

Contextualizing Cognitive State & Event Detection for Human- Autonomy Integration



Using Physiological & Behavioral Information

NDIA HSC February 2015

Background

- Cognitive State and Event Detection (CSED) has potential to greatly enhance human-autonomy integration
- Investigated by previous and ongoing programs:
 - Augmented Cognition (AugCog)
 - High-Def. Cognition (HD Cog)
 - Cognition and Neuroergonomics Collaborative Technology Alliance (CaN CTA)
 - Autonomous Research Pilot Initiative (ARPI)



Continuously monitoring user states

Overloaded
Alert!
Fatigued
Distracted

Spurring new technological development



- Numerous challenges including
 - Complexity of the signals involved
 - Hardware limitations (e.g. resolution & reliability)
 - Software limitations (e.g. offline vs. online processing)
- Many CSED research paradigms lack critical contextual information needed to facilitate proper function in complex environments
- Brain function is situated

Critical Need (1): Hardware

- How to measure variables for both CSED & context?

- Brain measures

- Electroencephalogram (EEG) & functional Near-Infrared spectroscopy (fNIR)

- Physiology & behavior

- Pupillometry, eye tracking, electrodermal activity
- Heart rate, respiration, motion capture

- Environmental sensors

- Ambient light, temp., background noise, scene capture

Low

Technology Readiness

High

High

Proximity to Cognitive Function

Low

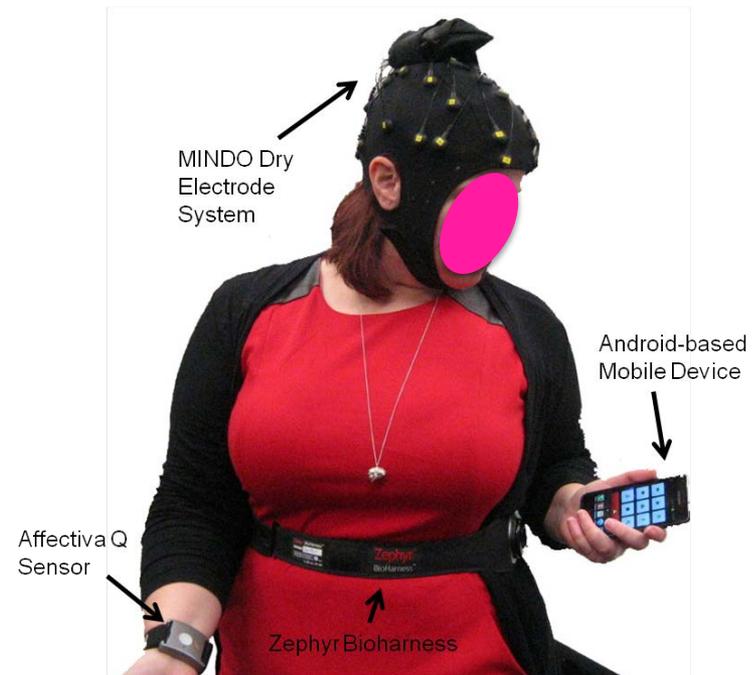
Integrating Context (1): Hardware

- Lightweight & portable hardware solutions are needed
- Sensor integration & timing is a critical issue

Current state-of-the-art



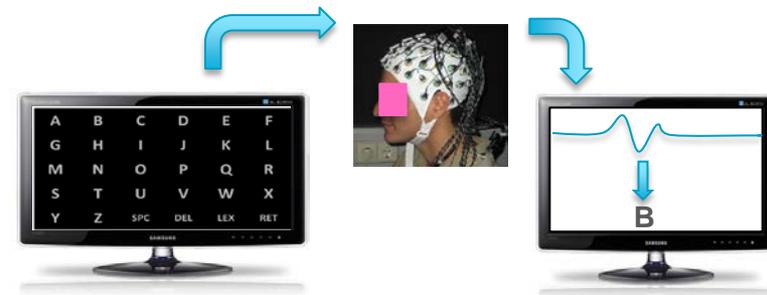
Research prototype



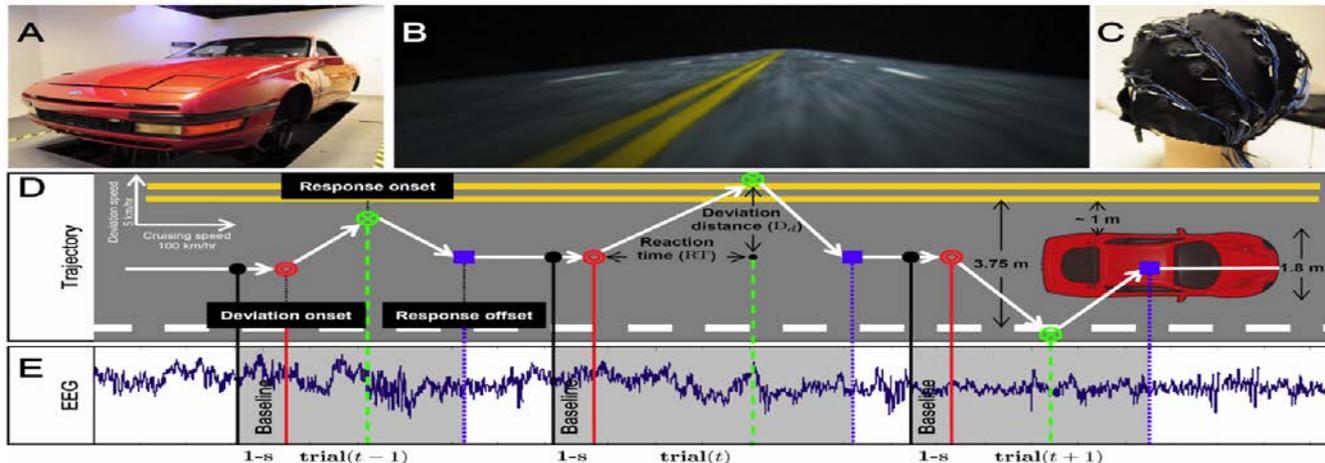
Critical Need (2): Software

- Most current work on classifying brain activity is in the area of brain-computer interfaces (BCI)

- Limited settings
- Primarily to restore impaired function



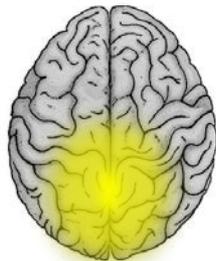
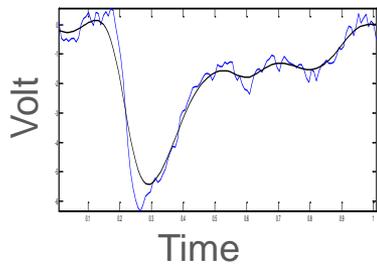
- Ambiguity of complex scenarios places high burden on CSED systems



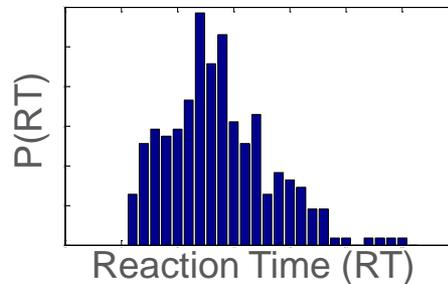
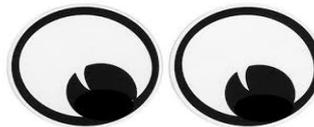
Integrating Context (2): Software

- Integrating behavioral context not only helps model signal quality but can also provide information about the timing and trajectory of cognitive states & events

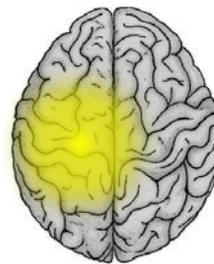
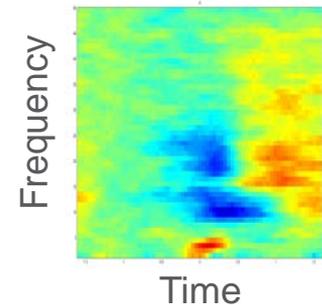
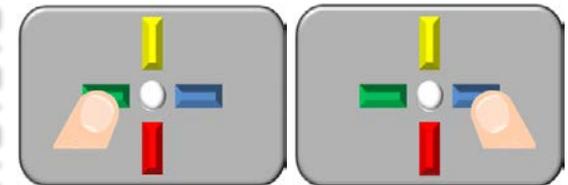
Target Appears



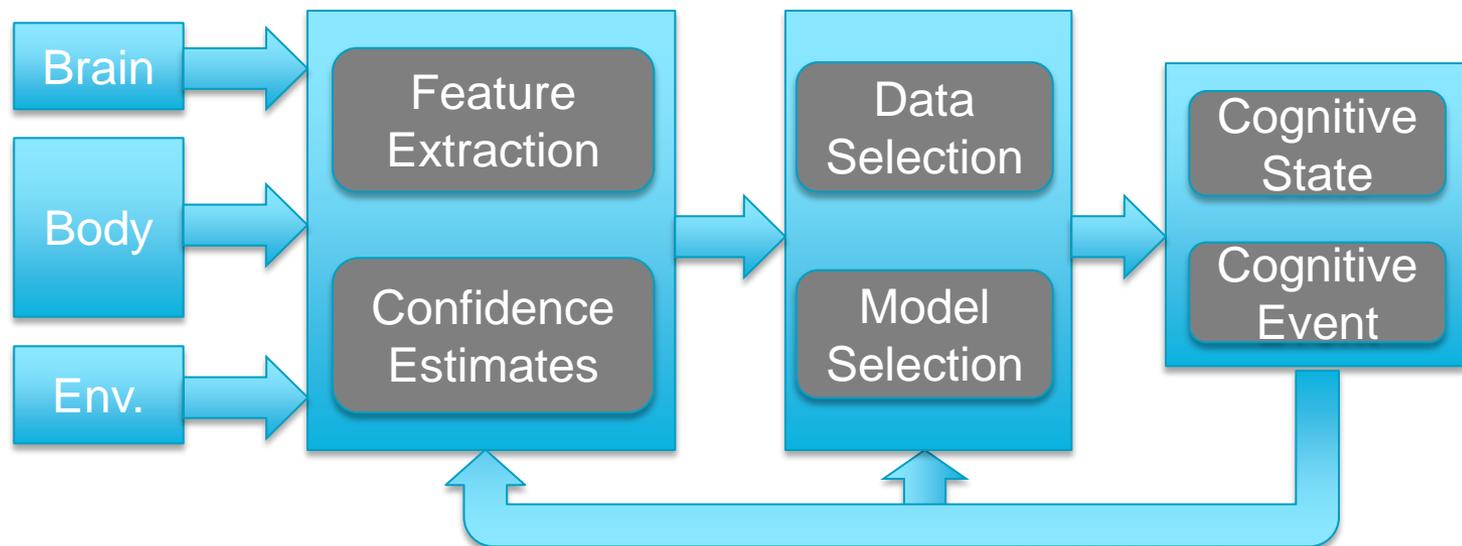
Shift Attention



Report

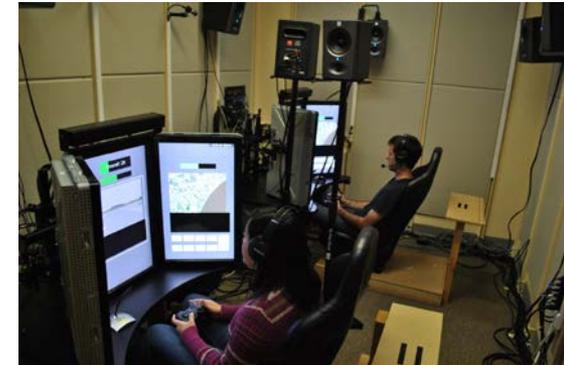


- Integration through advanced computational methods
 - Statistical approaches
 - Hierarchical discriminative components analysis, regularized generalized linear models, power-based methods
 - Fuzzy evidence theory & Bayesian approaches



Current Work: Data Collection

- In conjunction with researchers at Army Research Laboratory, UC San Diego, University of Michigan
 - High density 64 → 256 EEG
 - Eye movement data
 - Heart rate / respiration
 - Electrodermal activity
 - Motion capture / accelerometry
 - Audio / video
 - Scene capture
 - Seated & mobile tasks
 - Individual & team tasks



Presenter Contact



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Additional Information :

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