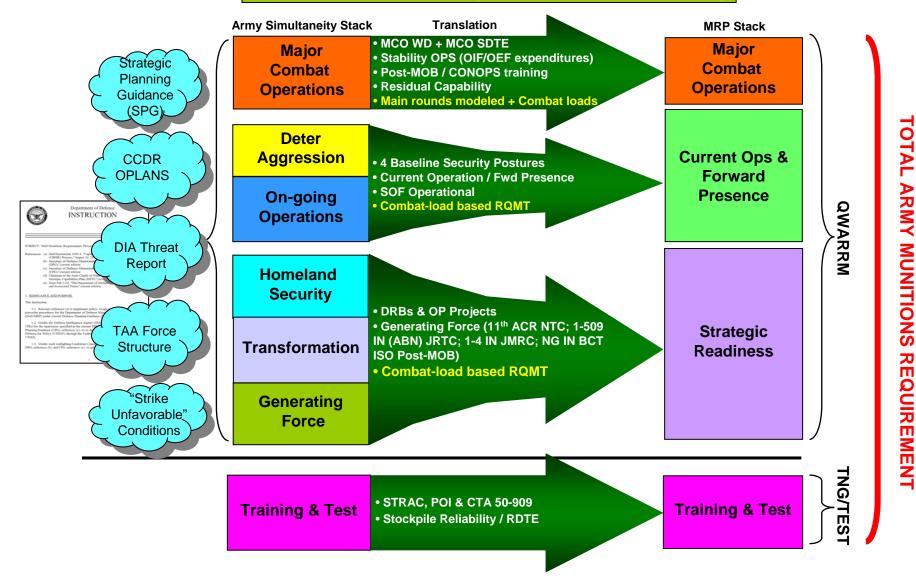
QWARRM requirements + training (6 years) + testing (6 years) = Total Army Munitions Requirements (TAMR)

≻FY10-15 TAMR provided to OSD o/a 1 Jan 08

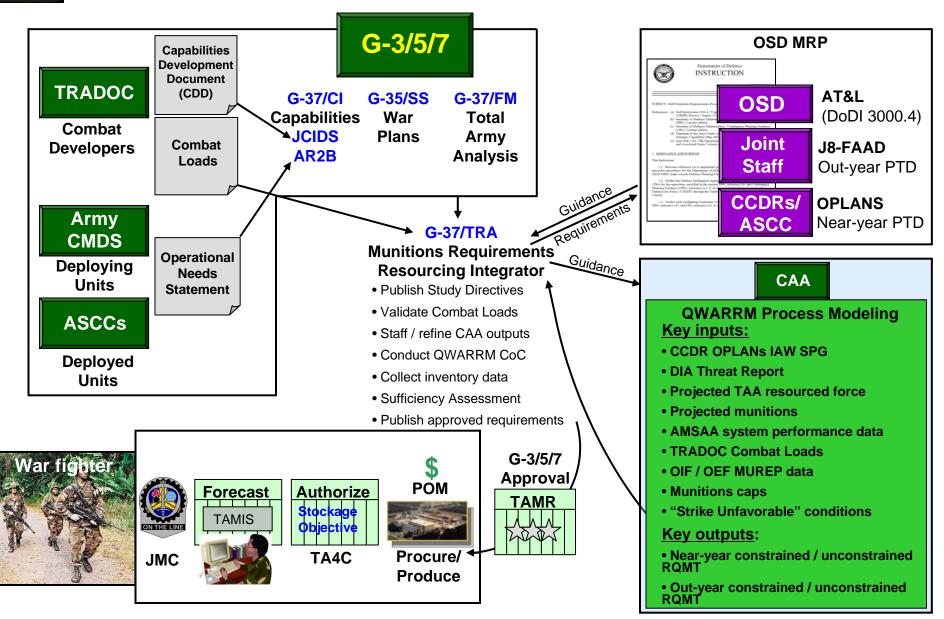


## Total Army Munitions Requirements (TAMR)

#### Account for Everything; Double-count Nothing









## **On-going Actions/Initiatives**



## **Ongoing Actions/Initiatives**

## Sustain the Warfight

- Hellfire (AP/AT) - 2.75" rockets (HE, flechette) - Fast Obscurant Grenade (FOG)

- Unitary Guided MLRS
- Excalibur

- 12ga breaching rounds
- Non-lethal (40mm, CS, 12ga)
- Escalation of Force (EOF)

## Manage Army Munitions Requirements and Prioritization

- Green Ammo

- 30mm

- COCOM missile distribution

### Army Munitions Strategy

- Overarching Army Munitions Strategy
- Highlight current and pending shortfalls
- Munitions/Missile Industrial Base

- ATACMS shelf life extension program (SLEP)
- Operational Needs Statements (e.g. PGMM, Thermo LAW, PGK)
  - Support Reposture/Reset of munitions stockpile
  - Joint Materiel Release Process
  - Currently Working DRAFT

### FY10-15 POM / Total Army Munitions Requirements (TAMR)

- QWARRM is our war reserve munitions requirements development process
- Developed IAW Department of Defense Instruction 3000.4, Munitions Requirement Process (MRP)
- OSD AT&L Implementation Guidance dictates Defense Planning Scenarios for use in MRP
- Training Ammunition requirements developed IAW STRAC and TRADOC POI's

## Army Ammunition Vision- 2030 -

- Soldiers/Civilians
- Training

- Strategic reach back

Chief of Ordnance initiative Committed to fixing knowledge gap

- Equipment

- Organizations



# Don Chrans DA G8 Programming and Budgeting



## Backup

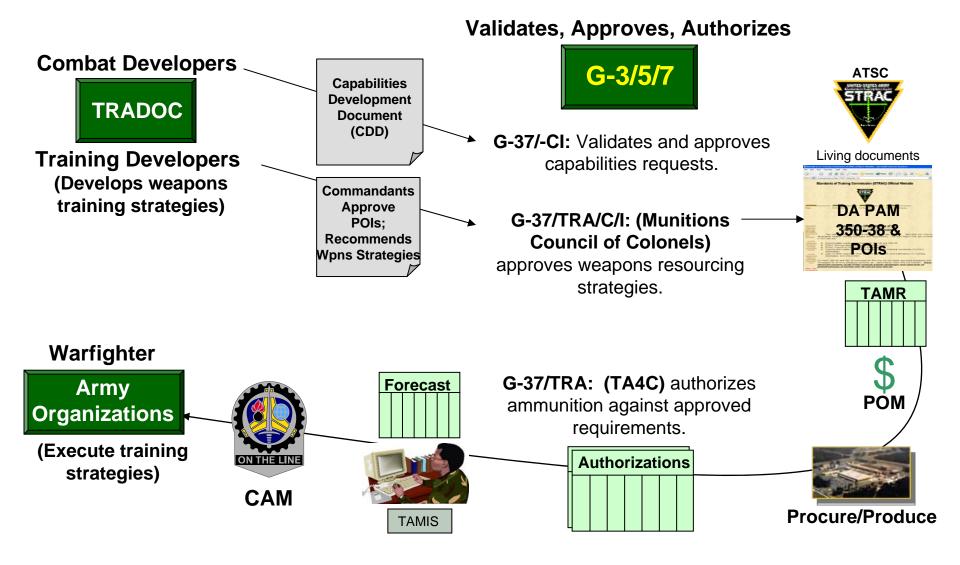


### Nonlethal Munition Maximum Effective Ranges





## **Training Munitions Requirements Process**





Model OSD-directed Major Combat Operations.

Develop constrained / unconstrained near- and out-year requirements.

➤ Use MUREP to develop PH IV requirement.

Develop Strategic Readiness requirements, to include Homeland Defense, treaty obligations, etc.

Update the Theater Sustainment Model to reflect munitions needed to support a modular force.

Special emphasis items include: FCS systems, Patriot, ATACMS, Hellfire, DPICM (all types), 30mm, 25mm, and Precision Guidance Kit (PGK) requirements.



- Previous missile requirements process was fiscally driven vice operations-based.
- G-3/5/7 can't determine where he may have risk.

#### **OLD PROCESS**

#### G8 develops missile requirements

#### **Unconstrained:**

- CAA model allowed to fight theater war fight without constraint.
- Model defaults to the most lethal, suitable weapon / munition available for the target set.

#### **Constrained:**

- Requirements based on programmed quantities.
- Provided by EE PEG BOS reps.
- No missile UFRs. Procurement = requirement.

**Note:** OSD directs each Service to provide unconstrained and constrained requirements.

NEW PROCESS

G3/5/7 develops missile requirements

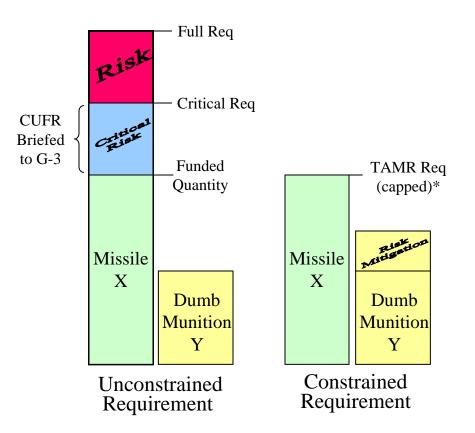
#### **Unconstrained**:

• No change.

#### **Constrained**:

- CAA models unconstrained requirement.
- G3 (DAMO-TRA) develops operationsbased critical requirement.
- DAMO-TRA briefs proposed RQMT to G-3/5/7 for approval.
- EE PEG provides assessment of how much of the RQMT it intends to fund.
- CAA models programmed quantities provided by EE PEG BOS reps.
- Funding < critical RQMT = CUFR.
- Funding > CUFR but < full RQMT = UFR.





\* Missile X TAMR requirement will be the capped qty, but show the Full and Critical Requirements for reference

#### **Unconstrained Requirement**

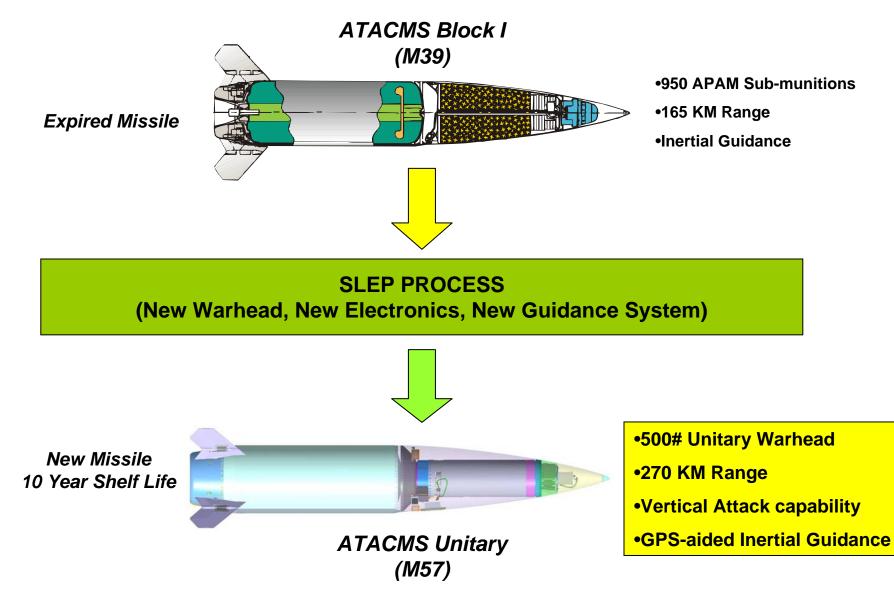
- CAA model is allowed to fight theater level war fight without constraints
- This is the very top level munitions requirements estimate, by DODIC

#### Constrained Requirement

- G-37/TRA uses the CAA generated unconstrained requirement to develop an operations based Critical Requirement
- EE PEG provides assessment of how much of the RQMT it intends to fund
- Critical Requirement is briefed to G-3/5/7 leadership for approval
- CAA models programmed quantities provided by EE PEG BOS
- CUFR = Funding < Critical Requirement
- UFR = Funding > CUFR but < Full Requirement

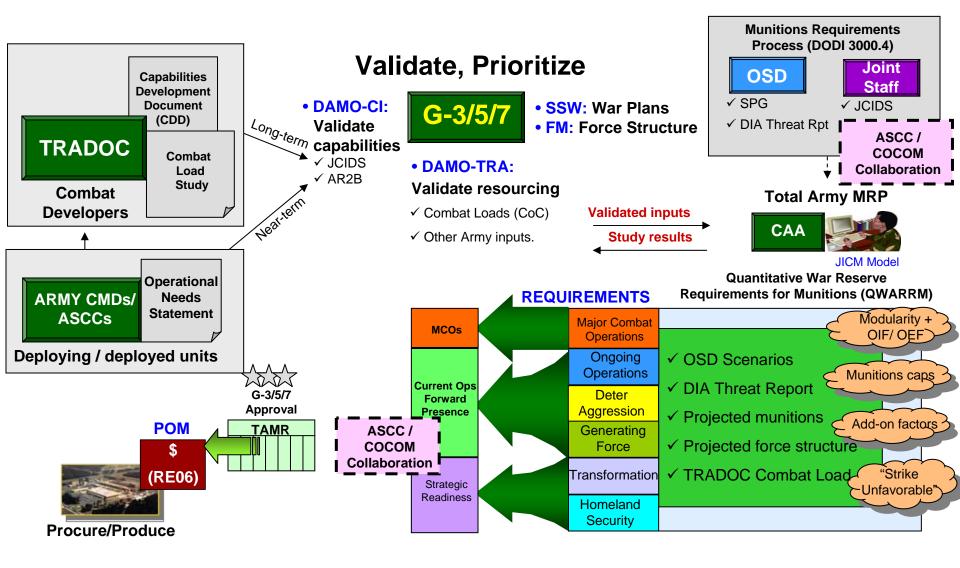


## **ATACMS SLEP Process**





## War Reserve Requirements Process





# Summary - Requirements Characteristics

The Army's QWARRM process produces a Requirements Estimate that:

Reflects the quantities of munitions the Army needs to successfully execute ground-based maneuver force Campaign Plans (versus achieving specific target attrition goals).

 $\succ$  Considers the objectives and munitions demand for each phase of the campaign plan.

Is derived from detailed functional analysis of Division/BCT-level performance of opposing force weapons systems in an environment representative of the theater.

- Uses approved shooter / munitions / target probability-of-kill data from AMSAA.
- Reflects appropriate doctrine and tactics for employment of the weapons systems.

Provides a comprehensive theater / scenario-specific, auditable estimate of munitions requirements throughout a campaign.



### CAA's Campaign Analysis Review (munitions):

- Rounds per Tube per Day
- Inventory caps
- Tonnage
- Kills and hits
- Phasing
- Quantities Expended vs Carrying Capacity
- Sequence of Expenditures

➢ Only after validation is complete are study results briefed to the Director, CAA, for release to the Army G-3 (DAMO-TRA).

Army G-3 (DAMO-TRA) conducts Council of Colonels to further validate QWARRM outputs, leveraging input from "Team of Teams."

Outputs approved by DA G-3 before release to OSD



- The QWARRM process has evolved over time, as the Army and CAA have refined it to meet the demands of the munitions requirements process and the OSD MRP.
- CAA's OPLAN analysis support to ASCCs that are associated with major Defense Planning Scenarios significantly enhances the Army's ability to faithfully represent the ASCCs' intent during the campaign.
- The Army is confident that scenario based munitions requirements accurately reflect what the Army needs to successfully execute a specified theater campaign plan (vice the estimated munitions required to kill a specific number of targets).