

# IM TACTICAL SOLID ROCKET MOTOR FAILURE MODE ANALYSIS PROTOCOL

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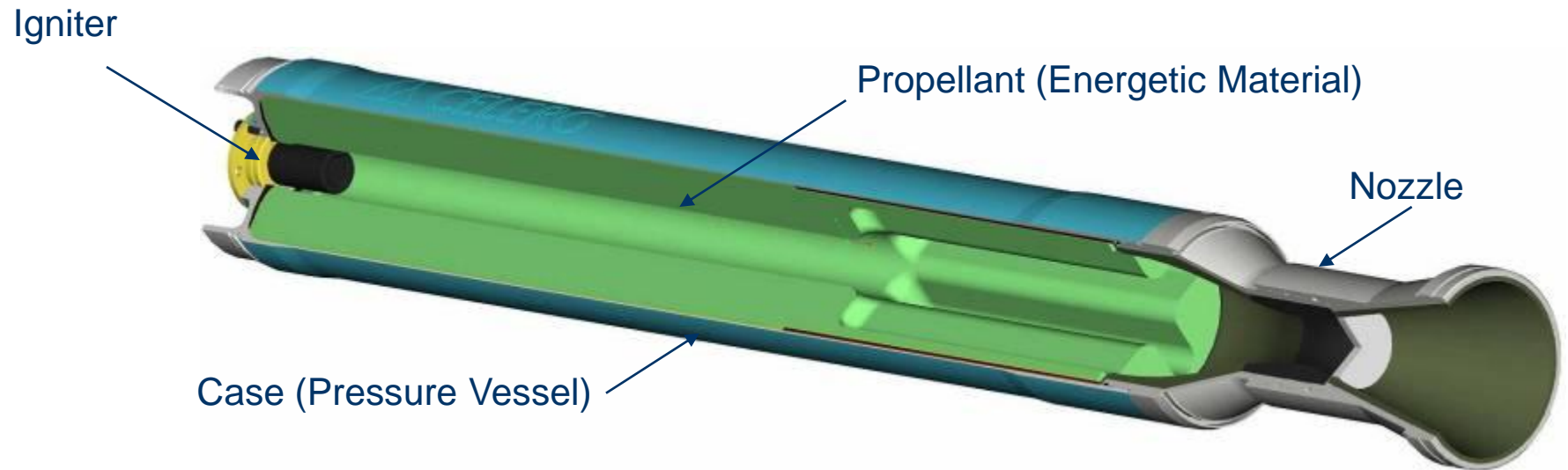
## Summary

- ▶ **INTRODUCTION - IM Solid Rocket Motor Overview**
- ▶ **FRENCH IM ARP “APTE” LOGIC**
- ▶ **FRENCH IM SRM DATABASE**
- ▶ **IM NEW PROTOCOL FOR TACTICAL SRM FAILURE MODE ANALYSIS**
- ▶ **SRM ARCHITECTURE BEHAVIOR IMPACT ON IM RESPONSE**
- ▶ **ANALYSIS EXAMPLES**
- ▶ **CONCLUSION**





## IM Solid Rocket Motor Overview



**IM response of a Solid Rocket Motor (SRM) is an increasingly critical requirement.**

**IM SRM subject to unplanned stimuli must minimise**

Probability of inadvertent initiation

Severity of subsequent collateral damage to weapon platform and personnel

**but**

**IM SRM problematic**

Compliance to Thrust & Pressure vs. time required

Propellant Sensitivity & reactivity under thermal and mechanical aggressions

RM confinement enhancing reaction effects.

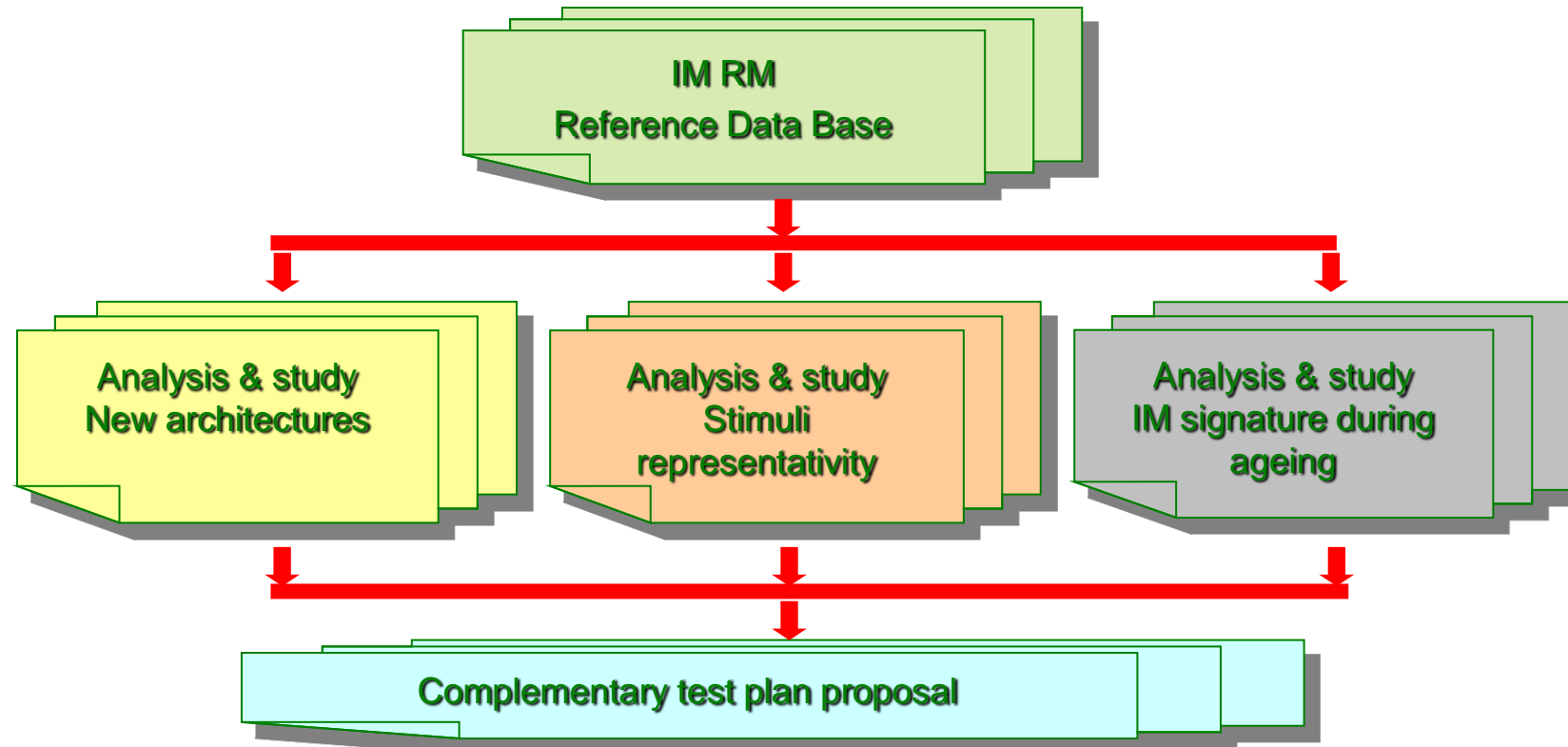
## French IM ARP “APTE” Logic

End 2008, French MOD funded ARP APTE (Tactical Propulsion Improvement).

ARP conducted by French RM manufacturers Roxel and SAFRAN/SPS

The IM part of this ARP is devoted to:

- Search the best IM compromise for solid rocket motor hardware,
- Analysis of the stimuli representativeness and results interpretation,
- Knowledge of MURAT signature evolution during lifetime





## French IM Tactical SRM Database

A database has been populated in 2011 with more than 220 different test results conducted on SRM and mock-ups in France since the 80's, and will be continuously populated with new results.

### ➤ Characteristics of the tested objects

- ❖ Diameter up to 350 mm
- ❖ Metallic, composite and hybrid cases
- ❖ All propellants and igniters types
- ❖ Propellant mass up to 200 kg

### ➤ Tests characteristics, compliance or not with corresponding STANAG test procedure

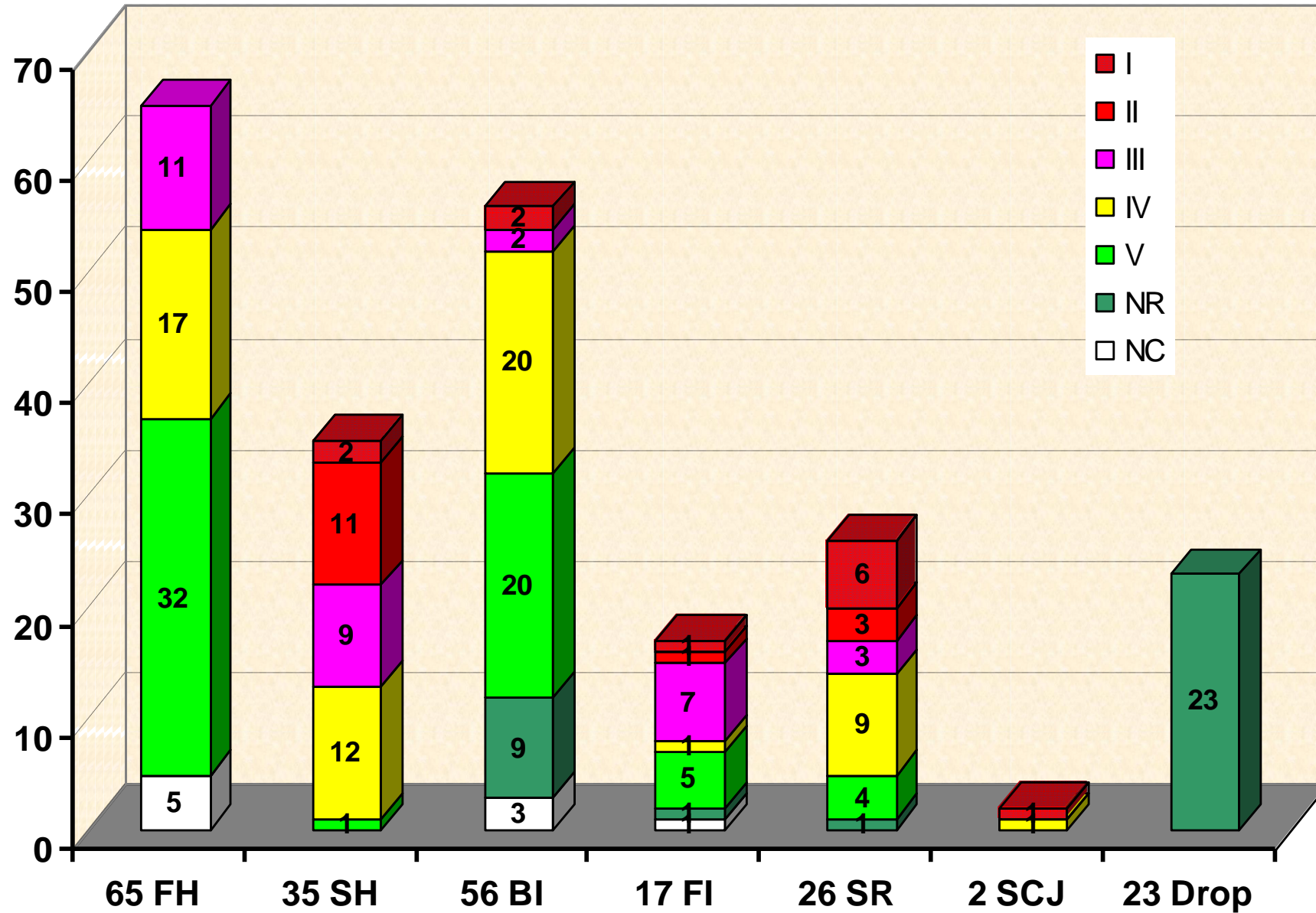
➤ Results for all the aggressions, with measurement results and hazard classification (reaction level) achieved

- ❖ 65 Fast Heating tests (FH)
- ❖ 35 Slow Heating tests (SH)
- ❖ 56 Bullet Impact tests (BI)
- ❖ 17 Fragment Impact tests (FI)
- ❖ 2 Shape charge jet tests (SCJ)
- ❖ 26 Sympathetic Reaction tests (SR)
- ❖ 23 Drop tests





# French IM Tactical SRM Database





## IM Tactical SRM Database Analysis Method

All SRM tests recorded in the database are analysed by 2 methods:

- Examination and comments of all results, in particular oldest tests conducted before STANAG 4439, AOP39 and associated test procedures.
- Analysis of all results through an updated IM SRM Failure Mode Analysis Protocol valid for all aggressions of STANAG 4439 and new French IM policy 211893 2011 July.

This updated Protocol, presented hereafter, takes into account:

- ↪ RM materials design and confinement
- ↪ Propellant sensitivity and reactivity
- ↪ Stimuli



# New IM Protocol For Tactical SRM Failure Mode Analysis

Why a new PROTOCOL:

➤ First approach : Analyses following AOP39 protocols



Figure C-1 Simplified Hazard Protocol – Fast/Slow Heating

➤ But :

- ↪ There is one different protocol for each stimuli
- ↪ AOP39 protocols are too much oriented for an overall munition
- ↪ Analyses with AOP39 protocols are too complex for our ARP APTE objective





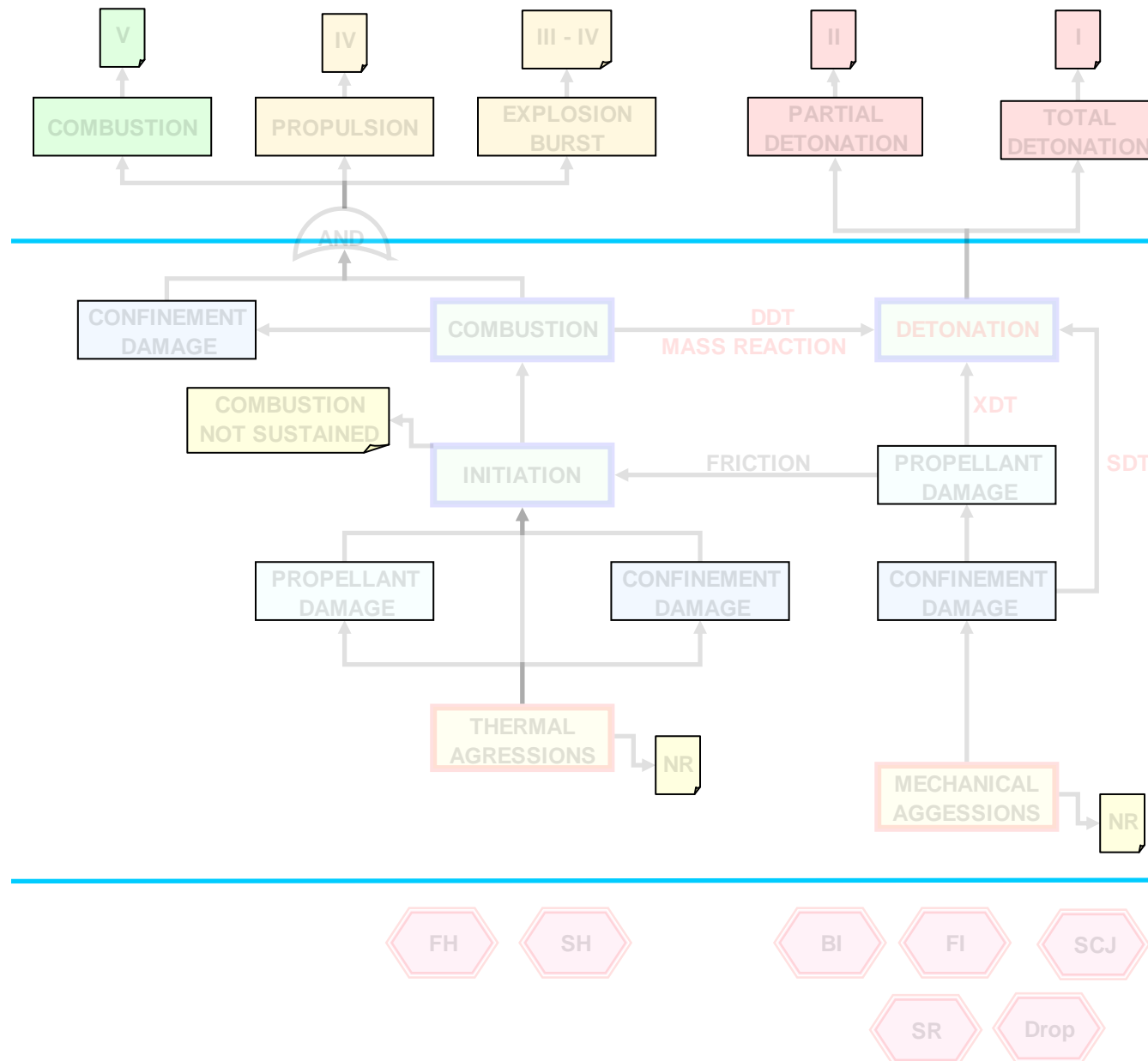
## New IM Protocol For Tactical SRM Failure Mode Analysis

New IM Protocol objectives :

- Simple protocol available for all the stimuli
- Dedicated for Tactical Solid Rocket Motors
- Using the same logic of the AOP39 “simplified hazard protocols”
- Adding a better SRM architecture behavior identification (confinement release)



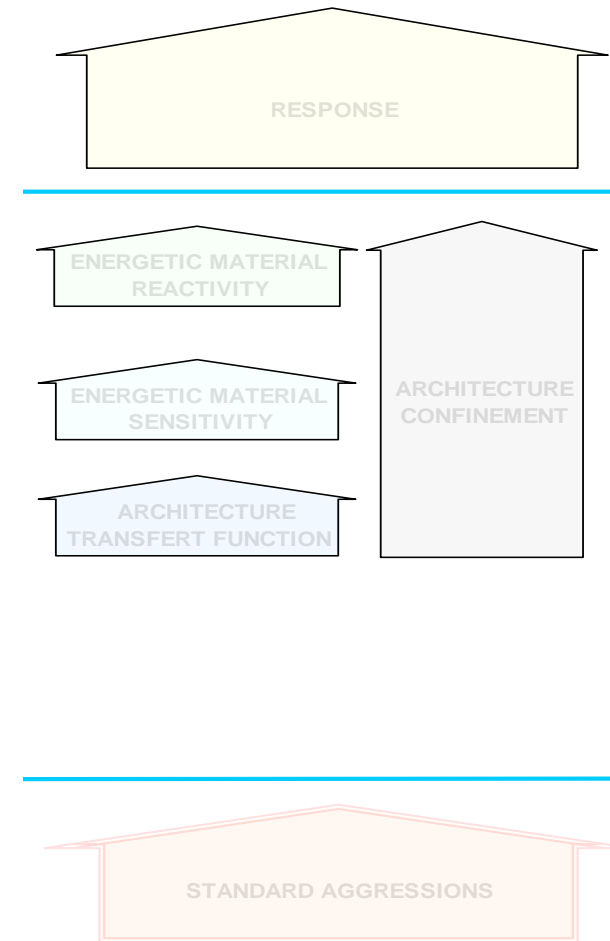
# IM Tactical SRM Failure Mode Analysis Update Protocol





## ► Update Protocol general description

- **Decomposition in 3 steps :**
  - Stimuli
  - Reaction way
  - SRM Response
- **Interaction between components :**
  - Transfer Function induce by architecture
  - Energetic material behavior
- **Stimuli :**
  - STANAG 4439's aggressions
  - Other aggression



## SRM Architecture Behavior Impact (Confinement Release)

- ▶ **Architecture behavior– example 1 : FCO on SRM with Kevlar or Carbon epoxy case (HTPB propellant – BKNO3 Igniter)**



The two cases are designed for the same pressure level

- **FCO on Kevlar case (thickness 2mm) : reaction at 6' 25'' → type IV**  
(Case perforation on one generatrice and propellant ignition )
- **FCO on Carbon case (thickness 1mm) : reaction at 1' 47'' → type V**  
(overall case degradation and propellant combustion at atmospheric pressure)

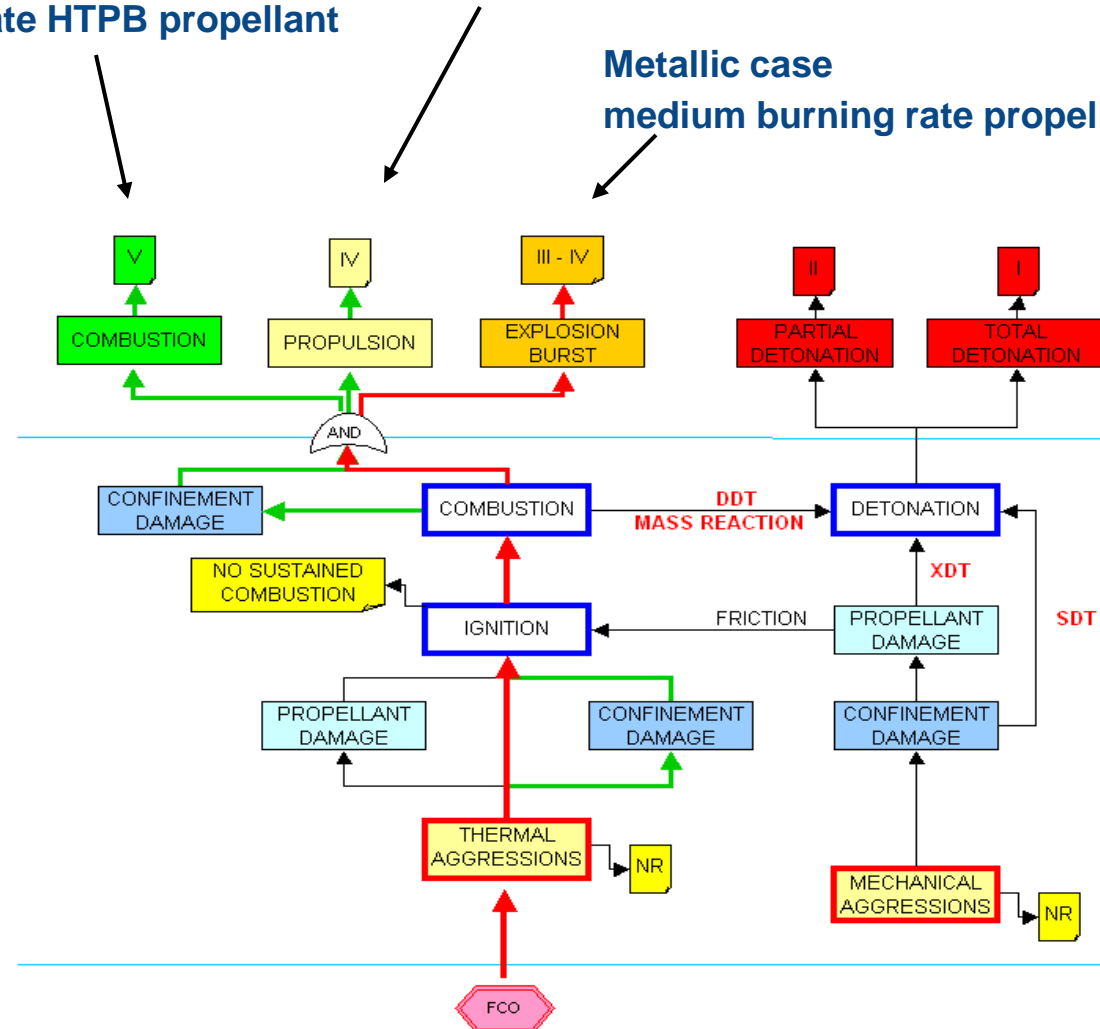
# IM Tactical SRM Failure Mode Analysis Update Protocol

## ► Example 1 : FCO Analyses

Carbon epoxy motor case  
SSL motor case  
Low burning rate HTPB propellant

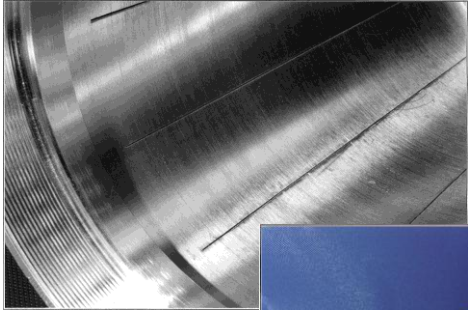
Kevlar epoxy motor case  
Low burning rate HTPB propellant

Metallic case  
medium burning rate propellant

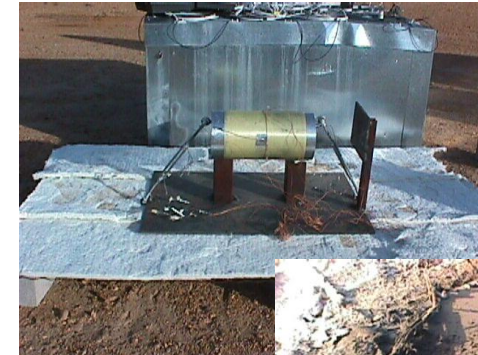


## SRM Architecture Behavior Impact (Confinement Release)

### ► Architecture behavior, example 2 : FCO and SCO on metal and Hybrid metal / composite cases



FCO



SCO

- FCO on aluminum alloy case : Propulsive reaction at 3' 04'' → type IV
- FCO on aluminum alloy / overwrap Kevlar case : combustion at 9' 55'' → type V
- FCO on aluminum alloy / overwrap polyethylene case : combustion at 4' 25'' → type V
- SCO 3,3°C/h on aluminum alloy / overwrap polyethylene case with SD Igniter : Igniter reaction → type IV  
(reaction at 142°C, ignition induce propellant combustion and aft closure venting)

# IM Tactical SRM Failure Mode Analysis Update Protocol

## Example 2 : SCO Analyses

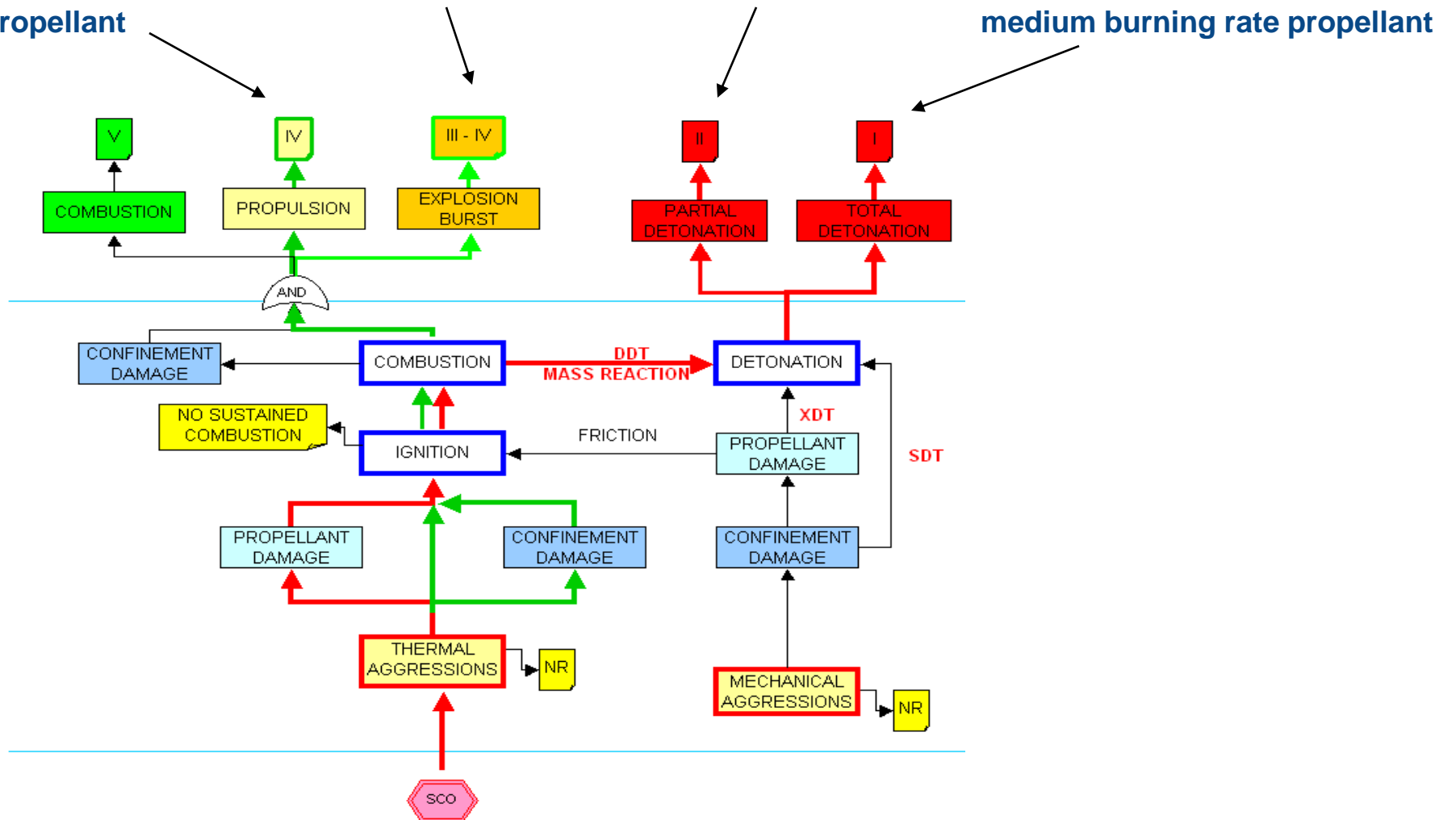
Hybrid case  
LTI

Low burning rate propellant

Aluminum alloy case  
EDB propellant

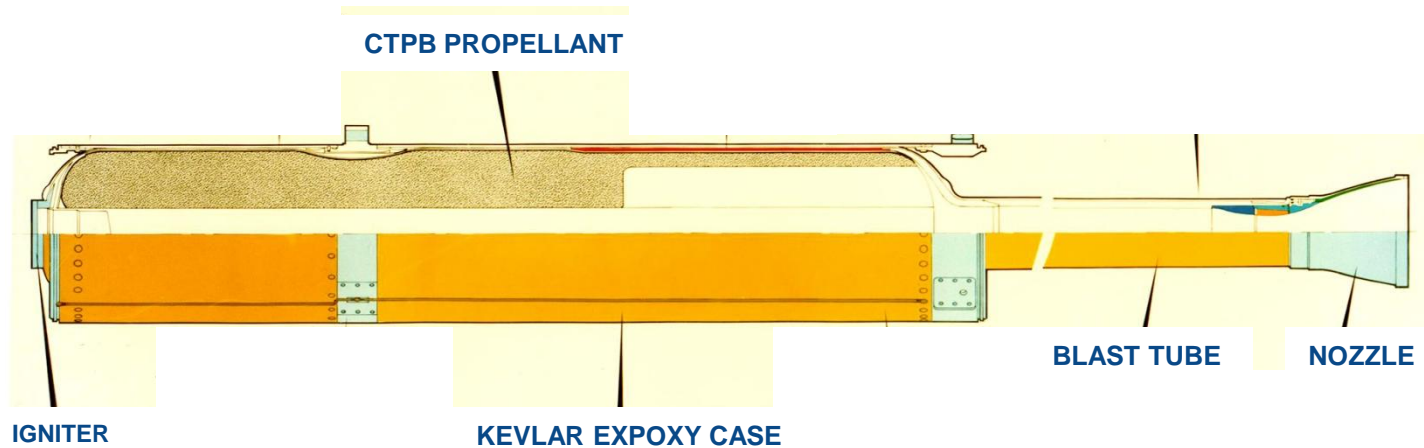
Metallic case  
High burning rate

Metallic case  
medium burning rate propellant



## SRM Architecture Behavior Impact (Confinement Release)

### ► Architecture behavior, example 3 : BI 5,56 caliber

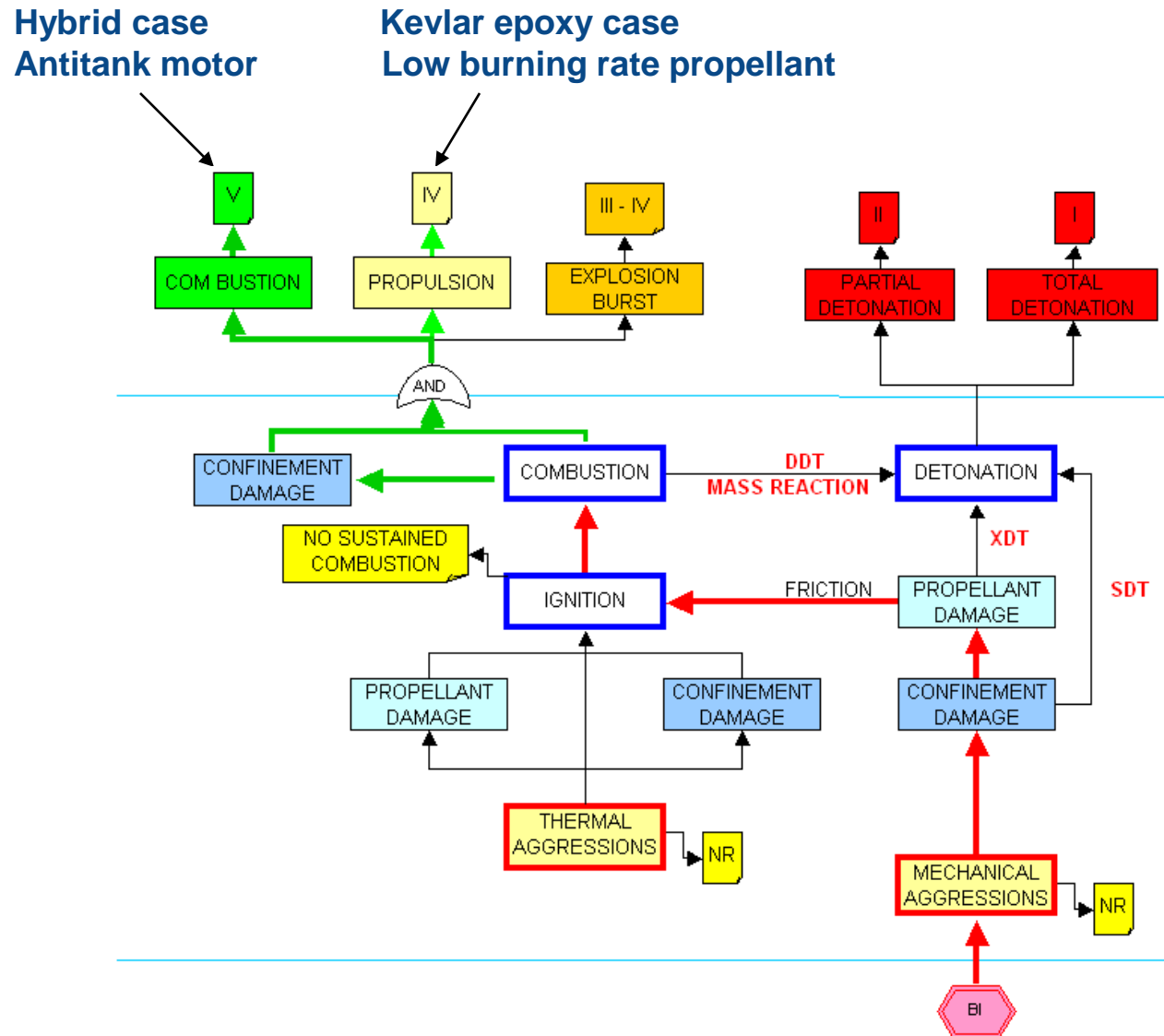


- Shoot on fore section (Kevlar 7 mm + cylindrical bore) : reaction at 1' 49" → type IV
- Shoot on aft section (Kevlar 10 mm + finocyl) : No Reaction



# IM Tactical SRM Failure Mode Analysis Update Protocol

## Example 3 : BI Analyses



The protocol has been used successfully to identify the deficiencies and the technological gaps and to build the IM test plan which is still on going.

## Deficiencies and Gaps summary

<b>AGEING:</b>	Ageing influence on IM SRM response
<b>SRM TEMPERATURE:</b>	Influence of SRM temperature on SRM response to impact threats
<b>HBR PROPELLANT:</b>	SRM IM response with HBR propellant in composite case for calibre > 150 mm
<b>STIMULI VARIATION:</b>	Stimuli variation analysis
<b>NEW TECHNOLOGIES:</b>	Confinement analysis & IM behaviour evaluation of new case concepts Mitigation Device efficiency & reliability.
<b>ADVANCED PROPELLANT:</b>	IM behaviour of large RM with advanced propellant
<b>SCJ:</b>	Improvement of SCJ threat phenomena knowledge

## ► Conclusion

- **Proposition of a Simple and Unique SRM Protocol for all IM aggressions considering confinement release**
- **Ease Arborescence to identify :**
  - mitigation way to propose to reduce the reaction level
  - behavior difference induce by ageing





## Acknowledgements & Questions



Members of



### Any Questions ?

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