

NAVAL POSTGRADUATE SCHOOL

Developing Defense Systems Engineering into Engineering Competency via Multi-Quarter Carry-Through Projects

NDIA Systems Engineering Conference San Diego, CA

27 October 2011

The Nation's Premiere Defense Research University

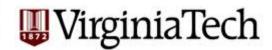
Monterey, California
WWW.NPS.EDU

POSTGRADUATE Project Sponsor – ASD(R&E) – SERC Team

































NPS SE Masters Program Overview

Resident (580)

Individual Thesis

Domain/Track - Cohesive combination of 7 engineering, operations research, acquisition, or management topic courses

Logistics Engineering (SE)

Human Systems Engineering (SE)

Systems Analysis (OR)

Engineering Risk (SE)

Test and Evaluation (SE)

Distributed Learning (311)

Individual Thesis/Team Based Capstone Project

Domain/Track - Cohesive combination of 4 engineering, operations research, acquisition, or management topic courses

580X P-Code ESR Not Required

Nine Common SE Core Courses for All SE Masters Degrees

Resident Program Requires Minimum of 6 Quarters (Full Time) Systems Integration and Development

Ε

Software Systems Engineering

System Architecture and Design

Capability Engineering

Engineering Economics and Cost Estimation

Fundamentals of Engineering Project Management

Systems Assessment

System Suitability

Fundamentals of Systems Engineering

DL Program Requires Minimum of 8 Quarters (Part Time)



Program Objectives

- Resident and non-resident programs share common nine course core curriculum
- Informed by INCOSE reference curricula and DOD SE Competencies
- Course objectives mapped to ESRs Navy sponsor (NAVSEA); consistent with SPRDE-SE/PSE Competencies
- Burnt orange courses compose the SE certificate
- Degree requirements met by core, 4 course track, and 3 course project

Fundamentals of Systems Engineering

System Suitability

Systems Assessment

Fundamentals of Engineering Project Management

Engineering Economics and Cost Estimation

Capability Engineering

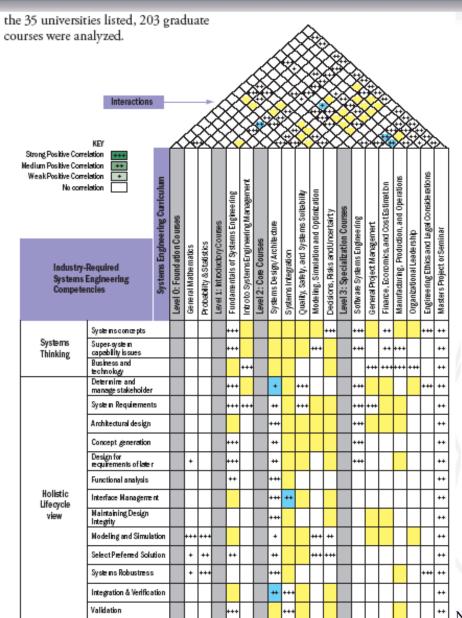
System Architecture and Design

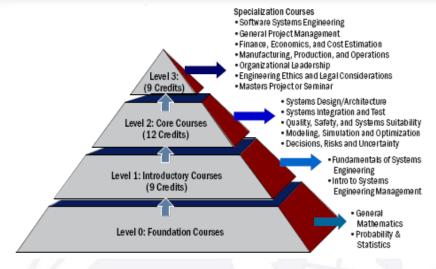
Software Systems Engineering

Systems Integration and Development



DoD Sponsored SE Reference Curriculum





KEY	
Strong Positive Correlation	+++
Medium Positive Correlation	++
Weak Positive Correlation	+
No Correlation	
Identified Gaps	
Identified Improvements	

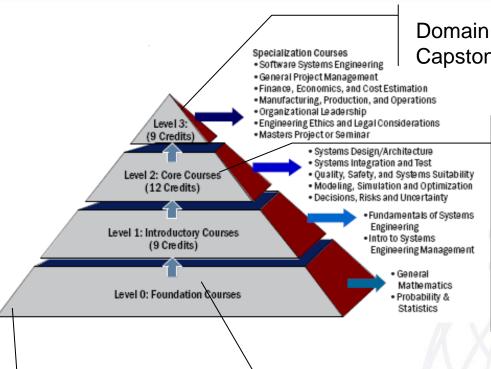


Jain, Squires, Verma, Chandrasekaran – July 2007

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NPS to Reference Curriculum Mapping



Domain Track Courses (3)
Capstone Integrating Project (3)

System Suitability
System Assessment
Engineering Economics and Cost
Estimation
Capability Engineering
System Architecting and Design
Software Systems Engineering
System Integration and Development

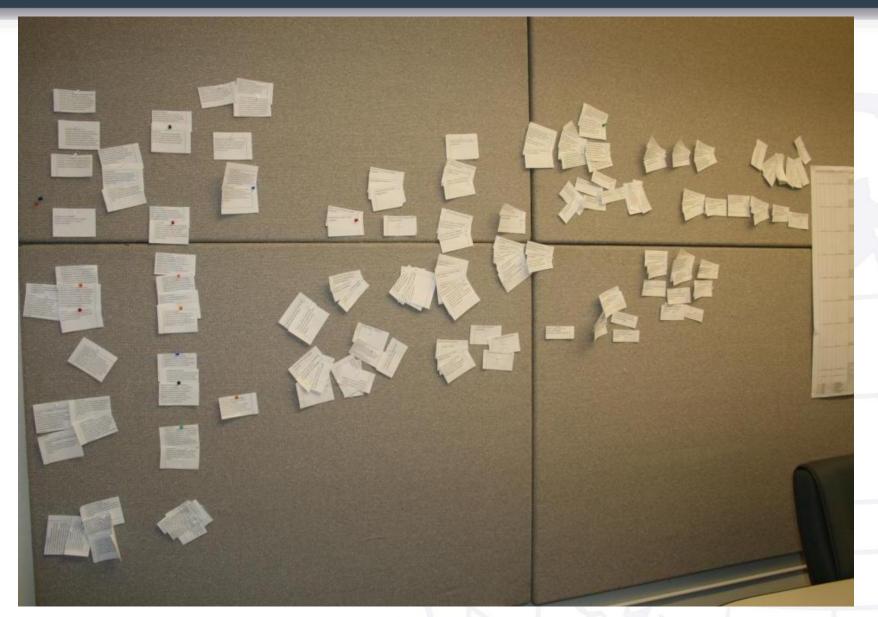
Probability and Statistics for Systems Engineers

[Calculus Prerequisite]

Fundamentals of Systems Engineering Fundamentals of Engineering Project Management

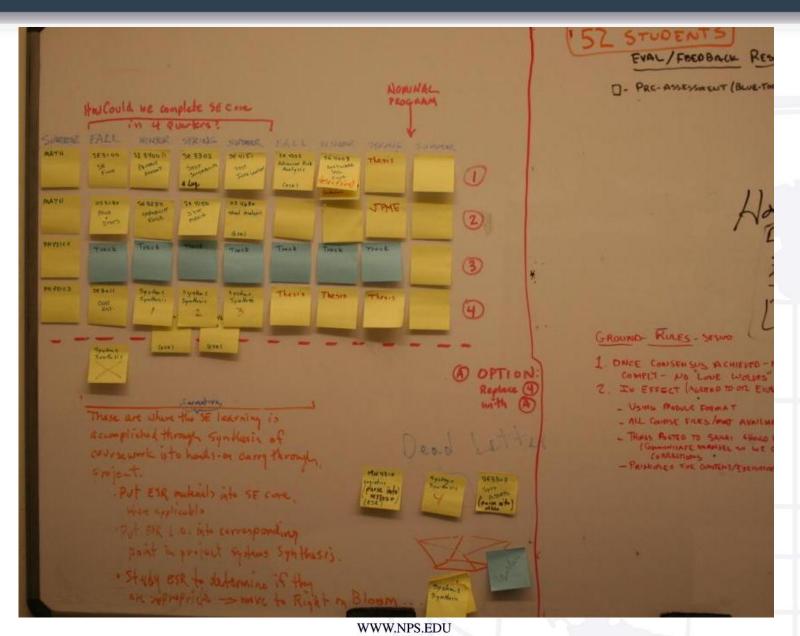


POSTGRADUATE NPS RT-19 War Room Objectives Affinity





POSTGRADUA NPS RT-19 War Room Sequencing Options





Objectives Mapped to Competencies

Course and Objective	SE Competency
SE3100: Fundamentals of Systems Engineering	28: Strategic Thinking
	25: System of Systems
	27: Problem Solving
	23: Acquisition, Element 34
	15: Technical Planning
Elicit, elaborate and document system requirements based on user	4: Stakeholder Requirements
needs and operational objectives; translate them to technical	Definition
requirements	5: Requirements Analysis
	9: Requirement Reviews
Create a system value hierarchy reflective of stakeholder goals	5: Requirements Analysis
	14: Decision Analysis
	16: Technical Assessment
Complete system functional analysis in support of requirements	2: Modeling and Simulation
engineering using modeling tools such as IDEF0, FFBD, and	
other languages	
Develop, evaluate and document alternative system architectures,	6: Architecture Design, Elements 6 &
using DoDAF products where appropriate	8
Plan for system validation, to ensure technical performance	9: Verification, Element 12
measures map to operational characteristics	10: Validation
SE4150: System Architecting and Design	24: SE Leadership
	25: System of systems
	27: Problem solving
Create system architectures consistent with stakeholder needs,	5: Requirements analysis
systems thinking, and systems engineering life cycle models using	6: Architecting Design, Elements 6, 7,
model-based systems engineering (MBSE) methods.	8
	18: Requirements management
Construct alternative system architectures for balanced system	2: Modeling & simulation
solutions. Demonstrate their feasibility through simulation	6: Architecting Design, Elements 6, 8
(executable architectures).	
Demonstrate coupling between system elements and value criteria	6: Architecting Design, Elements 6, 7,
(stakeholder requirements, performance, quality, investment)	8
through requirements traceability and management.	
Analyze and compare alternatives against system-level evaluation	6: Architecting Design, Elements 7, 8,
criteria. Explain trade-offs. Recommend "best" architectures	9



Course Structure and Material

Fall Qtr	Winter Qtr	Spring Qtr	Summer Qtr
SE 3100: Fundamentals of SE	SI3400: Engineering Project Management	SE4150: System Architecting & Design	SE4151: System Integration & Development
	SE3250: Capability Engineering	SE3302: System Suitability	SE4003: SW Systems Engineering
	SE3011: Eng Econ & Cost Estimation		7

Individual Project

Carry-Through Project



Student Assessment

Competency		Measures of Competency					
	Knowledge	Skill	Ability	Behavior			
Stakeholder Requirements	Instructor introduces and student learns relation between stakeholders, their needs, problems, and requirements	Student practices stakeholder analysis in an instructor guided individual project	Student shows intuititiveness and will to determine needs and requirements for a self-identified solution	Student demonstrates initiative to extend their definition of "wall"; exchanges ideas with other students while keeping their work confidential; and is motivated to go beyond the assignment to dig deeper into an area of interest			
Requirements Analysis	Instructor introduces and student learns how to conduct and monitor the analysis of stakeholder requirements to ensure functional and performance feasibility and effectiveness	practices hierarchical	Student shows will to decompose attributes and character to revise hierarchies over several weeks time	Student demonstrates motivation to experiment with various taxonomies and definitions			
Requirements Reviews	Instructor introduces walkthrough of requirements with stakeholders and student learns the essence of elicitation, questioning, and prioritizing requirements	l' '	Student shows strength of will to deal with fickleness of instructor's requirements and changes in requirements	Student demonstrates initiative to fill in necessary requirements, present them to instructor during one-on-one reviews			
Manage Design Requirements	Instructor introduces the methods of managing design requirements and student learns the processes and tools	Student explores use of methods and tools, practicing with their self-determined design requirements	Student demonstrates effectiveness in managing requirements by both a concerted attention to detail as well as an intuitiveness about the consequences of ignored, missed, or incorrect design requirements	Student shows initiative and forward thinking about design requirements through inquisitiveness and motivated follow-up			

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RT-19 2011 Number of Students

		D			
		MSSE (580)	MSSEA (308)	Other	Total
٠, ٠,	US Navy	20	18	2	40
dent Irce	US Army		1	3	4
Student	DoD Civilians			2	2
	Int'l Civilians	2	\mathcal{N}		2
	Total	22	19	7	48

Key Objectives



- The pilot project involves the following competencies, along with the entire SE Competency list provided by OSD(AT&L):
 - a. Technical Basis for Cost
 - b. Stakeholder Requirements Definition
 - c. Requirements Analysis
 - d. Architecture Design (some elements)
 - e. Alternative Generation, Scoring, and Selection
 - f. Modeling & Simulation; Safety Assurance (where applicable & feasible)
- Learning objectives for current curriculum derived from:
 - a. Navy sponsor-provided Educational Skill Requirements (ESR)
 - b. INCOSE SE Handbook
 - c. CSEP related learning objectives
- The project revisits these learning objectives, expanding the context to include:
 - a. Systems engineering competencies identified by OSD(AT&L)
 - a. SPRDE SE/PSE
 - b. ABET EAC harmonized (a) (k) criteria
 - c. CDIO reference curriculum



Student Project Context

- Project Carries Through Curriculum
- Implemented Through 'Hands-on' Lab Sections
 - Primarily SI3400, SE3302, SE4150, SE4151
 - Other courses relate to project (SE3100, SE3011)
 - Instructors for all courses involved as project advisors for full curriculum scope
- Learn by Doing
 - Apply theories & concepts from courses
- Formative and Summative Assessments
 - Direct (exams, assignments, observation, ...)
 - Indirect (surveys)
 - Based on competency development



Student Products

- Fall 2010
 - Problem Definition
 - Preliminary Organization
 - Stakeholder Analysis
 - Initial CONOPS
- Spring 2011
 - System Architecture
 - Concept Design
 - System Modeling
 - Vitech CORE

- Winter 2011
 - SEMP
 - Requirements Elicitation
 - Requirements Definition
 - Function Flow
- Summer 2011
 - System Integration
 - Prototype Development
 - Project Demo



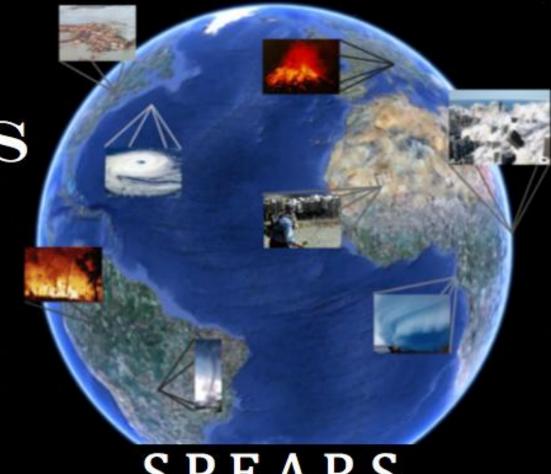
What DoD Problem Addressed

"An expeditionary assistance kit around low-cost, efficient, and sustainable prototypes such as solar cookers, small and transportable shelters, deployable information and communication technologies, water purifiers, and renewable energies. These materials would be packaged in mission-specific HA/DR kits for partner nation use."

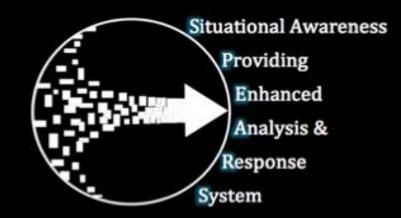
- Majority of Humanitarian Assistance/Disaster Relief casualties (HA/DR) occur in first three days
- US military capabilities:
 - Worldwide initial deployment: 22 hours
 - Worldwide large scale aid: seven days
 - Includes response management infrastructure
- Long term aid not a factor
 - After seven days, aid is available
- 1-3 day period capability gap



DATA TO DECISIONS AS IT HAPPENS



S.P.E.A.R.S.



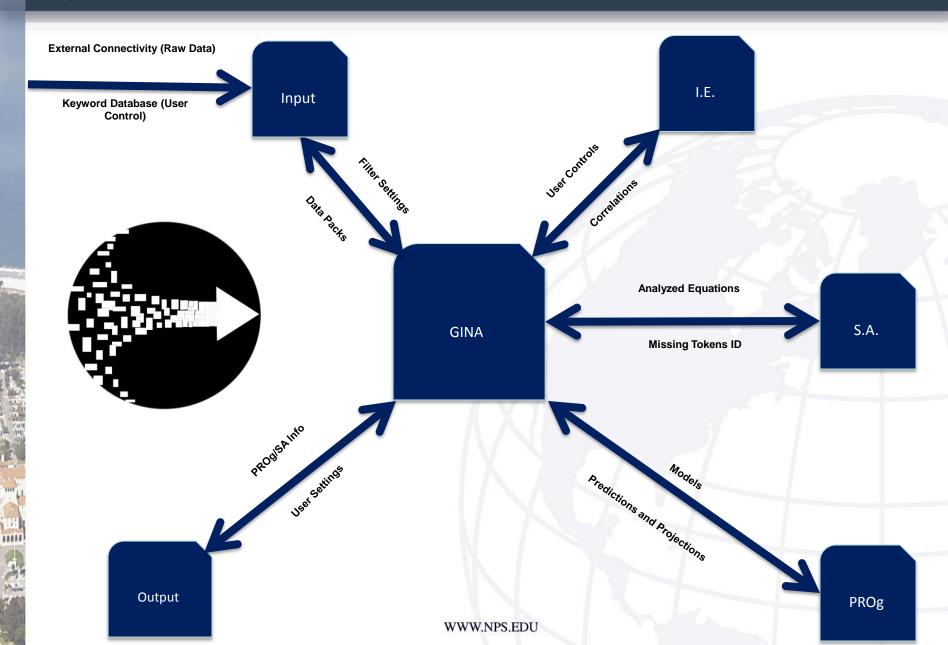


SPEARS Concept of Operations





SPEARS Architecture





SPEARS Prototype Scenario

- Twitter trends
 - Shaking
 - Earthquake
 - Broken windows
- News sources
 - Power outages
 - Fires
- USGS RSS Feed



SPEARS Prototype



- Early development
- Physical hardware
 - Desktop computer
 - 2 x video monitors
 - 2 TB hard drive
- Software
 - Windows 7 Pro
 - GINA
 - FalconView 4.2.1
 - Cursor On Target / Excel2FV





Student Related

- SPEARS offers way forward to close current capability gap
- 1-3 day HA/DR response
- Architecture viable for other Data to Decisions applications
- Academic impact on 48 students
 - Exponential propagation throughout the Fleet
- Faculty Related
 - Developed learner-centered pedagogical approach
 - Assessment focusing on SE competency



Future Curriculum Pilot

Focus on SE Competency
Development

Focus on SE Knowledge Discovery

Math	SE3100	SI3400	SE3302	SE3303	Thesis	Thesis	Thesis
Math	OS3180	SE3011	SE4150	SE4151	Track	Military JPME	Thesis
Physics	Pre-req	SE3250	Track	SE4003	AdvSE	AdvSE	Track
Physics	Track	Conceive Lab	Design Lab	Implement & Operate Lab	Track	Track	Track

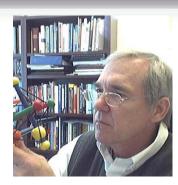
CDIO Inspired Project-Based Learning Labs



RT-19 Faculty



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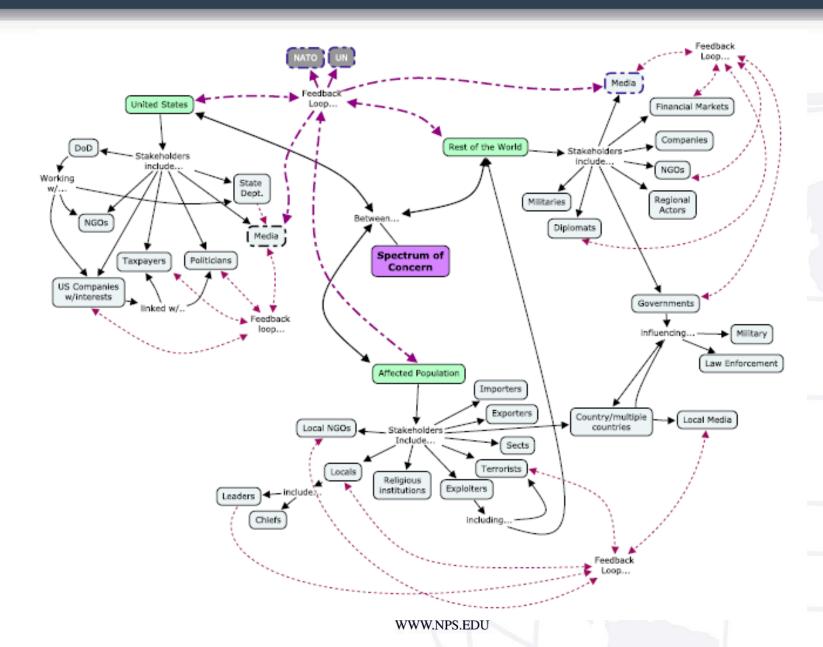


Outcome - SE Competencies NOT on List

- Providing a technical basis for comprehensive schedule realism (beyond #1, element 1)
- Modeling or simulation in support of operational realism, referenced to gap analysis (beyond #2, element 1)
- Systems thinking when analyzing stakeholder requirements (beyond #5, element 5; and beyond #6, element 6)
- Human interactions anticipated due to the delivered system engineered product (beyond #6, element 6)
- Trade analyses that include cost and schedule constraints (beyond #6, element 6)
- Consideration of boundary conditions beyond physical domains to include functional and process contexts (beyond #6, element 7)
- Additional consideration to reflect the consequences on architecture and its trade spaces for refinements made after requirements and specifications have been promulgated (beyond #8, element 11)
- Extending the view of validation to encompass determining the operational limitations of the requirements, functional and physical architectures, and the "as-built" implementation (beyond #10, element 14)
- Considerations of RAM using discrete Markov processes (developed as event-based structures), rather than simple formulations that average various contributions to RAM (beyond #13, element 17 and element 18)
- Discussion and understanding of the systems engineering management plan (SEMP) (beyond #15, element 20)
- Clear delineation between measures, metrics, and figures of merit in cardinal and ordinal scaling (beyond #16, element 21)
- Incorporating architectural perspective (i.e., resources, constraints, limitations, spatial and temporal interactions, and data context(s) (including scalability model(s) when considering, and "ensuring" interface definitions and compliances (beyond #21, element 27 and element 28).



Stakeholder Analysis





Requirements Elicitation

- Direct Elicitation
 - Student team
 - PACOM
 - AFRICOM
- VTC
- Follow-on Interactions
- Iteration

Notes from 2/11/2011 VTC with PACOM

PACOM attendees: Jim Ellert, NPS PAC

Dave Brown, J2

Biff Baker, Socio-cultural engagement officer

Problems facing PACOM

Issues and challenges in regards to HA/DR and Knowledge Management:

As an Intel/Plans Officer his interests are ISR/Enterprise architectures, UNCLAS architecture enhancements, and socio-cultural dynamics/human terrain. He spoke about 4 particular problem areas that RT-19 could explore:

- a. SMARTphone technology. Using COTS technology to deploy downrange and use operationally for area assessments and HA/DR functions.
 - i. The phones would be used to push/pull data and information.
 - A recent thesis topic at NPS was FIST (Field Information Support Tool), an Android-based SMARTphone that uses all functionality of the phone (GPS, DTG, etc.)
 - The interest would be to aggregate and fuse data that all could use, including international organizations
 - This should be a portal to push information from the field to COCOM users.
 - v. Requires policies, procedures, and technical solutions.
- b. Development of an UNCLAS geo-/non-geospatial data repository.
 - i. The server and data must be structured for use by many different entities.
 - ii. There are already several PORs (programs of record) that store and sort data in many different formats. There should be a method to pull information from these sources as well.
 - iii. The database should be structured, yet flexible.
- c. Business rules for what data is:
 - i. Stored
 - ii. Migrated
 - iii. Replicated
 - iv. Structured
- d. Making improvements to the operating environment
 - i. Envision a GUI with tools available:
 - 1. Geo-spatial analysis/RGS
 - 2. Google Earth
 - 3. Interface between 1&2
 - 4. Modeling/simulation
 - 5. Making the tools accessible via the internet
- They envision each country with its own network, with a larger global network that sits on top. Each country should have its own local architecture and there should be a method to push local data to the global system.
- 3. Each person on the ground is a sensor how do we take advantage of it?
- 4. We also want information from 'folks on the street.' How do we get that?
- 5. Supply chain tracking

SEMP

Research Topic 19 Systems Engineering Management Plan

Version 1.0 draft 1

Tailored MIL-STDs & MIL-

Verification of

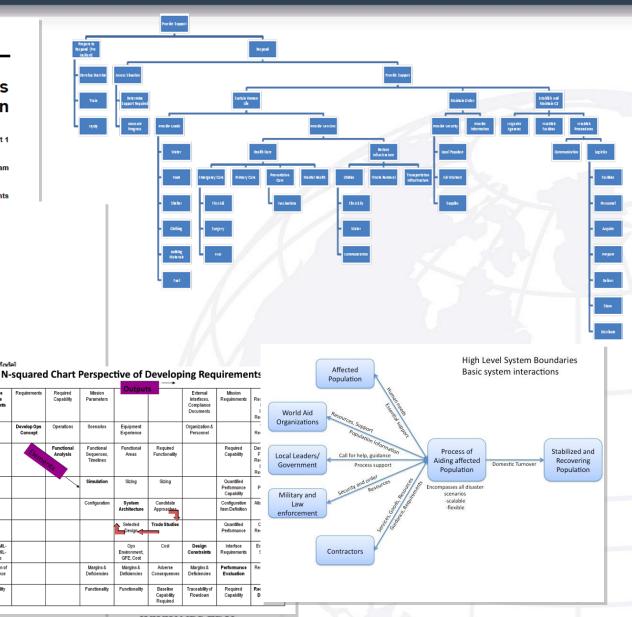
Traceability

Prepared by RT-19 Project Team

NPS Systems Engineering Students

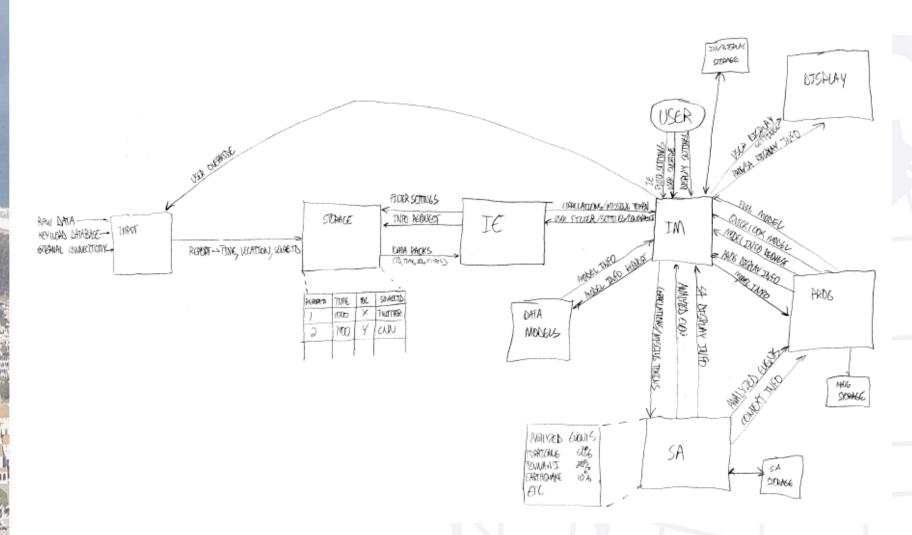
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- 1. Technical Control and Planning
 - 1.1. List of Acronyms
 - 1.2. Staff Structure
 - 1.3. Configuration Control
 - 1.4. Master Schedule
 - 1.5. Risk Management Strategy
- 2. Systems Engineering Processes
 - 2.1. Identification and Implementation of Waterfall Process Model
 - 2.2. Functional Decomposition
 - 2.3. Physical Decomposition
 - 2.4. Process Decomposition
 - 2.5. Stakeholder Analysis
 - 2.6. Capability Gap
- 2.7. CONOPS
- 2.8. Scenario Development
- 3. Appendices
 - 3.1. RT-19 Systems Engineering Plan Guide
 - 3.2. Definitions
 - 3.3. Work Assignment Log
 - 3.4. Master Schedule
 - 3.5. Risk Management Plan Database
 - 3.6. Waterfall Process Model
 - 3.7. Stakeholder Analysis Model
 - 3.8. Functional Decomposition Model
 - 3.9. Physical Decomposition Model





System Concept Design



System Modeling - FFBD

Low Intensity Conflict Functional Flow Block Diagram

