



PROJECT MANAGER FORCE PROJECTION

Army Robotics Portfolio Update to NDIA GRCC March 2016

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PM Force Projection



Agenda

- Army Robotics Portfolio Update
- Emerging Requirements
- Robotics Challenges & Opportunities



Framing the Army's Draft Robotic and Autonomous Systems (RAS) Plan

As the Army articulates RAS integration across multiple Warfighting Functions, this vision must also show **realistic objectives** in the near-term, **feasible objectives** in the mid-term, and **visionary objectives** for the far-term. Beginning with near-term objectives, each successive phase links its objectives to and builds from the achievements of the previous phase.

Near-Term Vision- Adapt



Near-Term Objectives:

- Leader-Follower Convoy Technology Employment
- Lighten the Soldier load
- Enhance stand-off from threats and improve situational awareness

Mid-Term Objectives:

- Technologies improve the **autonomy** of unmanned systems
- Technologies will enable unmanned cargo delivery
- Robots act as "teammates" rather than tools
- Micro autonomous air and ground systems will also enhance Platoon, Squad, and Soldier situational awareness

Mid-Term Vision (F2025)- Evolve

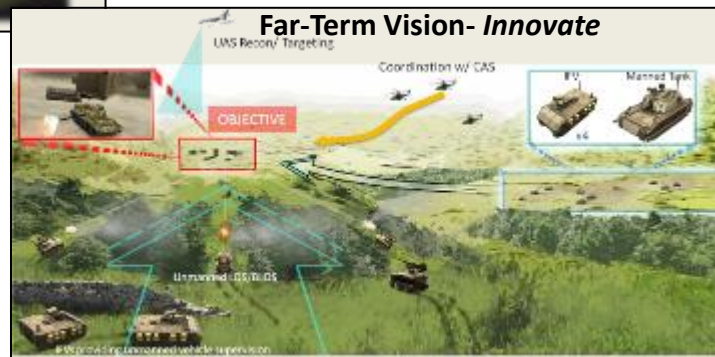


Source for All Listed Objectives:
TRADOC Pam 525-3-1, Army Operating Concept, Appendix C-2.

Far-Term Objectives:

Technologies will **enable manned and unmanned teaming in both air and ground maneuver** though investments in scalable sensors, scalable teaming, **Soldier-robot communication**, and shared understanding through advancements in machine learning.

Far-Term Vision- Innovate





PEO CS&CSS Robotics Overview



Man-Transportable Robotics System Mark I & II (EOD)



M160 Light Flail



Semi-Autonomous Control Route Clearance & Interrogation System



Robotic Enhancement Program



Man-Transportable Robotics System Increment II



Common Robotic System Individual



Leader/Follower



Squad Multipurpose Equipment Transport

Talon IV	Packbot 510 FASTAC	SUGV 310 Mini-EOD	Dragon Runner	First Look

Non-Standard Equipment



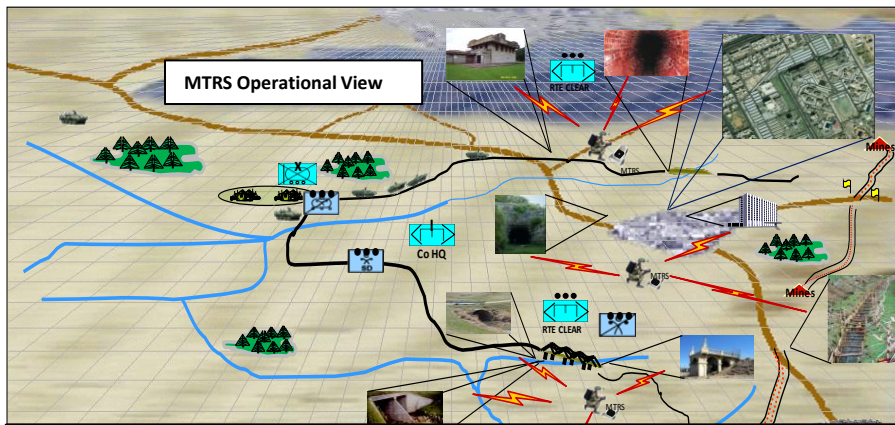
Automated Convoy Operations



Husky Mounted Detections System




MTRS Inc II Program Overview





- (MTRS) Inc II is a remotely operated, man-transportable, robotic system.
- Provides a standoff capability to interrogate, detect, confirm and neutralize presence across War-fighting functions
- Identify disposition
- Counter hazards by providing a base capability of carrying various platform payloads in support of current and future missions.


MTRS Baseline

Common Payloads


Fiber Optic


Manipulator



Optics


Radios



Autonomous Mine Detection System (Payload)



Engineers



PdM Counter Explosive Hazard, (PEO Ammo)




Base Platform

IOP V2.0 Compliant


Notional Design

CBRN Payloads (Chemical Units)


JPM Nuclear Biological Chemical (PEO Joint Bio Chem Defense)




CBRN Sensors



FirstDefender RMX





- **CPD: Approved, 15 MAY 2013**
- **RFP Release: 4QFY16**
- **Milestone B/C: 2QFY17**
- **Contract Award: 2QFY17**
- **AAO: 566**





MTRS Inc II: Post Industry Day Updates

Acquisition Approach Update:

- Government has removed the option of using hulls from the Army fleet of medium sized robots as Government Furnished Equipment (GFE)
 - Government intent to provide Government developed standardized medium sized robot technical data package (TDP) remains unchanged from Industry Day release

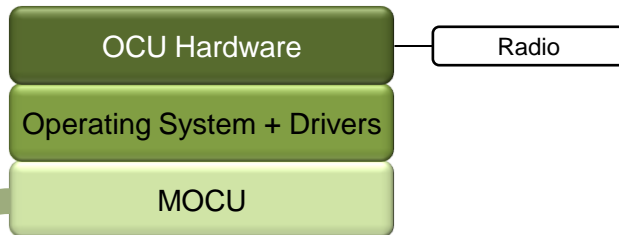
Controller Update:

- Requiring use of Government Operator Control Unit software (i.e. Multi-Operator Control Unit – MOCU)

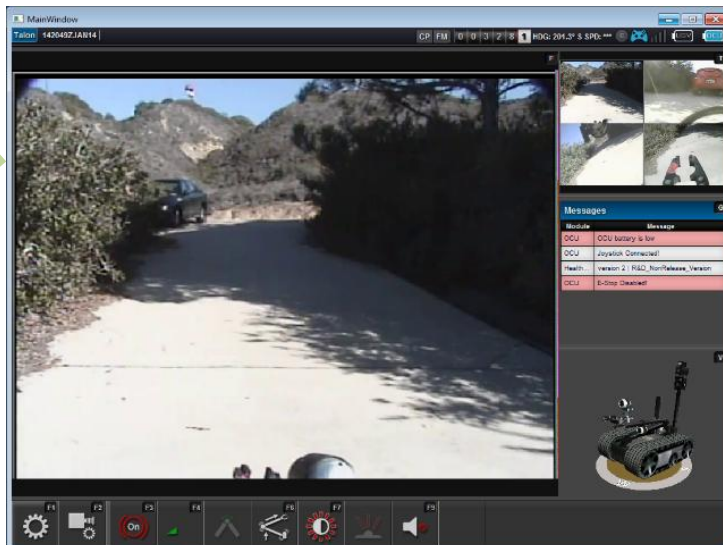
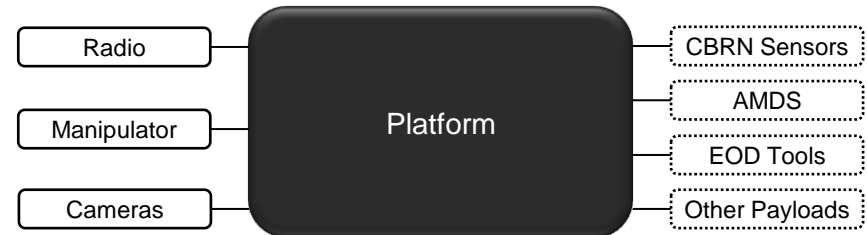


MTRS Inc II Controller Software - MOCU

OCU



Platform



- **Multi-Operator Operator Control Unit (MOCU) software developed by Space and Naval Warfare Systems Command (SPAWAR)**
- **Promotes commonality with Navy & other programs**
- **Provides government with increased control over software configuration in sustainment**
- **SPAWAR will manage software configuration; vendor can submit change requests**

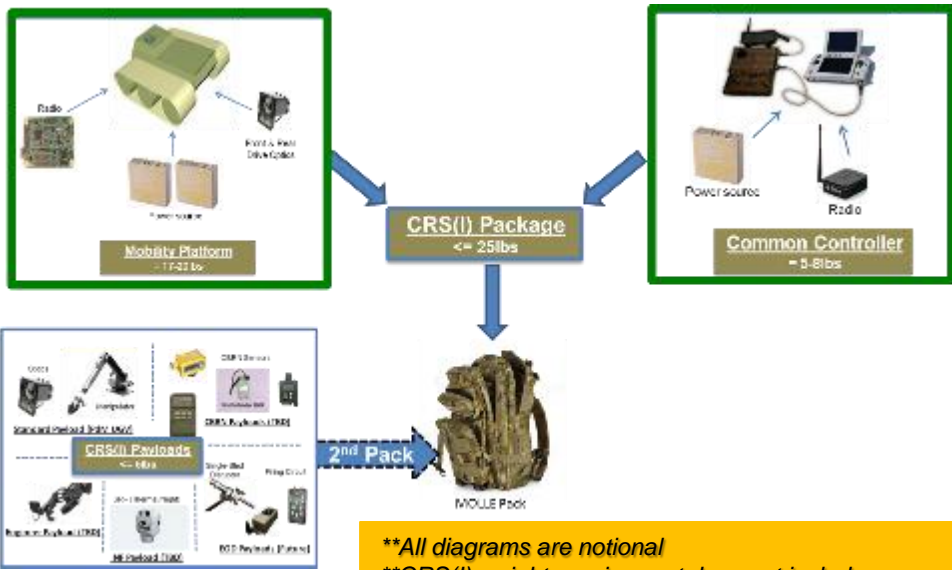


Common Robotic System – Individual (CRS(I))

System Description: A man-packable (< 25lbs), miniature, highly mobile, unmanned robotic system with advanced sensors and mission modules for dismounted forces. Designed so that operators can quickly reconfigure for various missions by adding/removing modules and/or payloads.

Common Robotic Platform Enabling Payloads to Address the Operational Capabilities Gaps:

- Standoff short range Intelligence, Surveillance, & Reconnaissance (ISR)
- Remote Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear (CBRN) detection
- Explosive Obstacle Counter Measure (EOCM)
- Explosive Ordnance Disposal (EOD)
- Future Users: Engineer, CBRN, INF, EOD



- **CDD: Approved: Jan 16**
- **RFP Release: 1QFY17**
- **Milestone B: 3QFY17**
- **EMD Contract Award: 3QFY17**
- **AAO: 4,098**

****All diagrams are notional**
****CRS(I) weight requirement does not include payloads or manipulator (included in standard payload)**



CRS(I): Dates of Interest to Industry

- MDD was approved 1QFY16
- RFI release February 2016
- Industry Day August 2016 (tentatively w/ GVSETS)
- RFP release planned for 1QFY17
- Milestone B and Contract Award 3QFY17
- PDR 1QFY18
- CDR 2QFY18

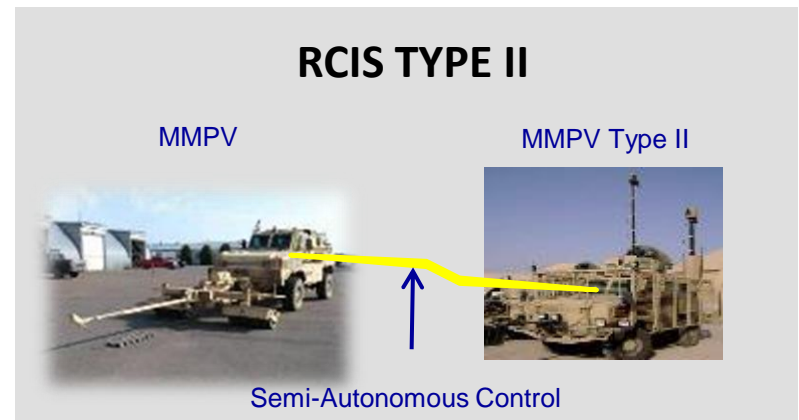
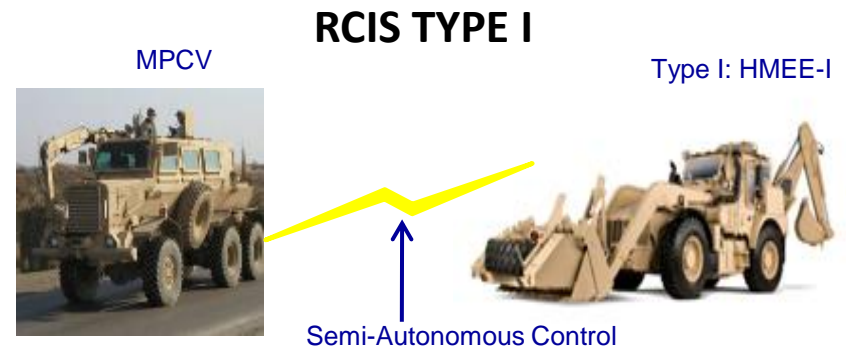


Route Clearance & Interrogation System

Route Clearance & Interrogation System (RCIS) CPD consists of two capabilities that are unmanned, semi-autonomously controlled, highly mobile platforms to support Route Clearance Platoons and the BCTs.

- RCIS Type I:
 - Optionally manned or unmanned
 - High Mobility Engineering Excavator (HMEE) capable of enabling Soldiers to semi- autonomously interrogate, excavate, and classify deep buried explosive hazards, IEDs, and caches.
- RCIS Type II to follow, leveraging technology and architecture from the RCIS Type 1 program

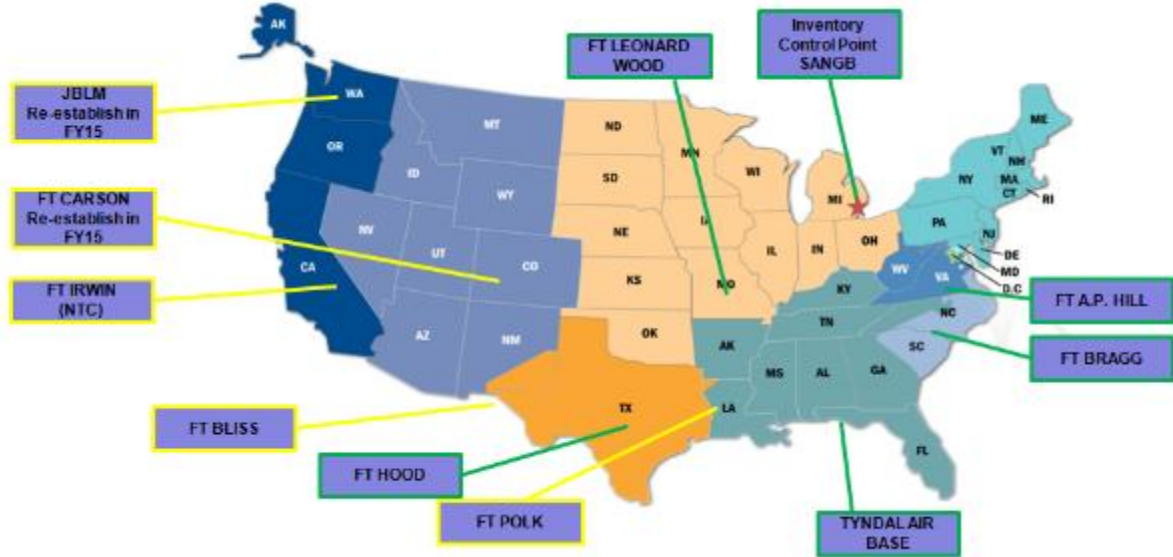
- CPD: Approved, Dec 2012
- Industry Day: 23-24 Mar, 2016
- RFP Release: Jul, 2016
- Milestone B: 2QFY17
- Contract Award: 2QFY17
- AAO: 266





RLSC Directed Requirement Portfolio

Director Robotic Logistics Support Center	
Non Standard Robots	O&S
Man Transportable Robotic System (MTRS) MKII	O&S
Man Transportable Robotic System (MTRS) MKII Recap	O&S



Non-Standard Robots

Talon IIIB	Talon IV	PacBot 510 FASTAC	SUGV 310 Mini-EOD	Dragon Runner	First Look



MTRS EOD Robots

MKII MOD0	MKII MOD1	MKII MOD2	MKI MOD0	MKI MOD1	MK5



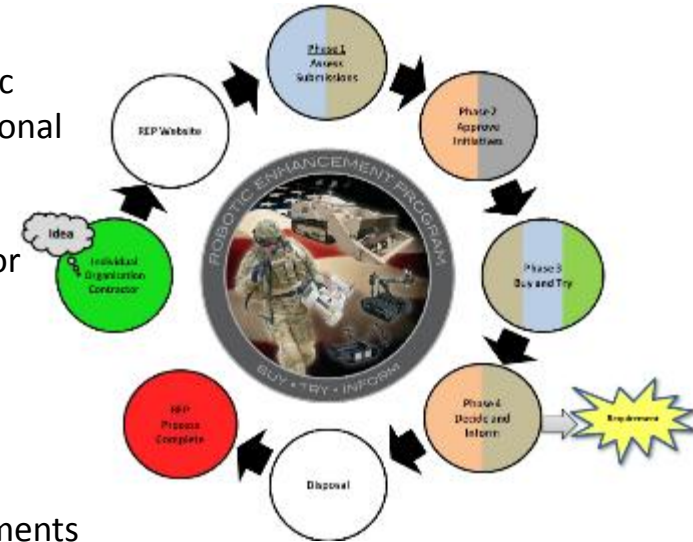
Robotic Enhancement Program (REP)

Problem: Robotic technology is rapidly evolving. The standard requirements/acquisition timeline of 3 to 7 years increases the risk that robotic systems will be obsolete before fielding or even before reaching Initial Operational Capability (IOC).

Mitigation: Evaluate small quantities of state-of-the-art robotic systems and/or payloads to inform the requirement and acquisition process.

Concept:

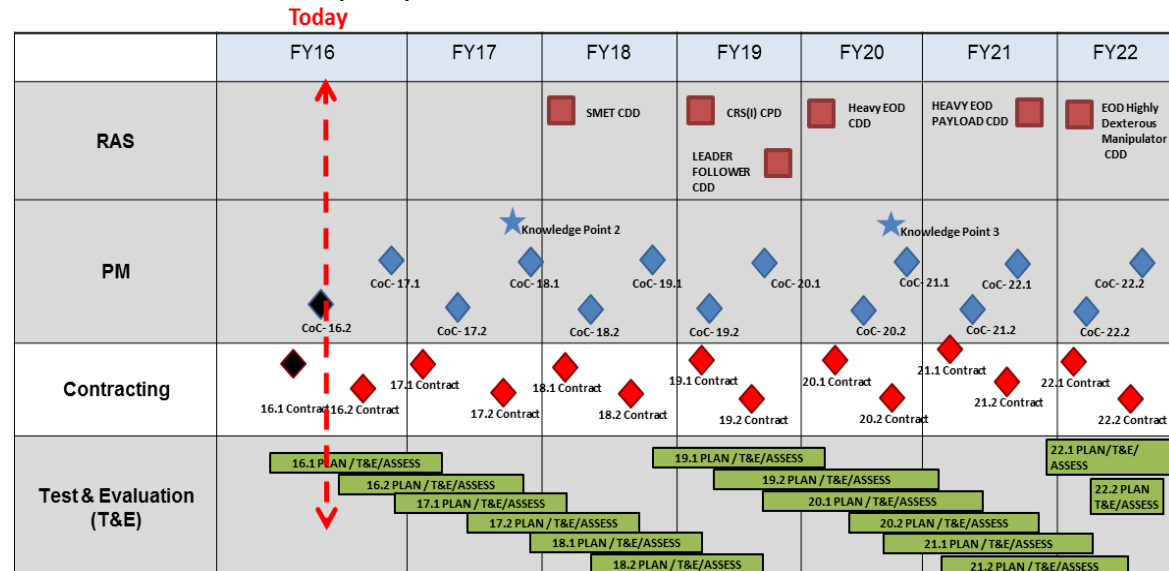
- Concept based off of Solider Enhancement Program
- REP is a special project (not a full life cycle acquisition program)
- Uses a “buy-try-inform” methodology to better inform future Army requirements



Experiment Focus:

- Protect the Force
- Reduce Warfighters’ Workload
- Enable Situational Awareness
- Sustain the Force
- Enable Lethal/Non-lethal Engagements
- Reduce Cost

<http://www.peocscs.army.mil/rep.html>



Note: REP Council of Colonels (CoC) 17.1 Submission Deadline: 1 July 2016



Robotics Enhancement Program (REP)

- 16.1 Initiatives

- Obstacle Avoidance and Mapping: Autonomous Behavior Module, 3D Mapping Payload, Mesh Network/Repeater



- Extending the Range: Multiple Input/Multiple Output Mesh Radio, Bread-Crumbs, Tethered Mast



- Submissions Reviewed for 16.2 cycle by REP Stakeholder's

- **(32) 16.2 Submission Proposals:**

- 05 RECOMMENDED FOR CoC 16.2
- 14 Deferred
- 13 NOGO

- **(20 of 56) Previous 16.1 Submissions Reviewed:**

- 06 RECOMMENDED FOR CoC 16.2
- 03 Remain Deferred
- 11 NOGO – Recommend Delete as 2nd round of reviewed; no advocate



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- CoC 16.2 Cycle: 4 Selected Initiatives

- Inform Heavy EOD CDD (iRobot Kobra and NGC Andros)
- Safe Warfighter Movement & Detection of Targets Capability (Offset Drop Zone)
- Highly Dexterous Manipulation System (HDT Torso and dual arms)
- SMET Expeditionary Bridging Payload (HDT Air Beam)



- CoC 17.1 Submission Cut-Off is 21 Jun 16





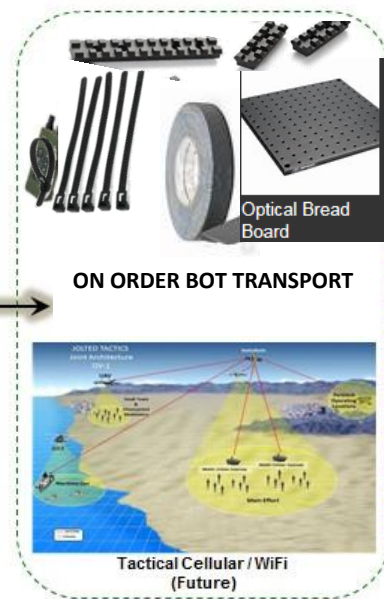
PdM UGV/TRADOC RFI: Intra ROBOT Wireless (IRW) Area Network



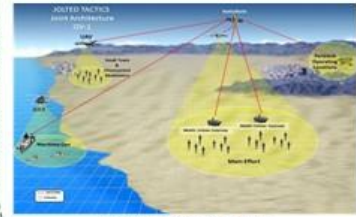
Robotic Payloads



Intra ROBOT Wireless (IRW) Area Network



ON ORDER BOT TRANSPORT



Tactical Cellular / WiFi (Future)

*Ultra Wideband (UWB) at 3.1 -10.6 GHz
2-meter Diameter*

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- **Mimics Intra Soldier Wireless Scheme and extends application of Soldier Borne Sensors to “Robotic Battle Buddy”**
- **Intra ROBOT Wireless (IRW) to provide a secure, Wireless Area Network (WPAN) for ROBOT/Soldier-Borne sensors and ancillary devices**
 - Provides a system level commodity that can be used across the PEO portfolio of products
 - Capable of selectively accommodating Low/High Bandwidth and Very Low Power Profiles using Ultra Wide Band (UWB) technology
 - NSA approval and IA certification to be addressed from a modular and extensible ROBOT System perspective
 - Suitable for operations in Electronic Warfare (EW) conditions with Low Probability of Intercept/Detection (LPI/LPD), and low latency
 - IRW IOP Reference Standard(s) to be non-proprietary and open standard(s) – Same as Intra-Soldier Wireless



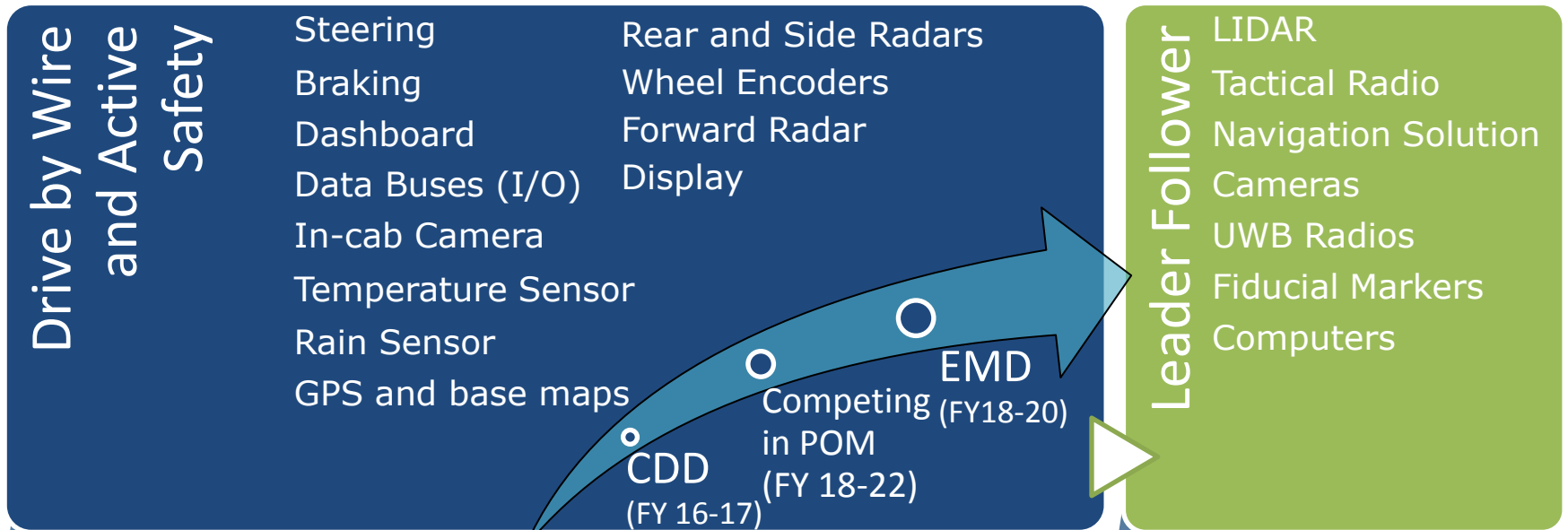
Emerging Requirements





PLS A1 Leader Follower

System Description: Appliqué System linking unmanned Follower PLSs to a soldier-operated Leader PLS vehicle for increased throughput and Soldier protection both on the road and off road. Calculates separation distances, provides status, and receives input from leader/followers.



Provides Leader Follower Unmanned Capability to the PLS A1 Vehicle



Leader Follower Risk Mitigation

- In managing the affordably risks associated with adding autonomous capabilities to large tactical wheeled vehicles, PM FP is actively pursuing several efforts:
 - Interoperability Profiles (IOP) V3 development for interface between automation kit & by-wire kit
 - Modeling & simulation through System Integration Labs (SILs) for use-case analyses
 - Automation engagement with test community
 - Software re-use strategic planning with TARDEC for Robotic Operating System for Military (ROS-M)

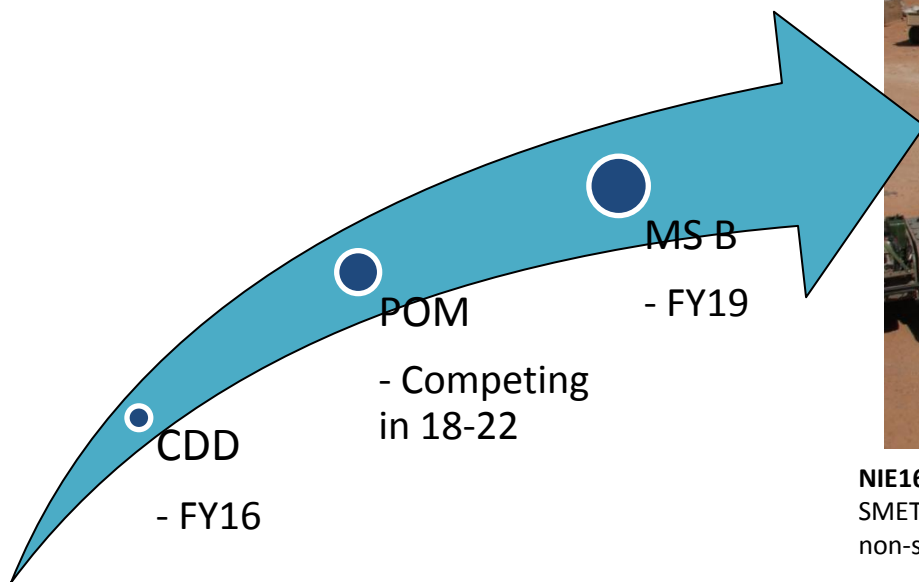


Squad-Maneuver Equipment Transport (S-MET)

System Description: The S-MET will lighten the Warfighter's load and sustain the force during operations. The S-MET will maneuver with the dismounted force and enable Warfighters to conduct operations carrying equipment required to conduct dismounted operations.

Potential Capabilities:

- Load Lightening
- 2-3 Sizes
- Resupply
- Tele-operate and Automation
- Adaptable to Squad Missions
- Extend Communications
- Reconnaissance
- Battlefield Sensors
- Squad Power Source



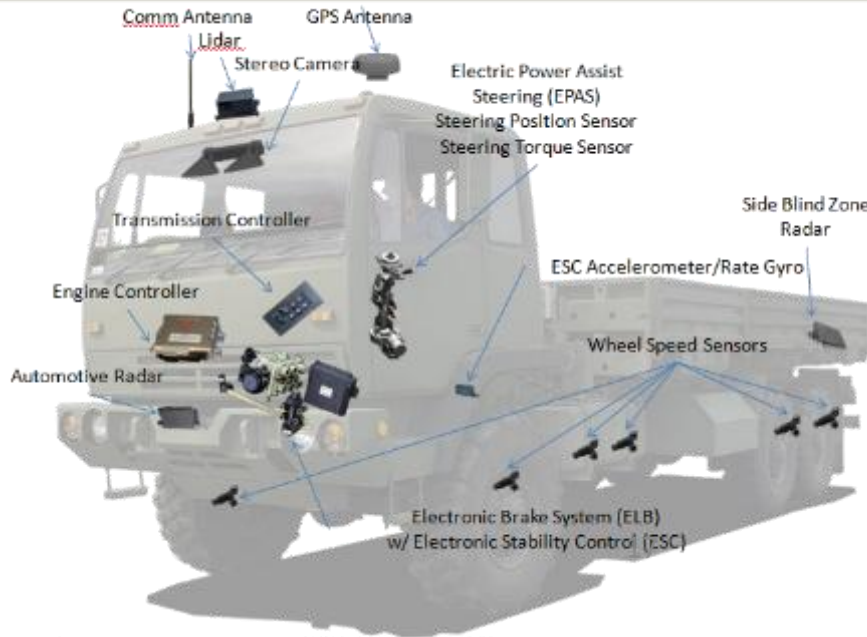
NIE16.1 OCT15

SMET Surrogates demonstrated reduced Soldier load, commo network extension, non-standard casualty evacuation, and battery charging capability



Automated Convoy Operations

(Future Program of Record)



Appliqué Kit



A-Kit
Universal Brain



B-Kit
Vehicle Specific
Connectors



C-Kit
Modular Sensors

Provides *optional* unmanned capability to *any* manned vehicle;
from driver assist to automated driving and navigation



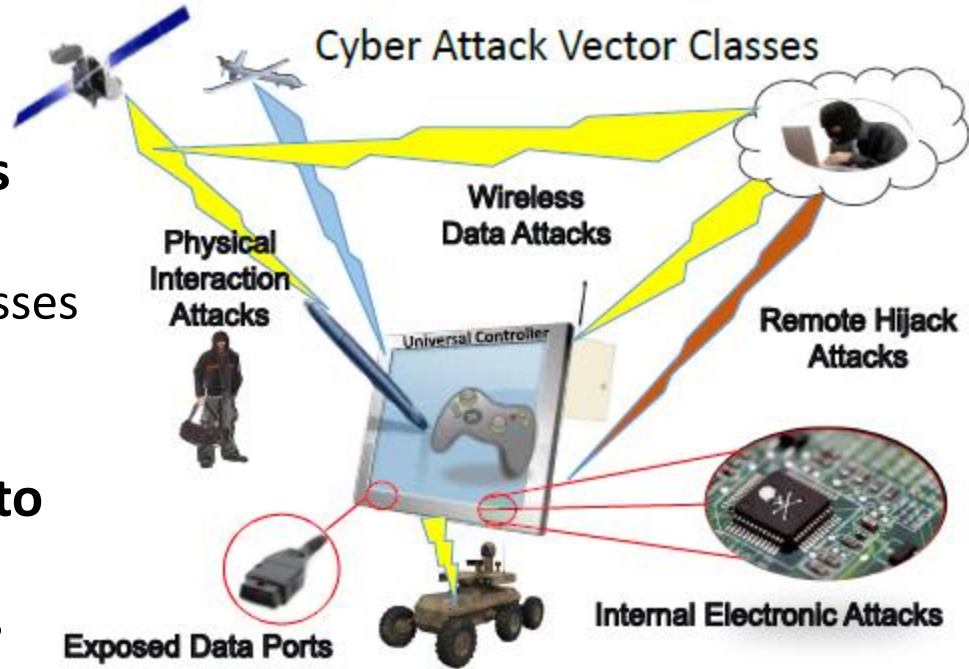
Robotics Challenges & Opportunities





Robotics Top Level Cybersecurity Strategy

- **Characterize Cyber Risk**
- **Evaluate Necessary Cyber Controls**
 - Wireless encryption
 - User authentication & login processes
 - Biometrics
 - Supply chain risk management
- **Develop Programmatic Approach to Cyber**
 - Cyber controls outlined in Systems Engineering Plan (SEP), Test & Evaluation Master Plan (TEMP), Program Protection Plan (PPP)
 - Envision cyber penetration testing during Developmental Testing (DT)
 - Envision periodic software updates/patches planned into sustainment



- Relevant Cyber Policies**
- DoDI 8510.01 – Risk Management Framework (RMF)
 - Committee on National Security Systems Instruction (CNSSI) 1253
 - Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 199
 - NIST SP 800-60, Volume I
 - DoDI 8500.01 (Cybersecurity), AR 25-2
 - Wireless Encryption: IAW FIPS 140-2 for FOUO, NSA certification for SECRET

Looking for Cybersecurity Insights from Industry in Current CRS-I RFI



Government/Industry Partnership

- PM FP is working with the National Advanced Mobility Consortium (NAMC) on the following initiatives:
 - Open architecture & reference implementations for Universal Controller software
 - Interoperability Profile (IOP) promulgation
 - Developing IOP Standardized Baseline Instantiations (SBIs)
 - Hosting IOP website
 - Supporting development of IOP V3



POCs

PM Force Projection (FP)

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Discussion

Program Description

- Tele-operated Robotic system designed to protect Soldiers as they clear a minefield through the use of stand off.
- Fulfills the light flail requirement in the area clearance family of systems
- Original Equipment Manufacturer: DOK-ING, Croatia



Recent Milestones

- ✓ June 2015: CREW Radio Retrofit Kits Contract let
- ✓ January 2016: Physical Configuration Audit

Near Term Milestones or Events

- March 2016: Install first CREW compatible radio kit
- April 2016: CSB
- March 2017: First Unit Equipped

Program Schedule, Budget and Status

Cost	➔	Congressional	█
Schedule	➔	T&E	█
Performance	➔	Interdependencies	█

Color indicates current condition, Direction indicates future assessment

Issues/Concerns

- None

➤ Obstacle Avoidance & Mapping (OA&M) Capability

(Currently available Light Detecting And Ranging OA&M Capability to the future MTRS Inc II platform.)

- ✓ 16.1-8: UxAutonomy Behaviors (AB) *
(Provides an IOP-compliant autonomous navigation capability in a small SWaP configuration.)



- ✓ 16.1-40: Top Layer-Underground 3D Mapping Capability Payload
(Compact operational imaging device capable of extracting depth and distance information and pairing it with a standard video of scenes for intuitive situational awareness in tunnel warfare.)

- ✓ 16.1-47: Underground Tactical Robotics Ground Team (UTRGT®)
(Provides tactical, squad level set of solutions to deal with the main challenges in the SubT environment: consists of 4 high mobility unmanned platforms, an underground repeater network, real time 3D mapping to enhance situational awareness and operational effectiveness in the subterranean environment.)



➤ Extending the Range of the Platform and Payload Capability

(Currently available radio range extenders such as repeaters and/or re-transmitters that will increase overall standoff and range of the platform with its payloads.)

- ✓ 16.1-3: Multiple Input Multiple Output (MIMO) Mesh Radio
(Provides enhanced range, throughput, and range in a variety of environments including tunnels and extreme non-line-of-sight.)



- ✓ 16.1-39: UGVs “Breadcrumbs” – Communications Restrictive/Underground Signal Relay Kit (CRUSR)
(Improves the capabilities of unmanned ground vehicles during subterranean operations.)



- ✓ 16.1-53: Tethered Mast Demonstration UAS
(Designed for the austere environment where high fidelity, persistent SA is required, but lack of infrastructure prevents use of existing, larger systems.)



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➤ Inform Remote Ordnance Neutralizer System (RONS) Replacement CDD



✓ 16.2-5 iRobot 710 Kobra Multi-Mission Platform
(Surpassing current large/RONS vehicles in mobility, lift capacity, transportability, runtime, and supportability, iRobot's powerful (550lbs) 710 Kobra platform is ready now to serve Army's EOD Technicians and the infantry as the next-generation robotic asset.)

✓ 16.2-10: Andros FX
(Andros FX is a heavy duty (850lbs), multi mission 850 pound unmanned ground vehicle designed primarily for Vehicle Borne IED defeat and military base support operations. It has a 9 DOF manipulator with high dexterity, including fly the gripper for reducing mission time and increasing user capabilities and heavy lift capabilities.)



✓ 16.2-7: iRobot uPoint Multi-Robot Control (MRC)
(iRobot developed the uPoint Multi-Robot Control (MRC) System to standardize the control of every robot within the iRobot family of systems to include the 110 FirstLook, 310 SUGV, 510 PackBot, and 710 Kobra.)



➤ Safe Warfighter Movement & Detection of Targets Capability

✓ 16.1-34: Offset Drop Zone Polaris MRZR
(The use of a MRZR Dismounted Soldier Autonomy Tools (DSAT) robotic kit will allow the Soldiers to drive the vehicle from the off-set drop zone to the objective and drop off all Soldiers – with the vehicle returning to the off-set drop zone robotically (unmanned).)



➤ Highly Dexterous Manipulation System

✓ 16.1-29: The Highly Dexterous Manipulation System (HDMS)
(The Highly Dexterous Manipulation System (HDMS) offers unprecedented, human-like manipulation capability, featuring two dexterous arms and a torso. Each arm has five axes of control. The two arms are connected by a torso which is able to pitch forward and back. The default end-effectors for HDMS are two two-finger hands that offer another axis of control each.)



➤ SMET Expeditionary Bridging Payload

(# and description of gap.)

✓ 16.1-35: SMET Expeditionary Bridging Payload
 Capability Enhancement: This demonstration will investigate the feasibility of an expedient, transportable bridge using lightweight hybrid inflatable structures designed to carry both vehicles and personnel. Inflatable structures have successfully been used for applications to include: temporary shelters, airplane wings, and pedestrian bridges.



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