

# **Bofors Test Center**

Cost-efficient test methods in the insensitive munitions (IM) program

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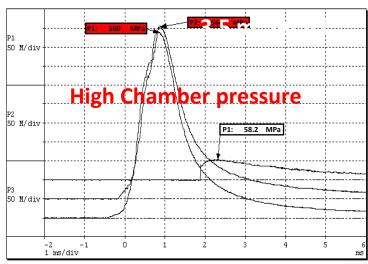


#### **Introduction**

Increased demand (from industry and regulatory bodies alike) for more cost-efficient and more environment-friendly testing.

- Fast cook-off (FCO) test.
- High fuel costs
  - High time rate
  - Environmental impact
- Fragment impact (FI) test
- Equipment wear





### Fast cook-off with liquid propane gas (LPG)

- •Fuel cost reductions •Shorter run times 30 – 40% lower costs in single tests.
- HH





- •Good flexibility (up to 4 tests a day).
- •Improved evaluation of the tested object's reaction sequence (high speed video).
- Less testing to evaluate design solutions
- Environmental friendly









- •Ignition of the system is remote and uses electric sparks.
- Matched to the set temperature requirements detailed in STANAG 4240.
- •The equipment is best suited for testing small, complete weapon systems or subsystems from large configurations.



#### Verifying the LPG system

During the development phase the equipment was verified by comparative testing using three IM qualified products:

1. 40 mm, L70 LK cartridge case assembly.





- 2. Launch Rocket on the New Light Antitank Weapon (NLAW) system.
- 3. Flight motor NLAW system.





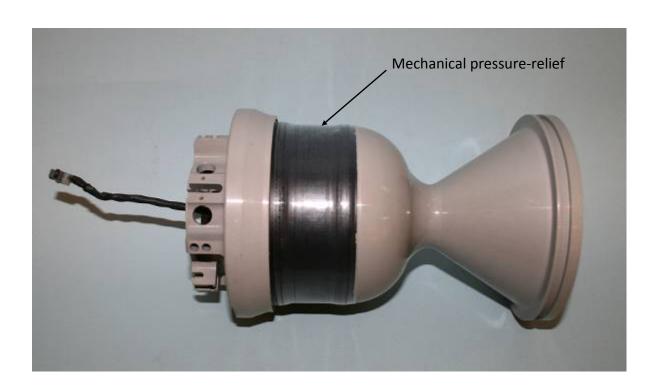






#### **NLAW** launch rocket test

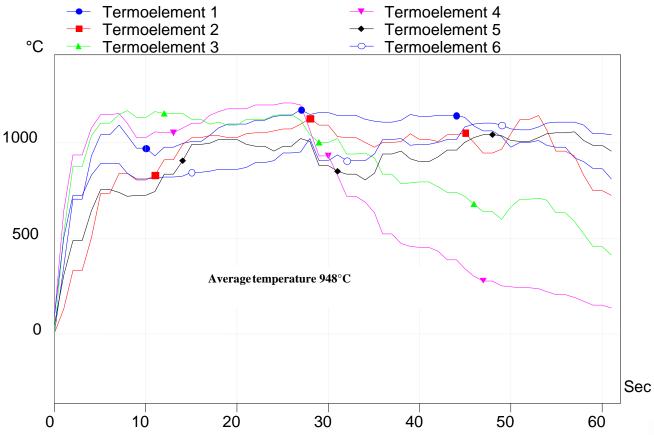
- Mechanical pressure-relief IM solution.
- •The design generates a reaction that is classified as a Type IV, deflagration under NATO AOP-39 using Jet A1.





#### **Temperature registration**

- •From the start of the fire sequence to the temperature at the object reaching 550°C satisfied the 30-second requirement.
- •Temperature was calibrated to the desired value (> 800°C).



#### **Results after performing test**

- Pieces were recovered > 15m from the point of reaction.
- •The recorded sound pressure was at the same level within the limit value of < 5kPa at 5m
- •The radiation intensity was not registrable 15 m from the object.
- •After the reaction, no damage to the witness plates was observable.







LPG Test of launch motor for the NLAW system reaction no.2

- •The object split into < 3 pieces.
- •Recovered pieces bore witness to the balanced functioning of the mechanical pressure-relief IM solution.



Remaining parts of the Launch motor after FCO test with Jet fuel.



Remaining parts of Launch motor after FCO test with LPG.

#### **High velocity Fragment Impact (HFI) test equipment**

- Demand for fragment impact (FI) testing is growing ever more rapidly.
- •Higher fragment speed (2,530±90 m/s) according to STANAG 4496 is requested.





- Increased lifetime
- Standard components used

**Cost reduction** 



#### **Gun system**

- •Two smooth-bored, 40 mm, L/70 barrels.
- vacuum system in the barrel to increase velocity.

#### **Ammunition**

- •Ammunition is based on standard components for the 40 mm, L/70 system.
- •The fragment is mounted in a sabot divided in to two pieces made of Plexiglas.
- •The fragment used is a 14.3mm diameter steel rod with a 160° conical nose according to STANAG 4496.



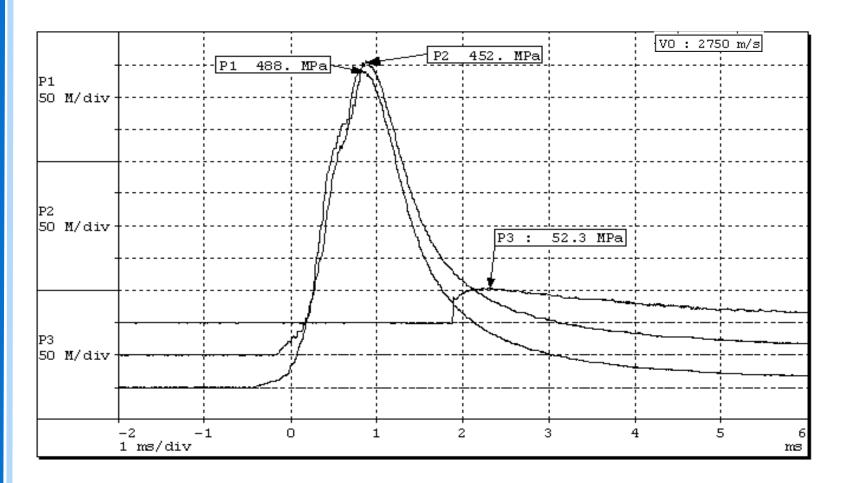
Plexiglas sabot with standard fragment



Complete FI ammunition assembly



- •God muzzle velocities > 2700m/s.
- •The fragment's stability and muzzle velocity give a practical firing distance of > 15 m.
- •Minimal wear of both the chamber position and the barrel



#### **Conclusions**

### Fast cook-off with liquid propane gas (LPG)

- Fuel cost reductions
- Shorter run times
- Good flexibility (up to 4 tests a day).
- Les testing to evaluate design selusions
- •Improved evaluation of the tested object's reaction sequence (high speed video).
- Environmental friendly

#### **High velocity Fragment Impact (HFI) test equipment**

•Increased lifetime
•Standard components used Cost reduction





# **Bofors Test Center**

## Questions

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