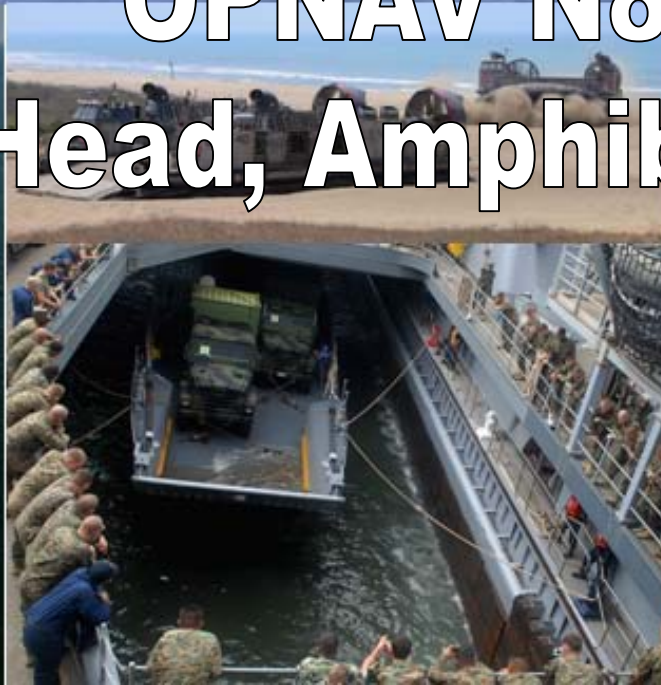
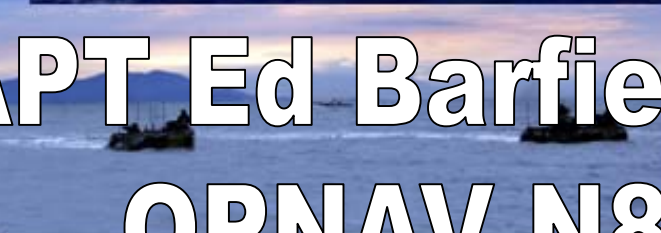




**CAPT Ed Barfield, USN**  
**OPNAV N853**

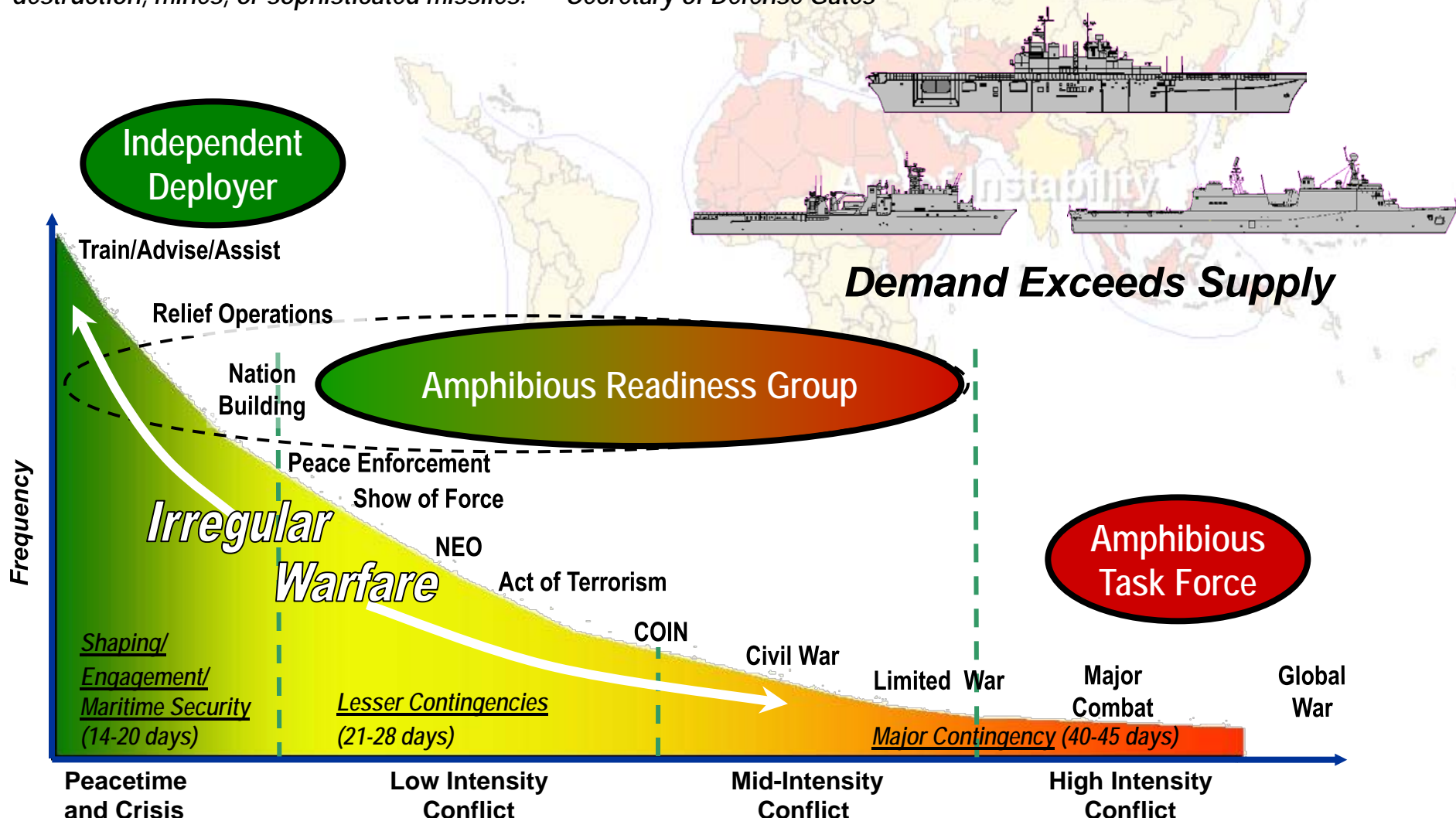
**Branch Head, Amphibious Warfare**





# Balanced Capability

"The future will be more complex, where all conflict will range along a broad spectrum of operations and lethality, where even near-peer competitors will use irregular or asymmetric tactics, and non-state actors may have weapons of mass destruction, mines, or sophisticated missiles." - Secretary of Defense Gates







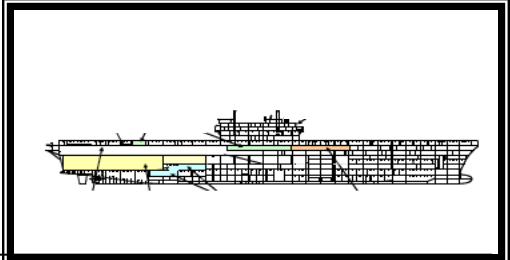
# Amphibious Combatant Evolution

## ARG - Now



LHD/LHA

## ARG - Future



LHD/LHA(R) → LHA(R) Flt 1?

Enable Operational Maneuver From the Sea

- Improved:
- Capacity for Larger / Heavier Aircraft/Vehicles
  - Self-Defense
  - Survivability
  - C4I
  - Flexibility (Split ARG)
  - QOL



LPD 4 → LPD 17

Enable Ship-to-Objective Maneuver



LPD 17



LSD 41/49



LSD 41/49 → LPD 17 Flt 1?



# Amphibious Combatant Recapitalization CBA



- **Capability-Based Assessment (CBA) considering**
  - ❑ LSD and LHD recapitalization
  - ❑ Projected USMC lift requirements (2020s timeframe)
  - ❑ USMC air/ground vehicles are becoming heavier/larger
  
- **CBA studying Replacement options**
  - ❑ For LSD Recap
    - ❖ LPD 17 design (repeat or modified repeat)
    - ❖ New design (small--similar to LSD 41/49 size)
    - ❖ New design (large--carry 100% of lift requirement)
  - ❑ For LHD Recap
    - ❖ LHA(R) Flight 0 (existing LHA 6 design)
    - ❖ LHA(R) Flight 1 (with well deck)
    - ❖ New design (carry 100% of lift requirement)
  
- ***CBA will report to the Resource, Requirements Review Board in Jan 2010***
  - ❑ *Enable POM12 decision on options (repeat/mod repeat or new design)*

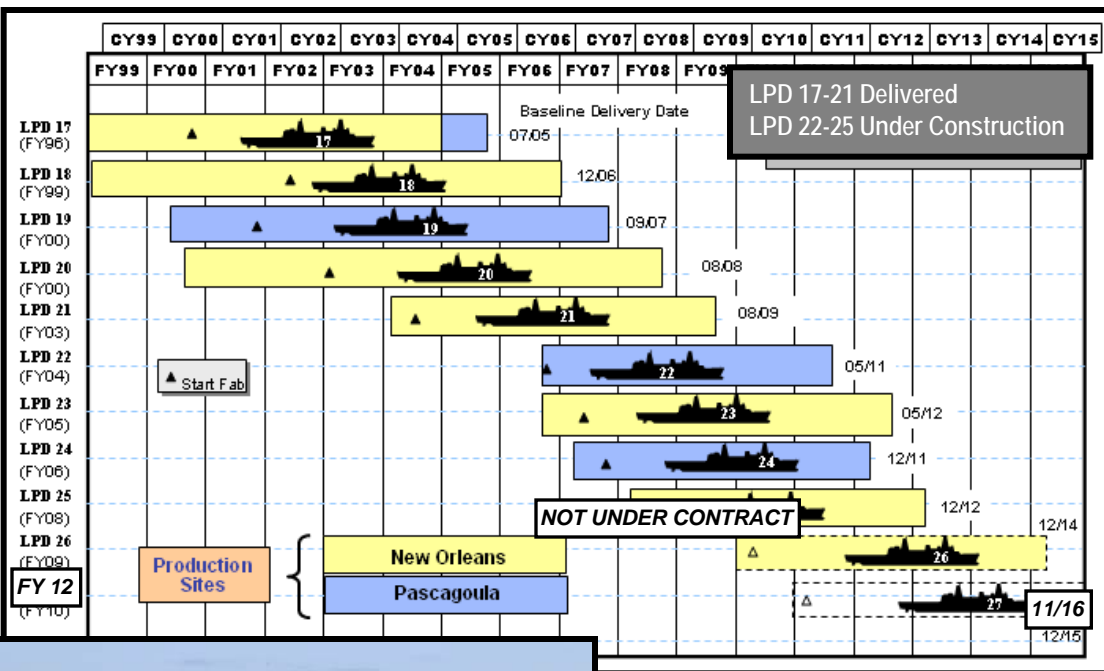
**RECAPITALIZING TO PROVIDE MODERN, AFFORDABLE AMPHIB FLEET**

# Major Program Update





# LPD 17



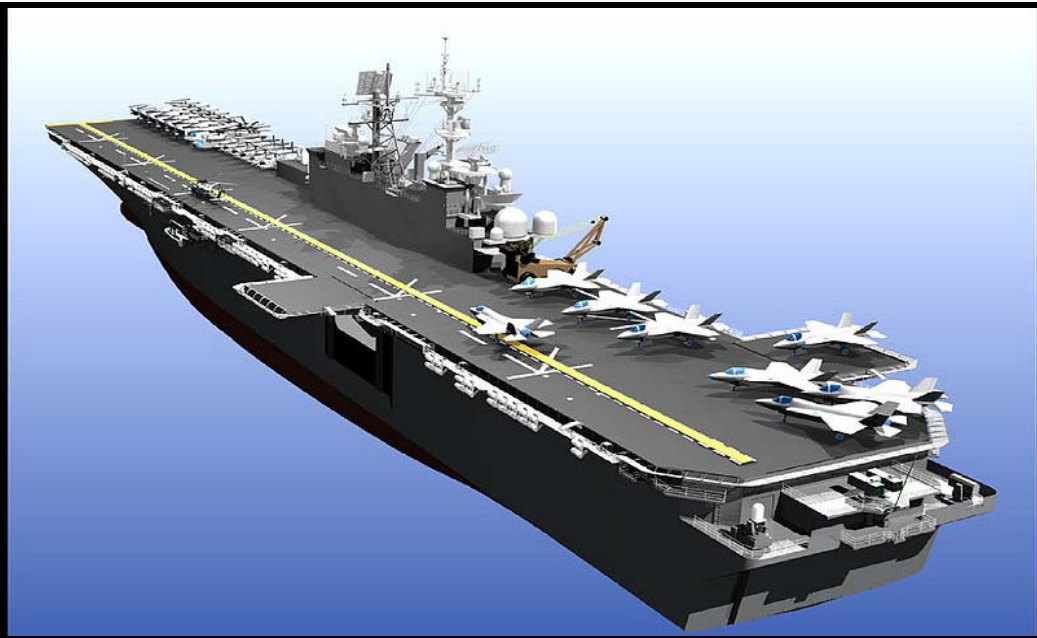
- LPD 17 class are flexible, multi-mission ships
- Functionally replaces LPD 4, LSD 36, LKA 113, and LST 1179 Ship classes
- LPD 17 missions include:
  - Forward Presence,
  - Deterrence,
  - Sea Control,
  - Power Projection,
  - Maritime Security
  - Humanitarian Assistance / Disaster Response







# LHA 6



- LHA(6) provides flexible, multi-mission platforms
- LHA(R) is a modified LHD 8 design
- Increased aviation capacity to better accommodate JSF/MV-22
- Provide adequate weight and stability margins for 40 year service life

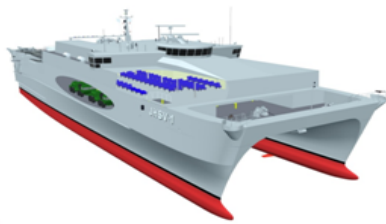




# Joint High Speed Vessels (JSHV)



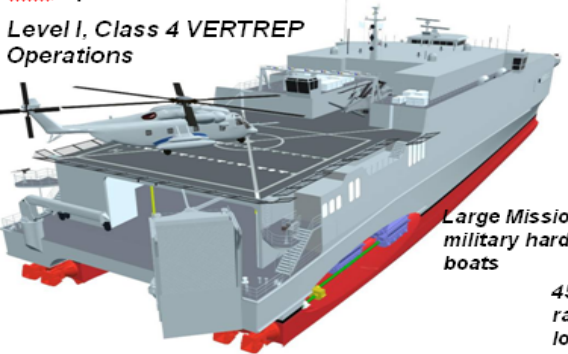
Flexible crew and troop accommodations with lounge, medical and mess facilities



Crew-served weapon mounts fore and aft

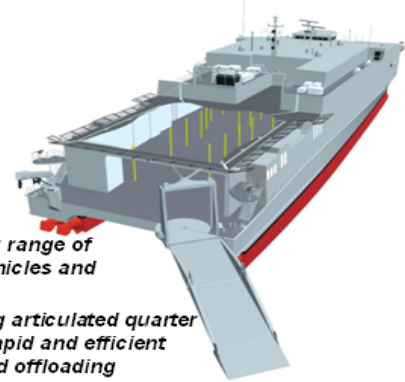
Level I, Class 2 for H53/H60 helo operations

Level I, Class 4 VERTREP Operations



Large Mission Bay for range of military hardware, vehicles and boats

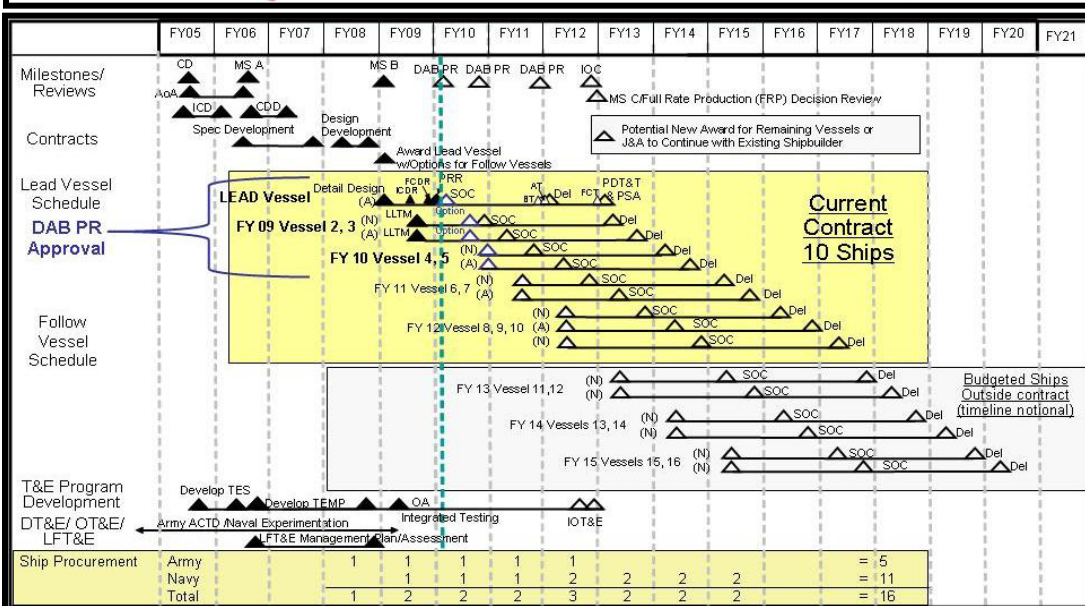
45° slewing articulated quarter ramp for rapid and efficient loading and offloading



➤ Intra – theater lift and littoral maneuver

➤ Combines speed, range, and payload while providing shallow water/austere port access.

➤ Bridges the gap between rapid/low volume airlift (C-17/C-130) and slow/high volume sealift (LCU-2000/LSV)



A - Army N - Navy SOC - Start of Construction PDT&T - Post Delivery Test & Trials BT - Builder's Trial LLTM - Long Lead Time Material M&S - Modeling and Simulation AT - Acceptance Trial FCT - Final Contract Trial CDR - Initial Critical Design Review FCDB - Final Critical Design Review PRR - Production Readiness Review



# Ship to Shore Connector (SSC)

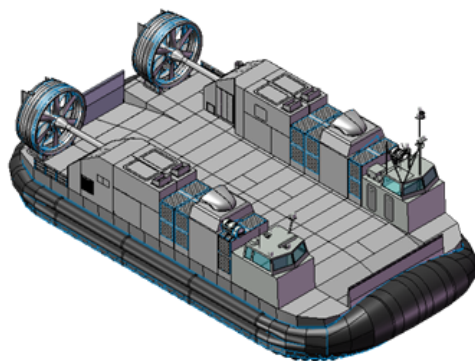


**Mission:** Land Surface Assault Elements of USMC from ship to shore

**Description:** Landing Craft Air Cushion (LCAC) replacement

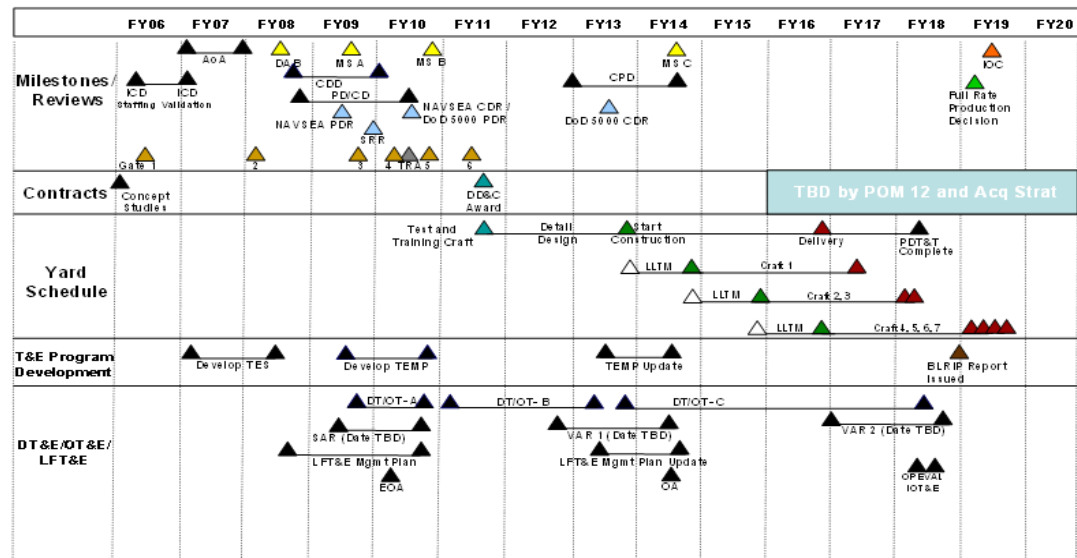
**Platforms:** Air Cushion Vehicle; Same footprint as LCAC SLEP

**Employment:** Ship to shore surface connector in support of STOM and MPF(F)



- Mission: conduct ship-to-shore movement in support of surface assault elements of the MAGTF
- LCAC replacement possesses same footprint as LCAC SLEP
- Draft formal requirements (CDD) and Key Performance Parameters in Joint Review

## Notional Schedule





# LCAC SLEP



## BUOYANCY BOX

- New buoyancy box thru FY03
- Refurbishment of buoyancy box in FY04 and beyond

## ENHANCED ENGINES

- Provides additional power
- Reduces fuel consumption
- Reduces maintenance

## ROTATING MACHINERY REFURBISHMENT

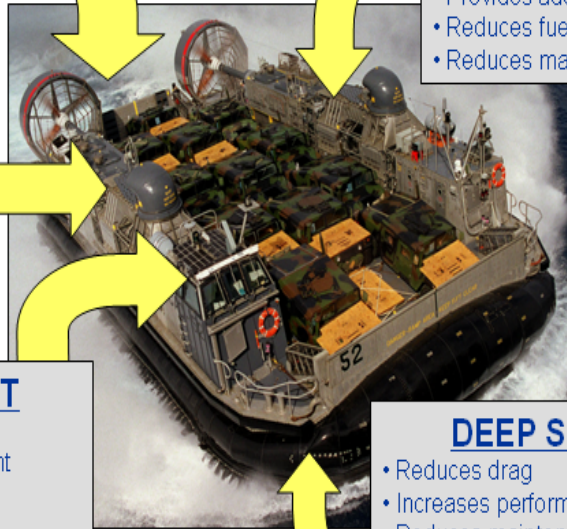
- Extends useful life of equipment
- Reduces maintenance

## C4N REPLACEMENT

- Introduces Open Architecture
- Introduces modern COTS equipment
- Provides precision navigation
- Provides Common Tactical Picture
- Provides Comm Suite interoperability

## DEEP SKIRT

- Reduces drag
- Increases performance envelope
- Reduces maintenance
- Increases obstacle clearance



FY04 Recipient of the DoD Value Engineering Award

**OCT 09: 24 of 72 SLEPs complete**

- Preserves amphibious warfare triad (LCAC / EFV/MV-22)
- Allows execution of Operational Maneuver From The Sea (OMFTS) and Ship to Objective Maneuver (STOM)
- Defers requirement to fund next generation LCAC from FY00 to FY10
- *Challenges*
  - ❑ *COTS obsolescence, Technology Insertion*
  - ❑ *Growth work increasing due to the degraded condition of the craft entering SLEP availabilities*



# LCU R



- AMW OAG has ranked this as a top five Fleet need over the last two years
- Current LCU 1600 craft have an average age of 38 years and suffer from obsolescence and increased maintenance costs

## ➤ Way Ahead

- Initial Capability Document is required to proceed through Navy staffing
- Brief to NCB in NOV 09 for approval to proceed to the CBA and ICD.

“No one craft can do it all.”	LCAC (SLEP)	SSC	LCU
High Speed (>25 kts)	●	●	●
Beach landings in Assault Echelon	●	●	●
Access to world beaches	●	●	●
Dry-Well Operations	●	●	●
Heavy-Lift	75 ST*	75 ST*	147 ST
Platform for buoyant hose fuel systems	●	●	●
Beach landings in AFOE	●	●	●
Extended (10 day) Ops (SOF/Riverine)	●	●	●
Independent Operations	●	●	●
Afloat Forward Staging Base (small boats)	●	●	●
Peacetime port operations	●	●	●
Passenger (400 per craft) Ferry	●	●	●

\* Limited by temp and sea state





# LSD MID LIFE



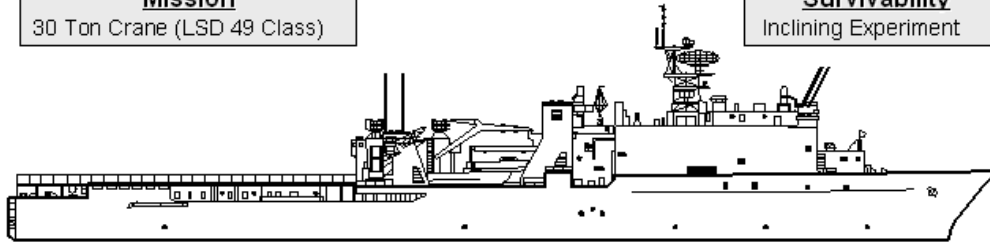
**Ensure ships reach expected 40 year service life**

**Mission**

30 Ton Crane (LSD 49 Class)

**Survivability**

Inclining Experiment



**Technology Insertion**

- Advanced Engineering Control System (AECS)
  - LAN
  - Machinery Monitoring System (MCS)
  - Steering Control System (SCS)
  - On Board Trainer (OBT)
  - DEXTER
  - Electronic Gov Act (Digital Fuel Rack Control)

**Hull Mechanical & Electrical**

- Fuel & Engine Maint Savings Sys (PLMU)
- All Electric & Distribution Upgrade
- Power Mgmt Platform (PMP)
- Additional A/C Plant
- CW Distribution Mods
- SSDG Lube Oil Polisher
- LPAC Replacement (LSD 41 Class)
- Canned Lube Oil Pump (CLOP)

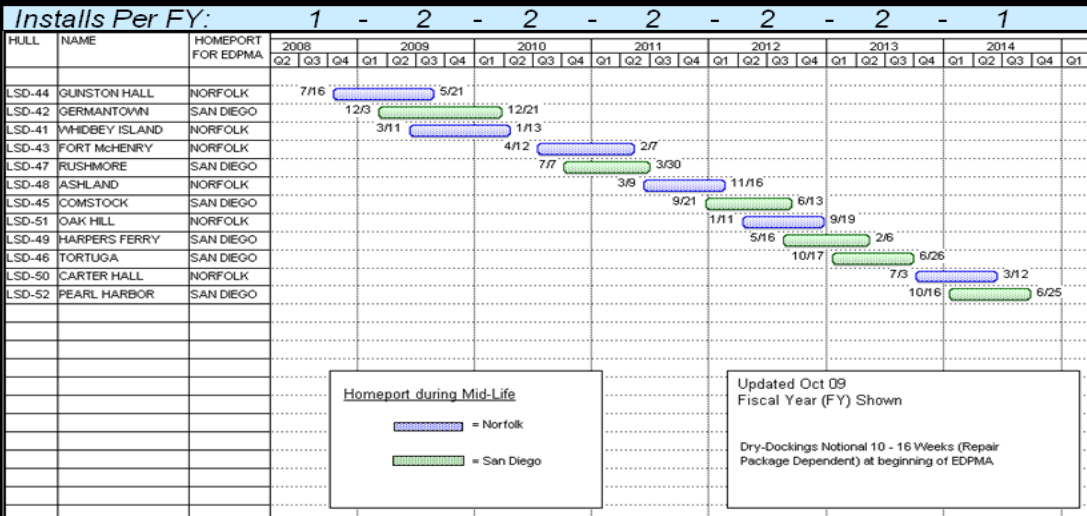
➤ Return ships to capable Fleet Asset status; able to meet amphibious mission requirements through 2038

➤ Objective is to

- ❑ Improve declining material condition and readiness,
- ❑ Replace obsolete equipment and
- ❑ Reduce total ownership costs through technology insertion

➤ 1 of 12 LSD Mid-Life (GUNSTON HALL (Norfolk) completed May 2009)

➤ GERMANTOWN (San Diego) completes in DEC 2009 and WHIDBEY ISLAND (Norfolk) completes in Jan 2010





# LHD MID LIFE & JSF INTEGRATION



## LHD 1 Class Mid-Life Program

<b>Aviation</b> PriFly Reconfiguration MV 22 Shop Mods MV 22 Topside Mods Install SAR DET Facilities F-35B (JSF) Integration	<b>Quality of Service</b> Additional A/C Plant-LHD 1	<b>C4I / CS / IC</b> All SSC-12 SATCC-ATC	<b>Survivability</b> Weight & Moment Compensation Fuel Oil Compensation System Damage Control Quarters
<b>Assault</b> Folding Vehicle Ramp Replace LCPL w/ RHIB (Davit) Monorail System Upgrade Synthetic Batterboards	<b>Propulsion</b> Maintenance Drivers * Radar TLLs  <small>* Analysis of maintenance data to target high maintenance items including equipment obsolescence (Boilers, MN steam, condensate system), steam firepump replacement w/ electric, steam plant controls (PLCs).</small>	<b>Hull</b> Maintenance Drivers ** Sideport Door Upgrade Corrosion Control  <small>** Analysis of maintenance data to target high maintenance items including vents and vent plenums, Fueling at Sea (FAS) stations, winches and capstans.</small>	<b>Electrical / Auxiliary</b> Replace Steam Fire Pumps Electrical Distribution Sys Upgrades for C-4I Electrical 400HZ AES System Upgrade IVD Compatible Lighting Flash Dist Plant Level Control & Valves I12 Plants

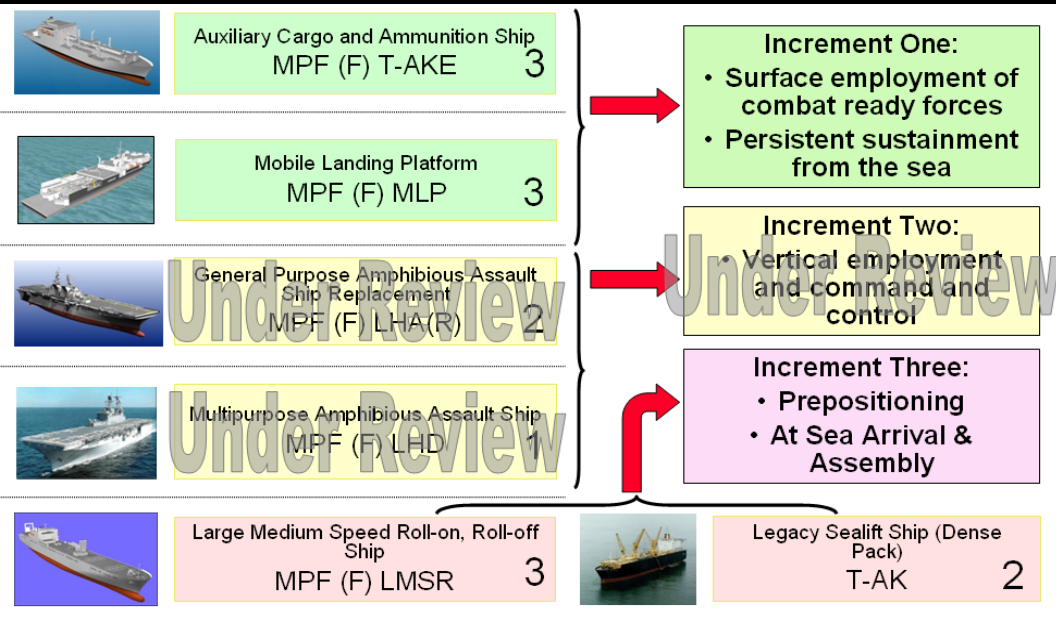
**Essential modernization and mission improvements to reach 40 year service life**

- Essential modernization and mission improvements to reach 40 yr service life
- Nine identified ship changes required for JSF on LHDs funded with fielding plans in place
- Six cornerstone alterations – nine separate SCDs – identified
- Enabler ship alterations
  - MV 22 service and shop mods (hangar and stowage)
  - Fuel Oil Compensation (stability)
- JSF Integration
  - JSF External Environment mitigation pending technical analysis



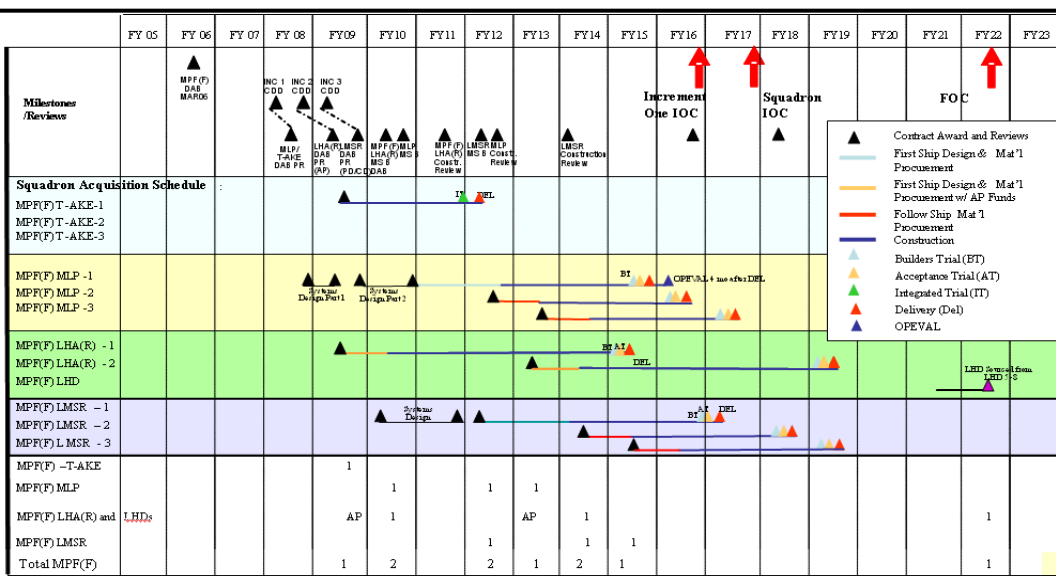


# Maritime Prepositioning Force Future (MPF (F))



- The MPF(F) Program
  - ❑ Consists of a family of ships that significantly enhances the current Maritime Prepositioning Force (MPF) program
  - ❑ Key enabler of seabasing, providing "combat ready" forces from over the horizon.
  - ❑ 3 Increment Acquisition Strategy

➤ Program under significant scrutiny in QDR 12



**MPF (F) requirements remain valid**



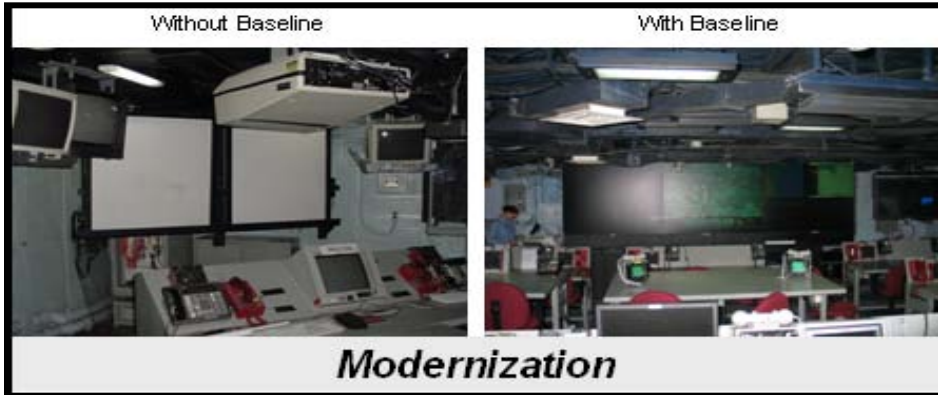


CAPT Ed Barfield	Branch Head	703 614 0385
LtCol Mike Chambers	Deputy Branch Head	703 614 0395
CDR Dan Bryan	In-Service Amphib Combatants	703 614 0393
LtCol Steve Ware	MPF Requirments	703 614 2236
Mr. Marty Bodrog	Future Amphib Requirements	703 695 0917
LCDR Greg Baker	Future Amphib Requirements	703 695 0917

*Questions?*



# Naval Amphibious Baseline



- Naval Amphibious Baseline (NAB) is a single SCD developed by the Service HQs, Fleet, USMC Operating Forces, and in conjunction with the SYSCOM
  - ❑ Standardizes MEU and PHIBRON command and control spaces across LHD 1 class
  - ❑ Removes obsolete equipment
  - ❑ Installs modern equipment
  - ❑ Considers work flow and human factors engineering
- Significant cost avoidance
- DRAFT NAB Charter prepared for staffing
- N85 and PPO (Operations) are proposed to co – chair NAB Boards for future changes



# Amphibious Combatant Fleet Transformation



**1990 62 Ships**

**2009 31 Ships**

**2021 33 Ships**

*Requirement for 38 ships, risk accepted at fiscally constrained 33 ship force structure*



**LHD**



**LHA / LHD**



**LHD / LHA 6**



**LHA**



**LPH**



**LPD 4**



**LPD 17**



**LPD 4**



**LPD 17**



**LSD 36**



**LSD 41 / 49**



**LSD 41**



**LSD 41 / 49**



**LST 1179**



**LKA 113**





# Design Improvements



## SMART TECHNOLOGY

- Ship's Wide Area Network
- Engineering Control System
- Integrated Bridge System
- Wireless Communications
- Waste Stream Management
- Fire/Smoke Sensing System
- Integrated Condition Assessment System (ICAS)

PLUS

- Fiber Optic Cable Plant
- Radar Cross Section Reduction
- Integrated Product Data Environment
- Advanced Boat Handling
- Medical Complex
- Mixed Gender design for max flexibility

## REDUCED TOC/MAINTENANCE

- Optimized Manning
- Phased Maintenance Concept
- Extended Dry Dock Cycle
- AEMS Mast
- EFV Gun (Mk 46)
- Eliminated internal stowage of MOGAS
- 25% Maintenance Reduction in PM/CM Maintenance Reduction Initiatives
  - High Solids Coatings in tanks and Well Deck Overhead
  - Synthetic Well Deck Planking
  - Corrosion Control Changes
  - Latest WTD Changes
  - Twin Screw Reefer Compressors
  - SCBA vs. OBAs
  - Self Cleaning Lube Oil/Sea Water Strainers

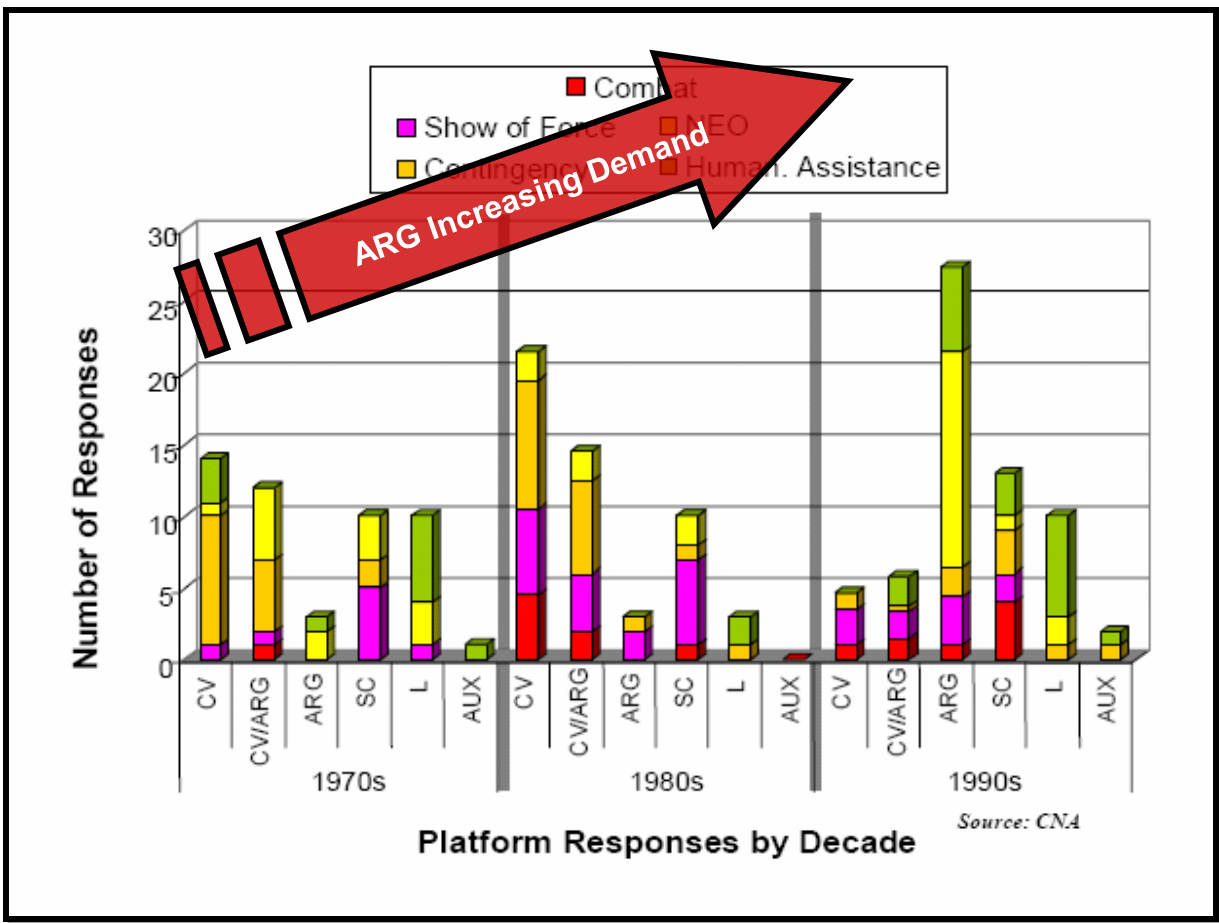
## QUALITY OF LIFE

- AC Plant Capacity
- Modular Berthing
- Sit Up Berths
  - Crew and Troop
- Physical Fitness Centers
- Ship-wide Access to SWAN drops
- Training Department
  - 1 Officer, 4 Enlisted
- Training Spaces
  - Electronic Classroom
  - Learning Resource Center (50 Laptops for checkout)
  - Interactive Coursewear
  - Marine Training Spaces

**Enhanced Operations - Reduced Workload - Improved QOL**



# Demand Signal



**30 yrs of responsive and successful employment across the operational spectrum has yielded demand in excess of supply**