

PSA Precision Strike Technology Symposium

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A Balanced Strategy Reprogramming the Pentagon for a New Age

"The defining principle of the Pentagon's new National Defense Strategy is balance. The United States cannot expect to eliminate national security risks through higher defense budgets, to do everything and buy everything. The Department of Defense must set priorities and consider inescapable tradeoffs and opportunity costs."

Robert M. Gates, SecDef Foreign Affairs, Jan/Feb 09



CMC Priorities

- Achieve victory in the "Long War"
- Right-size the Marine Corps
- Resetting for today while modernizing for tomorrow
- Improve quality of life for Marines and families





Strategy Objectives for 2025

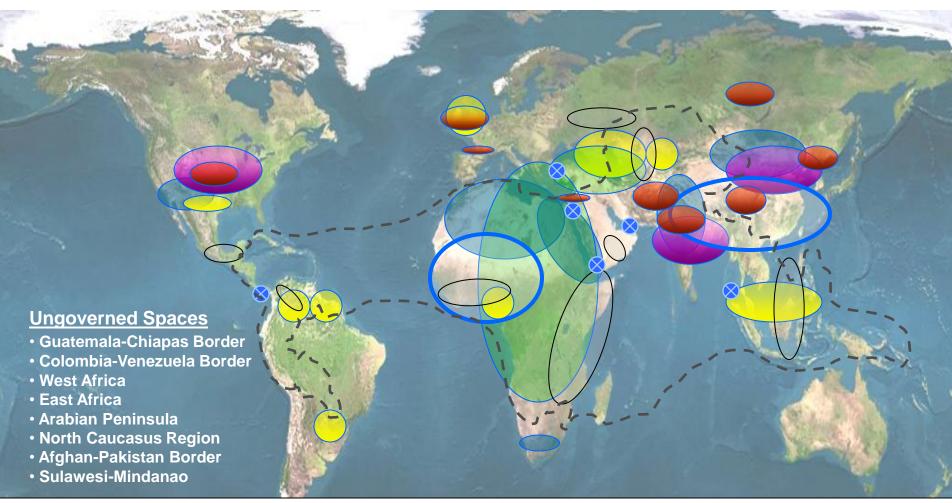
- ♦ Focus on the Individual Marine
- ✦ Improve Training and Education for Fog, Friction, and Uncertainty
- Expand Persistent ForwardPresence and Engagement
- Posture for Hybrid Threats in Complex Environments
- ♦ Reinforce Naval Relationships

- Ensure Amphibious Force Levels
 Meet Strategic Requirements
- Create Joint Seabasing Capabilities
- Lead Joint/ Multinational
 Operations & Enable Interagency
 Activities
- Maintain a Ready & Sustainable Reserve
- Build/Deploy Multicapable MAGTFs

A national imperative - Strengthening the MAGTF for employment across the ROMO



Sources of Stress, Instability, & Conflict



















Adapting to Current and Future Battlefields





- Emerging Global Pewers
- Increasing Interdependence
- "Haves" vs "Have Nots"
- Anti-West attitudes
- Identity/ Faith-based movements



- Urbanization
- Famine and Disease
- Increased Resource Competition
- Climate Change
- High Earthquake Risk Areas



- Terrorism/Crime
- Significant Drug Regions
- Ungoverned Spaces
- Nuclear Armed States
- Anti-access Weapons



HYBRID THREATS "militias, insurgent groups, other nonstate actors, and developing world militaries are increasingly acquiring more technology, lethality, and sophistication... Sec Gates

Access challenges...

Largely in the Littorals



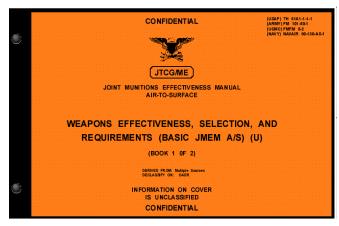
Precision Strike: Improving the Kill Chain



Precision: A Warhead on a Forehead



JMEMs



♦ Introduced 1967

- Slide rule and stubby pencil
- Many voluminous books of data
- Manual methodologies
 - Single guided weapon: 20 minutes
 - Stick of unguided weapons: 1.5 hours
 - Stick of cluster weapons: 3.0 5.0 hours
- No ability to perform weaponeering against complex targets



Today's model for precision strike

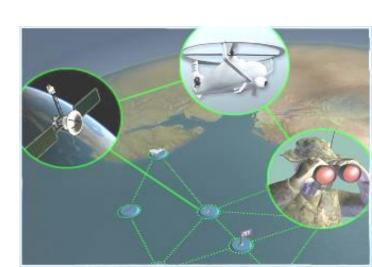




Improving the kill chain: Finding the target

- We can't hit what we can't find
 - 24/7 ISR is a must
- Many tools available for ISR
 - UAS
 - Fixed sensors
 - Satellite
- Communication is vital
 - Rapid/accurate dissemination
 - Common network







Improving the kill chain: Fix/Track the target

Requirement:

- **♦**Coordinate locking
 - GPS location within 1m
- ◆Auto Target Hand-off System
- **♦** Prolific ISR assets
 - Satellite / fixed sensors
 - TF ODIN / C-12
 - UAS
 - Observer on the ground









Improving the kill chain: Targeting

- Integration with Sensors
- More sensors lead to more data
- Each sensor produces multiple acquisitions
- Sensor Fusion/Correlation is required
 - Prevent stovepiping ISR by domain or platform ownership.
 - Automate the Target Processing Center
 - Reduce False Alarms through correlation/Fusion



Improving the kill chain: Engage the target

- ◆Response time reduction
 - Accomplish within minutes
 - Vital for unplanned Troops In Contact missions
 - Targets of opportunity
- Need to continue movement into digital age
 - Strikes still called over voice nets using "nonintegrated" GPS, LRF, map and compass
 - Different delivery platforms require coordinates in different formats







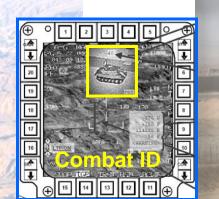


Improving the kill chain: Engage the target

- ◆Close-medium range
 - Hellfire / Rockets / Mortars / Sniper
 - Artillery
- ◆Longer range
 - JSOW / JDAM / AARGM / JASSM
- **♦** Scalable effects











Engagement Considerations

Less expensive		More expensive
Less accurate	More accurate	→ Most accurate
260m CEP (max range)	50m CEP	10m CEP
Match round to task		
Area coverage required	Efficient area fires required	Point target attack
Precision not requiredLarger TLE tolerance	Near precision creates efficiency	Precision required (<10m CEP)
• CD not an issue	TLE between 30m and 120m	• TLE ≤ 25m
• Ammunition resupply is	CD is a consideration	Minimize CD
not an issue	Reduced resupply burden	Lowest resupply burden

Scaleable precision provides more effective and efficient fires



What Level of Precision is Needed?





Improving the kill chain: Assess the damage

- Information and communication are vital
 - Eyes/sensors on target for BDA
 - Data relayed instantly to analyst for assessment
 - Re-attack or start cycle over
 - Common data-base for timely/accurate assessments



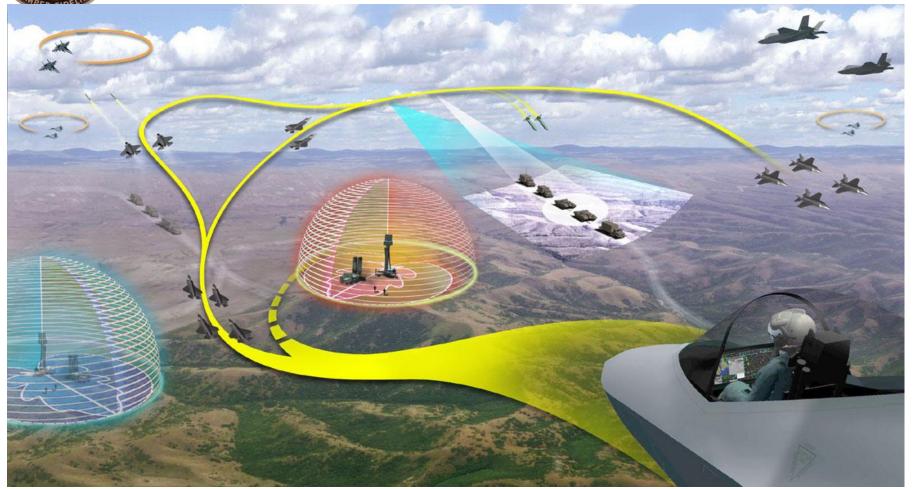


Near future for the long term

- Information Systems improvements
 - Networks
 - Digital communications
 - Web-based data
- → Improvements to UAS
 - Lower profile ISR
 - Improved propulsion systems
 - Improved computer processing
- Better munitions



JSF - Single multi-mission adaptable platform



Multi-capable for the MAGTF



