Army Science & Technology



Power and Energy Portfolio Overview



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Power and Energy



- Power and Energy S&T is a subset of the total Army S&T investment
- There are various ways of looking at the Power and **Energy S&T Efforts:**
 - S&T portfolios
 - Operational Energy categories
 - Technology Decomposition
- This briefing will provide examples of how Power and Energy is characterized, and a layout of current S&T efforts

Power and Energy by S&T Portfolio An example from the Air Portfolio



Engines & Drive Trains Sub-Portfolio



Goal: Provide increased power density to meet vertical lift operation requirements while reducing fuel usage

S&T Major Efforts include:

- 3000 shp turbine engine
- 7000 shp turbine engine
- Advanced high power density transmission

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Near-term Goals:

- Develop turbine engine with 25% reduced fuel burn and 35% reduced production and maintenance costs (medium fleet)
- Develop turbine engine with 35% reduced fuel burn and 45% reduced costs (heavy fleet)
- Develop high power density transmission with 55% increased hp/wt and 35% reduced production and maintenance costs

Mid/Far-term Goals:

- Develop turbine engine with broad, high efficiency operating speed envelope
- Develop lightweight, durable multi-speed/variable speed transmission to provide variable output speed

Legacy/Existing Systems include:



- Apache
- Blackhawk
- Kiowa



Internal Stakeholders:

- AMRDEC
- ARL
- VAATE



External Stakeholders:

- PEO-Avn, Platform PMs
- PM-ASE
- G-3/5/7 Aviation, G-8
- Navy/USMC
- TRADOC

MAINTAINING A LEADING EDGE IN TECHNOLOGY

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DESIGN • DEVELOP • DELIVER • DOMINATE



Operational Energy

Operational energy.— The term "operational energy" means the energy required for training, moving, and sustaining military forces and weapons platforms for military operations. The term includes energy used by tactical power systems and generators and weapons platforms.

Source: United States Code Title 10 > Subtitle A > Part I > Chapter 4 > § 138c

Operational Energy Domains

Dismounted Maneuver



Mounted Maneuver



Air Maneuver



Contingency Basing



Capability Priorities:

- Increased Mobility, lethality
- Decreased Resupply and **Operational Interruptions**

Trend:

- More Systems = Net increase in power demand
- Networked Communications to the Soldier level



Soldier-Worn Integrated Power Equipment System (SWIPES)

Capability Priorities:

- Flexibility for rapidly changing operating environment
- Endurance/sustainability

Trend:

- Diversification of threats
- Proliferation of onboard systems
- Networked energy concepts



Integrated Starter-Generator (ISG)

Capability Priorities:

- 424 Km Radius of Action without Refuel
- Operational coverage 6K/95°

Trend:

- Extended distances, remote locations
- Increasing Soldier load



Improved Turbine Engine Program (ITEP)

Capability Priorities:

- Interoperate with systems, Soldiers, partners
- Increase efficiency to provide more resources for operations

Trends:

- Extended operations quality of life improvements
- Increased use of contracted support



Microgrids

Army Power and Energy S&T supporting Operational Energy Domains



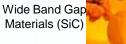




Waste to

energy





Basic Research

- Underlying technology basics that will support all domains.
- Examples: SiC for power electronics, wireless power transfer, alternative power conversion,

"Brick" batteries

DE Weapons

for EM Armor and

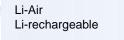
Future Advanced

Turbine Engine

thermal control

Dismounted Maneuver

Electrochemical power sources for longer lasting power





Integrated Energy Harvesters

Wearable Power and recharging capability for improved mobility

Alternative energy to reduce logistics burden

Contingency Basing

- Generators with multi-fuel use
- Improved efficiency equipment, and energy efficient shelters
- Intelligent power management

Mounted Maneuver

- Power generation and energy storage
- Power and thermal management
- Fuels

Air Maneuver

- Advanced turbine engines
- High efficiency drive systems
- Advanced Rotors



Electric Power for Silent Watch





Reconfigurable Rotor



Architectures for smart grids



Variable speed Multi-fuel gensets



Integrated Starter Generator



Synthetic and Renewable Fuels leading to fuel agnostic engines



Future Advanced Rotorcraft Drive System



Power & Energy S&T Taxonomy



Power and Energy Technology

Power Generation & Conversion	Energy Storage	Power Control & Distribution	Thermal Management	Fuels & Lubricants
Fuel Cells Mechanical Conversion Alternative & Renewable Energy Conversion Micro Power Electro- Mechanical Conversion	Primary Batteries Rechargeable Batteries Reserve Batteries Capacitors	Power Switches & Electronics Power Converters & Inverters Power Distribution Intelligent Power Management	Heating & Cooling Sub-System Thermal Management Power Electronics Cooling Heat Transfer Technology	Tactical Fuels Packaged / Other Fuels Fuel Generation Lubricants Fluids
	Communication of the communica	4.0.0		

Power Generation & Conversion









- High density, fuel efficient, compact portable power
- Integrated systems through intelligent power management
- Improved efficiency
- Energy harvesting
- Use of logistics fuel
- Scalable power for autonomous system

Approach

- Fuel Reformation and alternative fuels
- Fieldable renewable / alternative energy
- Integrated power management
- Improved conversion efficiencies (ex: TPV, solar, and micro-combustors)
- Harvesting for low power & micro power



Improve alternatives & conversion to extend forward capabilities

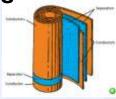
Energy Storage





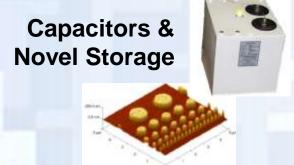
Primary & Rechargeable Batteries







Munition Batteries



Form Factor & Design



Goal

- Rechargables: Higher energy & power densities; conformal shapes, rapid recharge, safer extremes
- **Primaries:** High density large format; temp range
- Reserves: Active materials, nano foil initiation
- Capacitors: Pulse and high temp materials

Approach

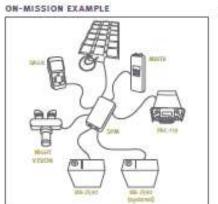
- Incremental, long term improvements: densities
- Trade offs: temp range, safety, scaling
- New materials: nanophase, nano structured, bio inspired
- Analysis & synthesis: role of multiscale modeling

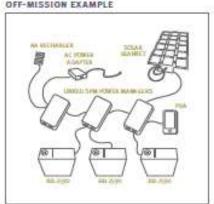
Way Ahead

- Nanotechnology application to design
- Highly conductive electrolytes
- Rapid recharging
- Hybrid storage, super capacitors
- Thin, conforming form factors

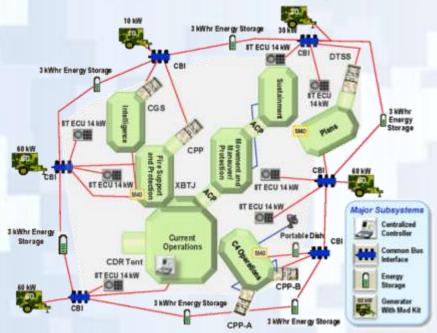
Power Control & Distribution







Soldier-borne power manager



Base Camp intelligent power management

Challenge

- Increasing wide band gap (WBG) power electronics
- Device costs & manufacturing
- Microgrid integration for operational energy fuel reduction
- Scalable, mobile integrated power management (IPM) for Soldiers and platforms
- Load & demand management
- Interfaces, scaling, standards
- Seamless power transfer (wireless)

Way Ahead

- Advanced WBG devices, passives, packaging for high temp, high power electronics
- Architecture. control & integration for legacy & future gensets,
- Smart Battlefield Energy on-demand SmartBED IPM for bases, platform, and Soldiers

Scalable, robust and reconfigurable power systems via intelligent power conditioning, control & distribution

Thermal Management

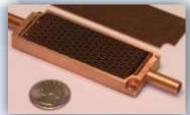






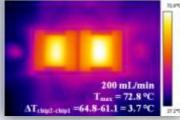
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Shelter Insulation



Multi-chip manifold microchannel coolers





Issues and Observations

Intelligent cooling may be a means to continue to address thermal load management

Path Forward

- Combined cycle solutions
- Energy recapture
- Integrated generation / environmental control
- Microchannel, 3D electronics packaging and phase change cooling
- Advanced radiator and cooling fan designs
- Advanced Shelter and Platform heating, cooling, and heat load reduction
- Compact thermal solutions to reduce the size & weight of power systems

Novel Approaches to Reducing Thermal Load

EMERGING ALTERNATIVE FUELS MARKET

- DOD
- DOE
- Industry
- Academia
- Fuel Producers
- Equipment OEMs
- Other Government Agencies
- Standards Development Organizations



Fuel / Component Evaluations



Engine Evaluations



System Evaluations

Market Connection

- Fuels: process technology, data, test volumes
- Engines: combustion/fuel injection technology
- Market: regulations, policies, initiatives



Goal: Develop fuel specs and qualify new fuels to ensure suitability for use in ground equipment.

Goal: Develop engines more adaptable to changes in fuel quality/supply.



Fuel Qualification Process for approval of new fuels



Self-adjusting
engine operation
with changes in
fuel quality to
maintain desired
engine
performance



WebPortal for Army wide Industry Engagement



Defense Innovation Marketplace

http://defenseinnovationmarketplace.mil/armyInformation.html



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Providing Soldiers Technology Enabled Capabilities

MAINTAINING A LEADING EDGE IN TECHNOLOGY