



NATO
|
OTAN



Non Lethal Capabilities Update

NDIA Joint Armaments Forum & Exhibition
Unconventional and Emerging Armaments Section

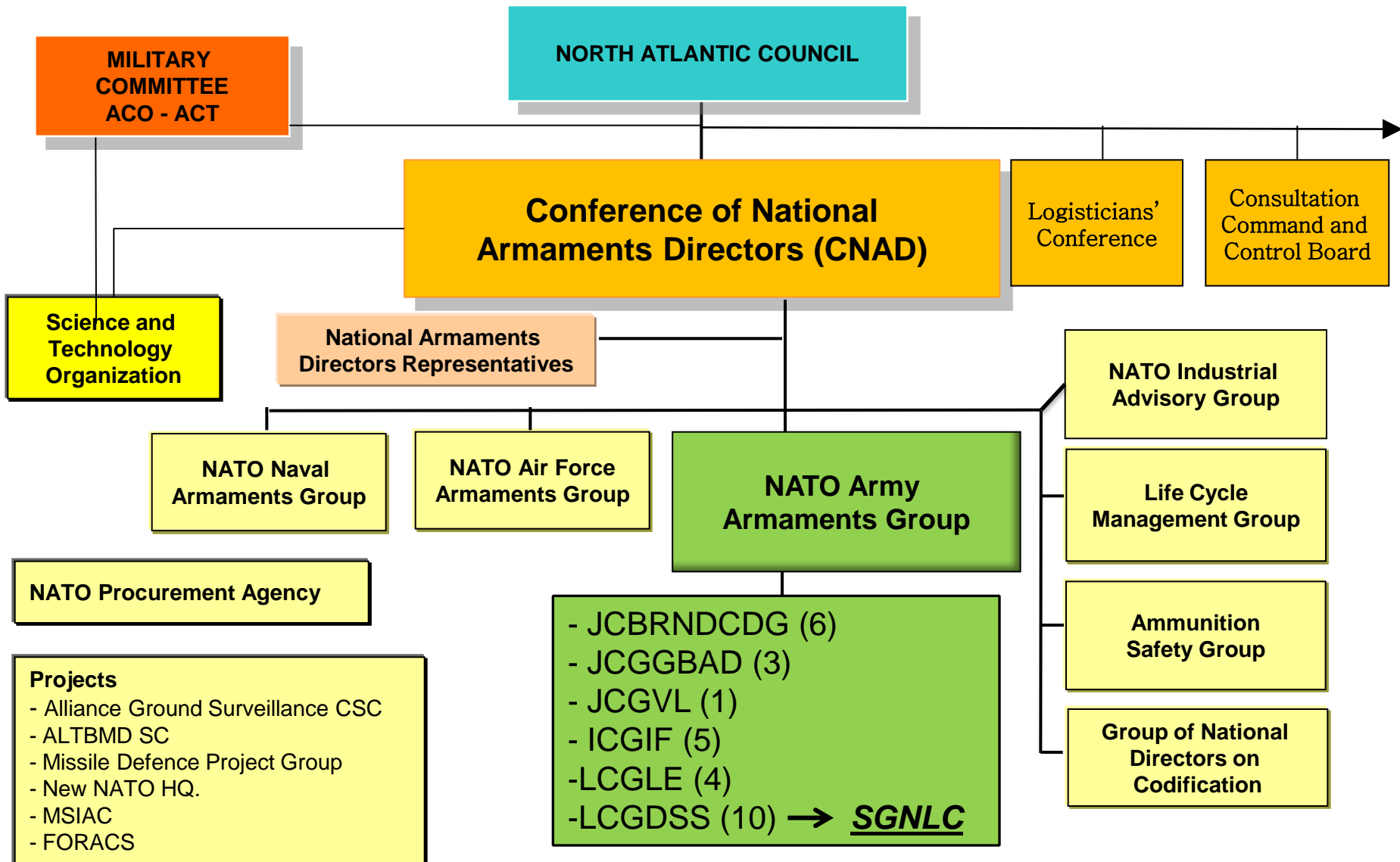
May 14, 2014



Outline

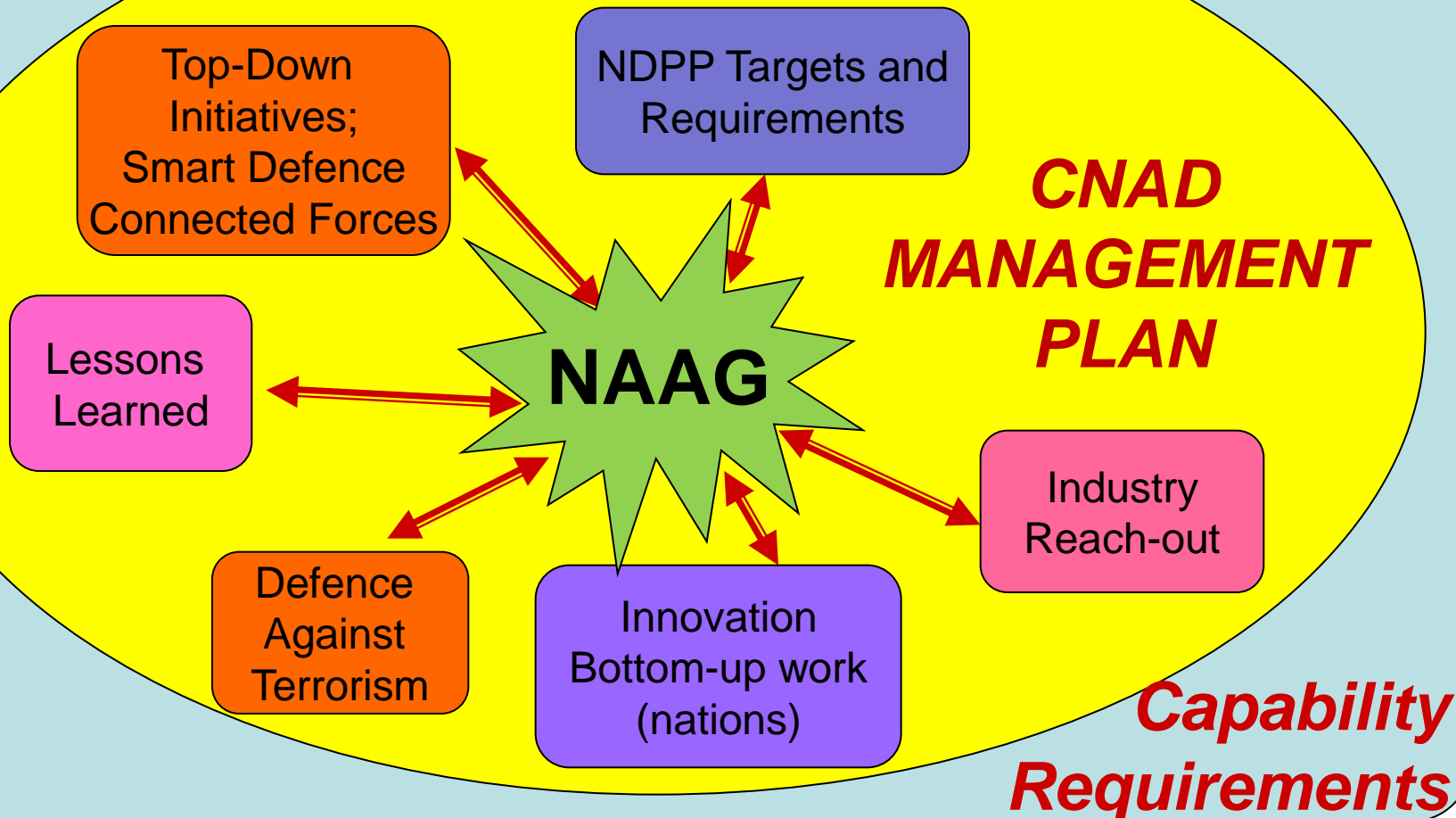
- Non Lethal Capabilities within NATO
- NATO Process and Interactions
- Non Lethal Capabilities Focus Areas

Sub Group Non Lethal Capabilities in the NATO Structure



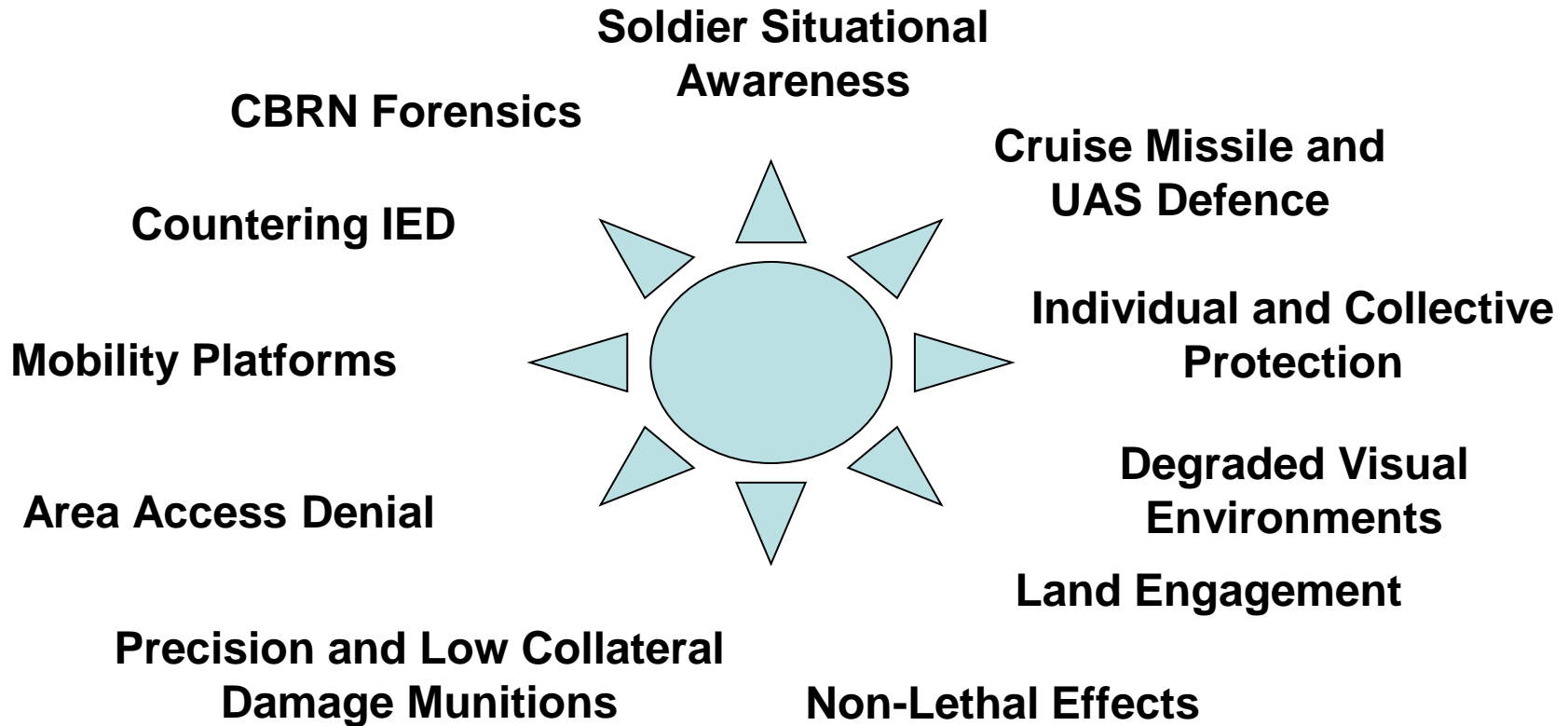
NAAG POW SOURCES

Threats & Shortfalls



NAAG CURRENT WORK ITEMS

(example work areas to meet requirements)

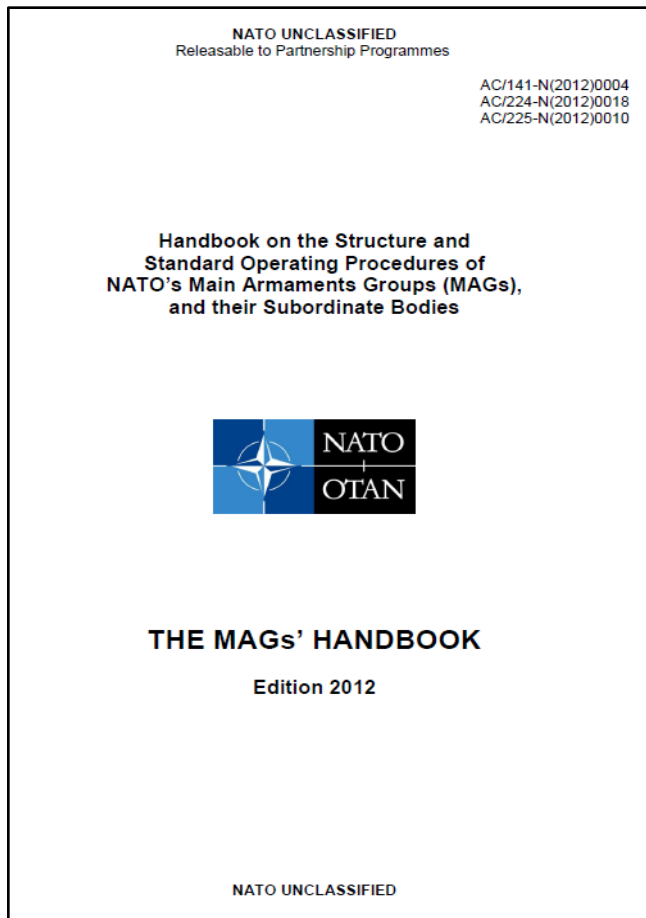


NAAG WORK METHODS & PRODUCTS

DECISION SHEETS
DOCUMENTS
STANDARDS (+/- 150 STANAG/STANREC(s))
COORDINATED REQUIREMENT DOCUMENTS
TRIAL, DEMO REPORTS
NAAG-SPONSORED INDUSTRIAL
S&T PUBLICATIONS

- **Formal Meetings**
 - Informal Teams
- **Documentation, Publications**
 - Web Portal/Internet
- **Liaison, Cross Fertilization with other Bodies/Organizations/Military Commands**
 - Workshops/Seminars
- **Trials/Demonstrations/Exhibits**
 - Use of NIAG, STO

NATO Main Armament Group's Handbook – 2012



- Foster exchange of Information
- Promote technical Standardization, Interoperability and Integration
- Identify and promote Technical advancements
- Plan/direct/coordinate subordinate groups
- Liaise with all relevant organizations
 - Within NATO
 - Outside – EU, NGOs, Industry, etc

Land Capability Group Dismounted Soldier Systems Sub Group on Non-Lethal Capabilities

Terms of Reference

- ❖ Focal point for all activities related to Non-Lethal Capabilities (NLC) in the NAAG.
- ❖ Responsible for NLC across the full spectrum of military operations and operating environments.
- ❖ Joint and three-service focus within Nations and CNAD.
- ❖ Supports all NATO Essential Operation Capabilities (EOC), in particular
 - ❖ “Force Protection” and
 - ❖ “Effective Engagement”.

Near Term Objectives

- NATO Strategy - “Smart Defense”
- Active Engagement
- Building Capability Through Multinational Approaches
- Connected Forces Initiatives
- Even more Interoperability
- Lessons from Current Operations

➤ NATO Non Lethal Capabilities initiated under a Quick Reaction Team transitioned to Topical Group 3

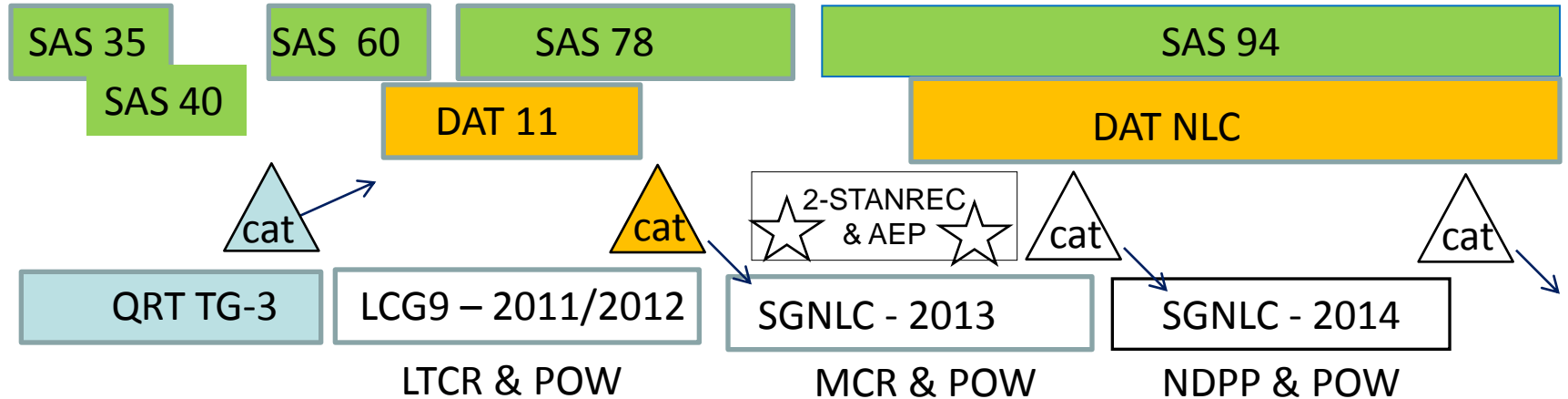
➤ NATO supports

➤ NATO's Research & Organization (RTO), Systems Analysis & Studies Panel support to develop common, interoperability and standardization addressing Non Lethal Capabilities

➤ NATO's Emerging Security Concerns (ESC) Defense Against Terrorism initiates DAT 11 on Non Lethal Capabilities with focus on TRL 7-9 for ISAF

➤ NATO NIAG draft proposal awaiting final rev. & release

NIAG NLC



Updated

Completed

2 of 5 Chapters submitted

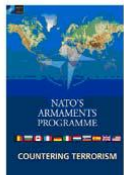
Non Lethal Catalogue

Item ID	Item Name	Category	Manufacturer	Year	Weight (kg)	Length (cm)	Width (cm)	Height (cm)	Volume (L)	Power (W)	Energy (J)	Velocity (m/s)	Accuracy (m)	Range (m)	Notes
1
2



Defence Against Terrorism
Program of Work #11

Non-Lethal Capability



**DAT 11
Catalogue**

Version – 29 January 2011

DRAFT

High TRL 7-9 for ISAF

STANREC 4729 & AEP 74 Performance of Non-Lethal Land vehicle Arresting Device



Captured vehicle (by vehicle arresting net)

**NATO Multi National Approach
Tier II effort highlight**

STANREC 4744 & AEP 94 Non Lethal Kinetic Energy Methodology

- Blunt Trauma Experts
- SubGroup 1 – Skin Penetration
- SubGroup 2 – Head Impact
- SubGroup 3 – Chest Impact
- SubGroup 4 – Abdomen Impact
- SubGroup 5 – Accuracy
 - Leveraging US JNLWD Advanced Total Body Model
- Additional Experts from Soldier CCIEP Group



Examples of Non Lethal Multi National Approaches



FN 303®



Lights/Dazzlers



40 mm



Sponge

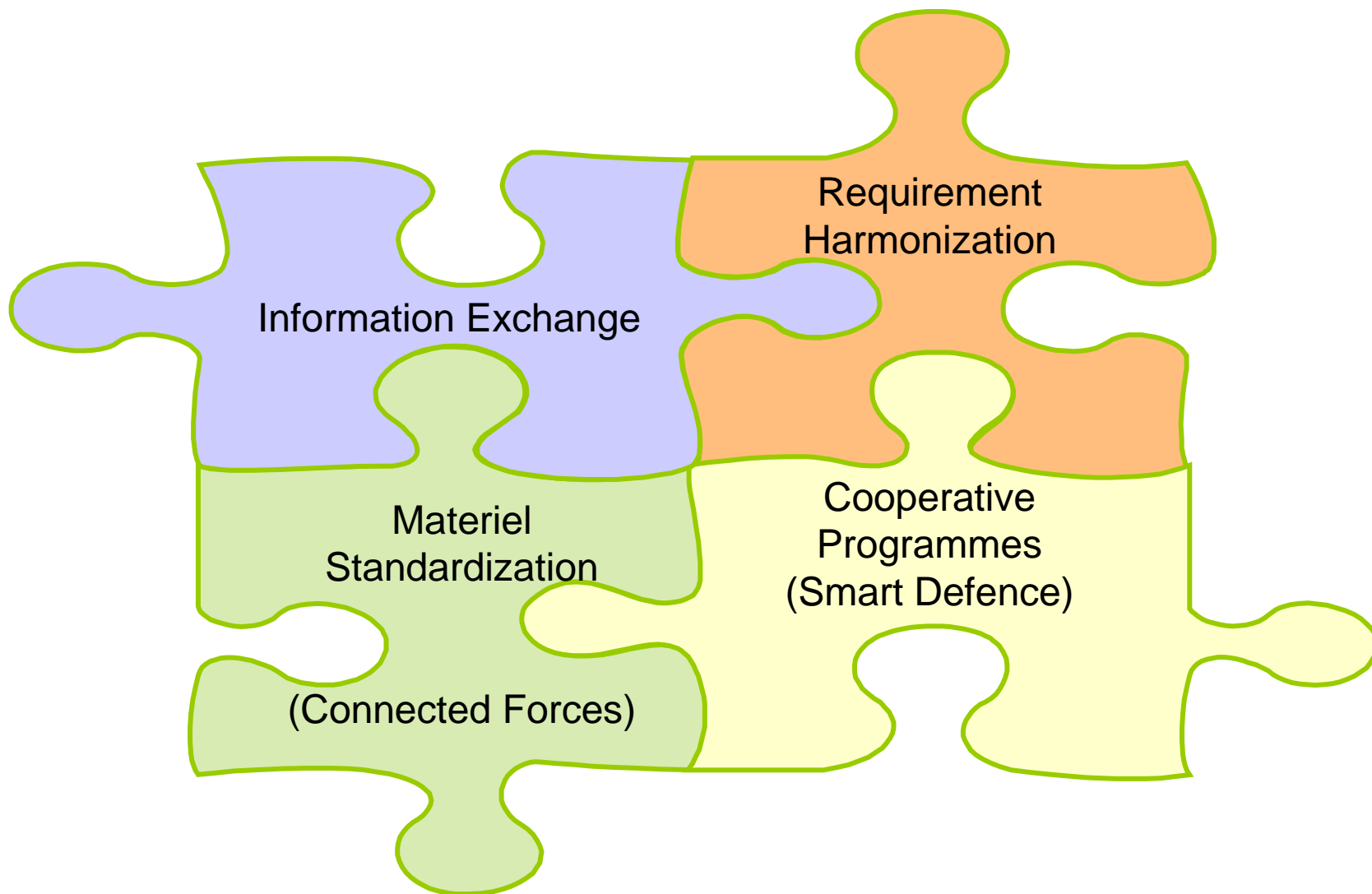


Multi Pellets



Long Range Acoustic Device

Means of cooperation





NATO Non Lethal Capabilities

**THANKS FOR YOUR
ATTENTION!**

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