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Relative Comparison of the Rate of Convergence of Collaborative Systems of Systems: A Quantified Multi-Case Study

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Relative Comparison of the Rate of Convergence of Collaborative Systems of Systems

- Introduction
- Modelling Approach
 - Conceptual Dynamic Bayesian Network
- Initiatives to Counter Improvised Explosive Devices as a System of Systems
 - Factors which influence convergence of functionality
 - Constituent systems and Metrics of functionality
- U.S. Smart Grid as a System of Systems
 - Factors which influence convergence of functionality
 - Constituent systems and Metrics of functionality
 - Representative model of the System of Systems
- Expected Results



Introduction

- Several industries including Defense, Transportation, Health Care and Energy are **pursuing increasingly ambitious functionality** through Systems of Systems
- The **functionality evolves over time** to provide a highly sophisticated and integrated capability
- System of Systems engineers need to be able to **describe the status** of the System of Systems to stakeholders and customers
- This presentation describes a modeling approach which will **quantify the relative rate of convergence** of a System of Systems
- The model will incorporate representations of **factors which influence** the rate of convergence
- Observations from **analyzing multiple case studies** will be instrumental for refining the construct of the model and the representation of the factors
- The analysis will focus on documented, incremental functionality of System of Systems such as the **Smart Grid** and the operational infrastructure created collaboratively by the Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Capability Approval and Acquisition Management Process
- **The model will advance the state of the art** of architecting System of Systems by improving the ability to describe current and forecasted functionality
- It is envisioned that the convergence metric will provide **translation of technical progress to business capability** that can be used to communicate status to stakeholders and customers and be **used to make comparative decisions** among competing Systems of Systems.



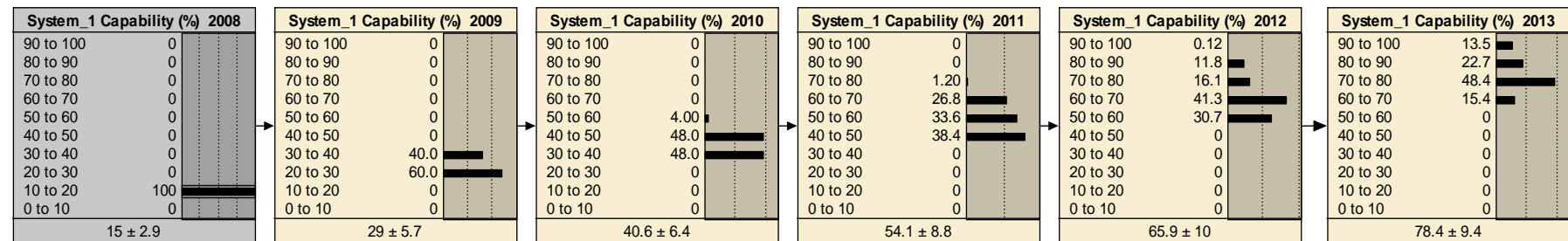
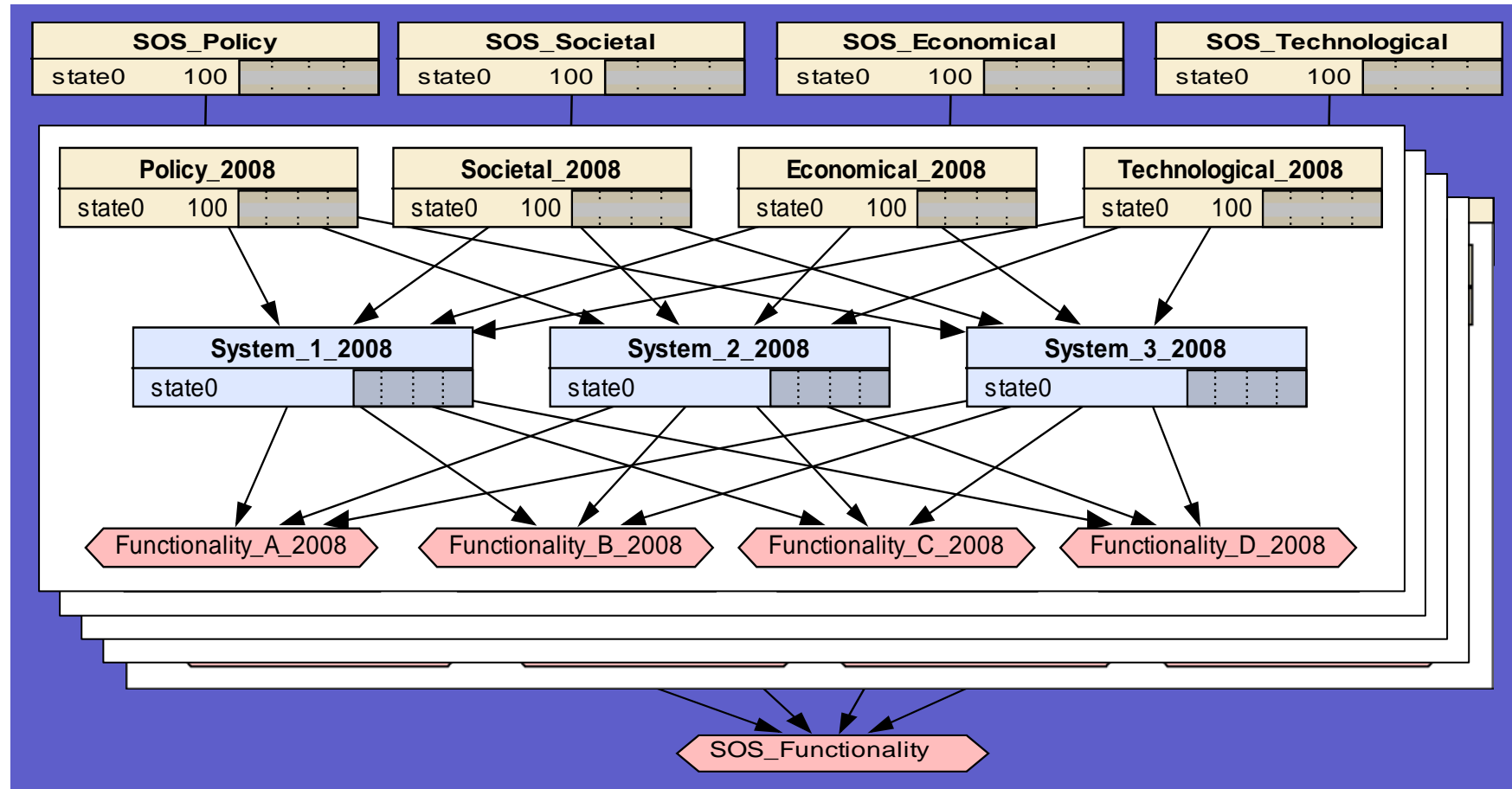
Modelling Approach – Dynamic Bayesian Network

- Identify Quantifiable Factors which Influence the Rate of Convergence
 - Policy – Legislation, Directives, Control Documents, Vision Statements
 - Societal – Public or Subversive Support or Resistance
 - Economic – Financial/Quantifiable Factors to Close the Business Case
 - Technological – Capability to Interoperate, Capacity to Contribute
- Specify the Systems and the System of Systems; Determine Metrics for Functionality
- Construct Relative Conditional Tables for each System Based on Relevant Observations or Expert Elicitation
- Validate the Model; Use the Model to Explore Contributions of and Dynamics with the Factors which Influence

Dynamic Bayesian Networks are Directed Acyclic Graphical models of Stochastic processes

Conceptual Dynamic Bayesian Network

- Factors which Influence may be directed towards one system or many
- Systems may be closely related or diverse
- Time Phased
Convergence of System Capability (and resultant Functionality) may be depicted
- A SoS-level DBN is comprised of nested System-level DBN



Counter – Improvised Explosive Device SOS

Factors which Influence

Policy

Department of Defense DIRECTIVE
Homeland Security Presidential Directive HSPD-19
 February 12, 2007

COUNTERING IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES
 FEBRUARY 26, 2013

Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Organization (JIEDDO)

REISSUANCE AND PURPOSE:
 Under the authority vested in the Secretary of Defense by acts consistent with Reference (9), the Directive:

- 1.1. Changes the name of the Joint Improvised Explosive II Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Organization (JIEDDO)
- 1.2. Reissues Reference (1) to establish the JIEDDO as a joint activity of the Department of Defense (DoD) with the mission, relationships, and authorities as prescribed herein.
- 1.3. Establishes a JIEDDO Senior Resource Steering Group (Process Team (SP7)), a JIEDDO Systems Integration Board (SIB) Acquisition Board (IAB), a JIEDDO Lab Board (ILB), and a JIEDDO as defined in Enclosure 2 and consistent with Reference (8) and D (Performance with).
- 1.4. Designates the Secretary of the Army as the DoD Executive JIEDDO, in accordance with DoD Directive 5101.1 (Performance administrative support as defined in Enclosure 3).

(England, 2006)

Homeland Security Presidential Directive HSPD-19
 February 12, 2007

NUMBER 2007-19E
 February 12, 2007

Subject: Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Organization of a national strategy and end, and response to terrorist use of

1. In 5 U.S.C. 551, independent contractors as defined by 5 U.S.C.

2. In using an explosive;

3. As the primary or common of explosive devices, but

device that is fabricated in an

What, pyrotechnic, or

collected pursuant to Homeland Infrastructure Identification;

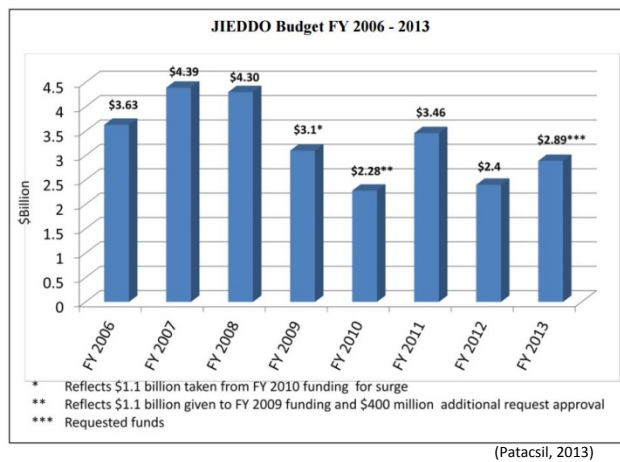
of vulnerability, as defined in the

(Bush, 2007)

Societal



Economic



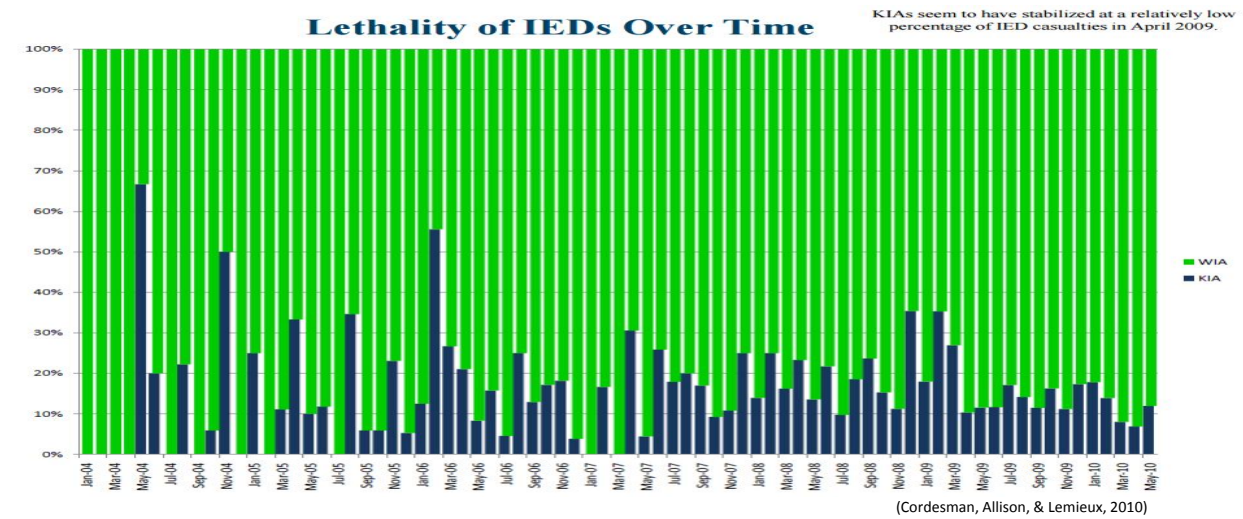
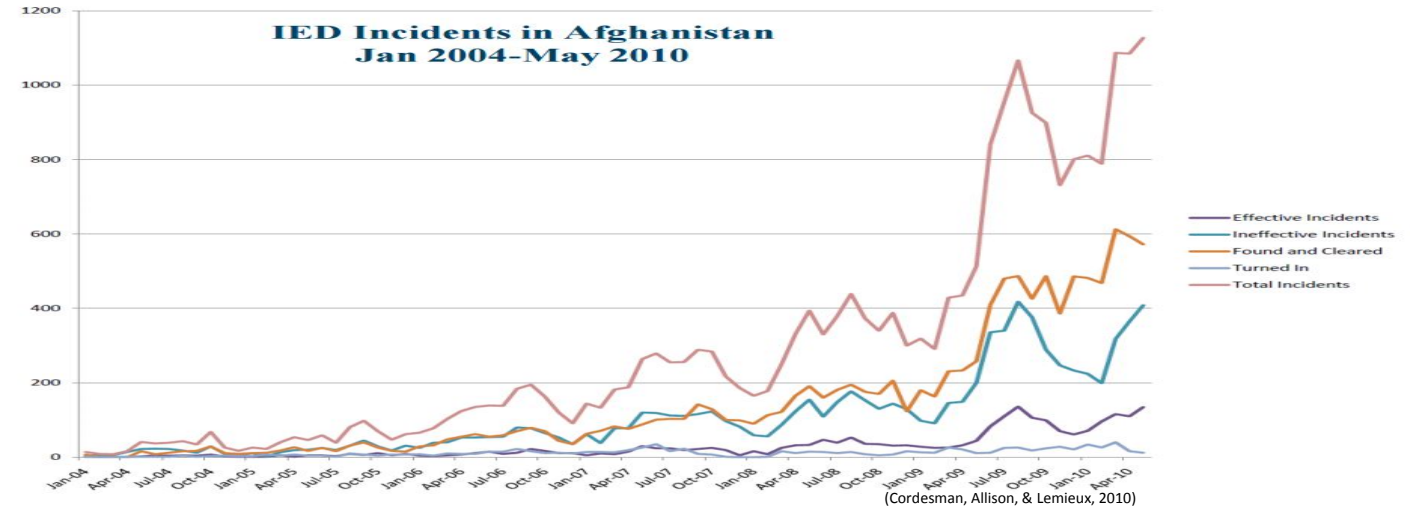
Technological



Counter – Improvised Explosive Device SOS Systems and Functionality

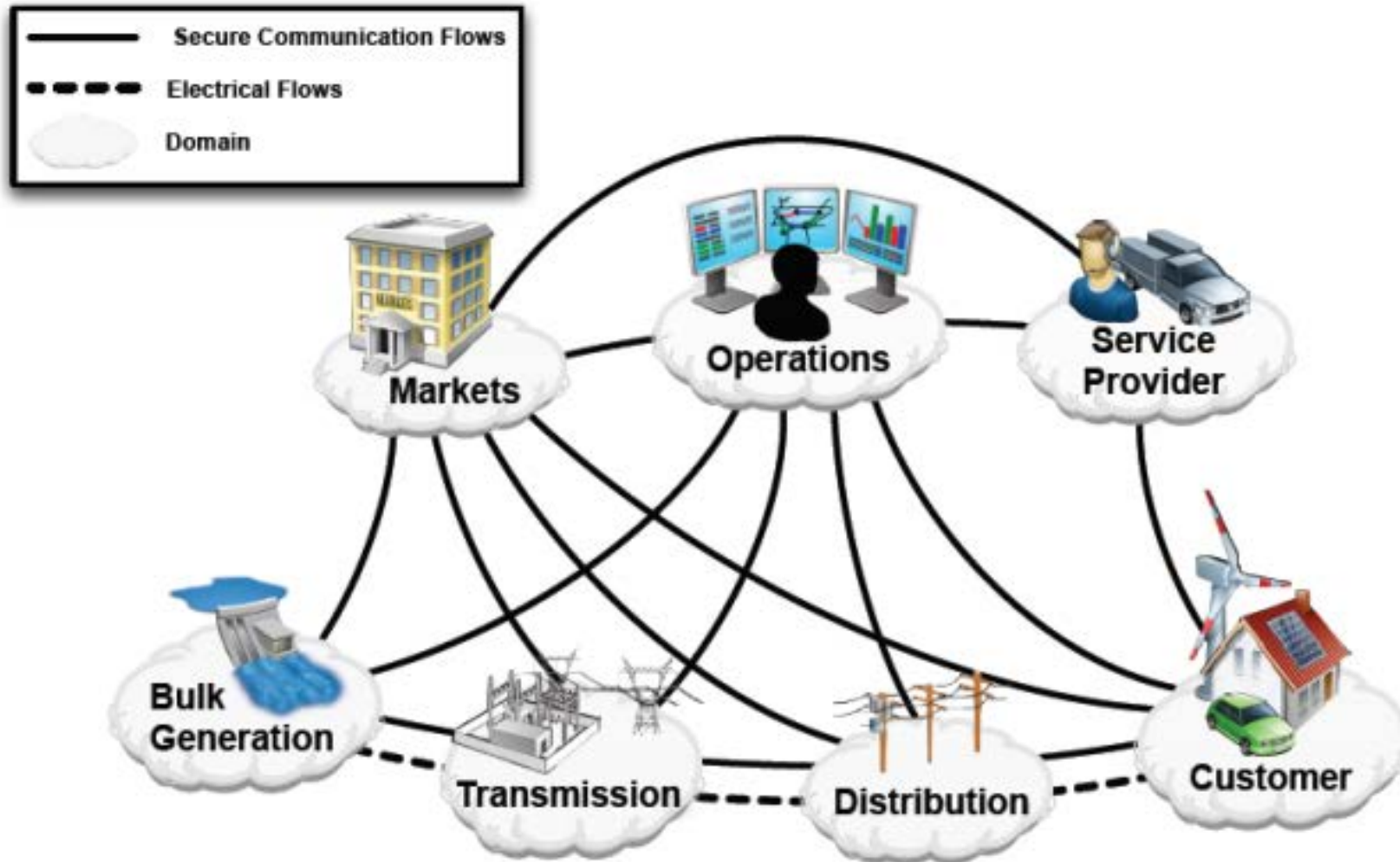


Words are from: (Wikipedia, 2015)
Word Cloud created with (WordItOut, 2015)



The C-IED SOS and Factors are Dynamic

U.S. Smart Grid Framework

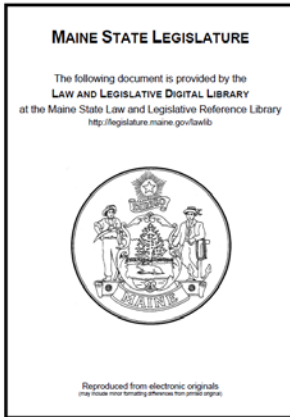


NIST Smart Grid Framework 1.0 January 2010

Smart Grid - Factors which Influence

Policy

One Hundred Eleventh Congress of the United States of America



(Maine Public Utilities Commission, 2012)

ACT SESSION
of Washington on Tuesday two thousand and nine

Act
preservation and creation, information, assistance to the unemployed the fiscal year ending Sept

and House of Representatives Congress assembled,

American Recovery and Investment

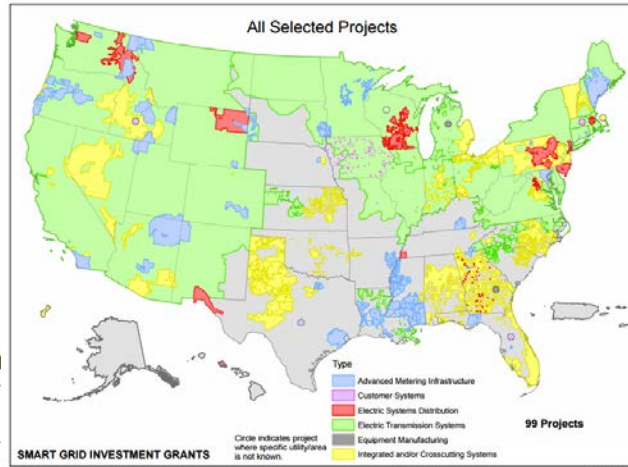
It is as follows:
ACTIVATIONS PROVISIONS

Kentucky's Smart Grid Roadmap



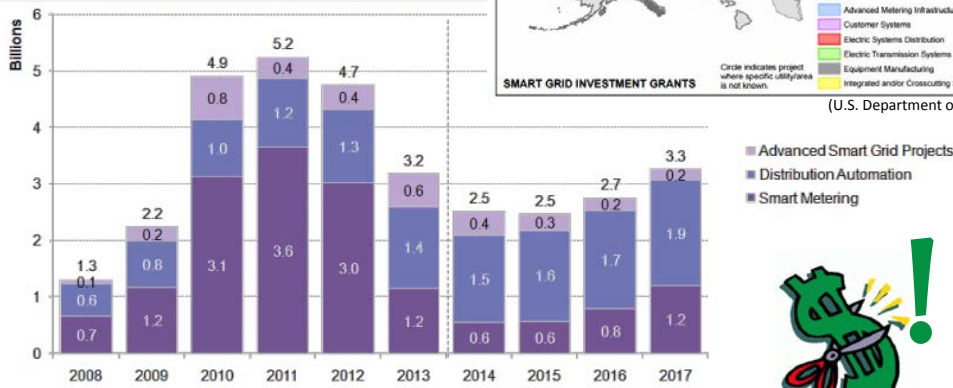
Recommendations on a Vision and Direction for the Future of the Electric Power Grid in the Commonwealth

(Du & Turner, 2012)



Economic

Figure 2. Baseline U.S. Smart Grid Spending



Source: BNEF 2014

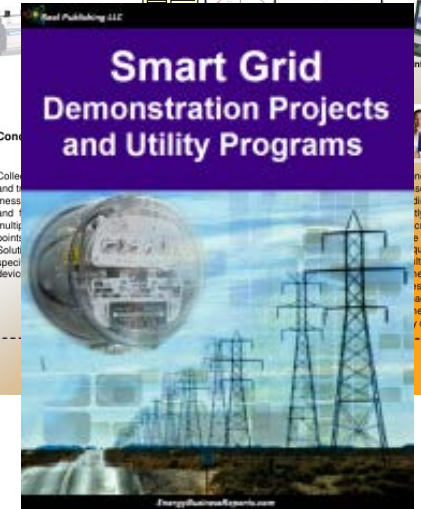
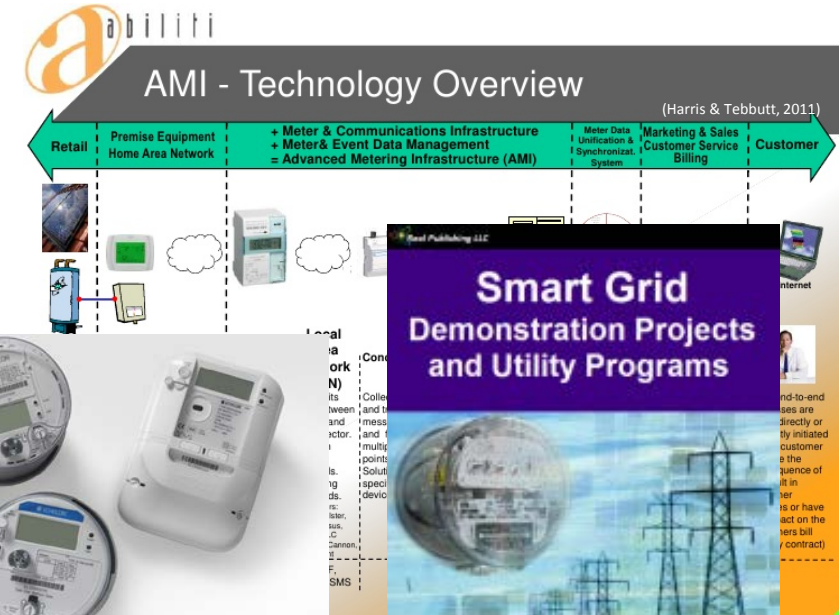
Societal



(BC Centre for Disease Control, 2014)



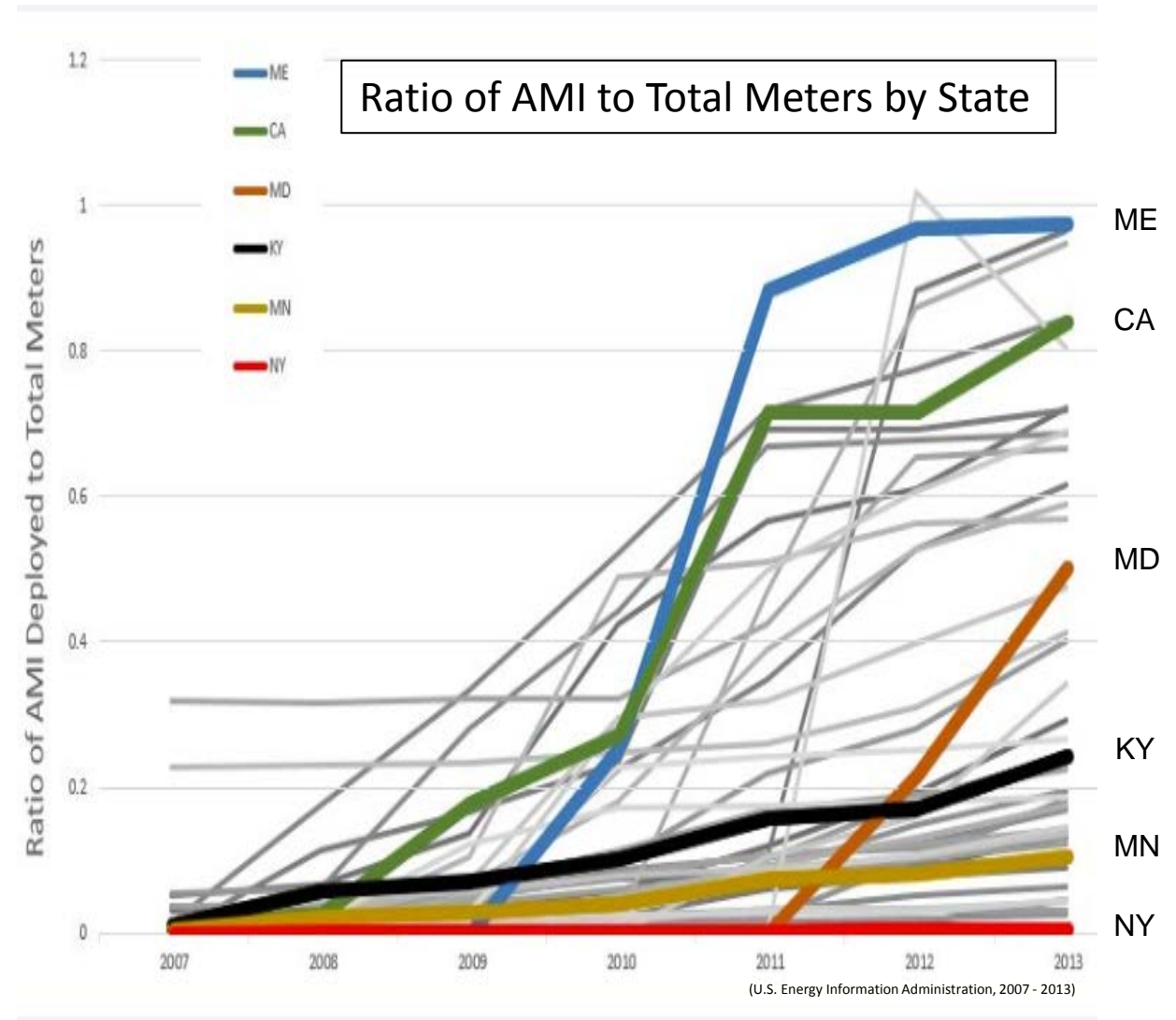
Technological



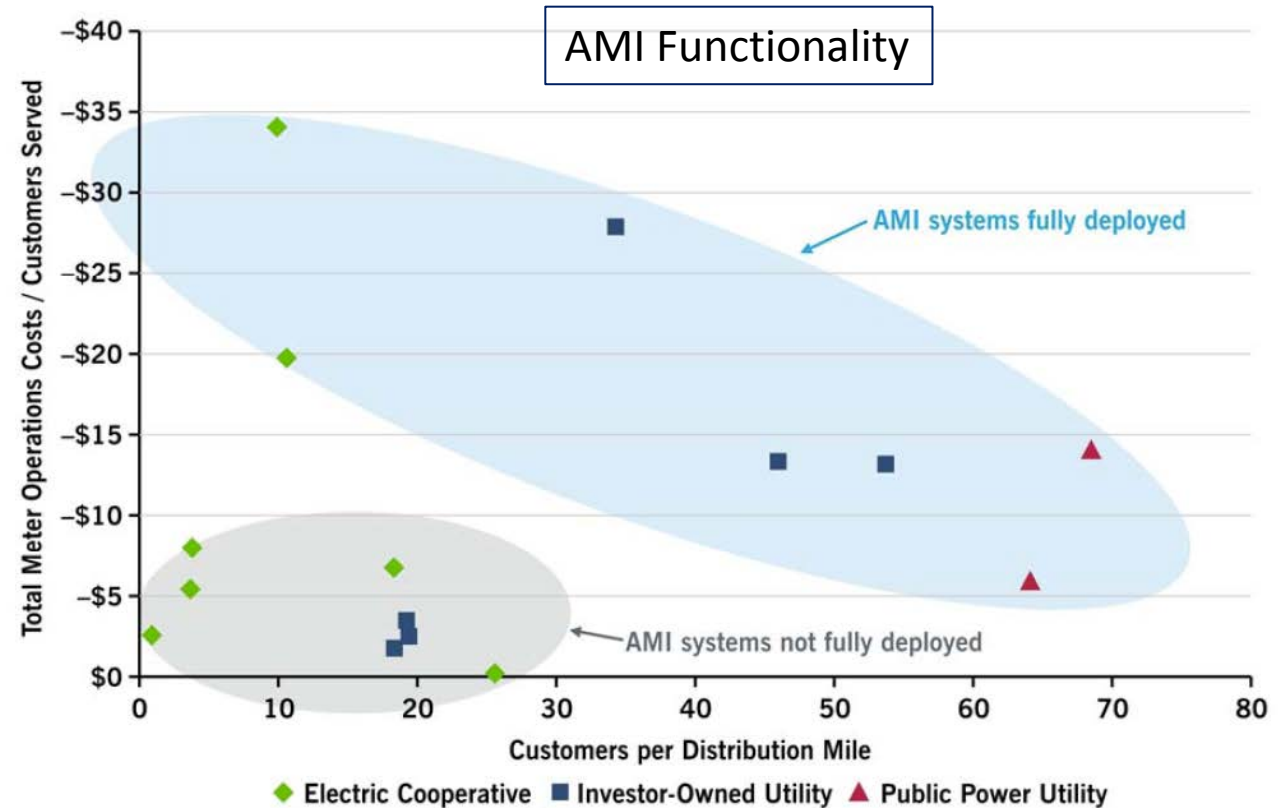
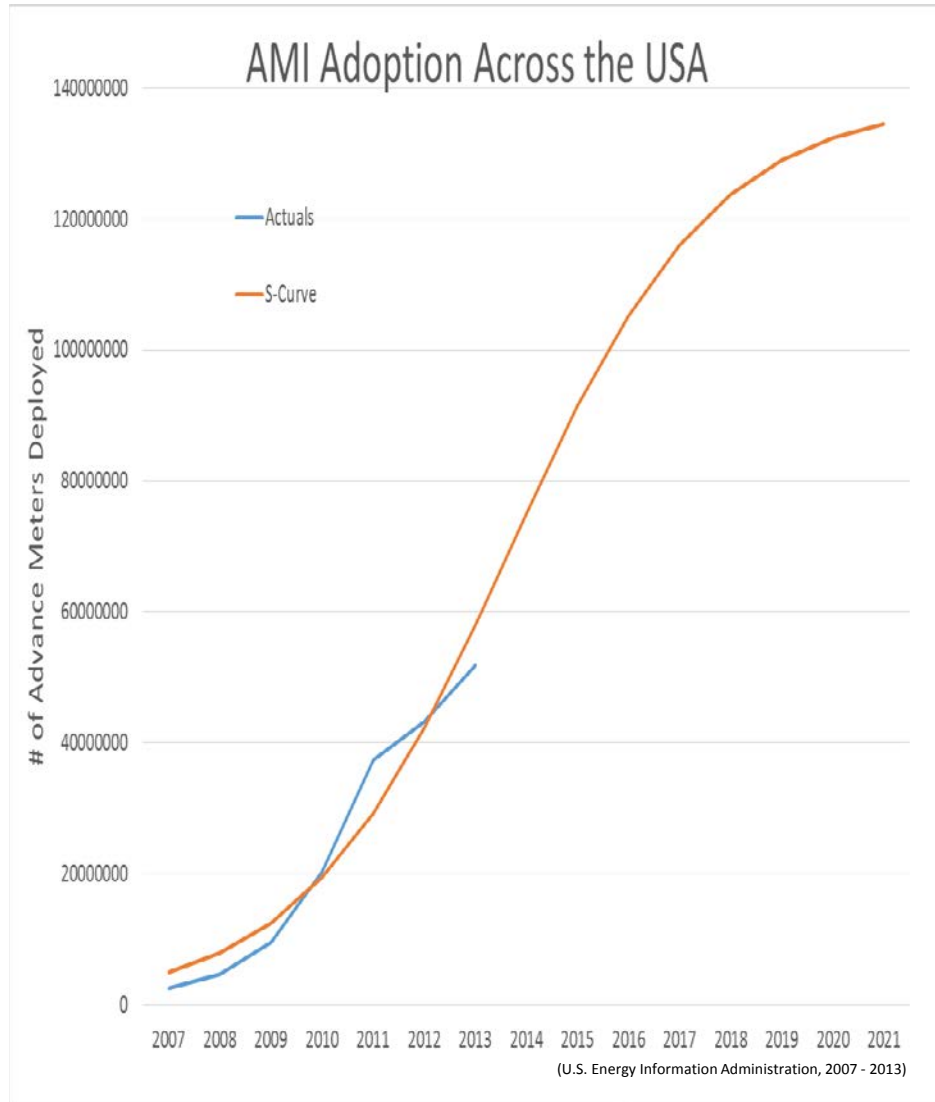
Smart Grid – Factors which Influence AMI Deployment

New York		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Minnesota		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Kentucky		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Maryland		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
California		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
MAINE		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Legislative	roadmap	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	policy statement	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	resistance	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
Societal	opt-out	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
	customer education pro	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
	dynamic pricing							
Economical	arra funding	0	0	51.43	257.6	395.4	405.2	237
Technological	demonstration project		126					
Evidence	AMI FOM (Growth)	0	0	0.255	0.628	0.087	0.005	TBD

State Public Utility Commissions and Utility Industries Deploy the Smart Grid Constituent Systems Independently



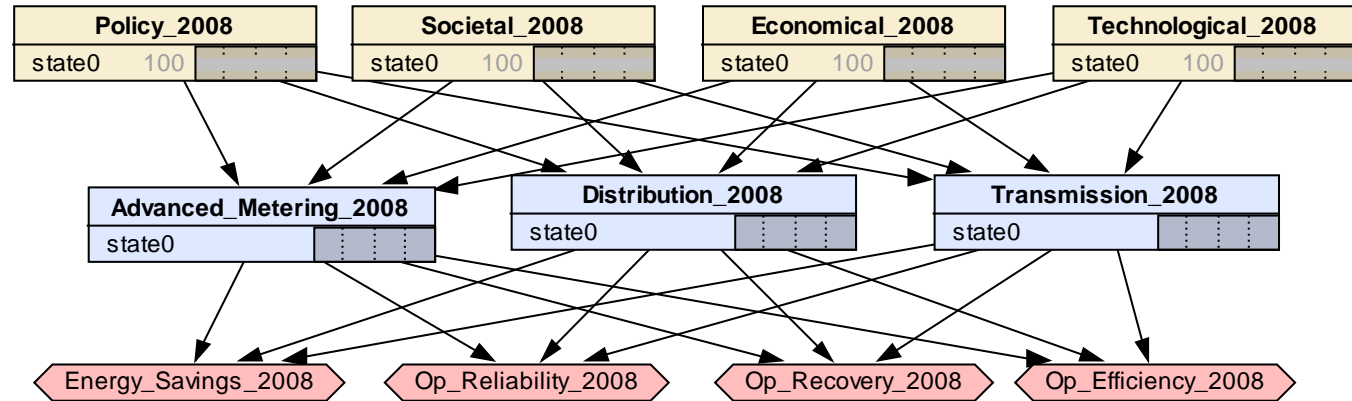
Smart Grid AMI – Phased SOS Deployment



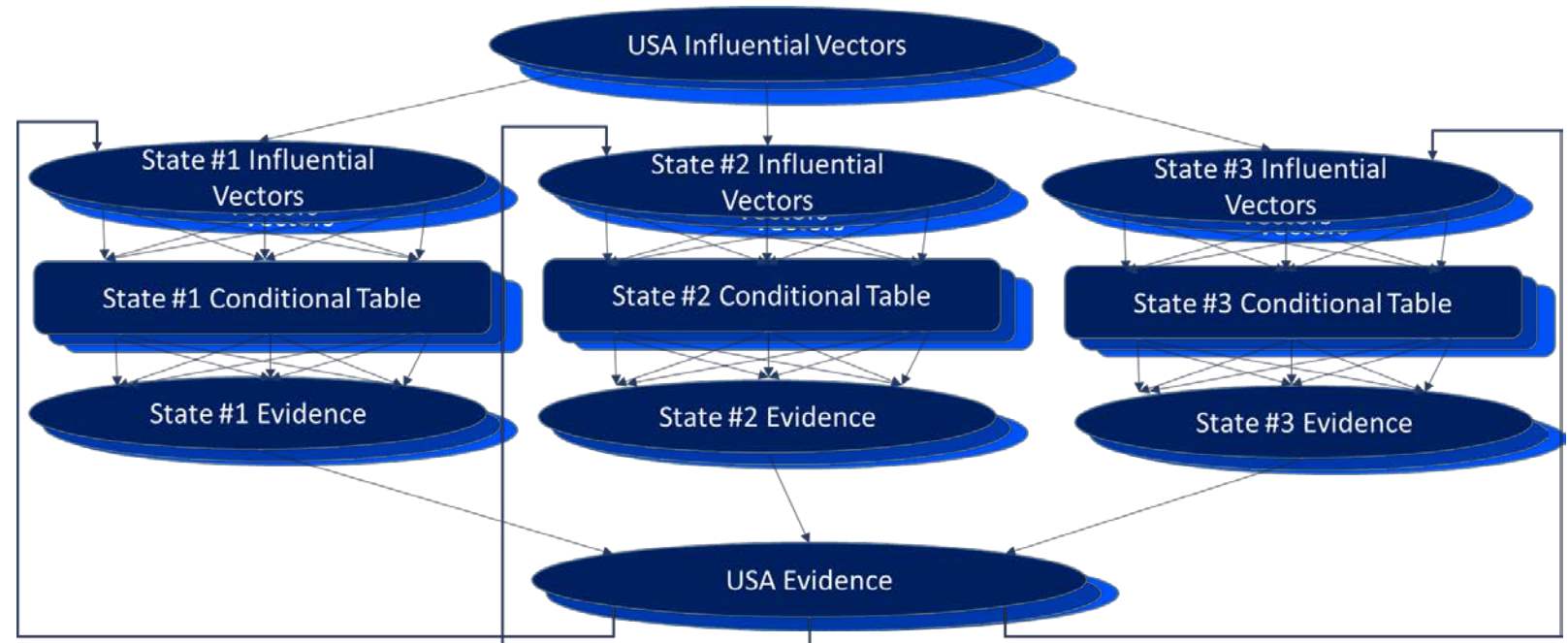
- Data represents project-level changes in meter operations costs
- Data are from 15 Smart Grid Investment Grant (SGIG) Projects
 - Represents 3.7 million operating smart meters
 - Based on operational experiences from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012

Dynamic Bayesian Model of Smart Grid

System-level:
Single State; Single Year



System of Systems:
Multiple States; Multiple Years





Expected Outcomes

- Application of a Dynamic Bayesian Network to evaluate convergence will advance the state of the art of architecting System of Systems
- The model will improve the ability to describe current and forecasted functionality
- A convergence metric will be developed to:
 - Provide translation of technical progress to business capability in order to communicate status to stakeholders and customers
 - Make comparative decisions among factors influencing the convergence of Systems of Systems.



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NamaStar: the Ultimate SE/PM Challenge

