

Acquisition Reform: Integrate Technical Performance with Earned Value Management

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NDIA Systems Engineering Conference
San Diego October 27, 2011

Abstract 12983

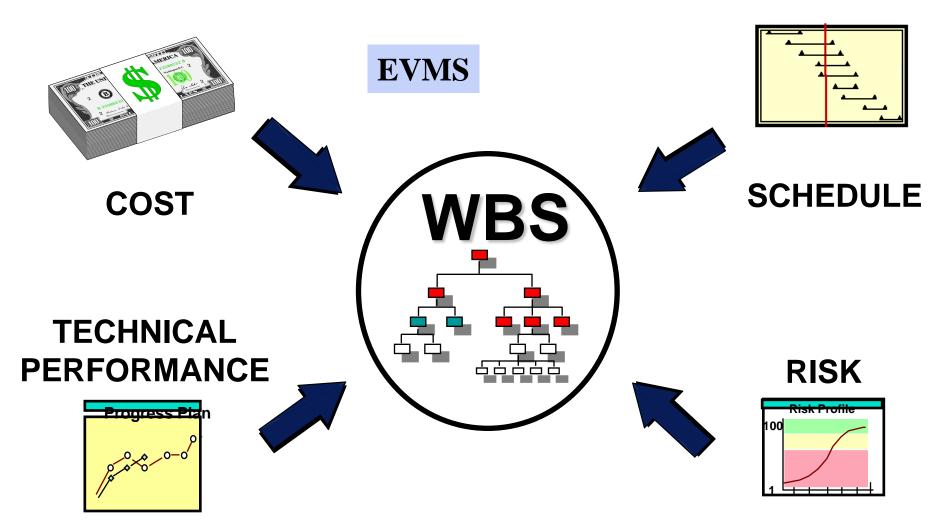


Agenda

- Link EV to Technical Performance/Quality
- Government Needs and Acquisition Reform
- Standards, Models and DoD Guides
- Practical Application
- Proposed EVM Acquisition Reform



Does EVMS Really Integrate?





Value of Earned Value



"EVM data will be reliable and accurate only if:

- The right base measures of technical performance are selected
 and
- Progress is objectively assessed" (a)

(a) "Integrating Systems Engineering With Earned Value Management" in *Defense AT&L Magazine*, May 2004

Government Needs and Acquisition Reform



Office of Management and Budget (OMB)

- OMB Circular No. A-11, Section 300
 Planning, Budgeting, Acquisition and Management of Capital Assets
 - Section 300-5
 - Performance-based acquisition management
 - Based on EVMS standard
 - Measure progress towards milestones
 - Cost
 - Capability to meet specified requirements
 - Timeliness
 - Quality



DoD EVM Report to Congress

2009 Report: DoD Earned Value Management:
Performance, Oversight, and Governance (1)
"Utility of EVM has declined to a level where it
does not serve its intended purpose."

Findings and Recommendations:

- Inaccurate EVM status data provided by vendors
- Use Technical Performance Measures (TPM)
- Integrate Systems Engineering (SE) with EVM
- (1) Required by Weapon Systems Acquisition Reform Act (WSARA)



DoD Report: TPM (1 of 2)

Use TPMs

- EV process is reliable and accurate only if
 - TPMs are identified and associated with completion of appropriate work packages
 - Quality of work must be verified
 - Criteria must be defined clearly and unambiguously



DoD Report : TPM (2 of 2)

Use TPMs

- If good TPMs are not used:
 - Programs could report 100 % of earned value..even though behind schedule
 - Validating requirements
 - Completing the preliminary design
 - Meeting weight targets
 - Delivering software releases that meet the requirements
- Program Managers ensure that the EVM process measures the quality and technical maturity of technical work products instead of just the quantity of work performed



National Defense Authorization Act for FY 2011

Sec. Def. to review defense acquisition guidance, including DoDI 5000.02

- Consider "whether measures of Quality and technical performance should be included in any EVMS."
- Submit report to the Congress by Sept. 27
 - Changes in acquisition guidance, if needed
 - Actions to implement changes

Pertinent articles:

- Defense AT&L Magazine, May/June 2011: "Path to EVM Acquisition Reform
- DoD Journal of Software Technology, August 2011: "Improving the Quality of EVM Information"



DoD Need: Integrated Testable Requirements

Memo: Test & Evaluation of DoD Programs (1)

- 1. Improve relationship among testing, requirements and program management communities
- 2. Well defined, testable requirements
- Requirements development must be informed by technical feasibility and rigorous trade-off analysis.
- Define requirements in ways that are clear and testable...should be achieved as early as possible.
- Define requirements in ways that provide meaningful increments of operational capability.
- Define requirements in ways that enable efficient program execution.
- (1) 6/3/2011, signed by USD for AT&L, Ashton Carter and Director OT&E, J. Michael Gilmore.



EVMS Quality Gap

EVMS Standard, Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) and Defense FAR Supplement (DFARS) are deficient:

No guidance or requirement to link

- Reported EV with
- Progress toward meeting Quality/technical performance requirements





EVMS Quality Gap

EVMS Standard shortfall (3.8):

- Quality Gap
- "EV is..measurement of quantity of work"
- "Quality and technical content of work performed are controlled by other means"!?



Defense Acquisition Program Support Methodology (DAPS) V2.0: EVMS (3.4.3.Q3):

"EVMS has no provision to measure quality"



EVMS Quality Gap

EVMS Standard shortfall (Guideline 2.2b):

Identify

- physical products
- milestones
- technical performance goals





other indicators
 that will be used to measure progress.





Guidance in Standards, Models, and DoD Guides



Guidance in Standards and Models

- Processes for Engineering a System (ANSI/EIA-632)
- Standard for Application and Management of the SE Process (IEEE 1220)
- Capability Maturity Model Integration (CMMI®)
- CMN

- CMMI for Development, Version 1.3
- CMMI for Acquisition, Version 1.3
- Using CMMI to Improve Earned Value Management, 2002
- Guide to the Project Management Institute Body of Knowledge (PMBOK Guide®), 4th Edition



PMBOK® Guide

5 Project Scope Management

In the project context, the term scope can refer to

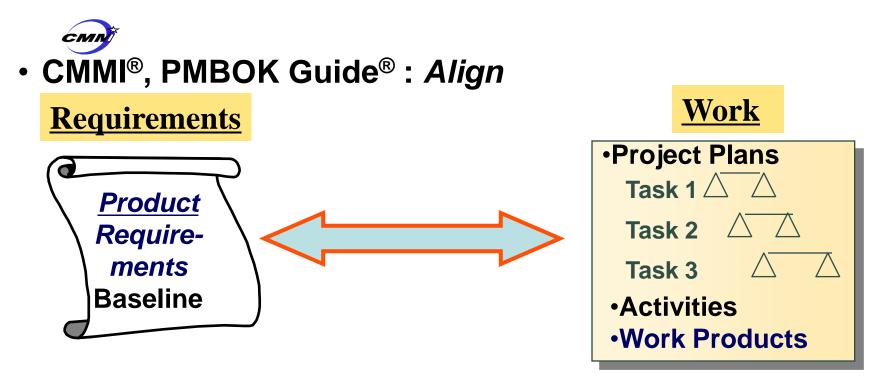
- Product scope. The features and functions that characterize a product, service, or result
- Project scope. The work that needs to be accomplished to deliver a product, service, or result with the specified features and functions.

11.6.2.4 Technical Performance Measurement

- TPM compares technical accomplishments during project execution to the ... schedule of technical achievement.
- It requires definition of objective, quantifiable TPMs which can be used to compare actual results against targets.



Product Requirements Baseline



Source: CMMI Requirements Management Process Area (PA), Specific Practice (SP) 1.5



CDR Success Criteria

IEEE 1220, (6.6): Success Criteria (CDR)

- Design solution meets:
 - Allocated performance requirements
 - Functional performance requirements
 - Interface requirements
 - Workload limitations
 - Constraints
 - Use models and/or prototypes to determine success



DoD Guides: Integrated Planning

DoDI 5000.02, Operation of the Defense Acquisition System (POL) 12/08

Defense Acquisition Guidebook (DAG)

Systems Engineering Plan (SEP) Preparation Guide 4/08

WBS Handbook, Mil-HDBK-881A (WBS) 7/30/05

Integrated Master Plan (IMP) & Integrated Master Schedule (IMS) Preparation & Use Guide 10/21/05

Guide for Integrating SE into DOD Acquisition Contracts (Integ SE) 12/06

DAPS V2.0 3/20/09



Derivation and Flowdown of TPMs

Source, Baseline, Measures	Technical Review	Parameter
Capabilities Development Document (CDD)		Key Performance Parameter (KPP)
Functional Baseline	System Functional Review (SFR)	Measures of Effectiveness (MOE)
Functional Baseline	SFR	Measures of Performance (MOP)
Allocated Baseline	Preliminary Design Review (PDR)	TPM
Integrated Master Schedule		TPM Milestones and Planned Values
Work packages		TPM-based % complete criteria



DoD: Technical Baselines And Reviews

DoD Policy or Guide	POL	DAG	SEP	WBS	IMP/ IMS	Integ SE	DAPS
Technical Baselines in IMP/IMS (Milestones): • Functional (SFR) • Allocated (PDR) • Product (CDR)		X				X	X
Technical Reviews:							
 Event-driven timing of technical reviews 	X	Х	X	X	X	X	X
 Success criteria of technical reviews 	Х	Х	X	X	X	X	Х
 Include entry and exit criteria for technical reviews in IMP and IMS 		X	X			X	X
 Assess technical maturity in technical reviews 		Х	Х	Х		X	

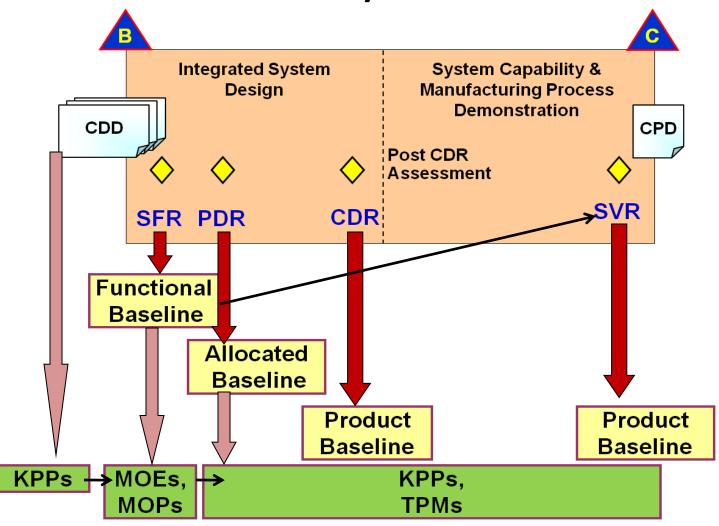


DoD: Integrated Plans

DoD Policy or Guide	POL	DAG	SEP	WBS	IMP/ IMS	Integ SE	DAPS
Integrate SEP with: • IMP/IMS • TPMs • EVM		X	X		X	X	X
Integrate WBS with • Requirements specification • Statement of work • IMP/IMS/EVMS		X		X	Х	X	Х
Link risk management (including risk mitigation plans), technical reviews, TPMs, EVM, WBS, IMS		Х				Х	X



Technical Reviews, Baselines, Measures



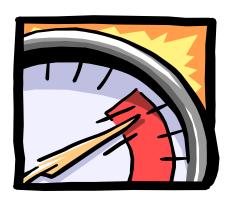


Practical Application



TPM

- How well a system is achieving performance requirements
- Use actual or predicted values from:
 - Engineering measurements
 - Tests
 - Experiments
 - Prototypes
- Examples:
 - Payload
 - Response time
 - Range
 - Power
 - Weight





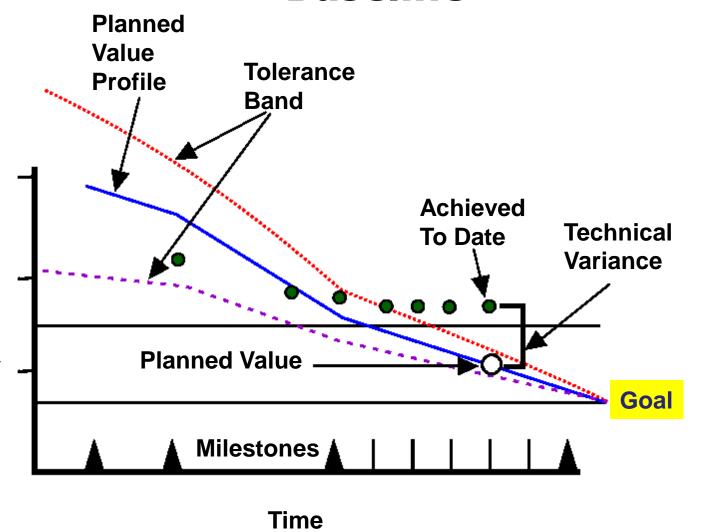
Technical

Value,

Performance

e.g. weight

TPM Performance vs. Baseline





Example 1: EV Based on Drawings and TPMs

- SOW: Design a subsystem with 2 TPMs:
 - Maximum (Max.) weight
 - Planned Value (PV): 200 lb. (May)
 - Max. diameter
 - PV: 1 inch (when 80% drawings complete, April)
- Enabling work products: 50 drawings
- BAC: 2000 hours
 - Drawings: 40 hours/drawing @ 502000
 - If TPM PVs not met on schedule:
 - Negative adjustment to EV
 - Weight: -100
 - Diameter-200



Example 1: EV Based on Drawings and TPMs

Schedule	Total	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Total
	<u>Drawings</u>						
Drawings/ period	50	8	10	12	10	10	50
Meet requirements	:						
Weight	1						
Diameter	1						



Example 1: Status

Date	April 30	May 31
Drawings completed	41	49
Weight met	No	No
Diameter met	Yes	Yes



Example 1: EV Based on Drawings and TPMs

Design	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Total
(drawings)						
Planned	8	10	12	10	10	50
drawings cur						
Planned	8	18	30	40	50	
drawings cum						
BCWS cur	320	400	480	400	400	2000
BCWS cum	320	720	1200	1600	2000	2000
Actual drawings	9	10	10	12	8	
completed cur						
Actual drawings	9	19	29	41	49	
completed cum						
EV (drawings)	360	760	1160	1640	1960	
cum						
Negative EV				0	-100	
Reqs cum						
Net EV cum	360	760	1160	1640	1860	1860

SV = -140



Example 1: Variance Analysis

May variance analysis (drawings and requirements):

- 1 drawing behind schedule
- Diameter requirement met
- Weight requirement not met:

Schedule variance

- 40

- 0

<u>- 100</u>

- 140



Proposed EVM Acquisition Reform



Revise Acquisition Policy and Regulations

- Federal
 - OMB policy and FAR
- DoD
 - DFARS
 - DoDI 5000.02
 - DoD acquisition and SE guides





Program Management Tips

- Require SE and Project Management best practices in Request for Proposal
- Confirm contractor's proposal includes integration of SE work products, success criteria, and TPMs with EVM
- Verify integration in Integrated Baseline Review (IBR)
- Confirm achievement of success criteria in technical reviews
- Monitor consistency and validity of status reports, variance analyses, EAC



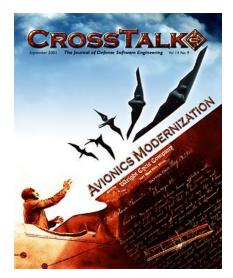
Close the EVMS Quality Gap

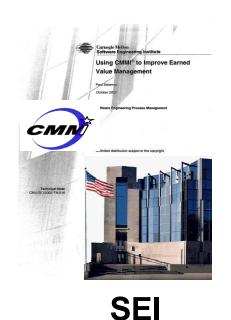
- PMB includes testable requirements with technical/quality parameters
- Valid contract performance reports
 - Objective technical/schedule status
 - Credible EAC
- Early detection of problems
 - Program performance

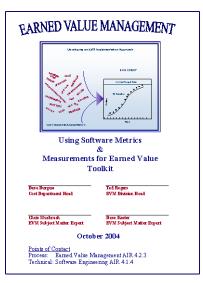
EV measurement and compliance



Resources Online









DOD



NAVAIR



PMI Community of Practice

FAI U. "Measurable News"





T PROJECTS



Trademarks, Acronyms

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CDR: Critical Design Review

EAC: Estimate at Completion

EVM: Earned Value Management

IBR: Integrated Baseline Review

IMP: Integrated Master Plan

IMS: Integrated Master Schedule

KPP: Key Performance Parameter

MOE: Measure of Effectiveness

MOP: Measure of Performance

OMB: Office of Management and Budget

PDR: Preliminary Design Review

PMB: Performance Measurement Baseline

SE: Systems Engineering

SFR: System Functional Review

TPM: Technical Performance Measure (or Measurement)