An Introduction to VERA: A Large Bore, Low Acceleration Transonic Impact Gun

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Birth of an Idea



SNORT rarely runs for "small" programs....









COST









Next question:

Is there a low cost way to accelerate "small" payloads to useful velocities?

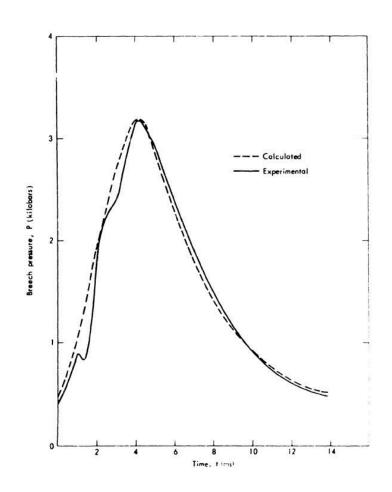




GUNS!

Problems...

- Acceleration profiles of traditional gun systems trend to the violent (payload reliability suffers).
- Procurement costs for large laboratory guns are high.
- Difficult to modify existing guns for unique test requirements.



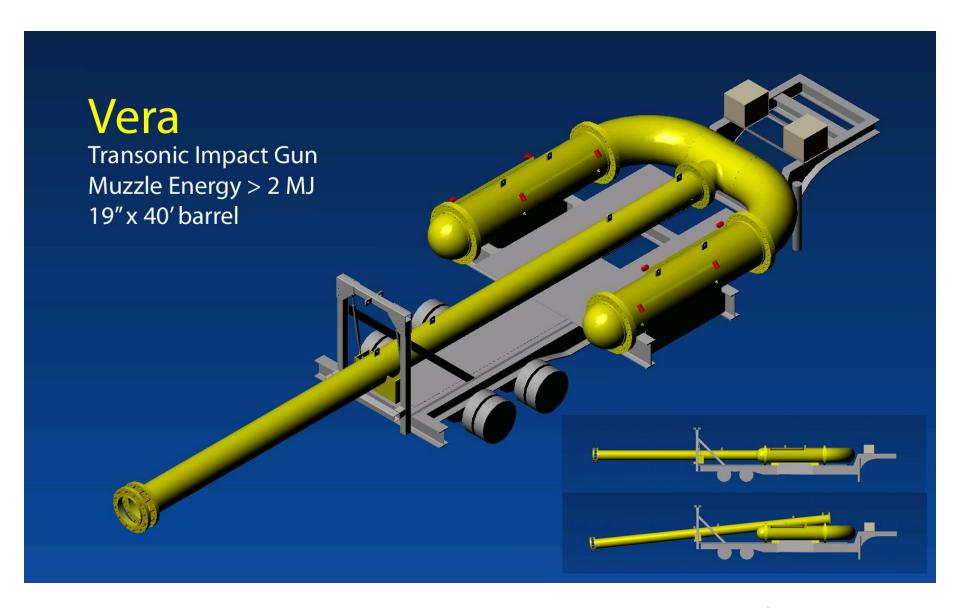


What about a REALLY BIG "Potato Gun?"



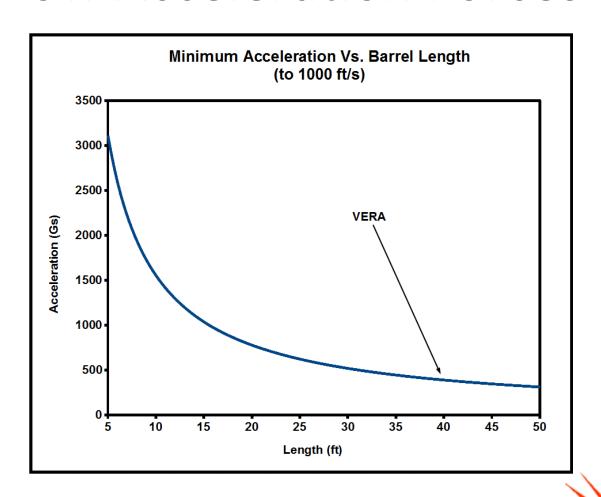




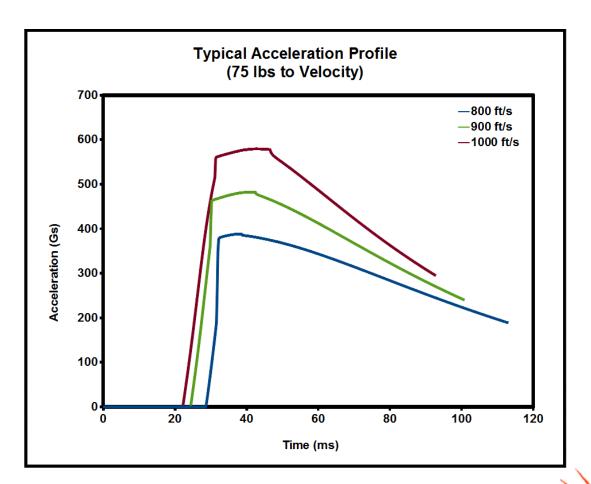




Long Barrel Allows for Low Acceleration Forces

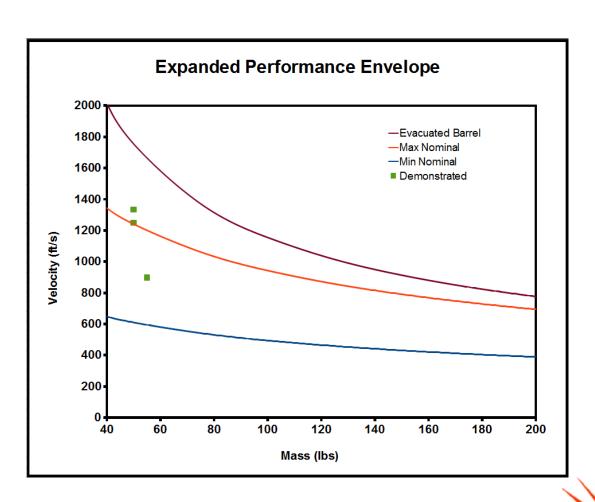


Large Chamber Minimizes Peak Acceleration





Muzzle Velocity

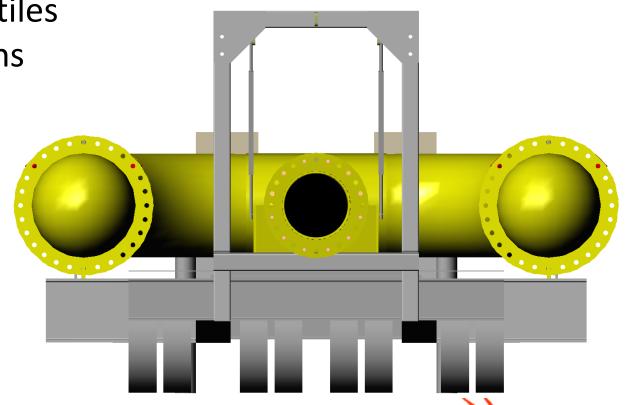




19" Bore for Large or Oddly Shaped Payloads

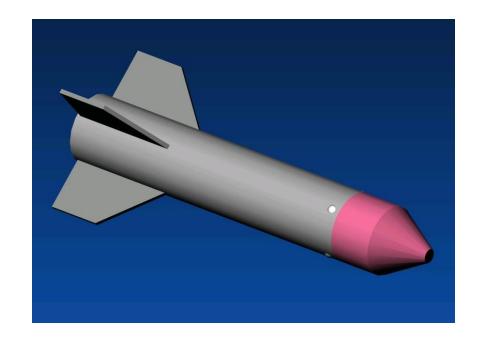
 Finned projectiles w/o folding fins

Extreme AOA possible



Live or Inert Projectiles

- Mass up to 200 lbm
- Designed for fuzes and small warheads
- "Armed" ordnance in barrel is acceptable

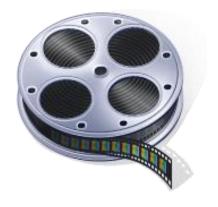




Designed for Low Cost

- Easy modification for unique test requirements
 - Communication with projectile while in barrel is trivial
 - Low pressure operation
 - Standard industrial components (COTS)
- Propane & air powered
 - > Zero administrative / magazine costs





It's time to show the movie, Dave!





Summary

- Unique gun designed, built, and tested
 - ➤ Live or inert projectiles up to 200 lbm
 - ➤ Low acceleration forces (<600 Gs typical)
 - ➤ Useful velocities (Mach 0.5 Mach 1.5)
 - ➤ Low cost construction & operation
 - > Large bore (19 inch)
- Attained IOC in fall, 2011



Questions?





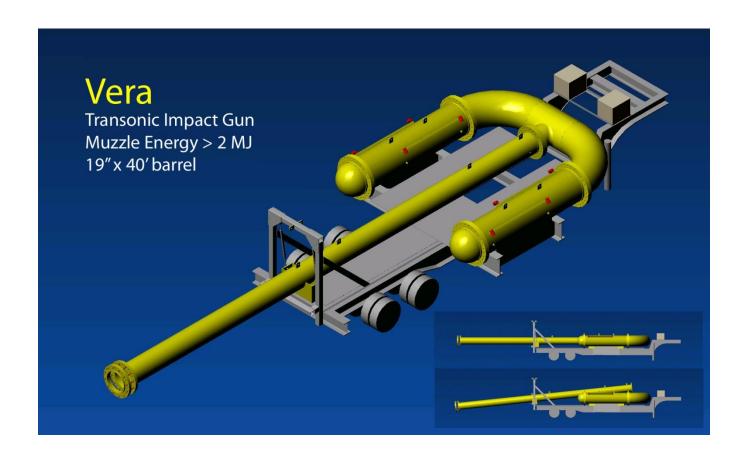
How is Vera Loaded?



- Break action
 - > Long projectiles are not a problem.



What About Larger/Smaller Bores?



Vera was designed to accept multiple barrels with minimal effort.

- Adapt breech and hang new barrel from overhead support.
- 12" and 29" bores have already been studied.





