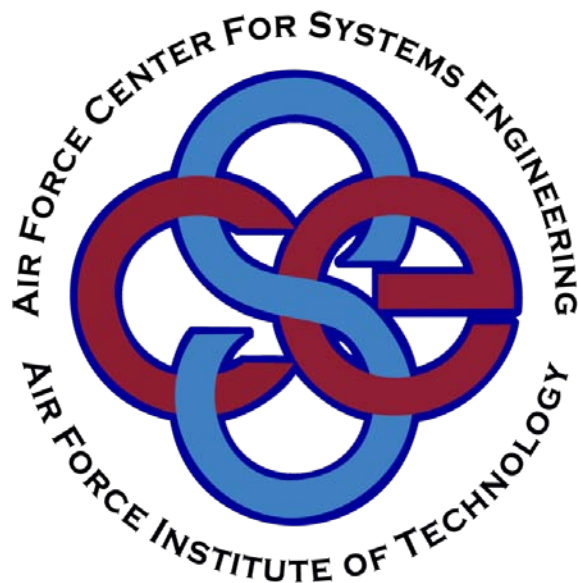


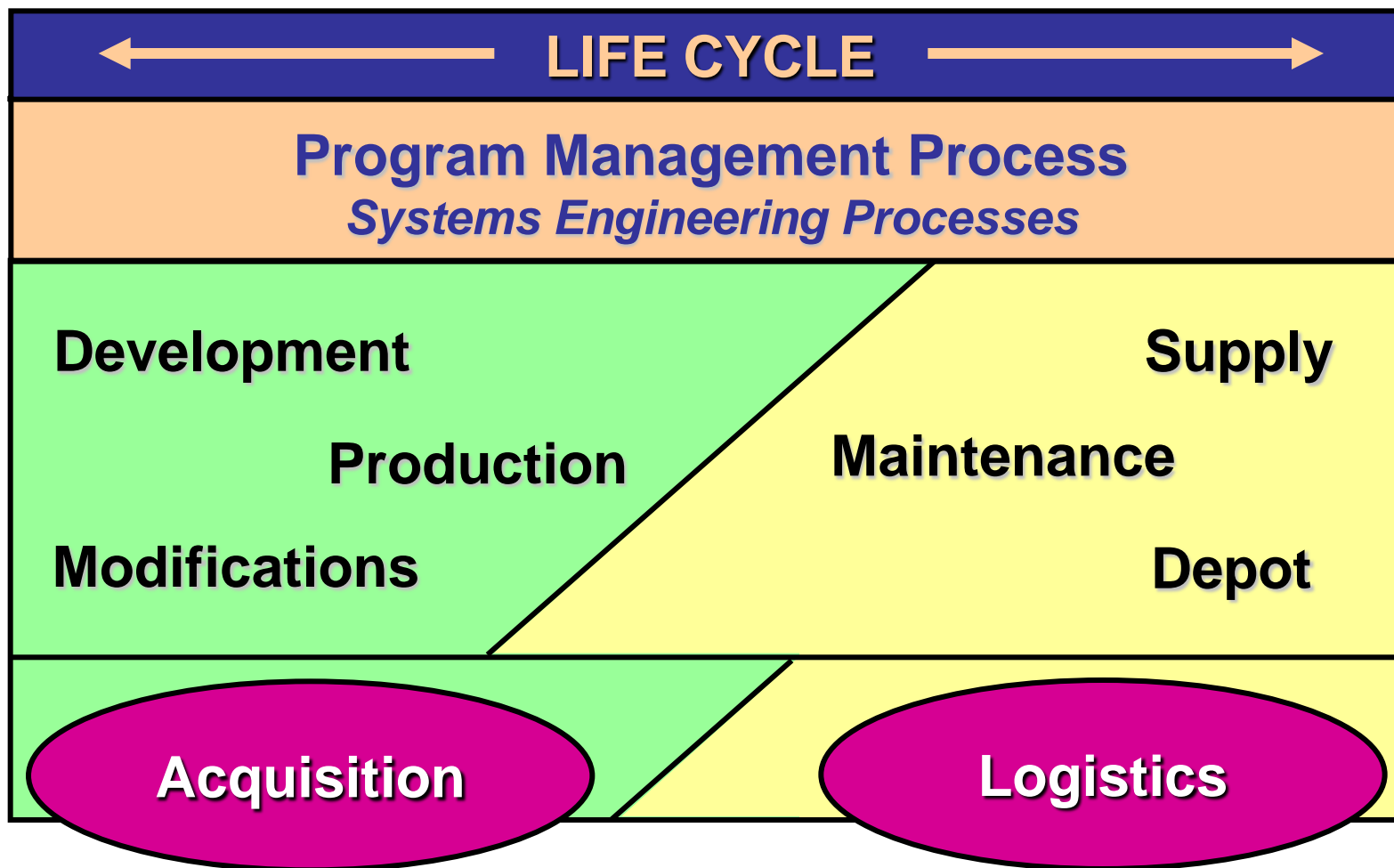
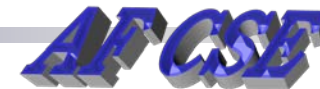
Applying Systems Engineering to Fielded Weapon Systems and End-Items



**Mr. Mike Uchino, Chief
Applications and Development Division
AF Center for Systems Engineering
WPAFB, OH
29 Oct 09**

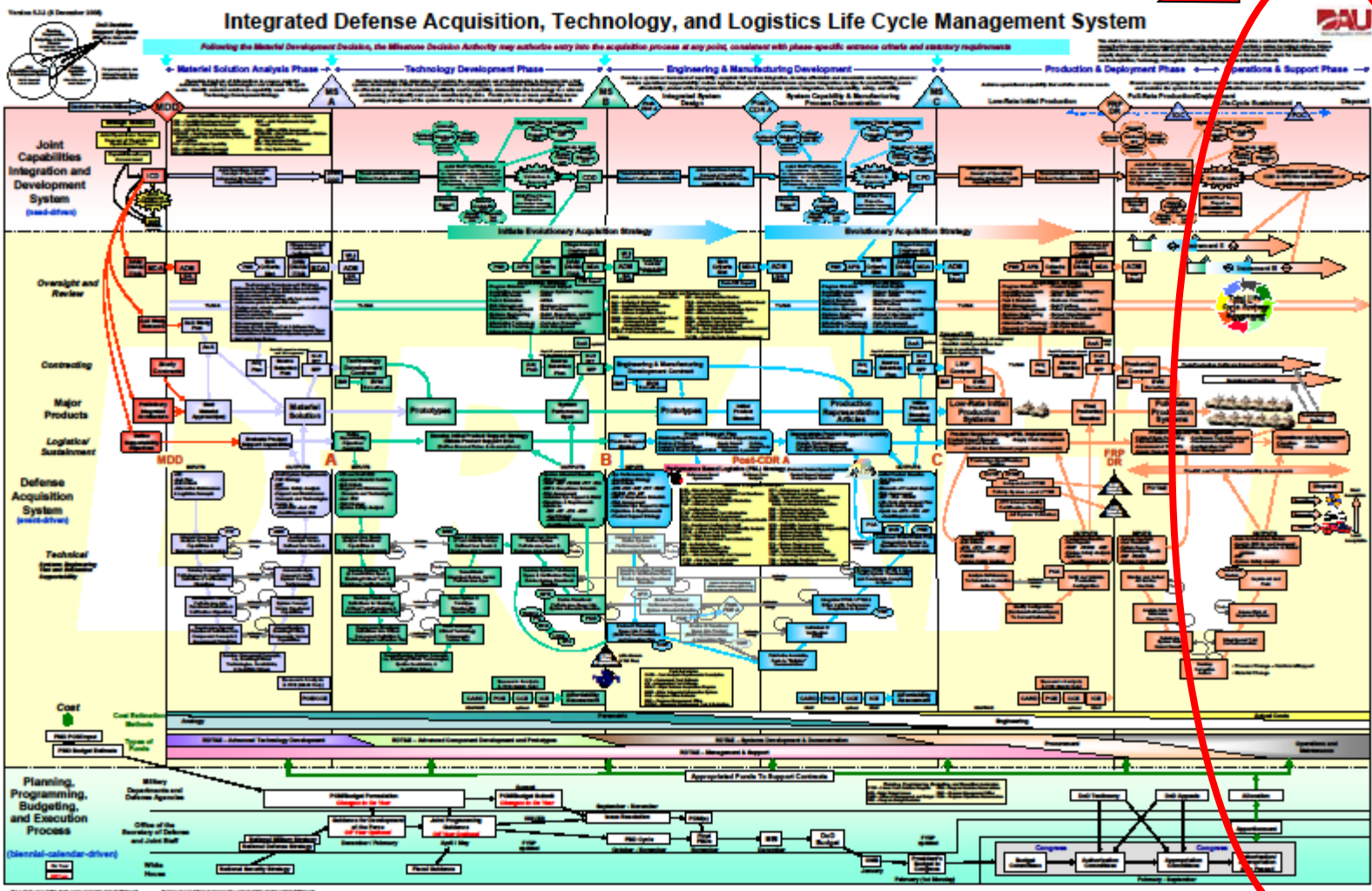
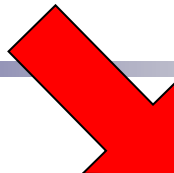


Product Life Cycle



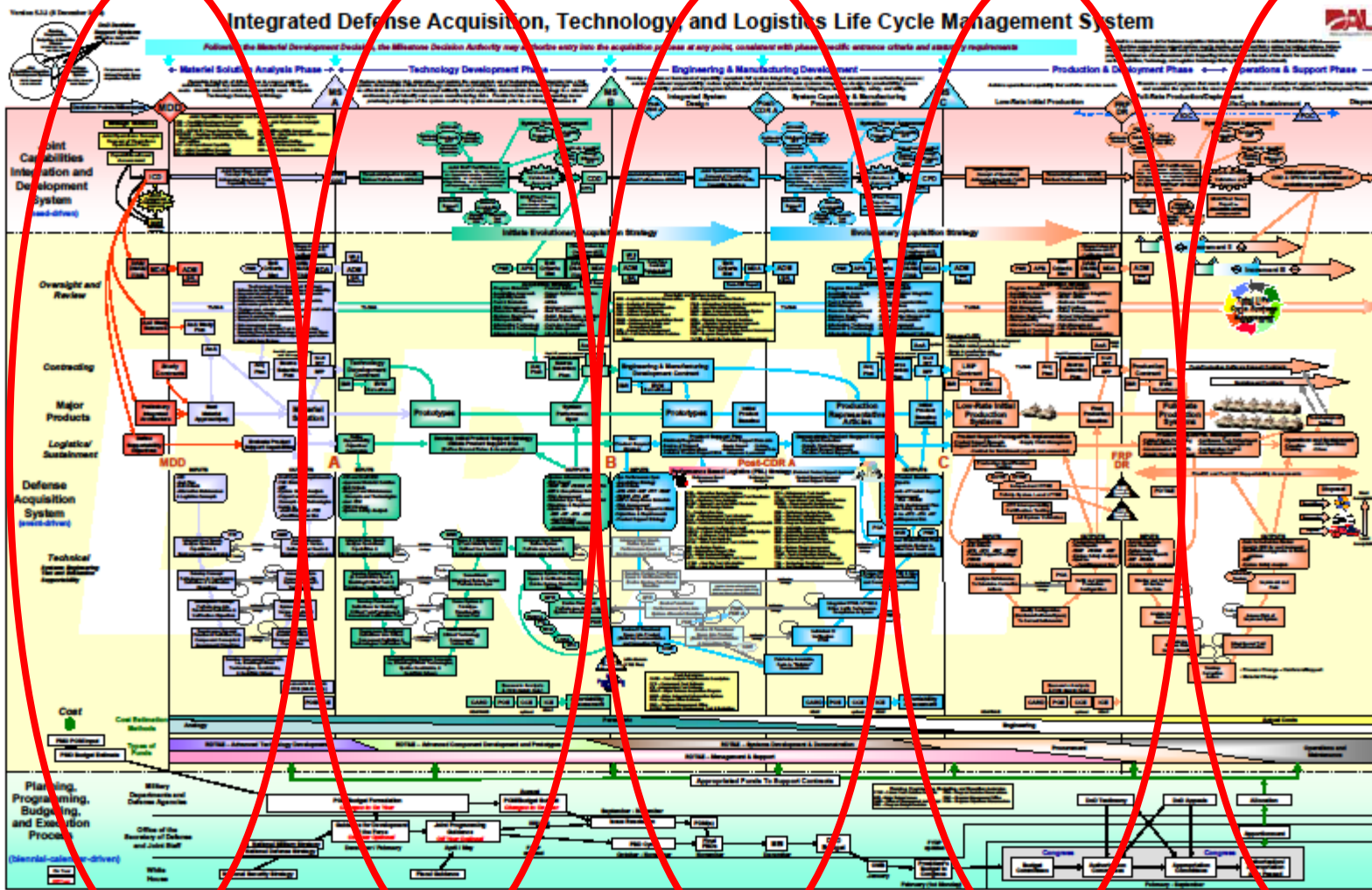


Sustainment View of DoD 5000.02



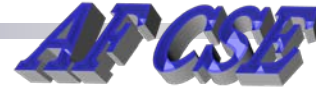


Real View of SE Process





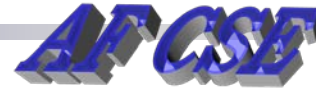
Incorrect Assumptions



- **Developers work with a blank canvas – sustainers are given a painted picture**
 - Once a concept is created, the canvas is no longer blank for anyone
 - It becomes a continuous improvement/refinement process from that point on
- **Sustainment SE processes are different than acquisition SE processes**
 - Processes and process objectives are the same
 - Process implementation can vary
 - Organizational responsibility can vary
 - Domain knowledge required can vary
 - Every cycle through the SE process reassesses prior decisions for cost, schedule, and performance soundness



SE Processes per DAG Chapter 4



Technical Management Processes

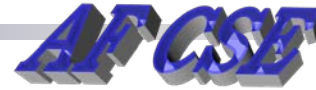
- Decision Analysis
- Technical Planning
- Technical Assessment
- Requirements Management
- Risk Management
- Configuration Management
- Technical Data Management
- Interface Management

Technical Processes

- Stakeholders Requirements Definition
- Requirements Analysis
- Architectural Design
- Implementation
- Integration
- Verification
- Validation
- Transition



Some SE Process Examples



- **Technical Planning (e.g. SEP)**

- Modifications
- Engineering authority / MRBs
- CCB procedures / membership
- OSS&E characteristics
- Data repository
- Master documentation updates
- Maintenance data systems
- etc

***SE Processes
independent of
color of money!!***

- **Risk (Opportunity) Management**

- New technology considerations
- Disposition of DMS issues
- Resolution of aging issues
- TOC reductions
- etc



SE Processes – Plain English

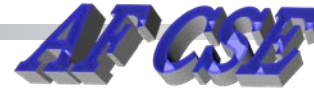


Technical Processes

- Analyze customer needs
- Convert customer needs into system level performance requirements
- Allocate and derive system level performance requirements into performance requirements for system pieces
- Develop design solutions for performance requirements of system pieces
- Verify design solution meets performance requirements
- Validate design solution satisfies customer needs



Can't Buy Parts – Now What?



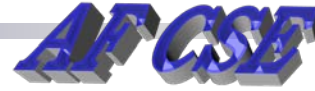
- Buy enough spares to last through the product's remaining life
- Cannibalize parts from other systems and end-items in the inventory

- Acquire technical data/rights and qualify (1) a new supplier or (2) in-house production
- Qualify a new design to an existing performance specification
 - One for one
 - Many for one (e.g. replace 3 existing boxes with 1 new box)
- **No data available case**
 - Identify/measure operational environment
 - Define requirements and conduct tests to compare existing part with new part
 - Use new part if as good or better than existing one

SE
Sustainment
Tasks



SE Processes – Plain English

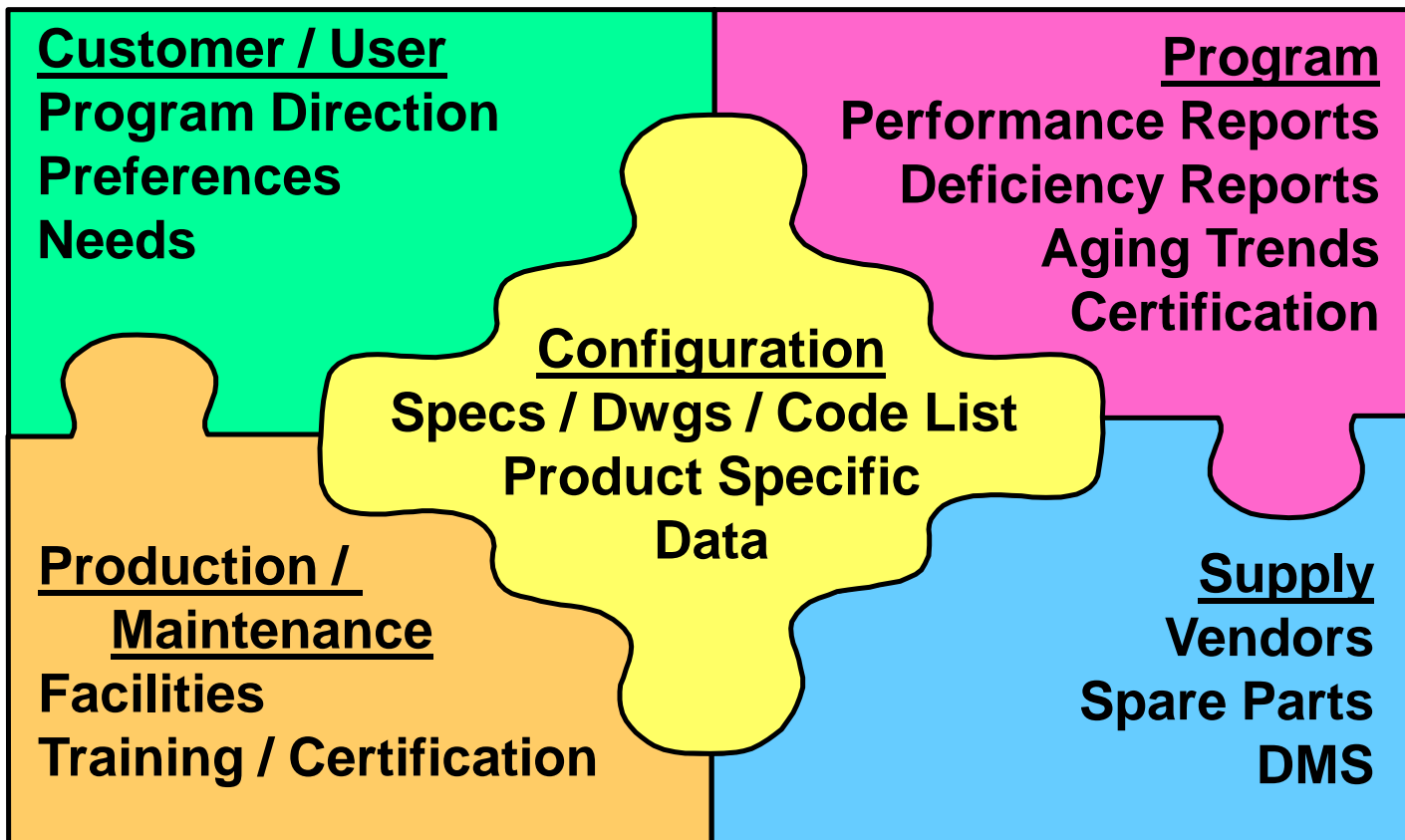
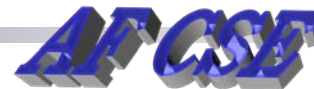


Technical Management Processes

- Make technical decisions
- Plan the technical management of the program
- Conduct technical studies
- Analyze technical information
- Document decisions
- Develop backup approaches for risky areas
- Manage technical changes
- Develop and **maintain** technical information



Technical Baseline

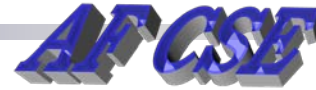




Technical Baseline



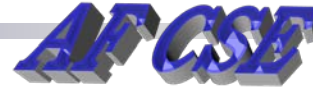
- **Definition** – all of the technical information needed to support a product throughout its life cycle
- **Many different approval processes involved**
 - Configuration change control
 - Maintenance procedures
 - Verification
 - Validation
 - Certification
 - etc
- **All of the information needs to be archived and maintained throughout a product's life cycle**



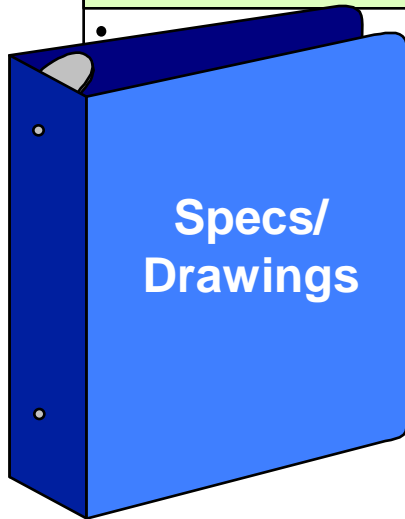
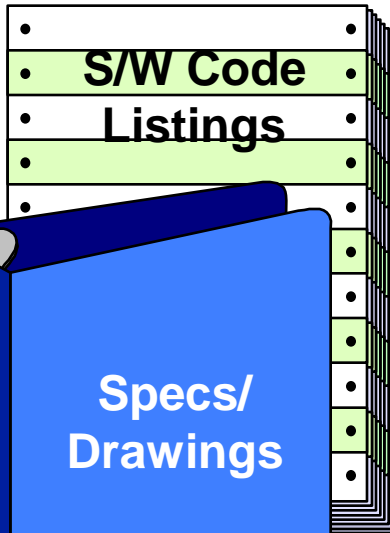
Configuration Information



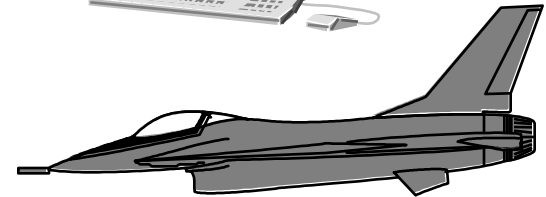
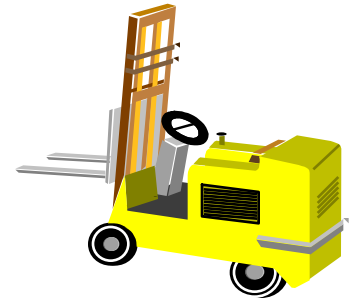
Configuration Baselines



Config Baselines



Products / Processes





Configuration Baselines



Performance
Based

FUNCTIONAL (CONCEPT) BASELINE

1. Performance Requirements – System
2. Verification Methods (Qualification) – System

ALLOCATED (DEFINITION) BASELINE

1. Performance Requirements – System Pieces
2. Verification Methods (Qualification) – System Pieces

Design
Based

PRODUCT (BUILD) BASELINE

1. Design solutions (dwgs, code listings) – System Pieces
2. 1st Article Reqts – System Pieces
3. Lot / Acceptance & Inspection Reqts – System Pieces
4. Verification Methods (1st Article, Lot / Acceptance) – System Pieces



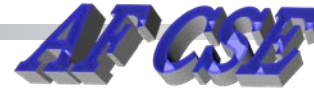
Specifications



- **Definition** – contains **both** requirements and verification methods in one “document”
 - Requirement documents (SRDs/TRDs) missing verification methods
- **Product types**
 - System
 - Item
 - Software
 - Process
 - Material
- Other types include – Interface
 - Don't buy interfaces -- buy to an interface



Configuration Baseline Control

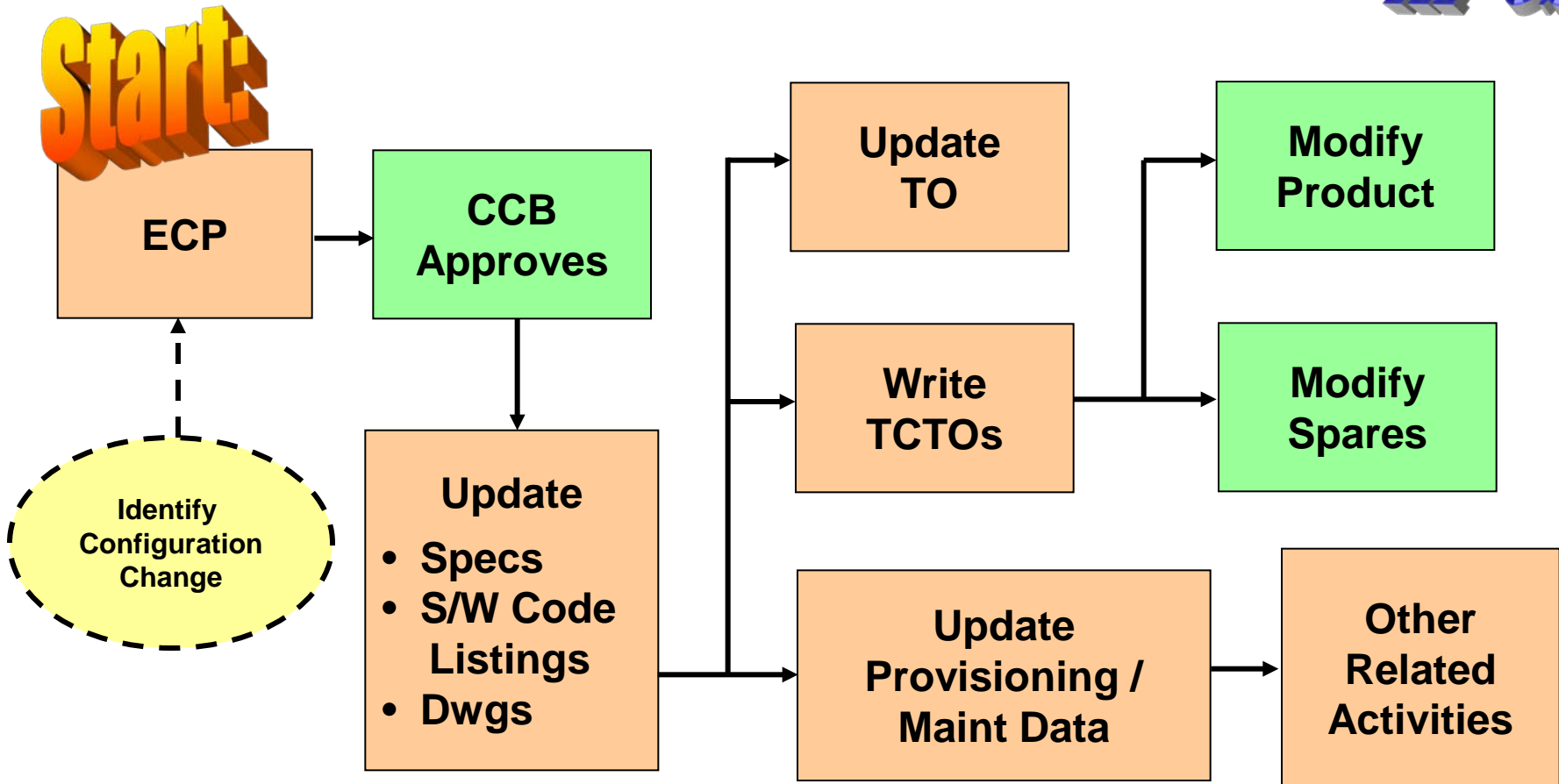


- **Configuration Control Boards (CCBs)**
 - Focus on configuration baseline documentation
 - Engineering change proposals (ECPs)
 - Non conformance (waivers, deviations, variances, etc)
 - Can be used to establish baselines
- **ECP Classification**
 - Class I
 - Change form, fit, or function
 - **Note: Changing the length of a decal is a Class I change**
 - Class II
 - Everything else (minor corrections)

Defining Class I as gov't control and Class II as contractor control is incorrect



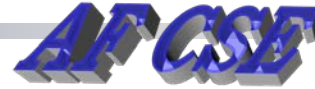
Configuration Changes



The **PM** Is Responsible For The **Data**



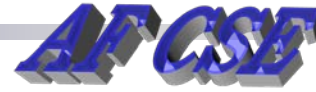
Configuration Baseline Control



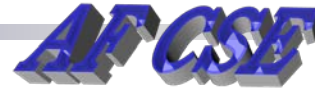
- **Material Review Boards (MRBs)**
 - Used to disposition minor non conformances
 - Mirrors Class II ECP approval / delegation
- **Critical / Major Non Conformances**
 - Requires CCB approval
- **Supply Prime Vendor Contracts**
 - May allow parts substitution
 - Changes the configuration when it happens



Product Specific Data



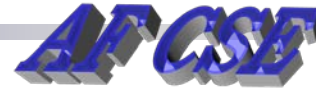
- **Requirements and interface management information not incorporated into configuration baseline documentation**
- **Actual product configuration**
 - Product built against a specific configuration
 - Part numbers / serial numbers / lot numbers / stock numbers / etc
 - Maintenance procedures and data
 - Verification / validation reports
 - Etc
- **Verification information / tools**
 - Test plans / procedures
 - Demonstrated performance / market standards
 - Number of test articles / test sequence
 - Modeling and simulation tools
 - Analytical tools



Verification / Validation



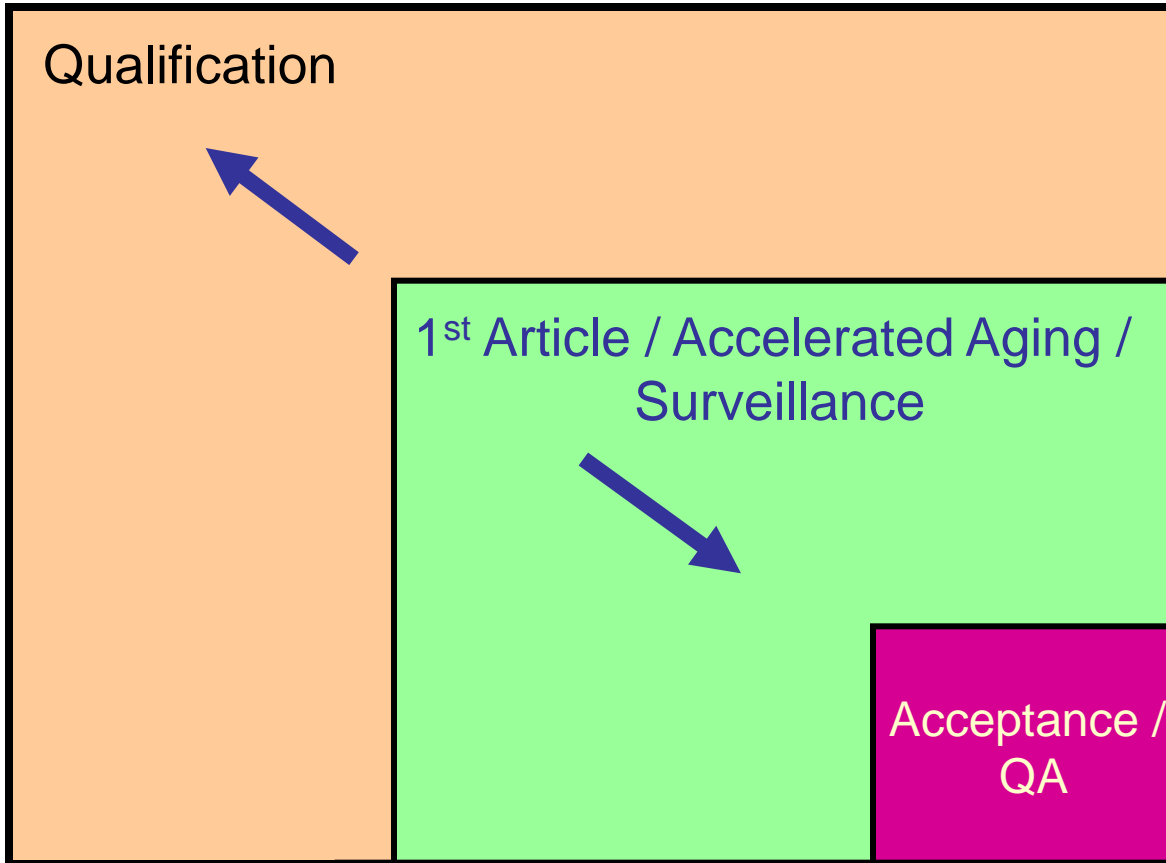
Verification / Validation



- **Verification:** Satisfies configuration baselines
 - Developmental test and evaluation
 - Usually performed by contractor with government observation
- **Validation:** Satisfies customer / operational user needs (i.e. capabilities)
 - Operational test and evaluation
 - Performed by customer or operational user



Verification



} **Product Acceptance**



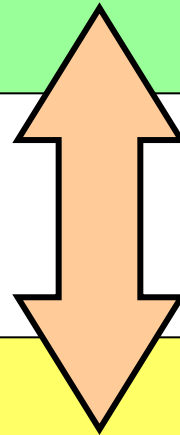
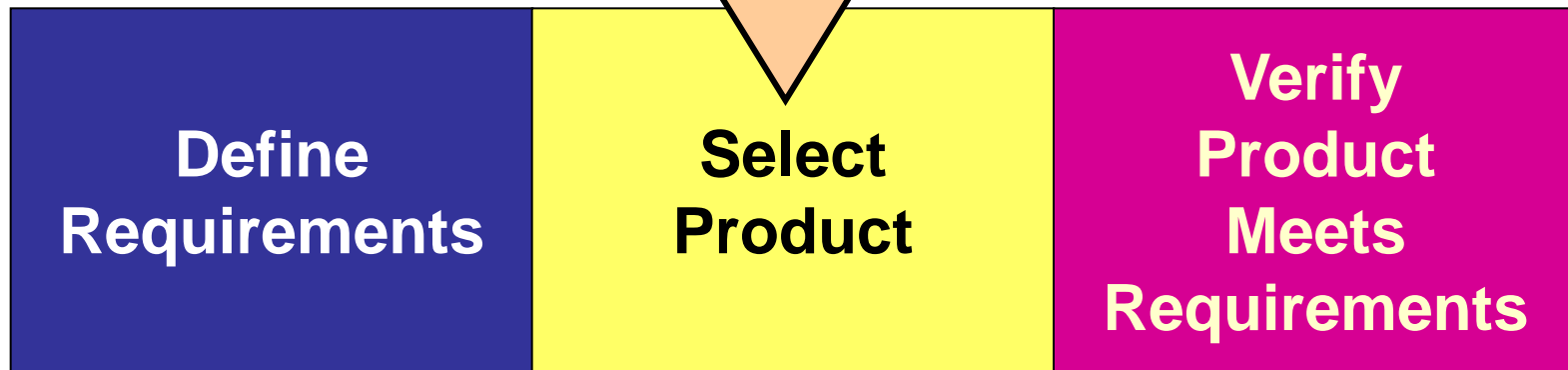
Verification



Gov't Development:

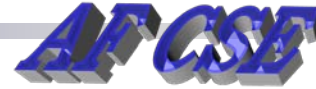


Commercial Buy:





Final Thoughts



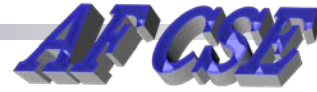
- **F³I (Form, Fit, Function, & Interface) Replacement**
 - New component **must** be verified
 - Really **F²I**: form changes
- **Depot**
 - The **only** engineering authority the depot has is what it's given in the Work Specification
 - Work Specification mandates maintenance procedures depot is to use to make repairs
 - **Phrase – Make “X” repair using best commercial practice – gives depot authorization to use their own repair procedures**
 - Same Work Specification used for both in-house and contracted depot work



Final Thoughts



- **Government Supply Chain Managers**
 - **Not** program managers
 - Responsible for stock, store, and issue tasks only
 - DLA Directive 3200.1 states services **retain** engineering and configuration management responsibility for the parts DLA buys
 - Applies even if not classified as a critical safety item
- **Can't find old performance specifications – check out bidder packages / CDs**



Questions ?