

GPS Ephemeris & Ionospheric Correction Sharing Service (GEISS) for Precision Guided Munitions

PSTS 09

October 28, 2009

**Alison Brown, Bruce Johnson,
Joel Schuster, Charles Johnson**

NAVSYS Corporation
Colorado Springs, CO
(719) 481-4877 www.navsys.com

Brian McAbee

Army Excalibur Program
Picatinny Arsenal, NJ
(973) 724-2152

(DFARS 252.227-7018 (June 1995))

SBIR Data Rights

Contract Number: W15P7T-08-C-V204

NAVSYS Corporation, 14960 Woodcarver Road, Colorado Springs, CO 80921

Expiration of SBIR Data Rights Period: Expires five years after completion of project work for this or any other follow-on SBIR contract, whichever is later.

The Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data or computer software marked with this legend are restricted during the period shown as provided in paragraph (b)(4) of the Rights in Noncommercial Technical Data and Computer Software—Small Business Innovative Research (SBIR) Program clause contained in the above identified contract. No restrictions apply after the expiration date shown above. Any reproduction of technical data, computer software, or portions thereof marked with this legend must also reproduce the markings. (End of legend)

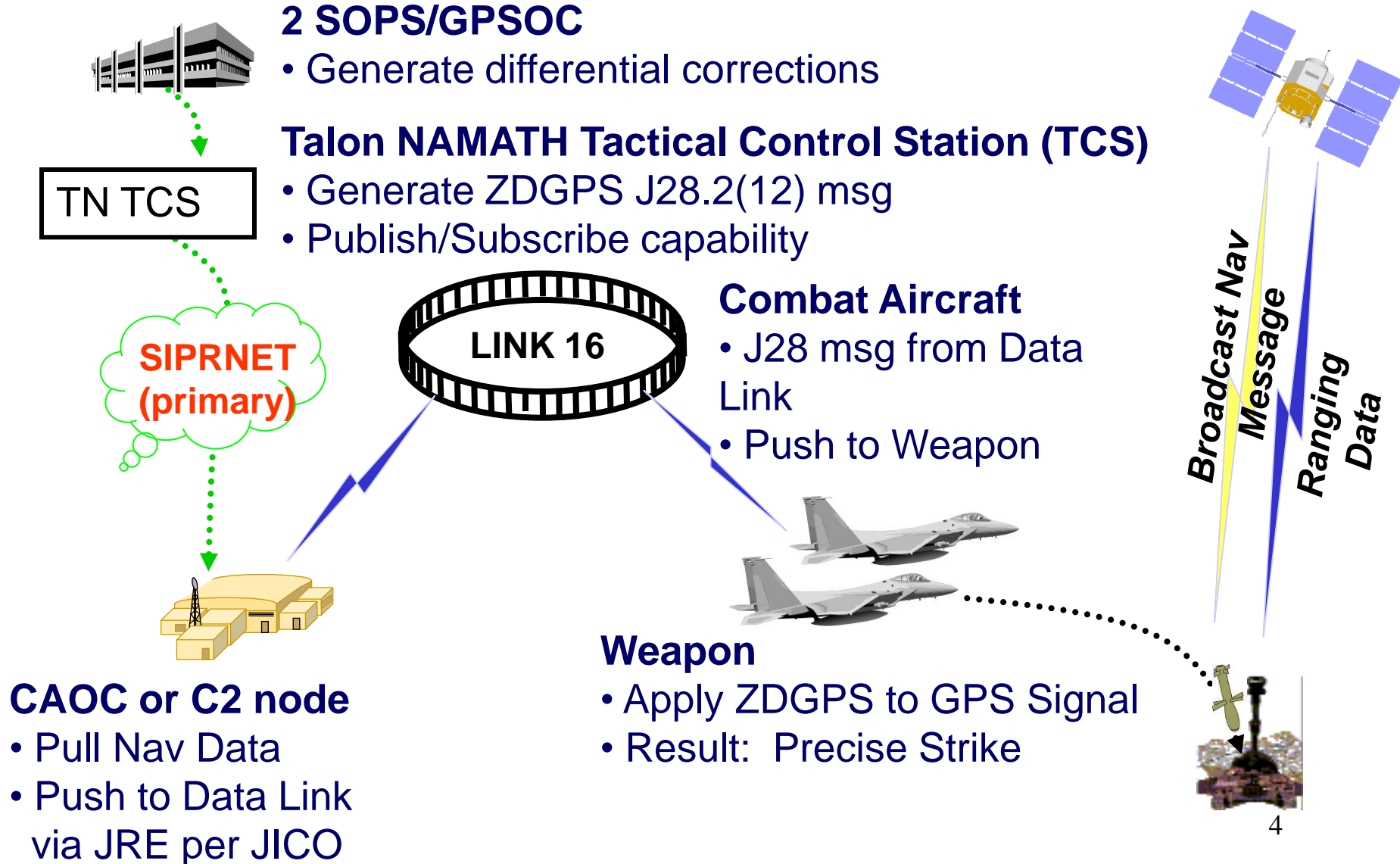
What is the Problem?

- Small precision guided munitions need high accuracy GPS for guidance
- Munitions must be initialized prior to launch to allow rapid GPS acquisition
- GPS guided weapons only use satellites for navigation with pre-loaded NAV data
- Denial of GPS service at launch platform also limits PGM navigation performance

What is the Solution?

- Small Diameter Bomb (SDB)
 - Accuracy improved by use of Precision GPS Ephemeris uplink through Talon NAMATH TCS
 - F-15E platform provides Nav data locally
- GPS-Guided Projectiles
 - GPS Ionospheric & Ephemeris Sharing Service (GEISS) provide ionospheric and ephemeris data for all satellites in view

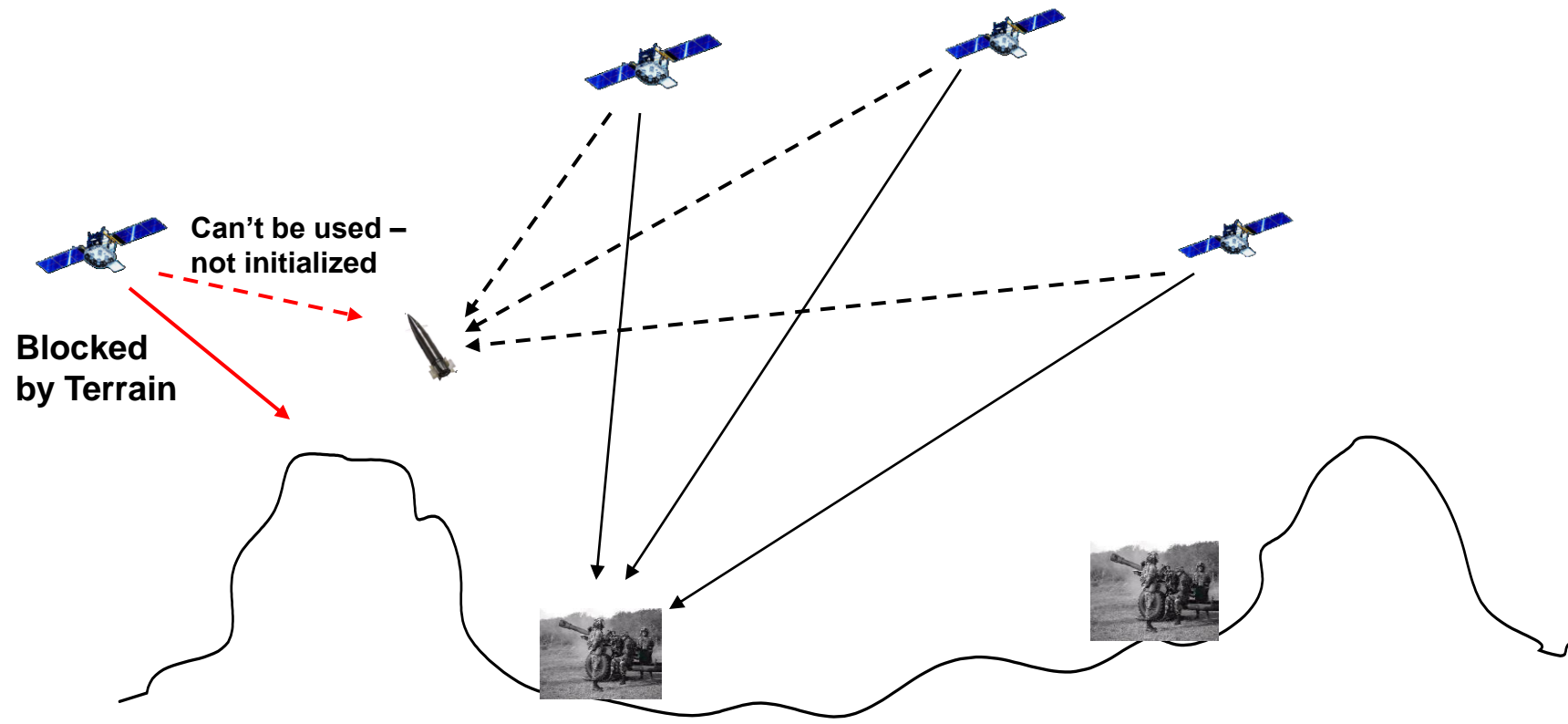
SDB Solution- ZDGPS



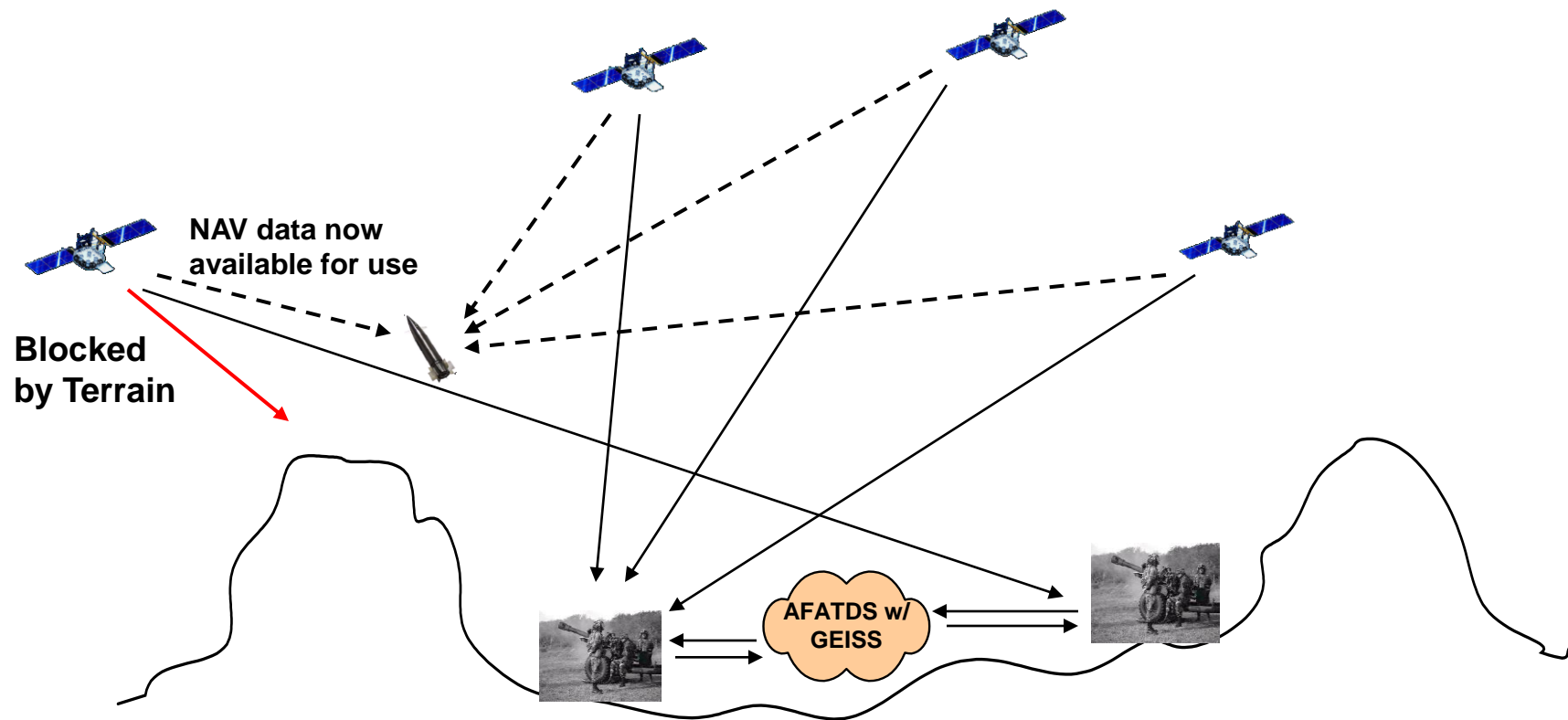
GPS-Guided Munitions that Could Benefit from GEISS

- Munitions
 - Excalibur
 - M107, M549/A1, M795 (w/ PGK)
- Platforms
 - Paladin, M777A2, Digitized M119

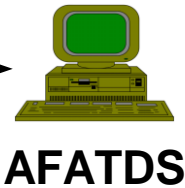
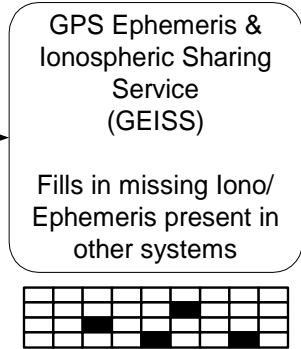
- Currently, munitions are initialized with navigation, ephemeris, and Iono data from each weapon platform (WP) GPS receiver, using only satellites visible to that platform
- In flight, navigation data is only used from “initialized” satellites, reducing accuracy



- GEISS “combines” satellite information from each WP GPS receiver and supplies the complete set to each WP through AFATDS for munitions initialization
- This allows even initially blocked satellites to be used in flight when available

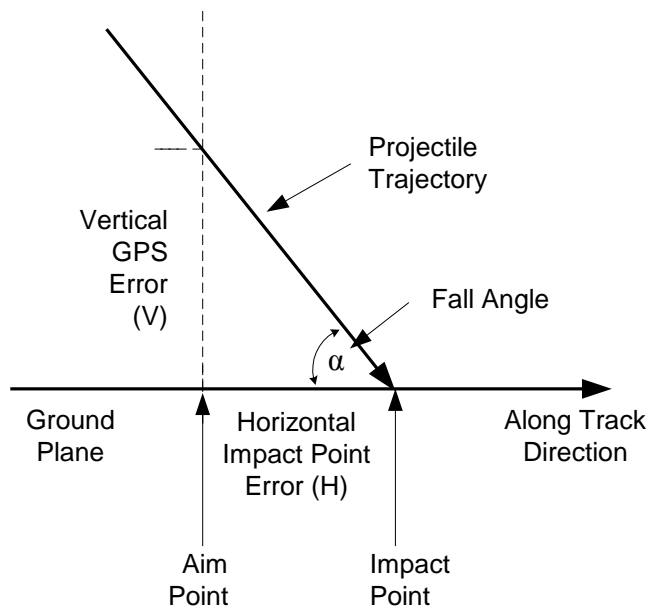


Option to sync with
PGE data when
SIPRNET connected



Note: TCM-Cannon personnel will make final determination on all GEISS, AFATDS, and Weapon Platform requirements

Aim Point Errors

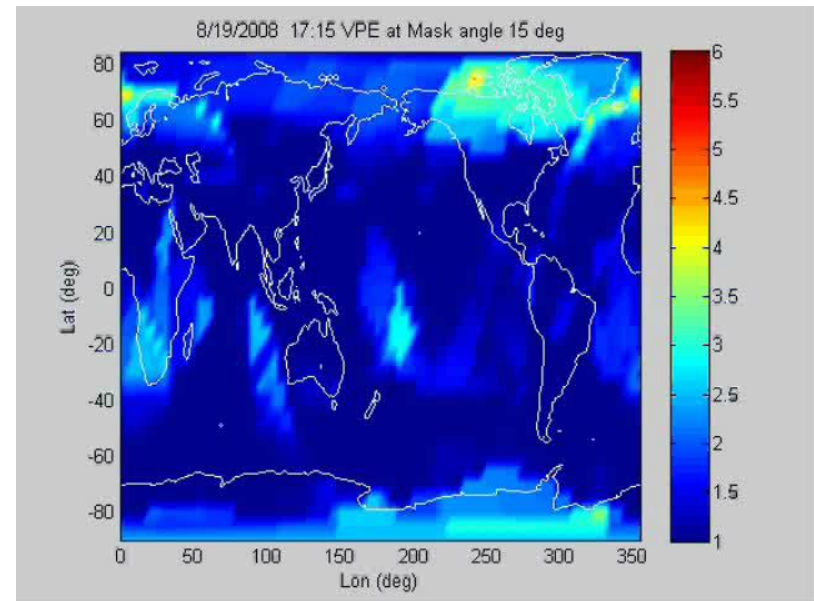
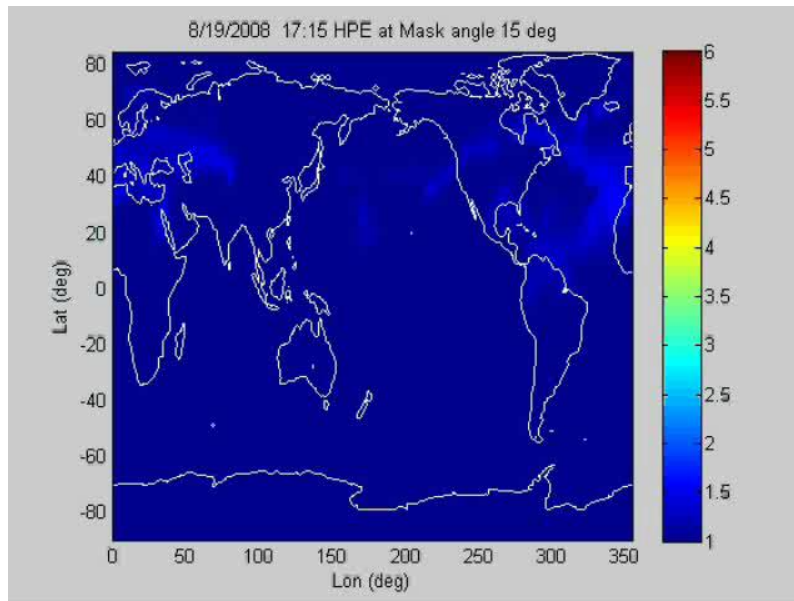


- Horizontal GPS bias errors map into horizontal aim point errors (earth referenced frame)
- Vertical GPS bias errors map into horizontal aim point errors through munition fall angle
 - Result in along track errors

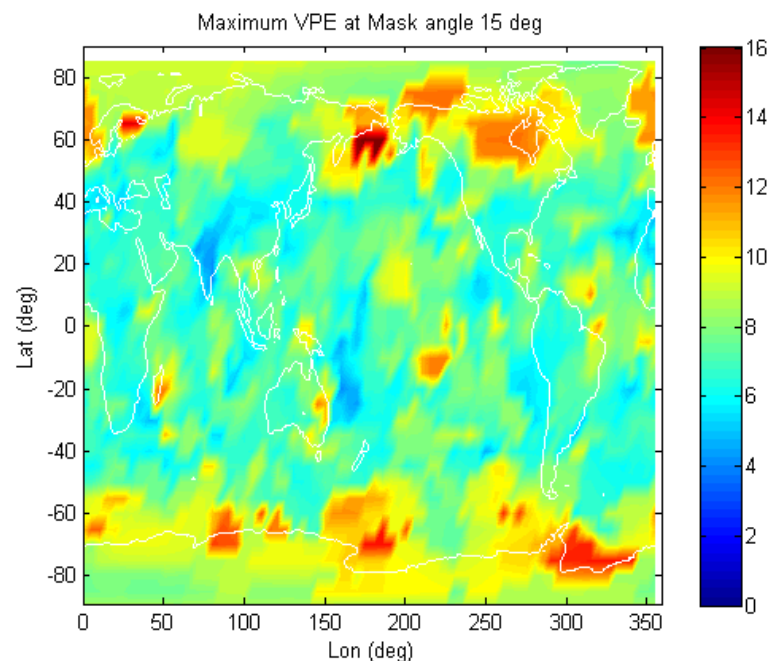
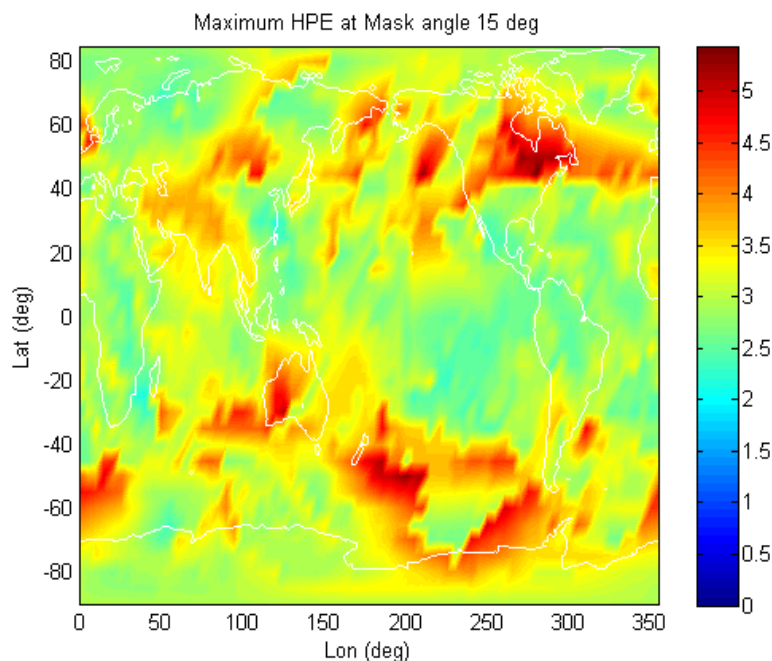
Vertical GPS errors map into along track aim point errors

HPE and VPE

Antenna 15 Degree Mask Angle

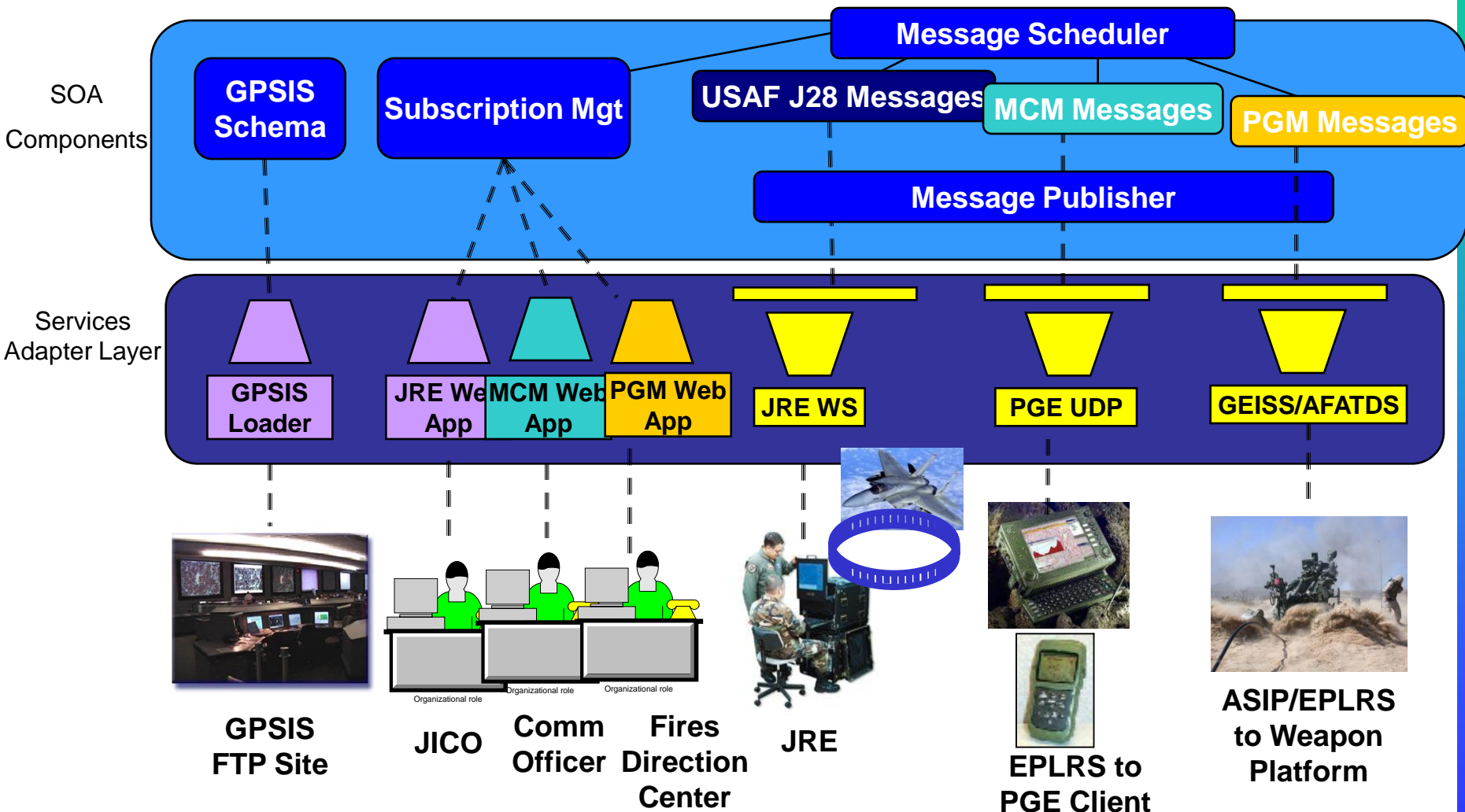


Maximum HPE and VPE Antenna 15 Degree Mask Angle



Note: Different meter error scale on side for HPE vs VPE

GEISS/PGE Integration Option

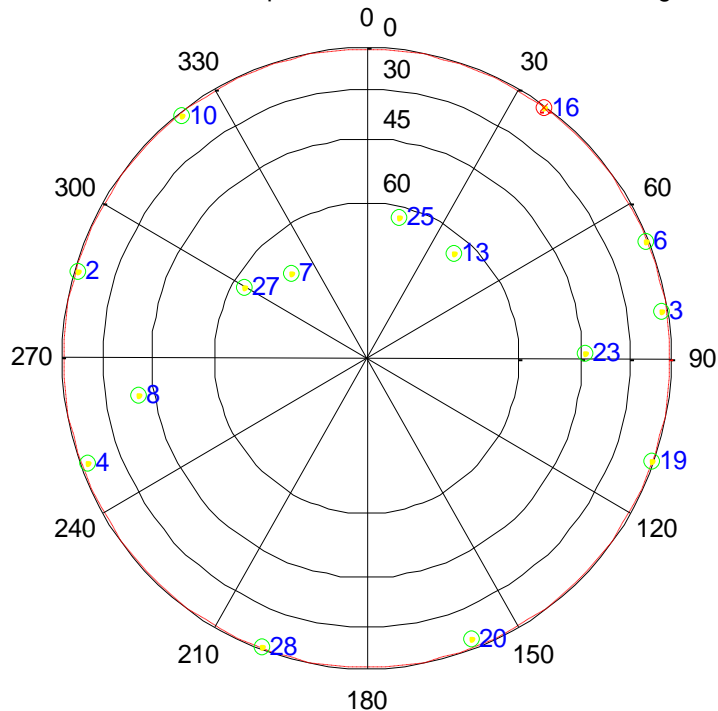


Scenarios

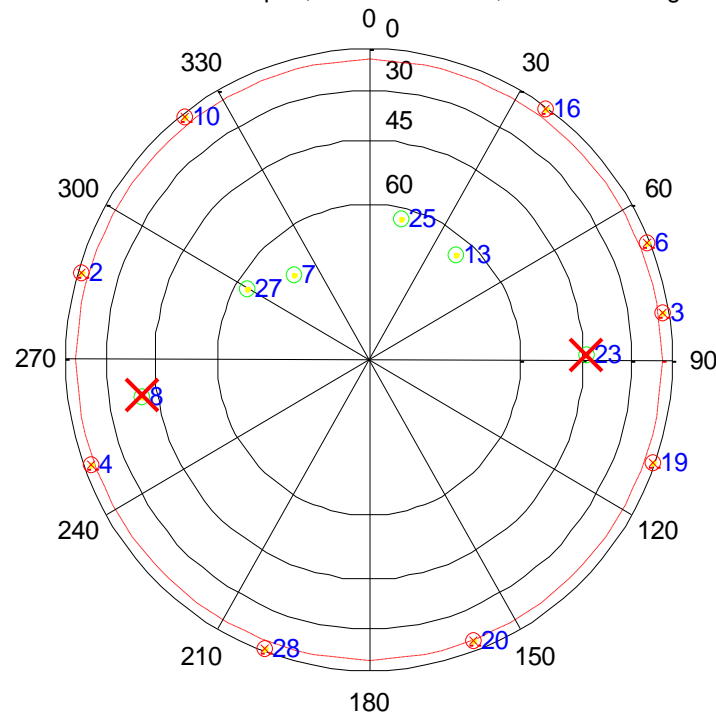
1. Open Sky (mask angle 5 deg, DAGR default)
Baghdad 0500Z, 9 Sep 08
HDOP = 0.71 VDOP= 0.84
2. Far Field Terrain (mask angle 15 deg)
Baghdad 0500Z, 9 Sep 08
HDOP = 5.64 VDOP= 9.61 VAPP
3. Hide Site (mask angle 40 deg) FOM > 1
Baghdad 0500Z, 9 Sep 08
HDOP = 0.71 VDOP= 0.84

Scenarios

Azimuth Elevation plot, view from above, mask = 5 deg



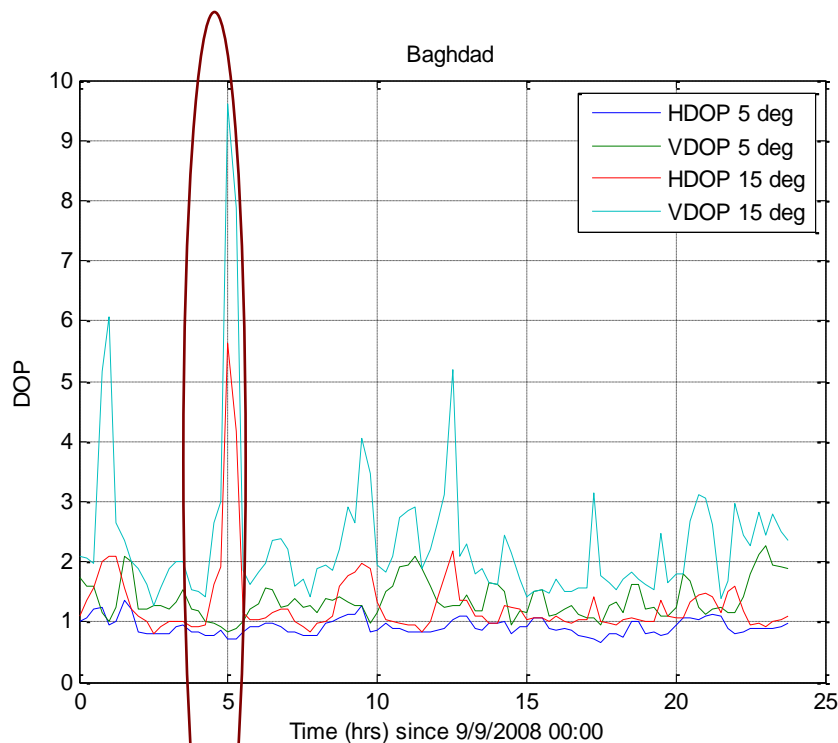
Azimuth Elevation plot, view from above, mask = 15 deg



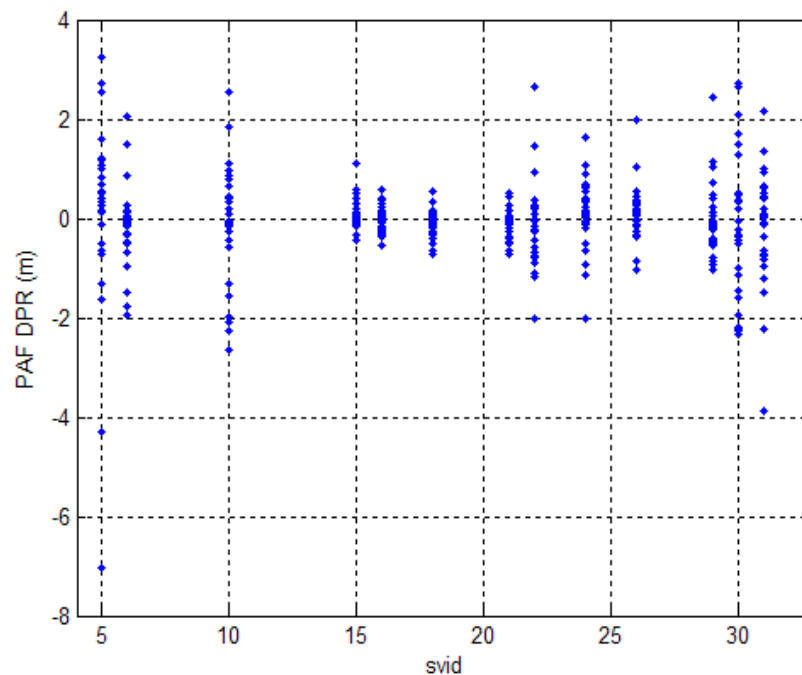
	Mask (degree)				
	0	5	10	15	20
DOPs	0	5	10	15	20
HDOP	0.65	0.71	1.39	5.64	5.64
VDOP	0.79	0.84	1.72	9.61	9.61
GDOP	1.11	1.20	2.48	13.11	13.11

At mask angles >40 deg,
FOM exceeds 1, resulting
in no shot

Baghdad Performance Analysis

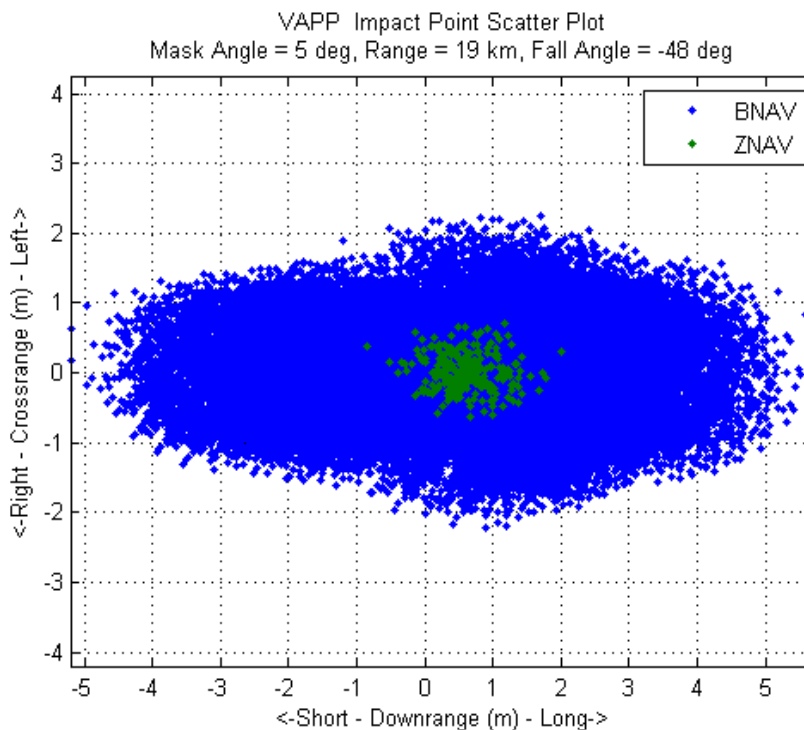
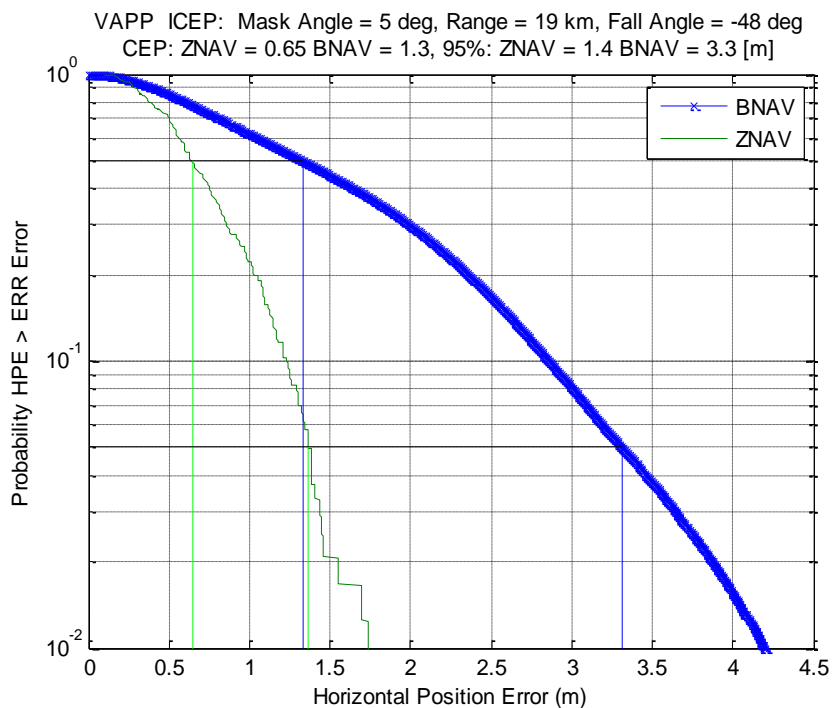


Time selected



30 Day PAF errors for SVs in view
at selected sidereal time

1. Local DAGR Open Sky ICEP & X/Y Plot 5 deg Mask, Baghdad (HDOP=0.71 VDOP=0.84) Range: 19 km, Fall Angle: 48 deg

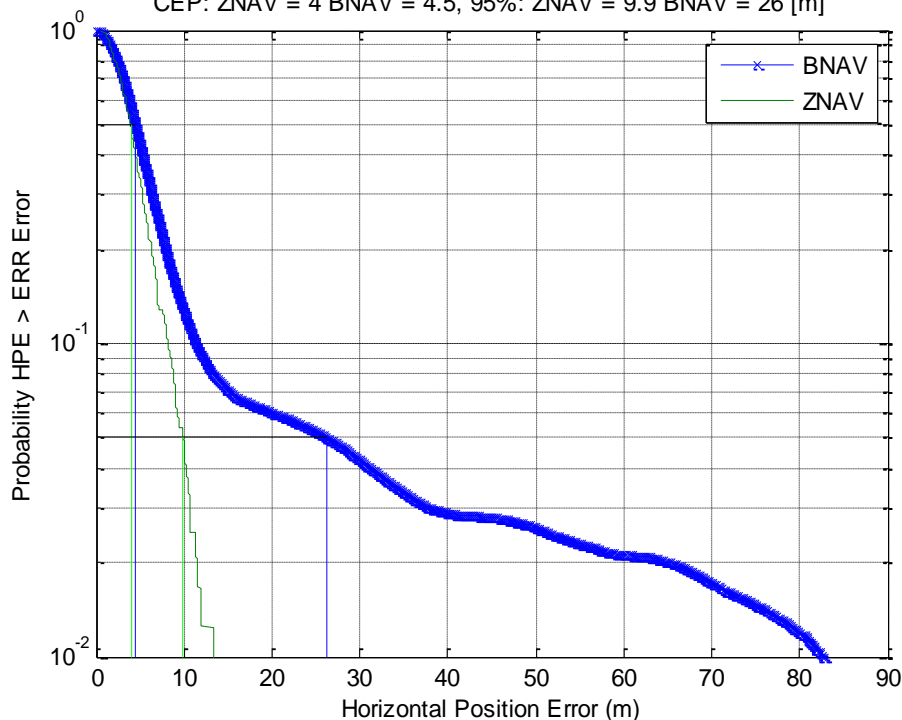


ZNAV CEP = 0.65m
BNAV CEP = 1.30m

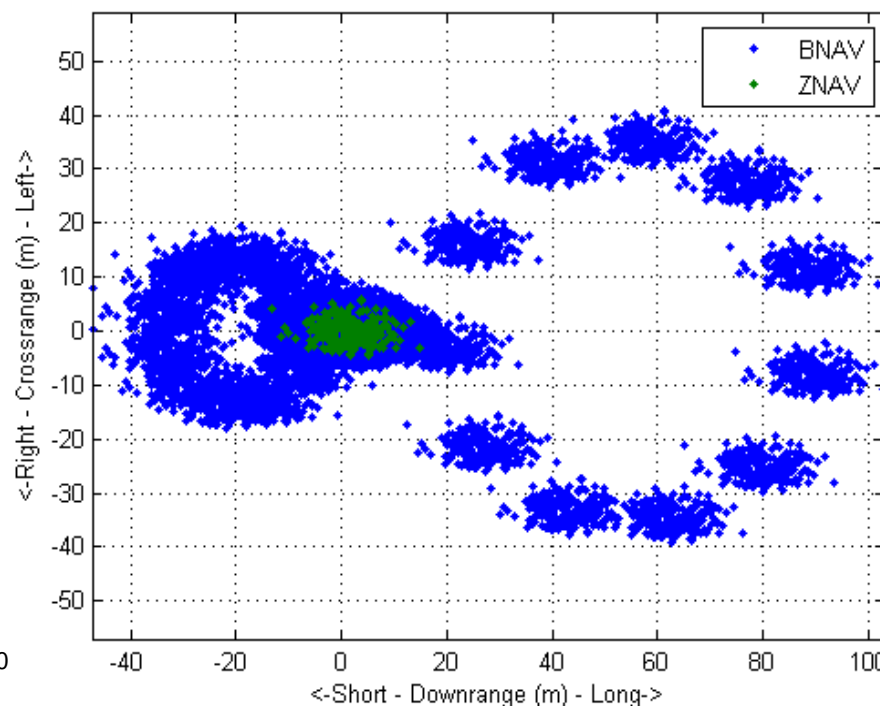
ZNAV 95% = 1.4m
BNAV 95% = 3.3m

2. Local DAGR Open Sky ICEP & X/Y Plot 15 deg Mask, Baghdad (HDOP=5.6 VDOP=9.6) Range: 19 km, Fall Angle: 48 deg

VAPP ICEP: Mask Angle = 15 deg, Range = 19 km, Fall Angle = -49 deg
CEP: ZNAV = 4 BNAV = 4.5, 95%: ZNAV = 9.9 BNAV = 26 [m]



VAPP Impact Point Scatter Plot
Mask Angle = 15 deg, Range = 19 km, Fall Angle = -49 deg



ZNAV CEP = 4.0 m
BNAV CEP = 4.5 m

ZNAV 95% = 9.9 m
BNAV 95% = 26 m

3. Mask Angle >40 Deg

- Without GEISS augmentation, FOM >1, no shot
- With GEISS aiding, effective mask angle reduced, allowing precision shot

GEISS Scenarios Summary

Scenario Mask angle	1. Open-Sky 5 deg	2. Far Field Terrain 15 deg	3. Hide Site 40 deg
Local DAGR	OK	Degraded	FOM > 1 No shot
PGE	High Precision	Degraded	FOM > 1 No shot
Iono & Ephemeris N/W Sharing	OK	OK	OK
PGE + Iono Sharing	High Precision	High Precision	High Precision

Conclusion

- GEISS network sharing can enhance number of satellites available for use by GPS-guided projectiles
- USA CECOM sponsoring GEISS research and demos for current and future platforms
- CERDEC/ARDEC providing technical oversight and guidance
- Integration with AFATDS will allow deployment to follow-on Excalibur and PGK projectiles with SW upgrades only