

N852 MINE WARFARE BRANCH

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Unclassified





- Mine Threat to Access and Maneuver
- The Transition from Dedicated to LCS-based MCM
- MCM Mission Package Program Overview
- Near Future Challenges
- > Summary



The Threat to Assured Access





The real goal of a minefield is Sea Denial, NOT the damage or destruction of a specific ship.

The Sea is a maneuver area. Navy goal is to assure Access, support STOM/OMFTS, NOT counter every mine.



- **Over 300 Mine Types**
- **Over 50 Countries Possess**
- Low Cost but High effects
- Simple to Deploy
- Asymmetric ₂







Surface Mine Countermeasures (SMCM)





Current Force:

- 14 MCM-1
 - 4 in Manama, Bahrain
 - 4 in Sasebo, Japan*
 - 6 in San Diego, CA
- All MHC-51 decomm'd/FMS
- Single Mission (MCM)



NEAR FUTURE

Littoral Combat Ship (LCS 1 and LCS 2) • Multi-Mission (MCM, ASW, ASUW)





Airborne Mine Countermeasures (AMCM)



NEAR FUTURE

MH-53E

Current Force:

TODAY

- 2 HM Squadrons
 - HM-14 in Norfolk, VA
 - HM-15 in Norfolk, VA
- 28 MH-53E Aircraft
 - 11 in HM-14
 - 2 Korea
 - 10 in HM-15
 - 4 Bahrain
 - 3 in Fleet Readiness Sqdn
 - 4 RDTE / Pipeline



Future Force:

- 6 Expeditionary Sqdns
 Support ESG/LCS
- 2 USNR Expeditionary Sqdns
- Embarked in LCS

MH-60S



MCM Mission Package











Changes Since Last ExWar Conference



- Remote Minehunting System (RMS) completed Nunn-McCurdy re-certification
 Reliability Growth and program re-baseline
- COBRA Blk I Milestone C
 Integration with VTUAV begins in Jan '11
- AQS-20A sonar to begin OPEVAL in Dec '10
- ALMDS completed Contractor Testing; now in Developmental Testing
- Expanding capabilities for mine neutralization
 AMNS to Surface/Near-Surface portion of the water column
 JABS in the Very Shallow Water (VSW) region
- SMCM UUV CDD approved Jul '10
- Women at Sea Modification completed on USS GUARDIAN and ongoing on USS GLADIATOR



MCM Package System Status



MCM Package Program	ACAT	Programmatics	Testing	Contractor	IOC
AQS-20A	2	In Low Rate Initial Production	 TECHEVAL on MH-60S completed OPEVAL w/ MH-60S Jun 10 – Aug 10 	Raytheon	2011
AMNS	2	In Low Rate Initial Production	 MS C Approval Jan 08 DT Live Fire Ground Testing Jul 09 	Raytheon	2011
ALMDS	2	In Low Rate Initial Production	 ✓ Commenced WSIT CT on MH-60S Apr 08 Commenced TECHEVAL 1st Qtr Fy11 	Northrop Grumman	2012
COBRA	3	Milestone C: Jan 09	 Started Performance Validation (MH-53E) Integration flight tests on VTUAV Dec 09 	Northrop Grumman	2012
OASIS	2	Milestone C: 3QFY10	 ✓ Re-design PDR 12 Jun 08 MH-53E OA 3rd Qtr FY10 	ITT Corp	2013
RMS	1C	In Low Rate Initial Production	 OP assessment completed on DDG-96 Sep 08 Reliability Growth Program Ongoing 	Lockheed Martin	2013
US3	3	Milestone B: 4QFY11	 Sweep Gear integration test on USV Jul 08 End to End US3/USV/MP test Oct 08 	TBD	2015
	TBD	Milestone B: 2QFY10	CDD pending N8 approval	TBD	2015
CMS	3	Milestone C: FY14 Neutralizer final decision Fy12	 SD&D Contract awarded 24 Jul 08 Preliminary Design ReviewOct2009 	Boeing	2017
R_ANICS de	2	Milestone C: 4QFY10	 MH-60 S Captive Carriage & Jettison Oct 08 MH-605 Gun fire test 3rd QTR FY10 	Northrop Grumman	2017



MCM Coverage in 2018









All of our programs face inherent challenges:

Sensor and Processing False Alarms

High False Alarms mean longer PMA & higher False Classification by PMA Operator

LIDAR Performance

Environmental compensations difficult – affected by surface effects and water turbidity

Computer Aided Detection(CAD)/Classification(CAC) Improvements

- Potential for real-time algorithms in the MCM Community
- Fast and accurate CAD/CAC capability needed for all PMA
- Reliability
 - System Reliability needs to meet requirements
 - Meet Operational Availability (Ao)
 - Improve Mean Time Between Operational Mission Failure (MTBOMF)

Plan for Obsolescence

Require modular, open architecture systems that are supportable long term

Opportunities for Industry:

- UUV power generation / endurance
- Not just Unmanned Systems but...Fully Autonomous Systems
- Info Sharing and Cueing between Unmanned Systems









- The Mine Warfare Branch is responsible for both Mine Countermeasures(MCM) <u>and</u> Mining.
- Responsible for maintaining the current maritime mines in the Navy's inventory.





• Actively exploring future offensive mining concepts to use mines in offensive, protective, and defensive roles.



Summary

- Decreasing TOA makes TOTAL OWNERSHIP COST a key driver independent of system suitability and effectiveness
 - Systems must perform--but also be cost-effective!
- Must make wise investments to reduce false alarms, manpower demand, and improve reliability.
- The mine threat is <u>real</u> and <u>not getting</u> easier.
- The transition to LCS-based MCM is challenging...and revolutionary.
- MCM Mission Package programs making steady progress and in the hands of Sailors now.







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Questions



LCS MCM Mission Package System Coverage



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	Detect			Eng	age
	Battlespace Preparation	(Detect/Classify/ Identify)		Neutralize	Sweep
Beach Surf Zone	VTUAV+ COBRA	VTUAV+ COBRA	Surface Near Surface	ABS, EOD Mobile Unit 1	
Near surface & floating	ί.	ALMDS	↓ •	RAMICS	
† Volume		AQS-20	Volume	AMNS	OASIS US3
and bottom mines		AQS-20	150 ft Close-Tethered Close-Close-	AMNS	OASIS US3
•	SMCM UUV	AQS-20	30 ft ↑ Bottom ↓ Bottom Buried	AMNS	OASIS
Buried	LFBB		* NOTE : Depth Coverages Vary with System and	Mine Type	





- Mine Clearance in the cluttered VSW environment
- Obstacle avoidance of unmanned, autonomous vehicles
- Develop Single Pass Detect-To-Engagement of Mines
- Modular UUV/USV—a smart, common design
- Labor Saving Ideas—to reduce manpower demand
- Innovative ideas on Offensive Maritime Mining

What COTS technologies can we leverage to improve our situation in the next 12 months?