

Session: 18268 JSSAP Science and Technology Advisory Council 2016 ARMAMENT SYSTEMS FORUM April 27, 2016



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Today's Agenda



- Purpose
- Mission of the JSSAP Organization JSTAC Intersection
- JSSAP Lean Six Sigma Update
- JSSAP Science and Technology Advisory Council
- The Joint Small Arms Technology Development Strategy (JSATDS)
 - Technical Challenges
 - The Strategy
- Key Takeaways





Shaping Our S&T

Approved JSSAP Lean Six Sigma **Business Process:**

JSSAP updated their LSS process to increase Stakeholder participation, accommodate multiple inputs from Service partners, and enable a dvnamic rebalancing mechanism to reflect current and future year fiscal uncertainty. This LSS process update has led to the formation of the JSTAC.



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2 year cycle

Technolo

DOTC

Acquisitio n Strategy

JSSAST

Inputs

Strateg

JSSAP

Review

PEO/PM

Coordinatio

Joint Service Small Arms Program Science and Technology Advisory Council (JSTAC) Update





JSTAC Approved for Execution on June 11, 2014 by the JSSAST

JSTAC Charter Mission Essential

<u>Tasks</u>

- 1. Establish a process for the timely exchange of Science & Technology information
- 2. Develop and maintain a Joint Service Small Arms Technology Development Strategy (JSATDS)
- 3. Maintain an awareness of the small arms Science & Technology portfolio
- 4. Maintain an awareness of both domestic and foreign technology and identify areas of possible exploitation
- 5. Recommend to the JSSAST prioritized plans, programs and strategies semi annually

JSTAC Participants

- 1. Army (ARCIC, ARDEC, ARL, ASA ALT, CERDEC, MCoE, PM MAS, PM SSL, PM SW, PEO Soldier, PEO Ammunition, RDECOM RFEC)
- 2. Navy (ONR, Navy Small Arms Programs, Naval Surface Warfare Center Crane)
- 3. Air Force (USAF HQ Security Forces Center)
- 4. Marines (PM MERS, PM IWS, S &T lead MARCORSYSCOM, USMC Capabilities Development Directorate)
- 5. Coast Guard (Specialized Capabilities CG-721)
- 6. SOCOM (SORDAC S&T, SOF AT&L, PEO-SW)
- 7. Other Agencies: DARPA, JNLWD



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Joint Small Arms Technology Development Strategy (JSATDS) -Synergistic S&T Investments - Small Arm Weapon Systems

DISTRIBU Permission



•	V6	(DIST	F) Br	iefed to	
	JS	SAST .	June	2015	

- V6 Used as the basis of POM 18-22 submission August 2015
- V6 Briefed to DASA –RT Oct 2015
- Briefed to NSRDEC Oct 2015
- V7 (DIST F) created with Lead/Shape/Watch justifications to support POM 18-22
- Distribution A v1 version created Jan 2016
- DIST A V1 Briefed to NATO W&S WG Feb 2016
- DIST A V1 submitted to DTIC – March 2016 accession number is AD1004913
- V8 to be created to support POM 19-23 June 2016

ARDEC	ONR	JNLWD	USMC	JSSAP	JSSAP	P/RDECOM
em Enablers	Control	cts	uman Perf.	ation & Demo		JSSA
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Foundational Strategies in BA 6.2 and 6.3 That Will Lead To Dominant Future Capabilities



Joint Small Arms Technology Technical Challenges



BA 6.2: Weapon Systems and Enablers	 <u>Weapon systems</u>, as a whole, must be designed as a system Most significant contributor to the weapon error budget is operator induced aim error Higher recoil energies Higher operating pressures and more muzzle energy often come with increased weapon signature and weight 				
BA 6.2 Ammunition	 Higher muzzle velocities and muzzle energies are needed for improvement in accuracy, range, and lethality Lack of knowledge regarding levels of noise, flash, IR signatures, and what levels these signatures result in detections Seeker navigation that allows the munition to adjust while in flight 				
BA 6.2 Optics & Fire Control	 Positive threat Identification at Range night/day Low SWaP-C sensors integrated across all of or parts of the visual, near-short-mid-long wavelength infrared (Vis-NIR-SWIR-MWIR-LWIR) range of frequencies Biometric sensors for Human Tagging, Marking, and Tracking 				
BA 6.2 Scalable Effects	 Desired operational impact with increased range – multi mission/ multi effects Miniaturization of Directed Energy Technologies for Small Arms Sensors and non-lethal weapons 				
BA 6.2 Training & Human Performance	 Cognitive Burden of S&T investments on the Soldier as a System Objective system to measure and analyze the performance of the soldier together with his/her weapon, equipment, ammunition, and training 				
BA 6.3 System Integration and Demonstration	 Integration of 6.2 key enablers onto applicable platforms, and demonstrate them in relevant environments as in integrated system 				
BA 6.2 Deep Future Plans	 Advanced Propulsion Electromagnetic Launch Battery Tech – High Density. Lightweight, Fast Charging 				
International Strategy	Avoiding Technological Surprise				

Joint Small Arms Technology Development Strategy (JSATDS) -Synergistic S&T Investments - Small Arm Weapon Systems



BA 6.2 S&T Investment Areas (Ranked 1-N) Weapon System/ Enablers 1. Accuracy / Controllability Image: Controllability 2. Advanced Weapon Operation Image: Controllability 3. Signature Reduction Image: Controllability 4. Maintenance and Reliability Image: Controllability 5. Enabling Weapon Technology Areas Image: Controllability 5. Deep Futures Image: Controllability

- 6. Remote Weapon Technologies
- 7. Deep Futures

Ammunition

- 1. Advanced Weapon Operation
- 2. Signature Reduction
- 3. Propulsion
- 4. GNC for defilade kill
- 5. Improved Projectiles
- 6. Reduced Range Training Ammo
- 7. Deep Futures

Optics & Fire Control

- 1. Optics Sensors, Imagers, & Displays
- 2. Deformable Visible Optics
- 3. Enhanced Ballistic Computer
- 4. Active Barrel Stabilization
- 5. Human Tagging, Marking, and Tracking
- 6. Wind and Environmental Sensing
- 7. Steerable Range Finding
- 8. Ballistic Trajectory Shaping and Off-path Lethality
- 9. Deep Futures









Training & Human Performance

Deep Future Plans

- 1. Advanced Propulsion
- 2. Electromagnetic Launch
- 3. Advanced Fire Control System
- 4. Future Studies
- 5. Increased S&T Exchanges w/ Research Labs , DARPA & Depart of Energy Labs
- 6. Dedicated 10% of 6.2 Investments

International Strategy

- 1. Create an additional 7 Project agreements with NATO Allies and Partners for Peace
- 2. NATO Leadership
- 3. Leverage RDECOM RFEC





Foundational Strategies in BA 6.2 and 6.3 That Will Lead To Dominant Future Capabilities





- 1.Integrated Fire Control 2.Weapons & Ammo for NGSAR
- 3.Ammunition
- 4.Lightweight Dismounted Machine Gun
- 5.Smart Munitions 6.Scalable
- 6.Scalable Effects
- 7.Squad Level Active Collaborating Knowledge (SLACK)

Final Thoughts



The JSATDS provides a great example of the Success of the JSSAP Organization and Stakeholders.

Key Takeaways:

- 1. JSSAP continues to fulfill its mission through a series of strategic engagements (JSSAST, JSSARI and JSTAC) with key stakeholders at multiple echelons at the service component level.
- 2. JSATDS section leads were provided from ARDEC, ARL, USMC, JSSAP, JNLWD, and ONR creating a Joint document from inception. This document serves as a partnership with shared accountability (creation and financial), with joint engagement, joint learning and decision making. The JSATDS supports the tenets of the chartered mission of the Joint Service Small Arms Program (JSSAP) office.
- 3. JSATDS summarizes by investment taxonomy and Army Budget Activity dollars, associated investments necessary to mitigate the JSSAST Top 50 Opportunity Areas, Supports Program Objective Memorandum FY18-22 submission to support the Dismounted Warfighter, portrayed through the lens of the Soldier Modernization Deep Dive.
- 4. The resultant POM 18-22 Strategy requires a significant increase in budget activity funds 6.2 & 6.3 to support near term product improvements and far term revolutionary investments in order to Maintain and Achieve Overmatch.

