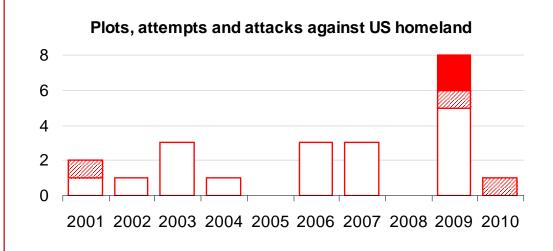




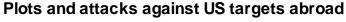
Post-9/11 terrorism against the US

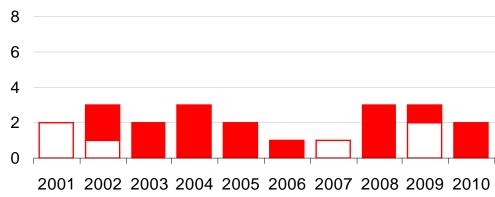


No major transnational terrorist attack on US soil since 9/11 and only minor domestic attacks

Primary domestic targets: aviation, mass transit (esp. NYC subway), iconic structures, military assets

Threat increasingly originates with homegrown radicals





Numerous deadly attacks against American targets abroad

Primary foreign targets: embassies/consulates, hotels, military assets, expat compounds

Threat stems mainly from indigenous militant/insurgent groups





Significant transnational terrorist groups

Al-Qaida core

Al-Qaida in the Arabian Peninsula (AQAP)

Tehrik-i-Taliban Pakistan (TTP)







Control Risks



Major global terrorism incidents since 9/11

2002: Bali/Yemen/Mombasa/

Tunisia

2003: Casablanca/Istanbul/

Philippines

2004: Madrid/Saudi Arabia/

Philippines/Jakarta

2005: London/Bali/Jordan/

Egypt

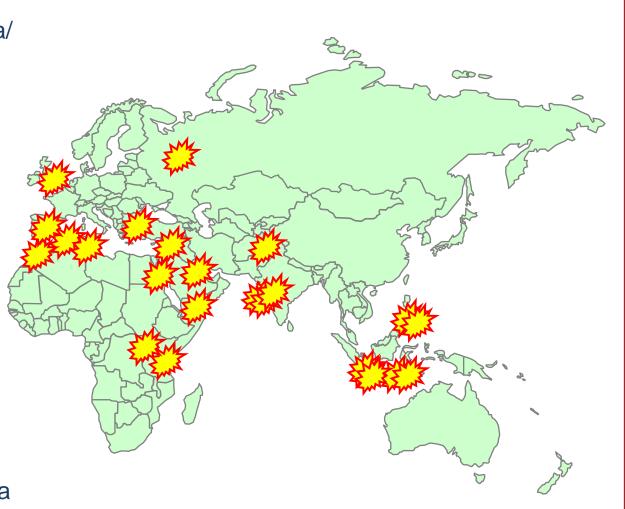
2006: India

2007: Algiers

2008: Mumbai/Islamabad

2009: Jakarta

2010: Moscow/India/Uganda







Terrorism threats stemming from Mexico

- International terrorist groups No permanent or significant presence in Mexico, but could try to enter the US via its southern border.
- Domestic terrorist groups There are two main domestic sources of risk that could potentially carry out a terrorist attack:
 - Leftist guerrillas negligible level of threat to assets within US territory and US-owned assets in Mexico.
 - Organised crime drug-trafficking cartels represent a negligible level of threat to US homeland security, but a low to moderate threat to US-owned assets within Mexico.
- No evidence of collusion between drug cartels and terrorist organisations.

