

GENERAL DYNAMICS

Armament and Technical Products

Qualification Testing of High Rate of Fire Gun Systems



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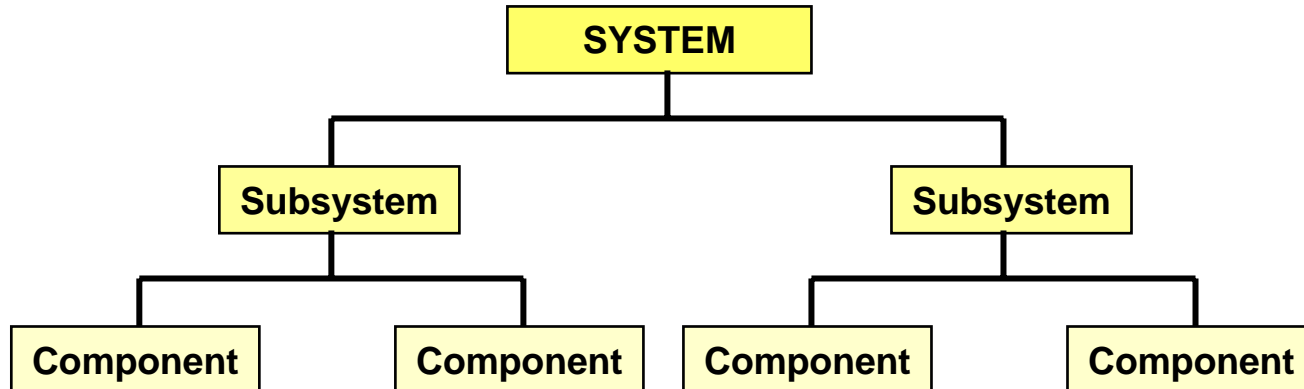
Presentation Outline

- Qualification Methodology
- Gun System Qualification Test Approach
- JSF CTOL Qualification Results
- Conclusions



What is Qualification?

- Qualification is a process of verifying that a design meets its allocated requirements.
- Qualification is usually done in a systematic manner, starting with lower level components and subsystems, and working up to the system level.





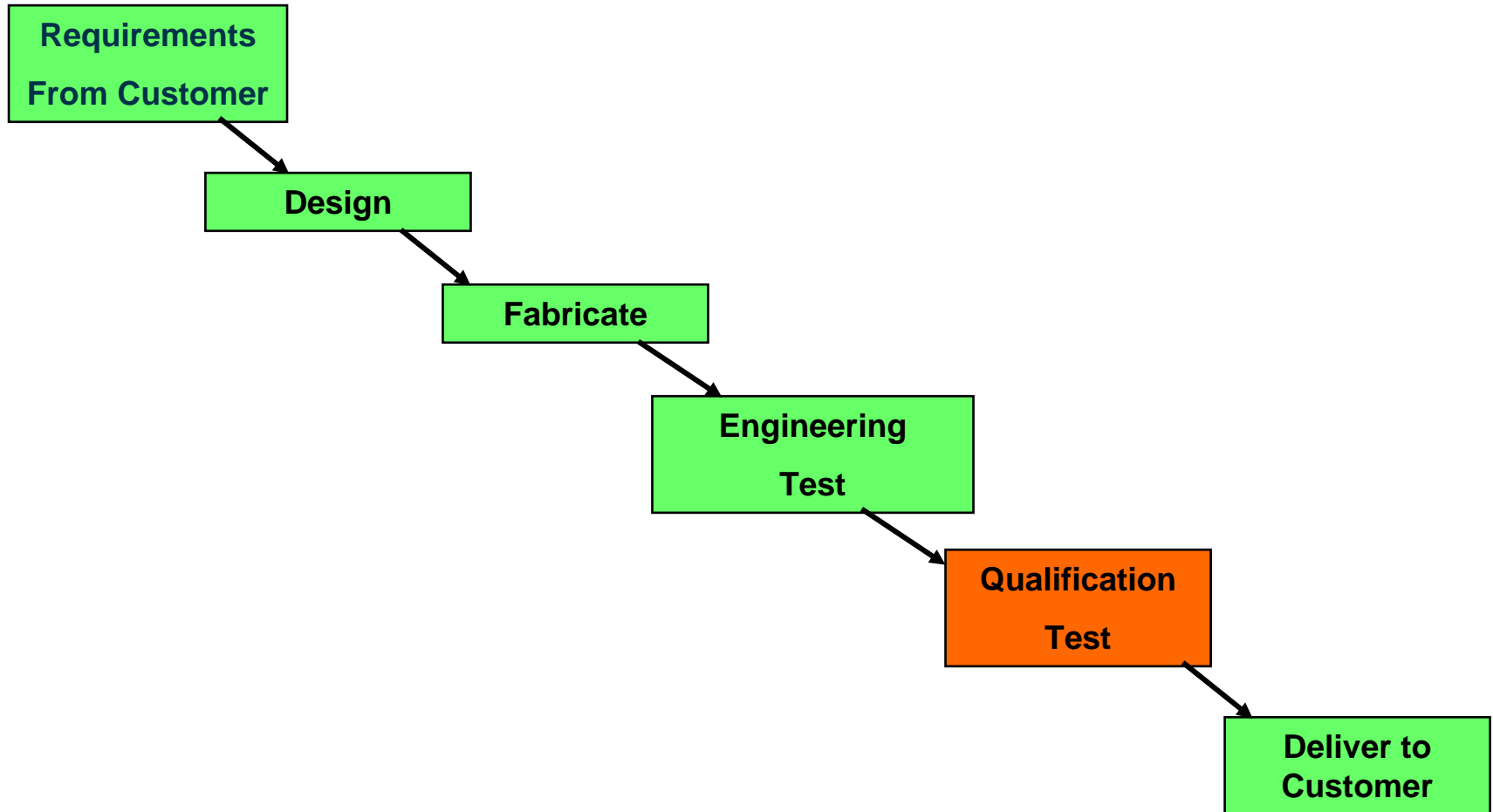
System Perspective



The distinction between a system and a subsystem is a matter of perspective



Where does Qualification fit?



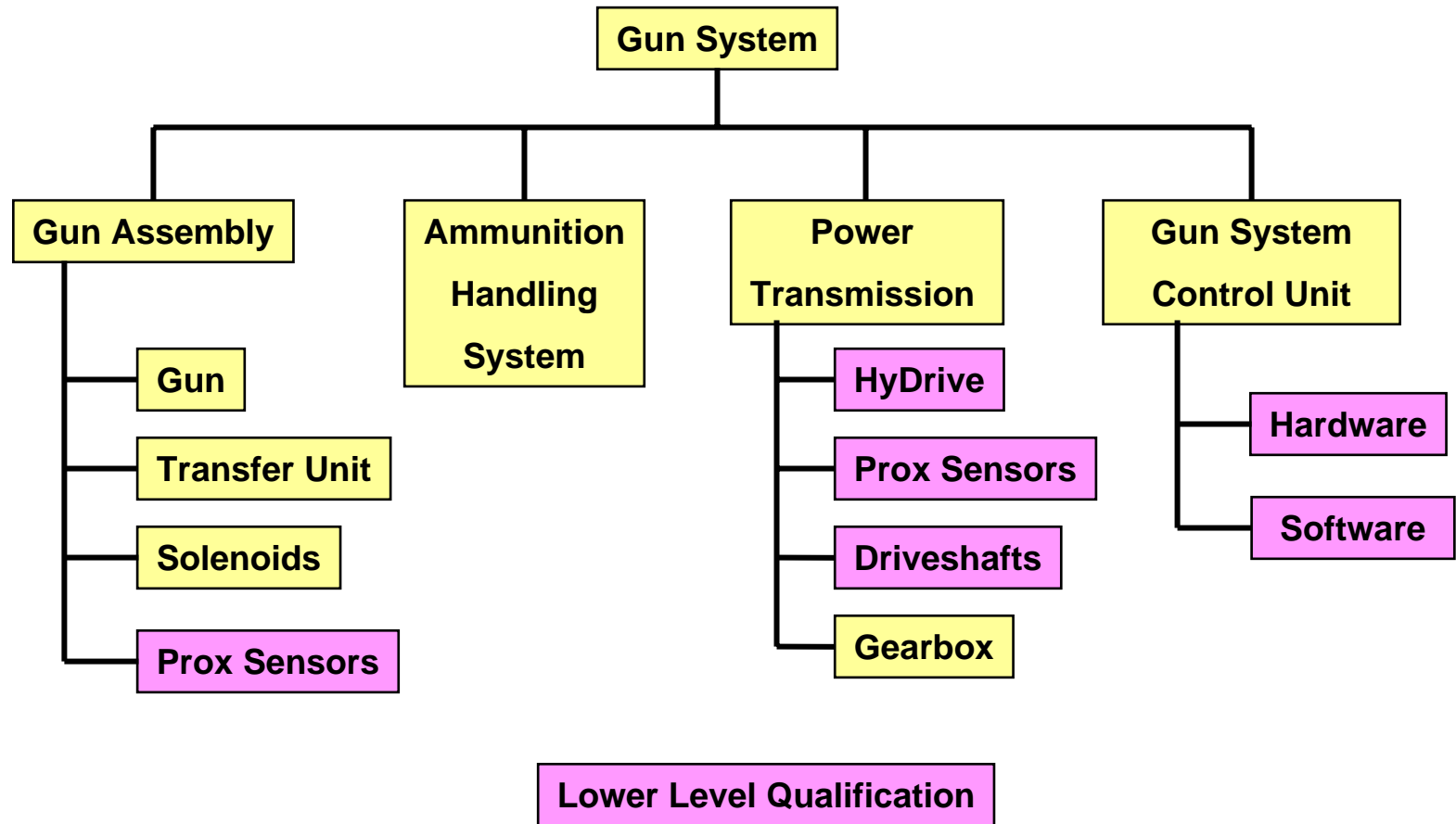


Qualification Methods

- Analysis – Technical assessment using detailed calculations, including computer modeling.
- Demonstration – Simple, uninstrumented go-no go result
- Examination – Visual inspection
- Similarity – Based on qualification results of a similar product in a similar environment .
- **Test – Measurement of performance while operating the system**

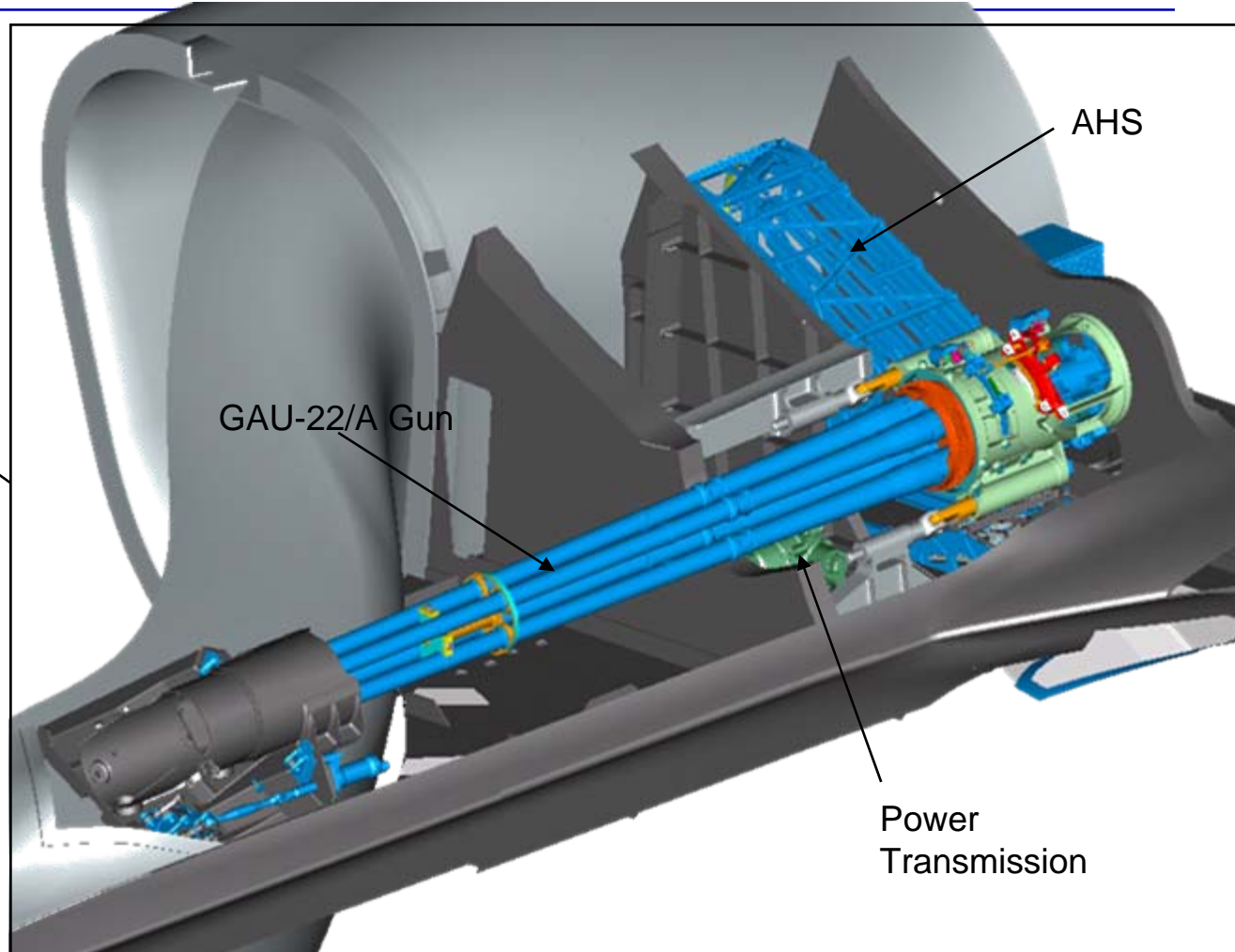
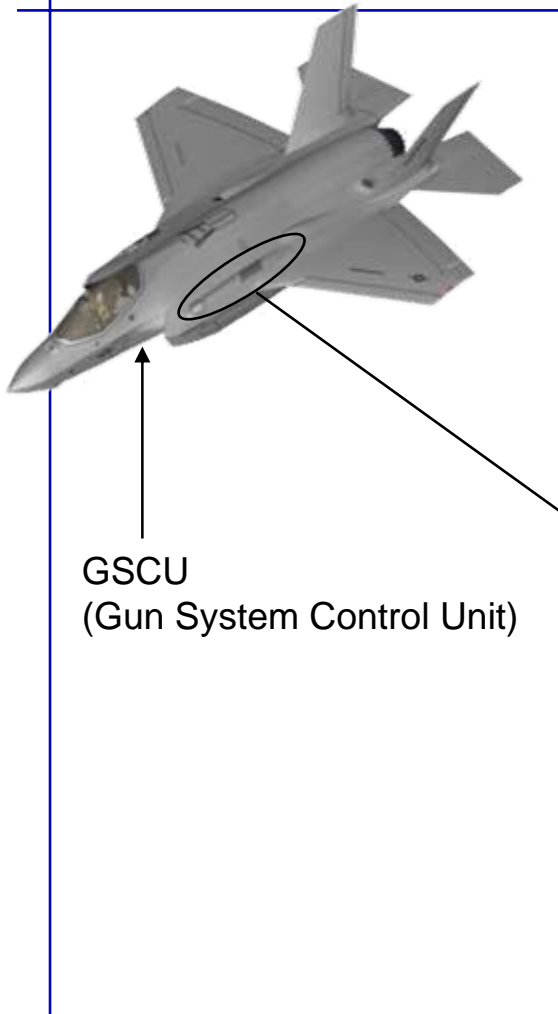


Typical Gun System Architecture





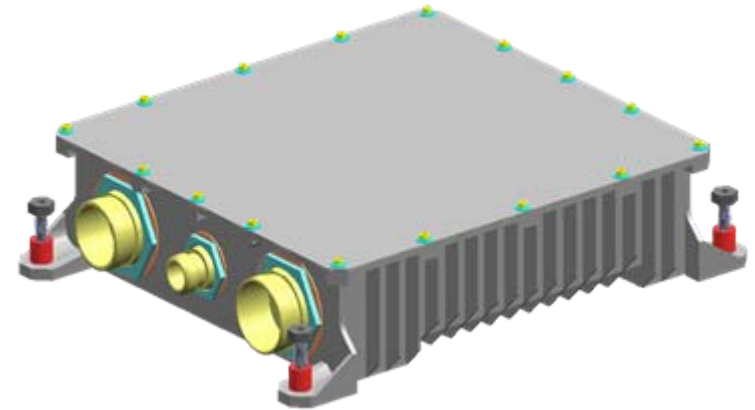
JSF CTOL Example





GSCU HW Qualification Tests

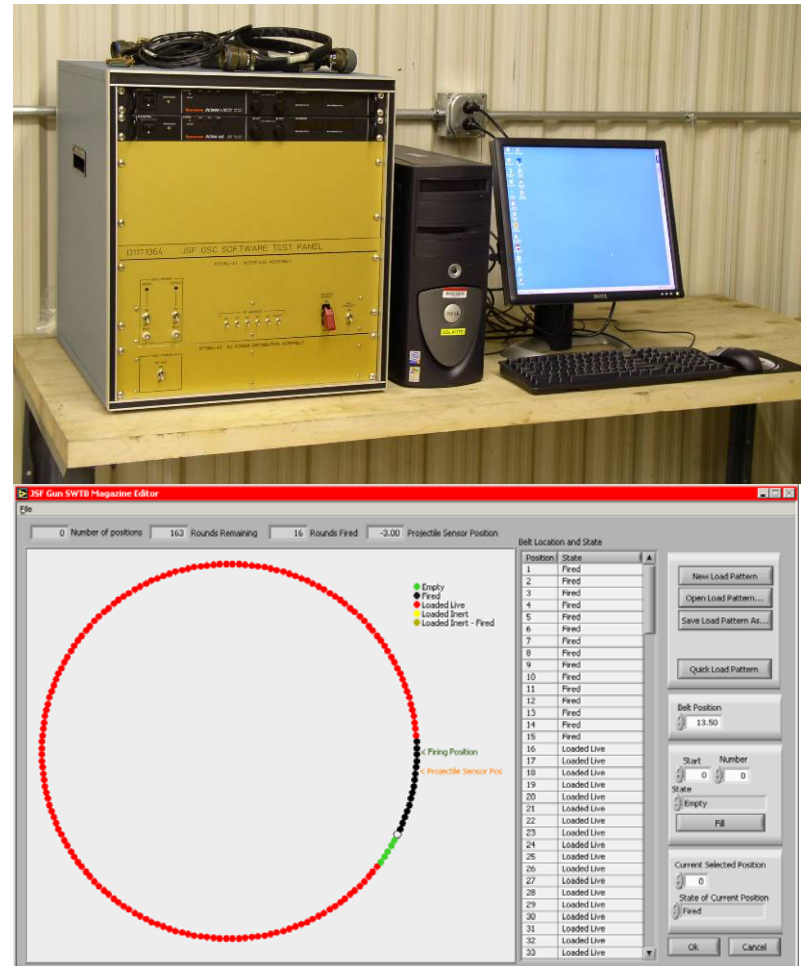
- Electrical Characteristics
- Electromagnetic Interference
 - Conducted Emissions and Susceptibility
 - Radiated Emissions and Susceptibility
 - Electrostatic Discharge
- Mechanical
 - Shock and Vibration
 - Humidity, Rain, Ice
 - Altitude and Air Pressure
 - Corrosion





GSCU Software Qualification

- All Software Requirements Verified
- Tests conducted with prototype GSCU and “Software Testbed” that emulates the Gun System.
- Testing conducted independently.





Proximity Sensors

- Electrical / Functional Characteristics
 - Sensing Range
 - Temperature
 - Voltage Levels
- EMI
 - Conducted Emissions and Susceptibility
 - Radiated Emissions and Susceptibility
 - Electrostatic Discharge



Gun Motion Sensor

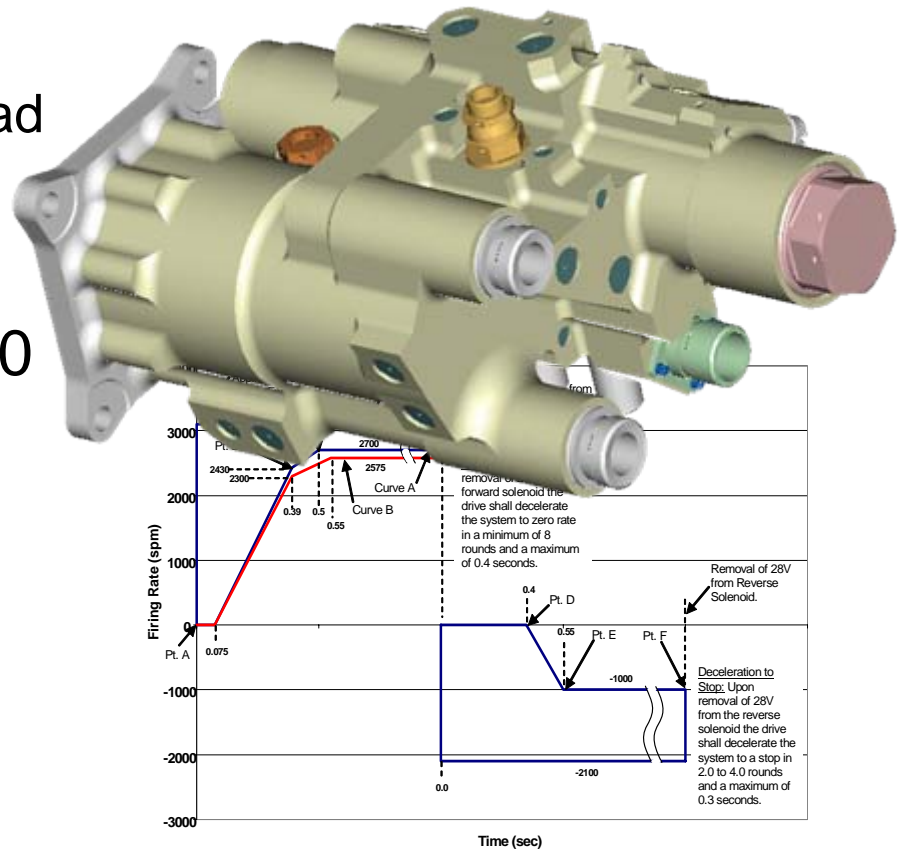


Projectile Sensor



Hydraulic Drive Motor Qualification Tests

- Performance Mapping
 - Temperature, Pressure, Load
 - Speed and Power
 - Rounds to Stop
- Impulse Pressure (100,000 cycles)
- Burst Pressure
- Warming Flow
- Shock and Vibration



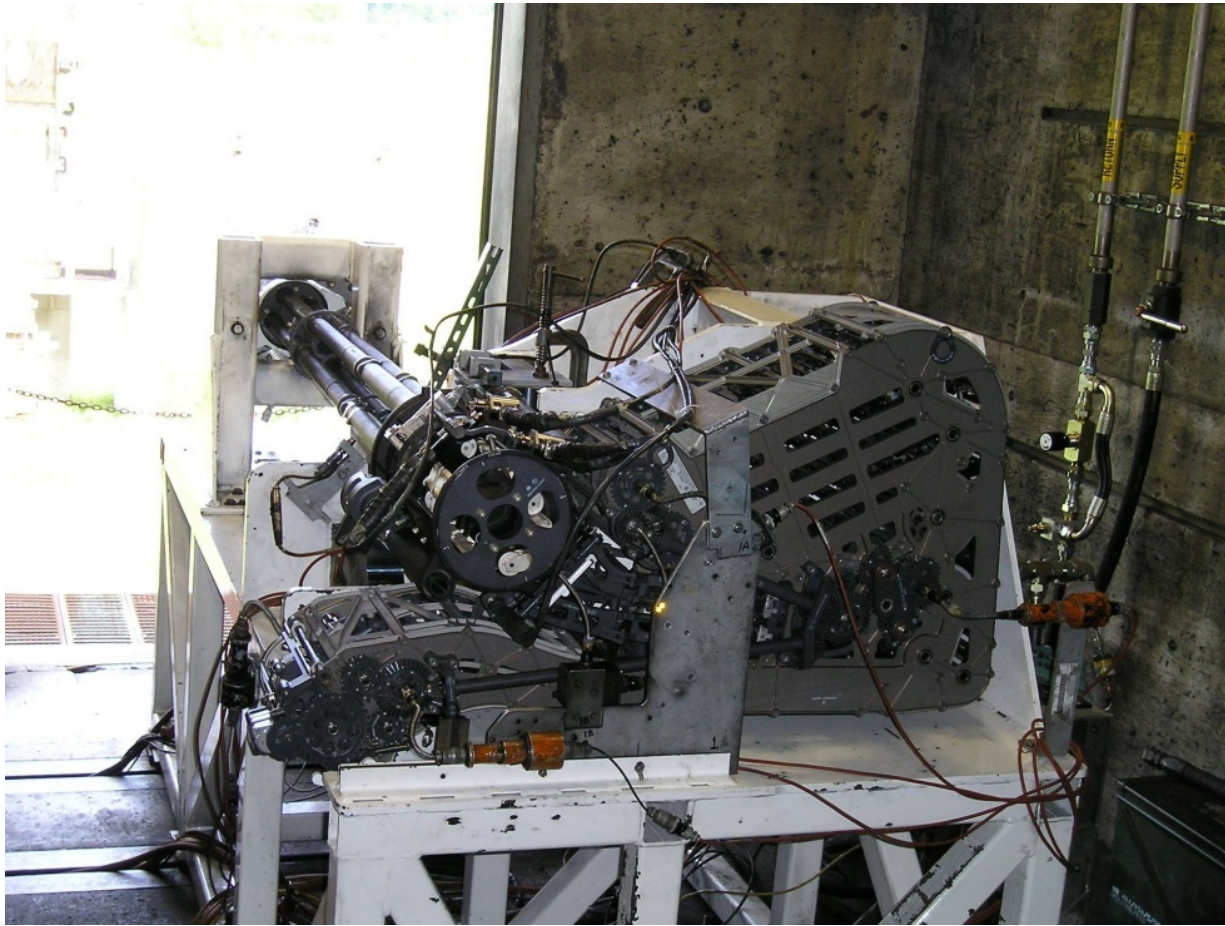


JSF System Level Qualification Tests

- 36,000 Round Durability Test (2X Life)
 - Fatigue
 - Wear
 - Barrel Performance
 - Hot and Cold Temp
 - Clearing
 - Dispersion
- Environmental Test
 - Shock,
 - Vibration
 - Limit Load (centrifuge)



JSF CTOL Fire Test Set-Up



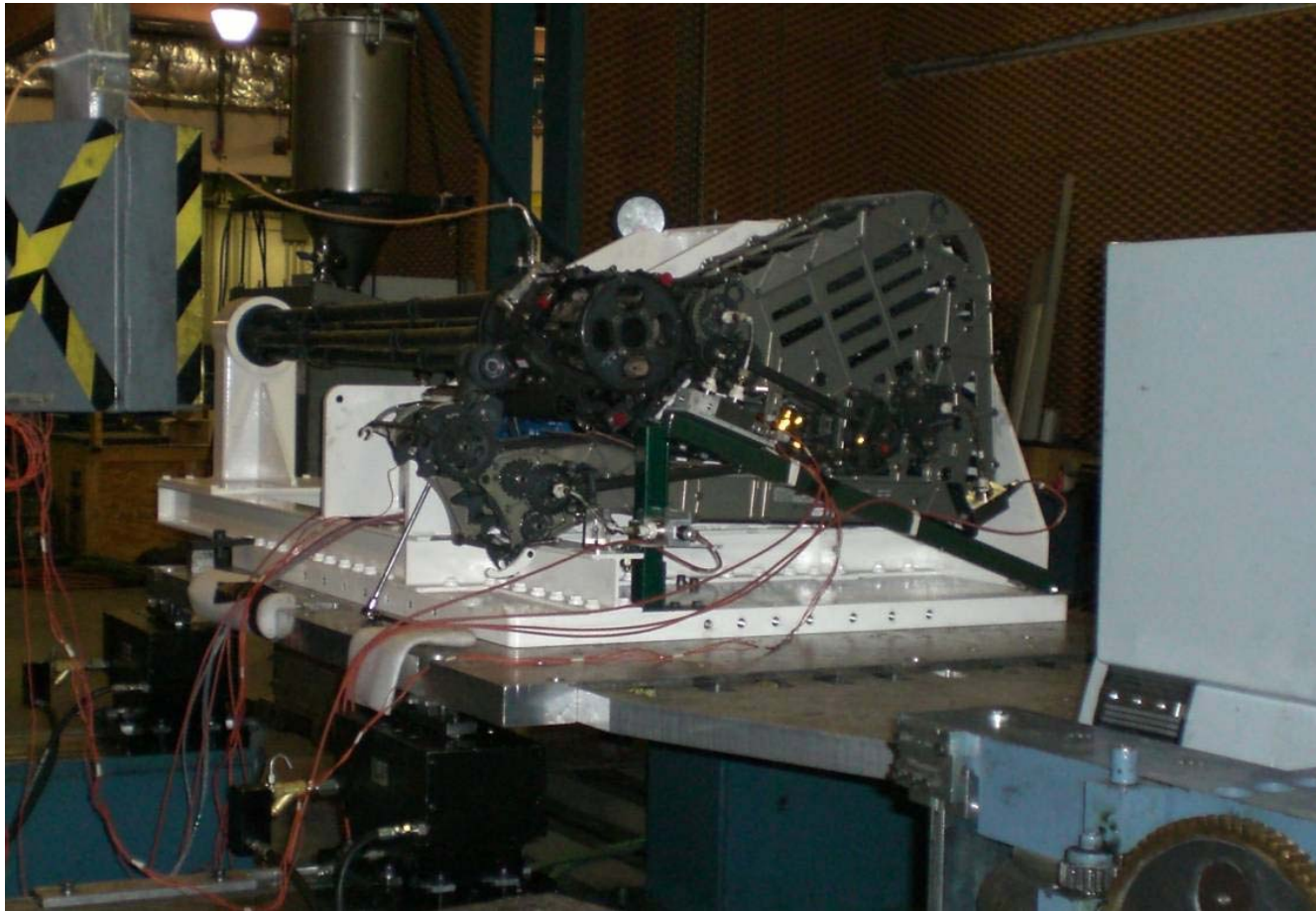


36,000 Round Endurance Test – Key Results

- Outstanding reliability demonstrated.
- No gun jams occurred in over two lifetimes of fire testing.
- No significant increase in dispersion after two lifetimes.
- No broken parts
 - Fatigue cracks were found on some parts, but none were beyond acceptable limits.
 - Where possible, design changes were implemented to eliminate cracking.



Environmental Test Set-Up





Environmental Test – Key Results

- JSF CTOL Gun System passed all environmental test requirements.
- Dummy ammunition failure (separated nose cone) damaged Ammunition Handling System.
- Stronger spring implemented in Load Access door latch.
- Pin in slot mounting interface strengthened to reduce fretting wear.
- Internal parts modified to eliminate minor cracking.



Conclusion

- A systematic approach resulted in a highly successful qualification test, as a prelude to flight test.
- Results of qualification testing frequently lead to design improvements.
- Overall, the JSF CTOL Gun System demonstrated exceptional reliability during qualification testing.
- Lessons learned are being applied to the Missionized Gun System, scheduled to begin qualification testing later this year.

A rigorous qualification program results in a better design and reduces risk at the next level of test.



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