

Panel: Experiences with Agile for Systems Engineering in the Defense Industry

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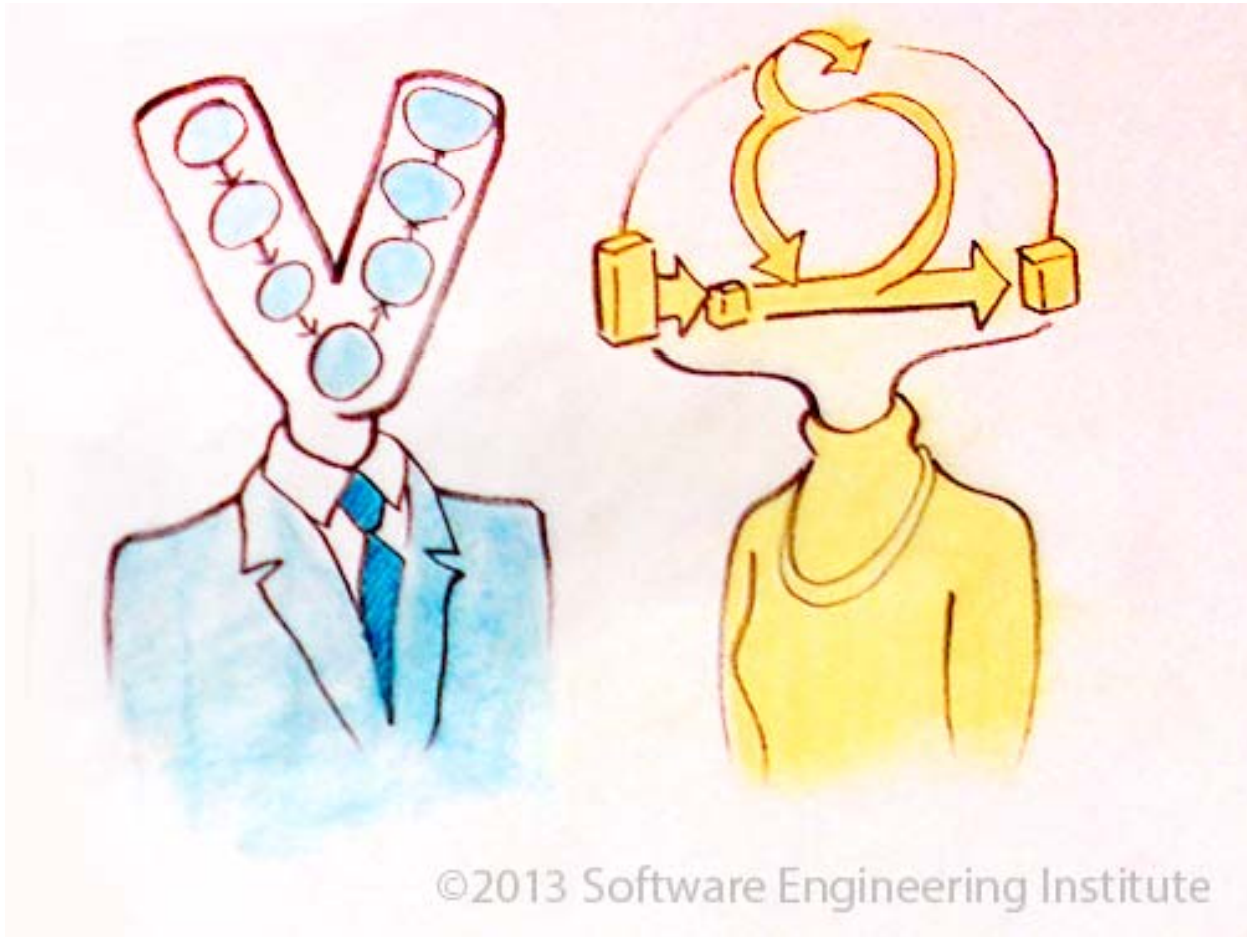


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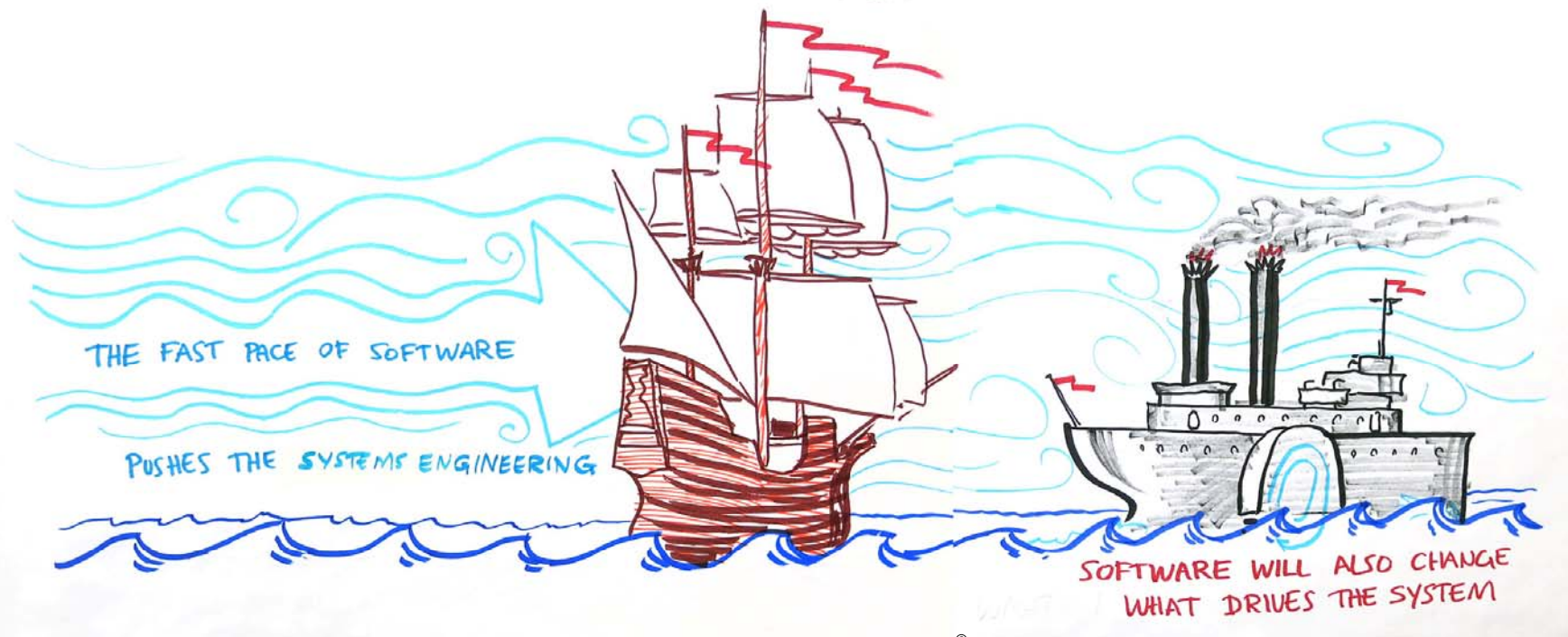
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Lapham
NDIA System Engineering Conference
Oct 30, 2013
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Agile and Systems Engineering?



Agile & Systems Engineering: Software Drivers for Systems Engineering



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Agile Teams/Systems Engineering Communication Challenges



Panel Discussion

Diverse set of panelists – Government, Industry, academia, and FFRDCs

Diverse experience and views of Agile within the government

Touch on challenges, successes, what works and what doesn't



Introductions

Brian Gallagher – CACI

Eileen Wrubel – SEI

Carmen Graver – USMC

Rich Turner – Stevens Institute

Peter Christensen – Mitre



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Experiences with Agile for Systems Engineering in the Defense Industry



Brian Gallagher

Senior Vice President, Operational Excellence

October 30, 2013

INFORMATION DEPLOYED. **SOLUTIONS** ADVANCED. **MISSIONS** ACCOMPLISHED.

CACI
EVER VIGILANT

One Example

- **Wanted to increase delivered capability over time**
- **Productivity Numbers:**
 - Moved from Iterative Development to Agile

Period	PRs/CRs Delivered	Months	PRs/CRs per Month
09/01/2008 – 01/19/2011	532	28 months	$532/28 = 19/\text{Month}$
01/20/2011 – 12/09/2011	710	12 months	$710/12 = 59/\text{month}$

- **Additional Benefits:**
 - Reduced Wasted Development Effort
 - Did not build things the customer did not need
 - Reduced Rework
 - Got it right the first time more often
 - Lower bug rates
 - Customer Satisfaction Increased
 - Development Team Satisfaction Increased

The Trouble with Terminology

- **“Agile Systems Engineering” or “Engineering Agile Systems”?**
- **Do we want “Agile” or “agility”?**
- **When we stick the term “Agile” in front of everything, it means nothing:**
 - Agile Systems Engineering
 - Agile Earned Value
 - Agile Project Management
 - Agile Architecture

"I have only made this letter longer because I have not had the time to make it shorter."

- Blaise Pascal, The Provincial Letters, 1657

Disciplined Agility

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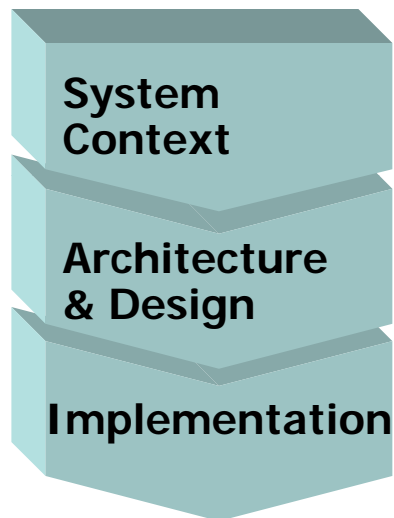
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Agility

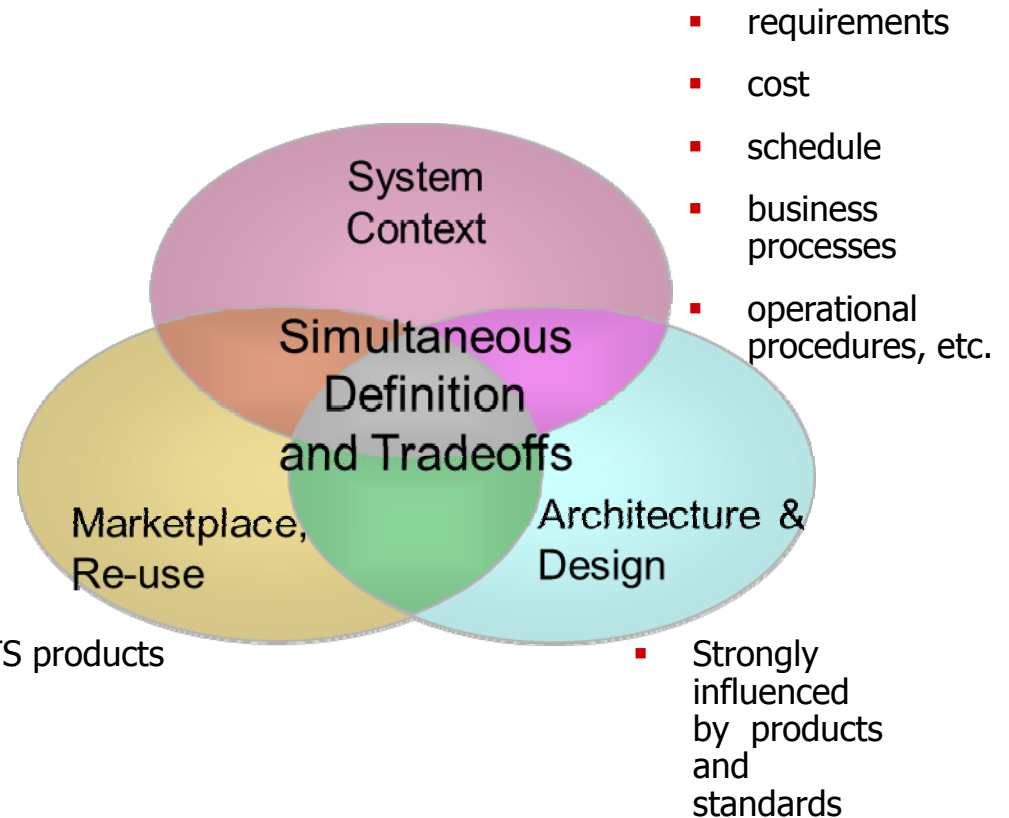
Which Approach is Better?

Traditional Approach



Known Rqmnts

Evolutionary Approaches



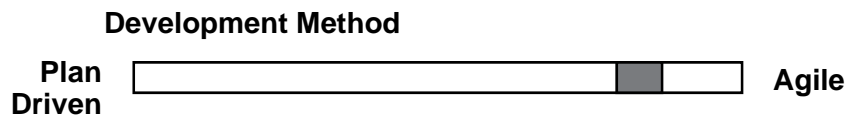
Buy, Re-use, Build, Integrate, Refresh



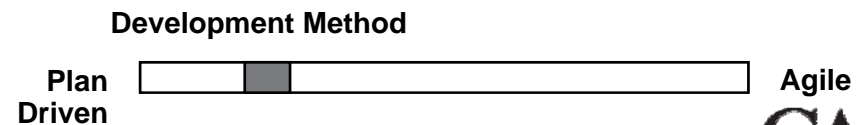
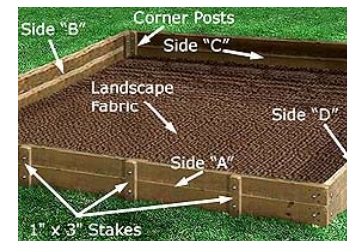
Choosing the Systems Engineering Approach

- **“Dial in” the appropriate amount of agility based on program characteristics, customer, team capabilities, and risk**
- **Example:**
 - Quick reaction capability drops in an evolving operational environment versus deploying a highly reliable infrastructure

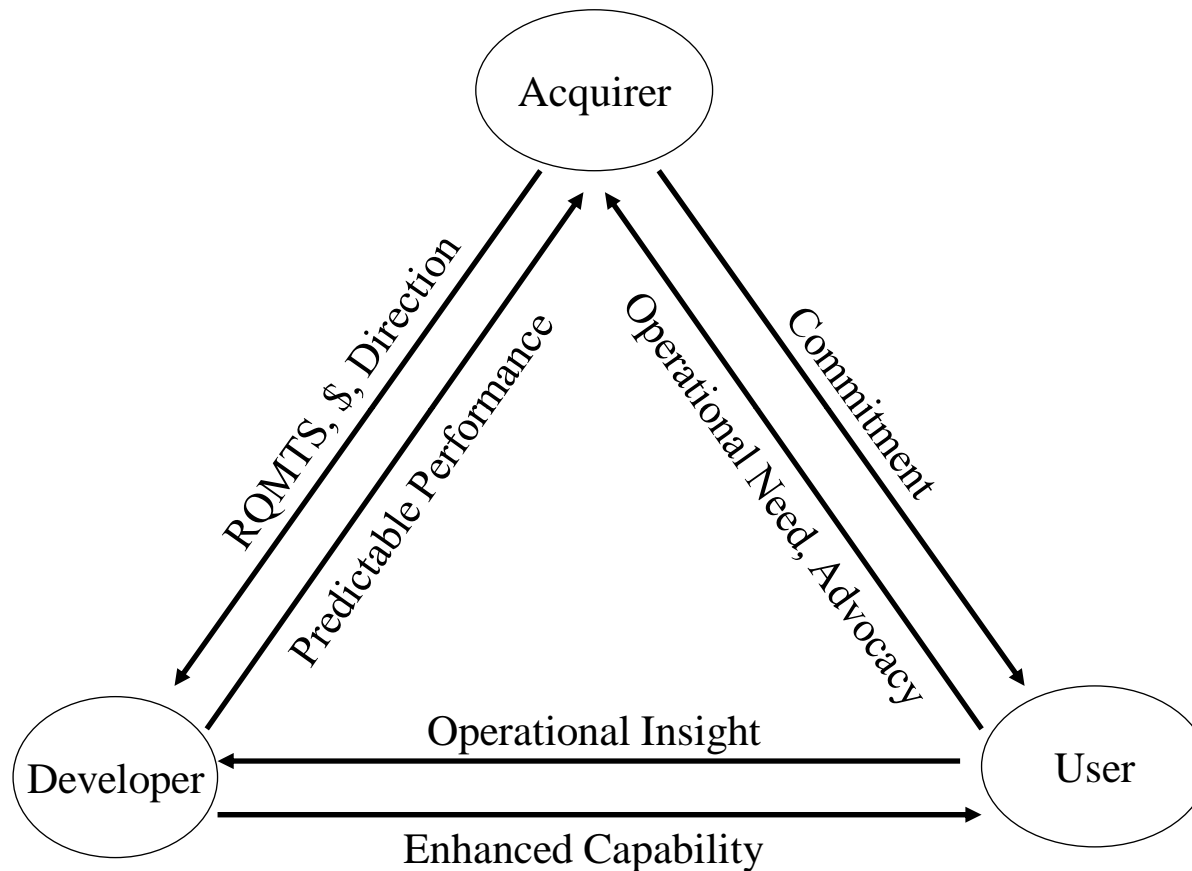
Building Sandcastles



Building Sandboxes



What Does Agility Mean in this Context?



Is it enough to require developers to "Go Agile"?

Software and Systems Engineering for DoD using Agile

Eileen Wrubel
Senior Engineer
Software Engineering Institute
Carnegie Mellon University



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Agile software/Systems engineering in the DoD

Lots of historical tension between these disciplines even when you don't have Agile in the mix

Our research effort: how are Agile software teams interacting with systems engineering teams on DoD programs?

What works?

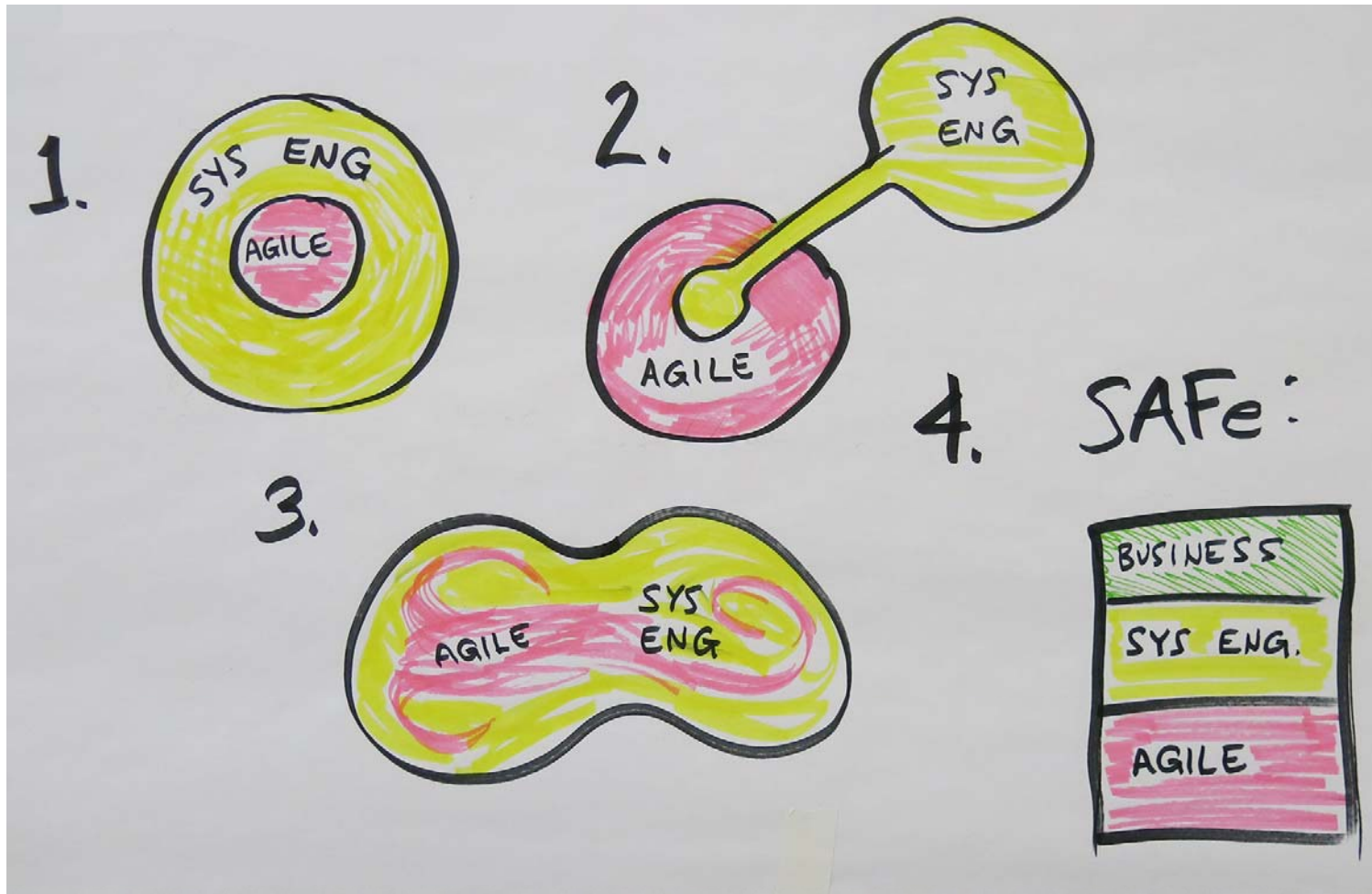
What crashes & burns?

What environments are set up for success?

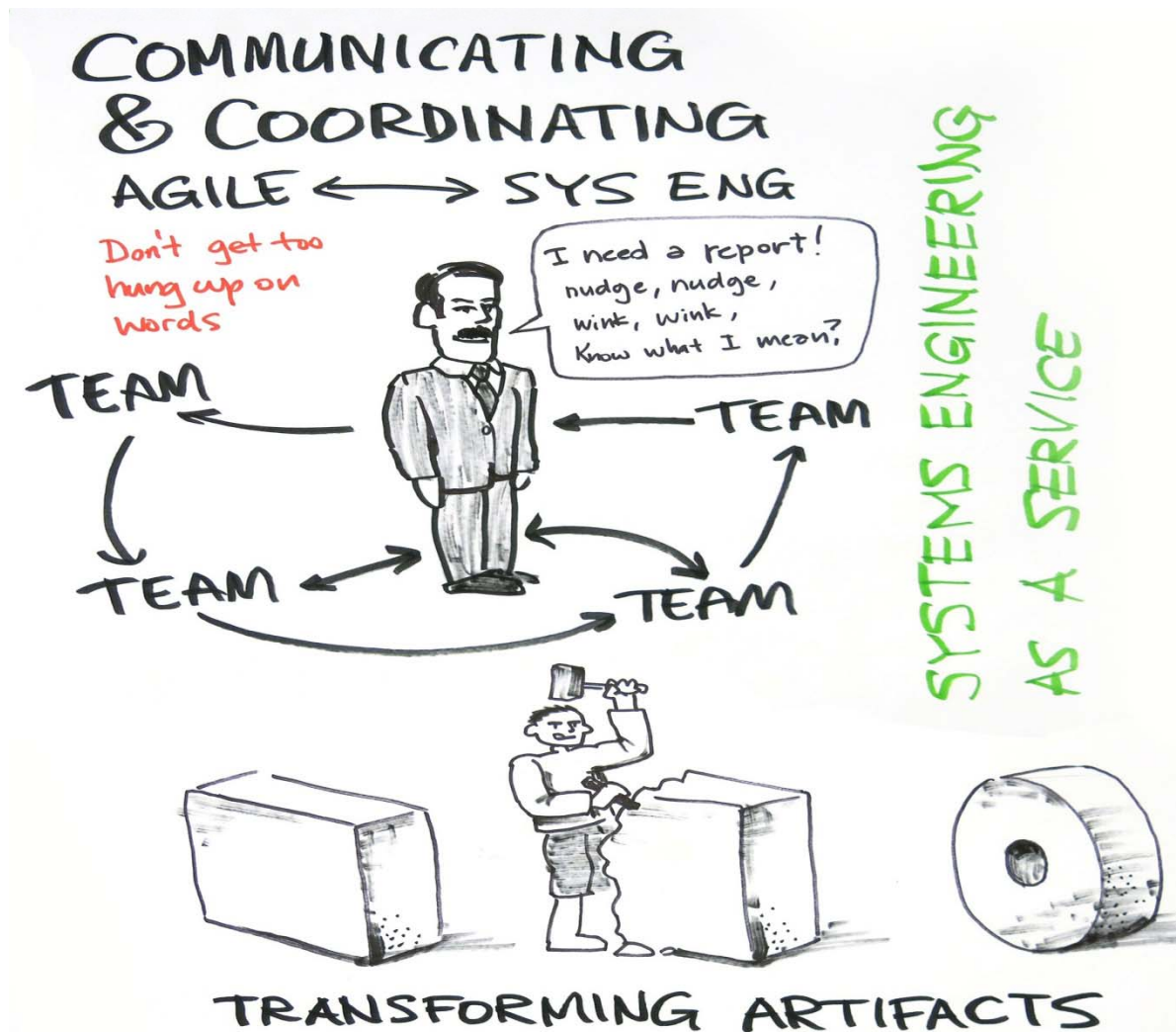
Tech Note “Agile Software Teams: How They Engage with Systems Engineering on DoD Acquisition Programs” (working title) in internal review at SEI.



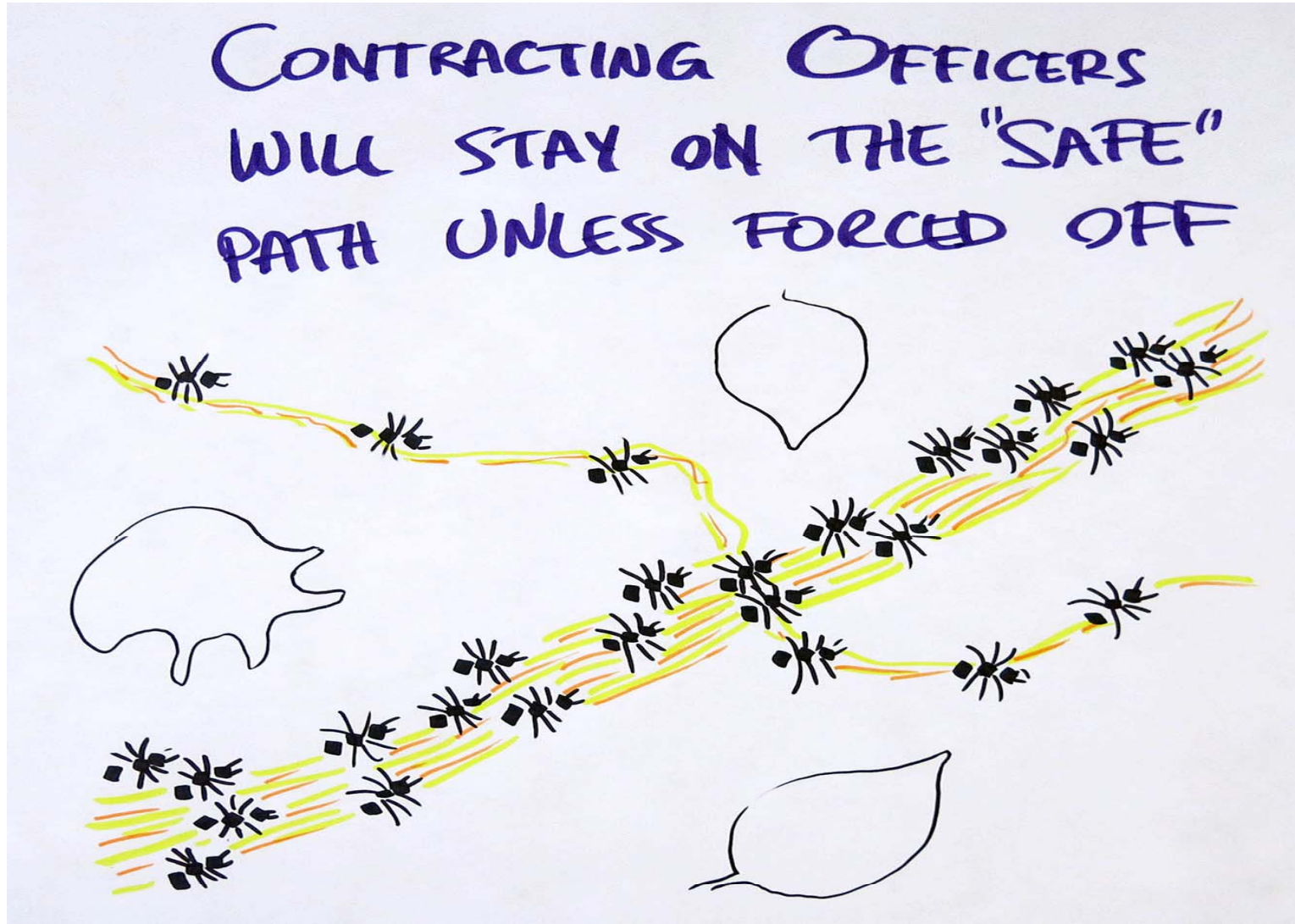
Interaction cases we envisioned



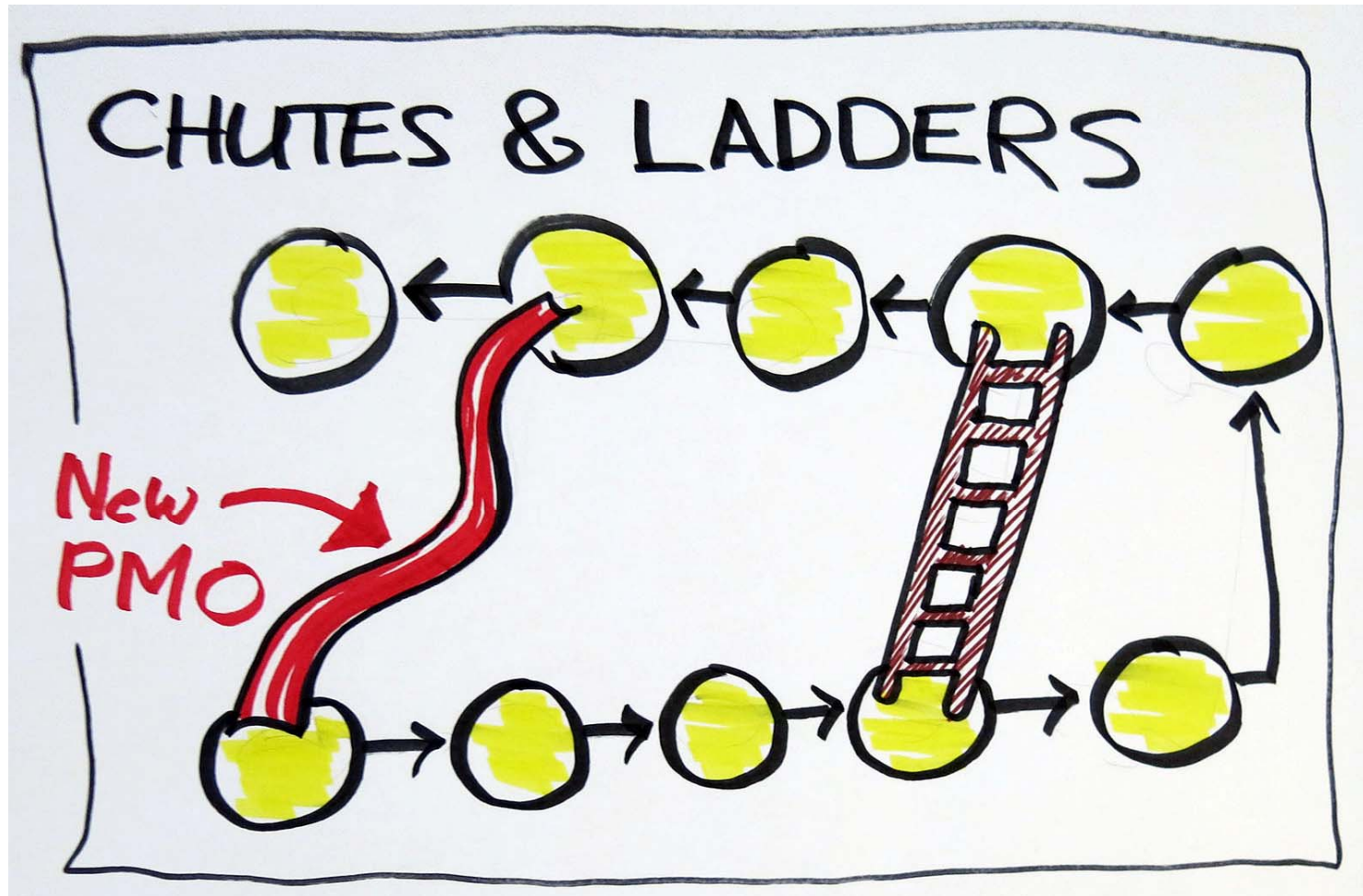
Thinking about systems engineering & Agile



Do contract vehicles matter?



**Training and awareness at the PMO matters.
A LOT.**



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MARINE CORPS SYSTEMS COMMAND

EQUIPPING THE WARFIGHTER TO WIN



United States Marine Corps

Agile and Systems Engineering
“Marriage”

Carmen Graver

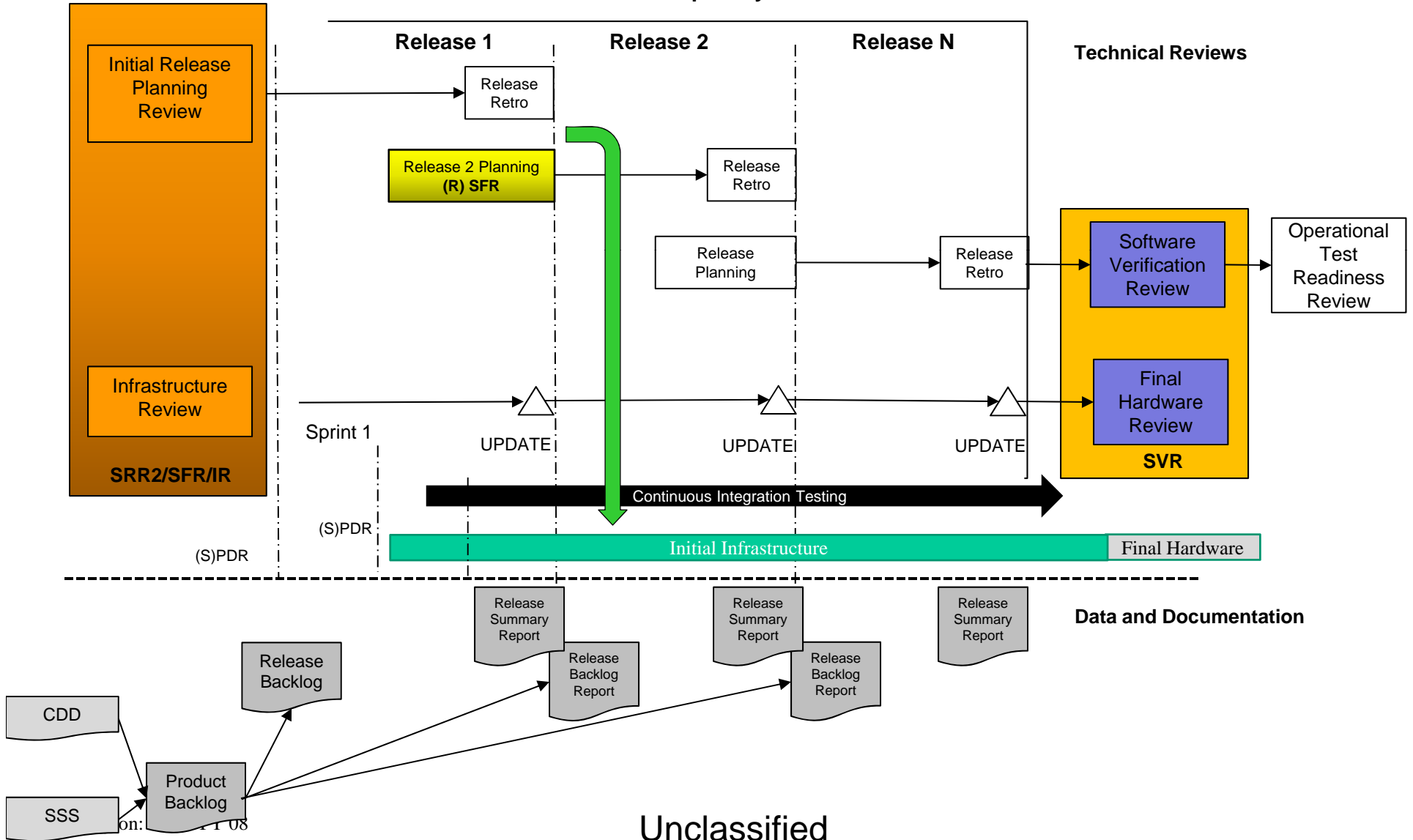
MARINE CORPS SYSTEMS COMMAND

EQUIPPING THE WARFIGHTER TO WIN

MC-Agile Development Process



Increment X Capability

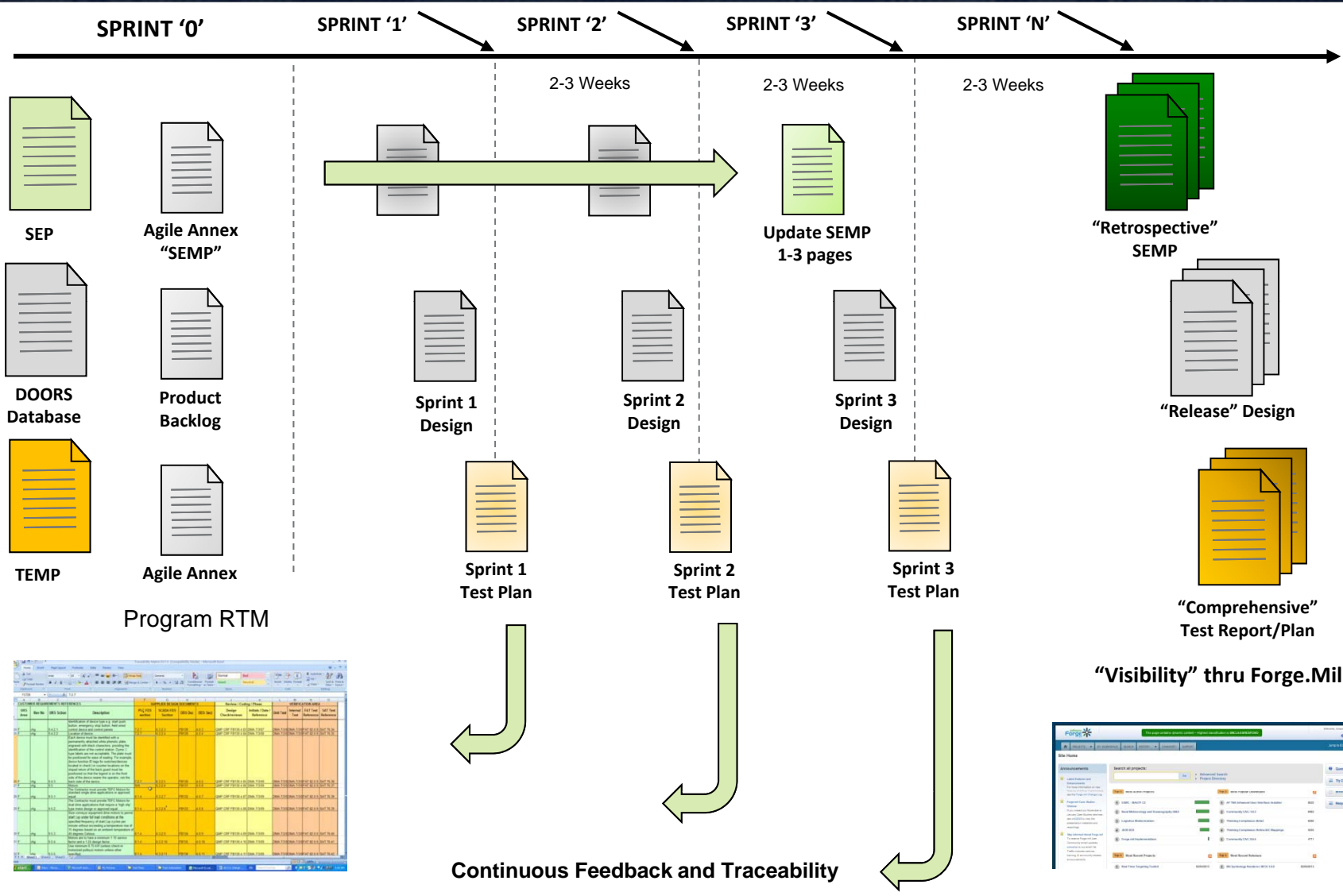


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MARINE CORPS SYSTEMS COMMAND

EQUIPPING THE WARFIGHTER TO WIN

MC-Agile Supporting Documentation





- Training at all levels is **absolutely vital**
- It's okay to **raise issues**
- It's okay to **change your process**
- Involve **all** disciplines up front and early
- Develop a **common** program vision
- “Technical reviews” need to be **collaborative** conversations
- All documentation must be **value added**
- Ensure that **all** team members have access to collaborative tools and environments
- **Share** lessons across programs



SYSTEMS ENGINEERING
Research Center



Lean-Agile Systems Engineering in Defense Panel

Richard Turner

Stevens Institute rturner@stevens.edu

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Alexandria, VA

www.SERCuarc.org

- **Traditional systems engineering assumptions**
 - Requirements are predefined and generally stable
 - Resources and technologies are predictable and stable
 - Values remain stable
 - There is sufficient time to complete the work
 - Reductionism is the best way to approach large problems
- **Some results of these assumptions**
 - The V model and its (apparent) waterfall-like once-through approach
 - Addiction to plans and schedules rather than value and solutions
 - Focus on precision and coherence (if not accuracy) with requirements
 - Change is seen as the enemy (along with the customer who wants it)
 - Deep specializations in engineering
 - Local optimization in processes and designs

- **That was so 20th Century! In the 21st Century:**
 - System contexts have multiplied, and change in customer needs and developer solution technologies has accelerated.
 - Requirements are less tangible, more evolving, and sometimes emergent
 - Systems are both complex and constantly adapting
- **Given the actual terrain has changed, we need some new mapping tools and techniques**
- **Need proof of the change?**
 - The venerable PMI has “adapted” (finally)
 - V5 of the Guide to the PMBOK provides for both predictive (plan-driven) and adaptive (agile) project lifecycles!

A (Very) Few Lean and Agile Pioneers

- Fighter pilots
- Designers
- Psychologists
- Manufacturers
- Researchers
- Software developers
- Product developers and entrepreneurs
- Systems engineers (?)

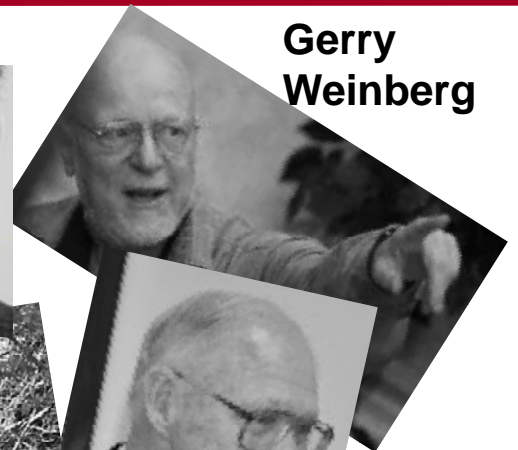
John Boyd



Pella Ehn



Gerry Weinberg



Taiichi Ohno



Alan Shalloway



Vic Basili



Barry Boehm



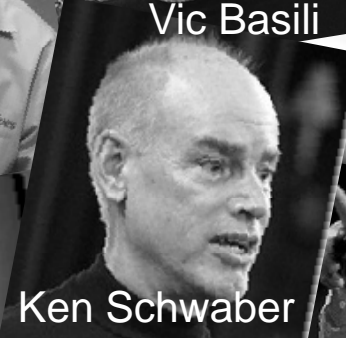
David Anderson



Kent Beck



Ken Schwaber



Don Reinertsen



Mary & Tom Poppendieck



“Fundamental things apply”

- Stakeholder **Value-based** Evolution
- **Incremental** Commitment and Accountability
- **Concurrent Multi-discipline** Engineering
- **Evidence- and Risk-based** Decisions



- Value, Flow
- Agility, Response-ability

Adapted from *The Incremental Commitment Spiral Model*
Boehm, Lane, Koolmanojwong, and Turner



- Large-scale budgeting and estimation
- Long-lead items
- Operational systems of independently evolving systems
- Highly regulated domains (e.g. defense, financial, health)
- Command and control environments (low trust, bureaucratic)

- There is still no Silver Bullet
- ICSM principles
- Service orientation is promising
- Trust is a key ingredient and often difficult to find
- “Maybe...” is better than “Hell, No!”
- Patience, but not abdication
- Creativity and Collaboration can be better than Command & Control
- Santayana was half right – it’s only the mistakes that you don’t want to repeat, not the successes



