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# Innovate or Integrate: Controlling Schedule Risk

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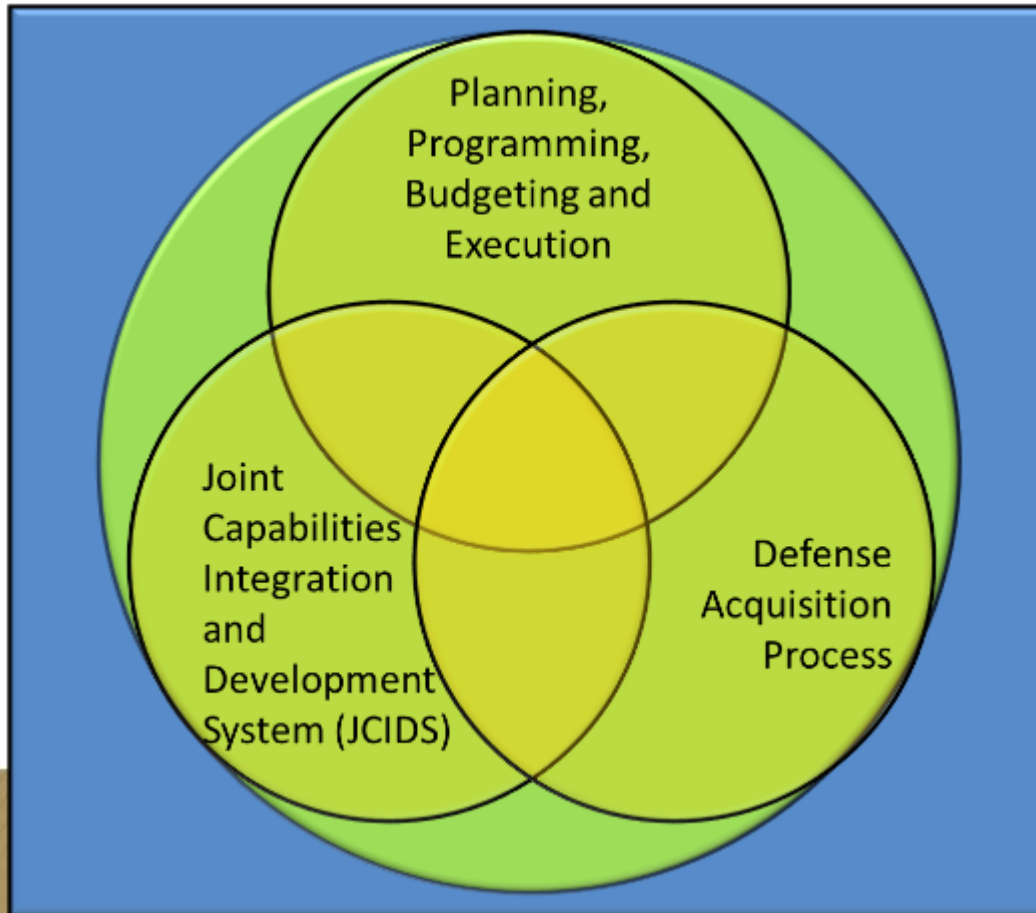
# Overview

- Thesis
- Review of DoD Acquisition Process
- Analyzing the process
- Thoughts on an alternate process
- Additional area for research

# Dissertation Thesis

Shorter, integration based acquisition programs provide a means to deliver capability with much lower schedule variance.

# The Defense Acquisition System



**DoD procures new systems through the interaction of these three primary processes**

# Joint Capabilities Integration and Development System (JCIDS)

Process goal is to identify, assess and prioritize capabilities needed to fulfill DoD missions

- “The Requirements Process”—Three key documents
  - Initial Capabilities Document: Documents need for a materiel solution and summarizes supporting analysis
  - Capabilities Development Document: Documents information to develop a program and ID performance attributes
  - Capability Production Document: Address the production elements of a single increment of an acquisition program

# Planning, Programming, Budgeting and Execution

Process goal: Develop the best mix of forces, equipment, manpower & support within budget

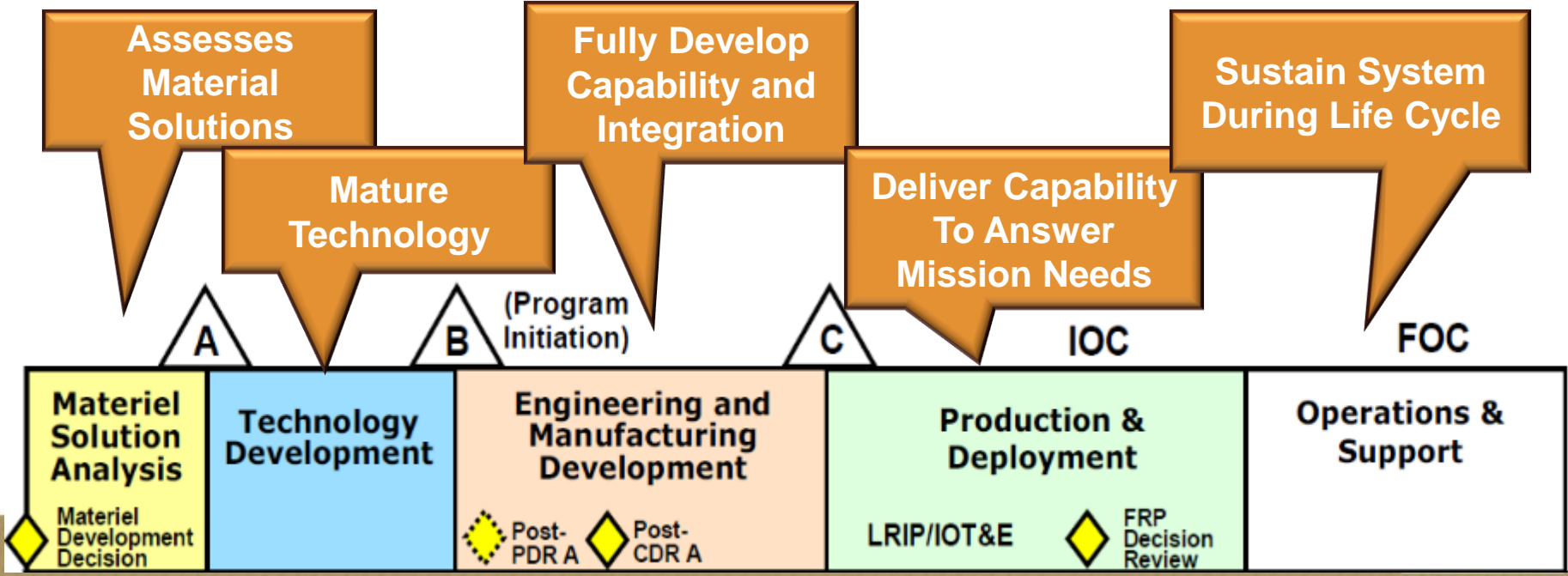
- Planning: Lays out “budget conscious” priorities for the services
- Programming: Detailed proposed budgets
- Budgeting: Detailed cost estimates and expenditures
- Execution: Reviews current effectiveness of budget, includes feedback mechanism for budget changes



# The Defense Acquisition System

Process Goal is to develop and deliver capabilities to answer requirements within PPBE fiscal constraints

- System development phases separated by milestone decisions





# Analyzing the Process

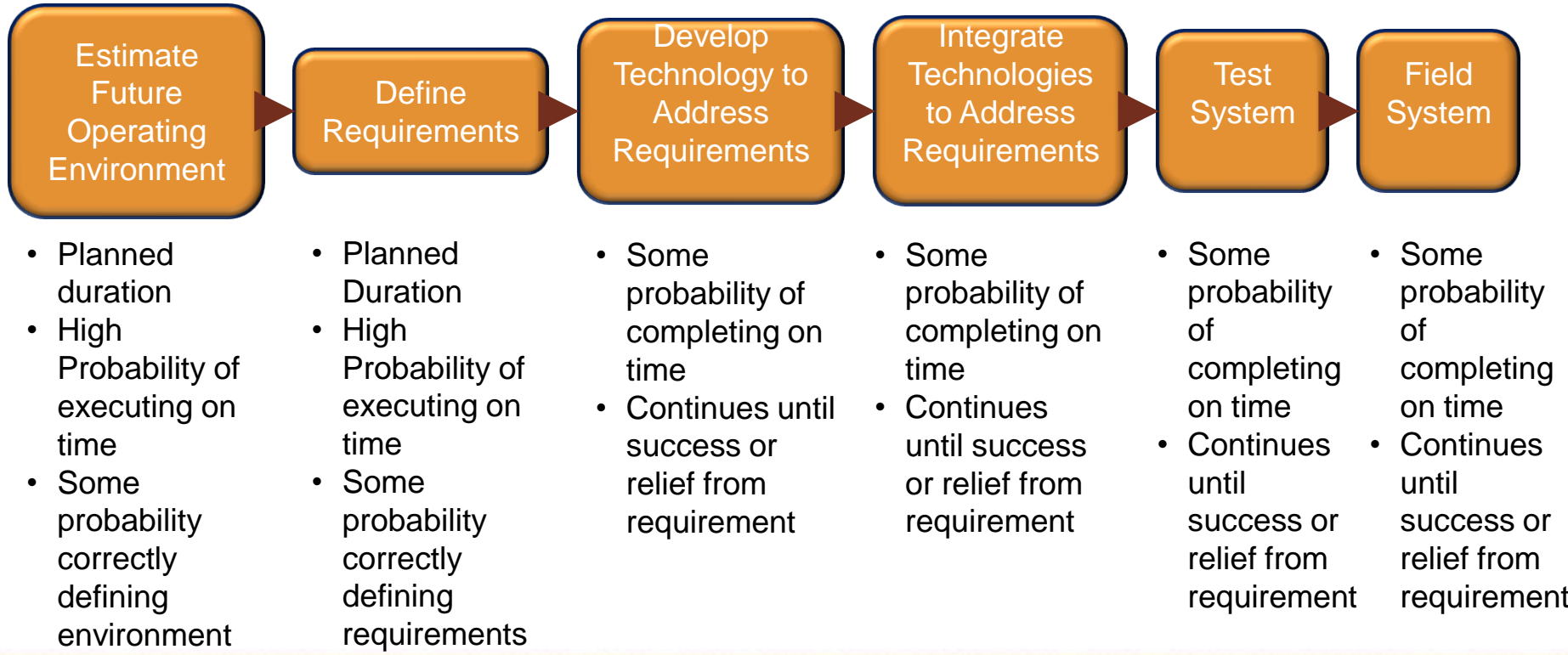
- Process is “Broken”--quote from HASC
- Used F-22 and F-35 Examples to Assess Risk Areas and Consider Mitigation
  - JCIDS: Incorrect problem/threat definition, incorrect requirements, unstable or changing requirements
  - PPBE: Funding uncertainty, extended timelines as a result of funding cuts
  - Defense Acquisition System: Program management, changing requirements and technology development risks
- Developing an assessment model of Systems Development process



# Complex System Acquisition - Conceptual Model

Program schedule and funding profiles built on planned duration

Composed of many events, each with some probability of success



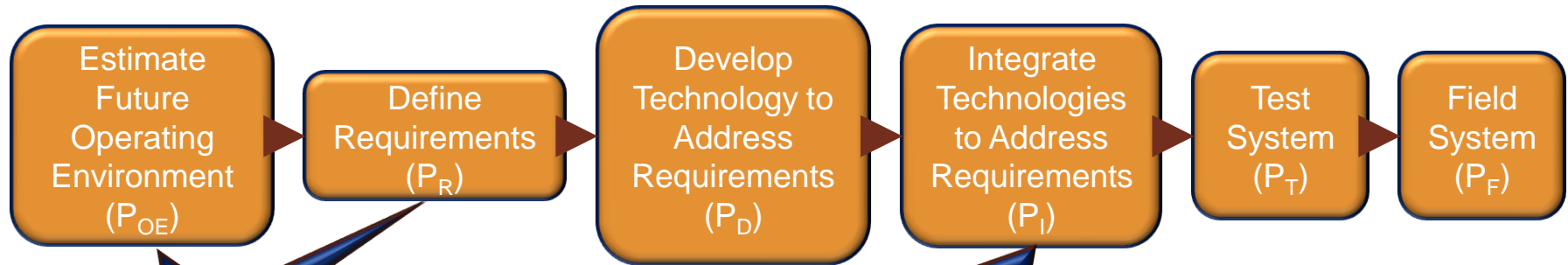
# Modeling Program Execution

## - Logistics Series System Reliability Model

Viewing the process as a serial system allows for application of the logistics series system reliability model

- Each event has some probability of success
- External influences

External impacts from funding cuts and requirements changes



Some events have a discrete time—event occurs and either fails or succeeds

Some events must continue until they have a success or decision is made to proceed without success—acceptance technology development or integration did not succeed

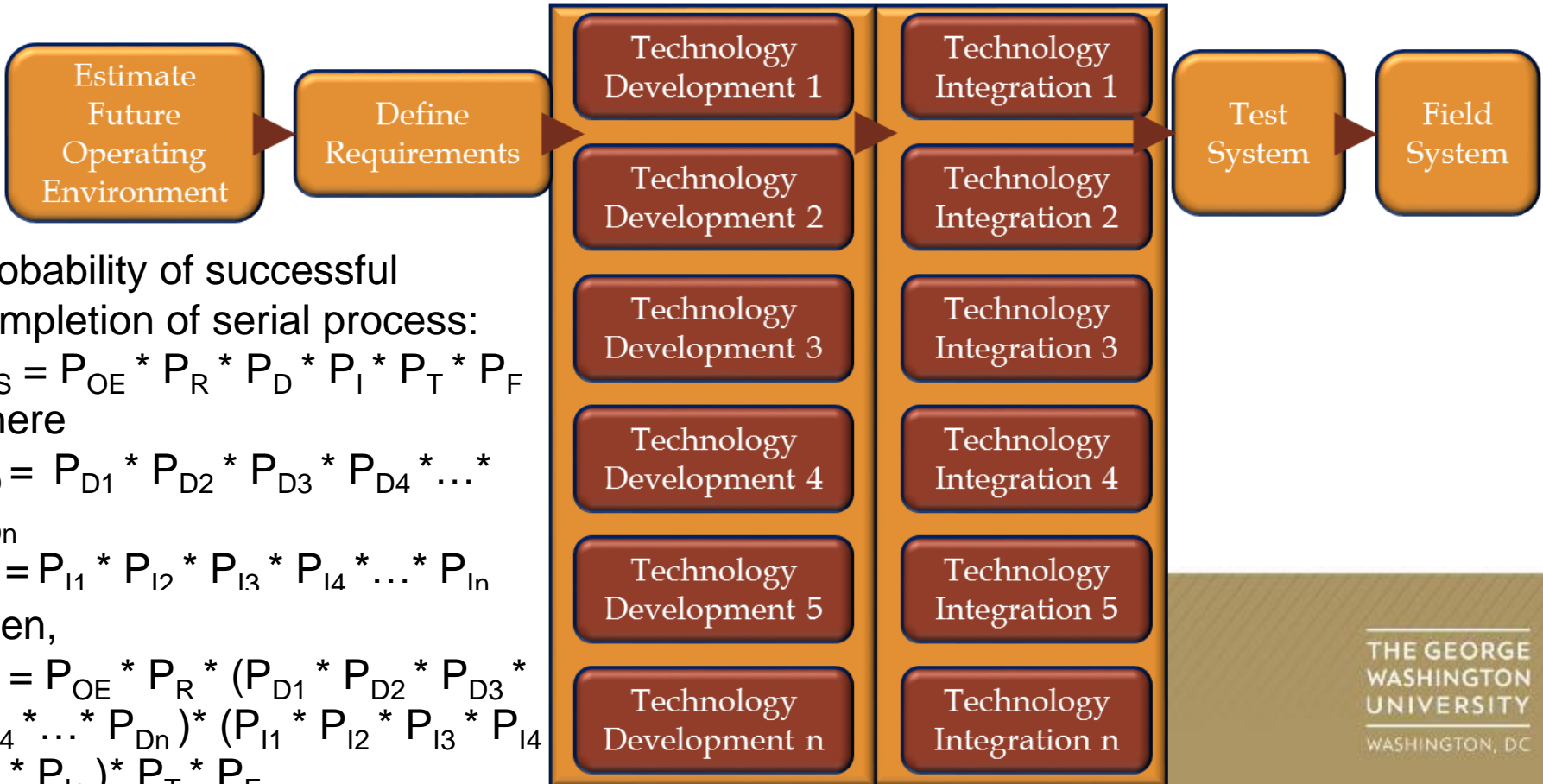
Probability of successful completion of the serial process

$$P_S = P_{OE} * P_R * P_D * P_I * P_T * P_F$$

# Impact of Number of Technology Development and Integration Events

Technology development and technology integration can be decomposed into multiple technology development efforts

- Occur at the same time
- Must be completed for success



Probability of successful completion of serial process:

$$P_S = P_{OE} * P_R * P_D * P_I * P_T * P_F$$

where

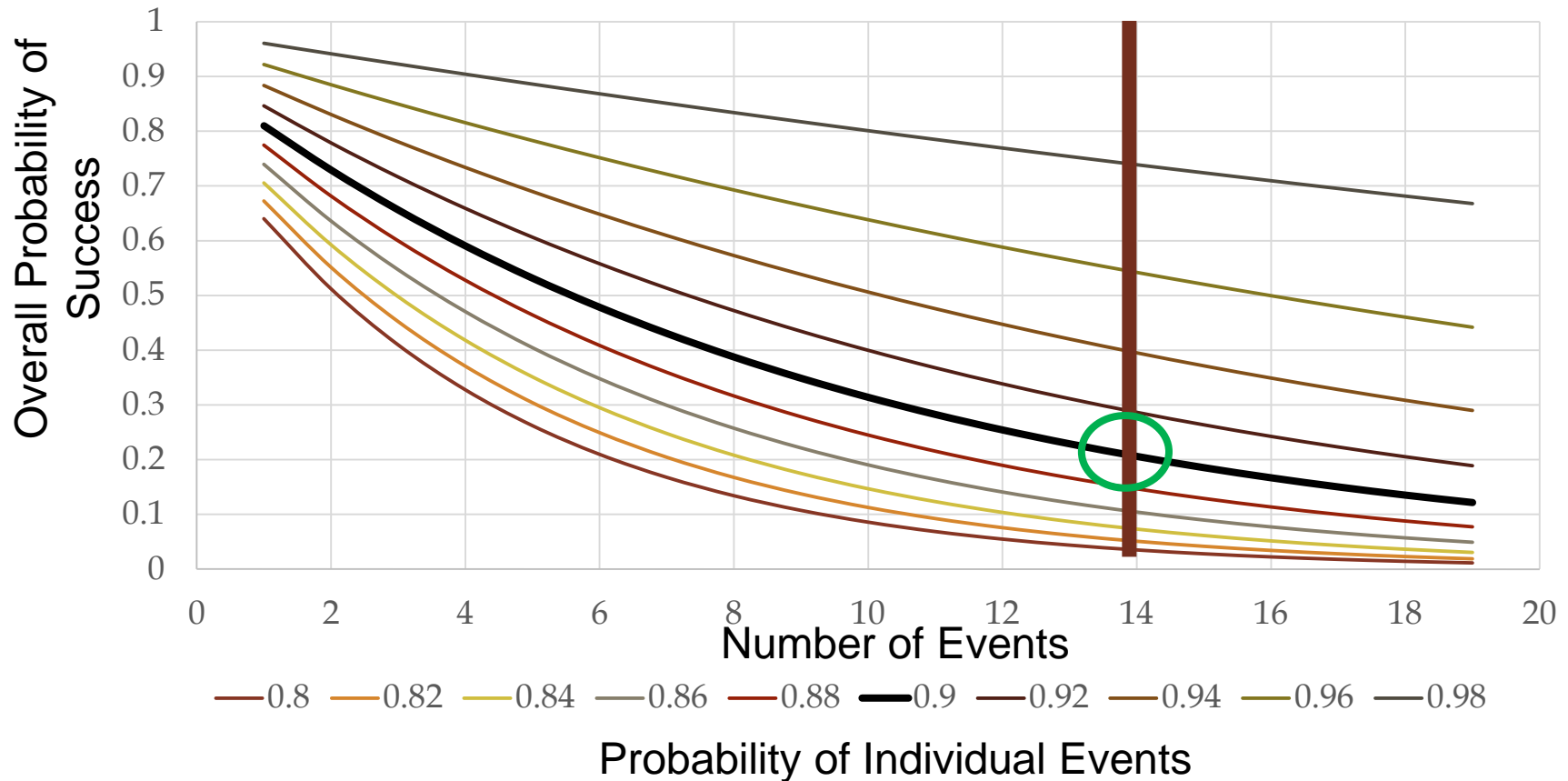
$$P_D = P_{D1} * P_{D2} * P_{D3} * P_{D4} * \dots * P_{Dn}$$

$$P_I = P_{I1} * P_{I2} * P_{I3} * P_{I4} * \dots * P_{In}$$

Then,

$$P_S = P_{OE} * P_R * (P_{D1} * P_{D2} * P_{D3} * P_{D4} * \dots * P_{Dn}) * (P_{I1} * P_{I2} * P_{I3} * P_{I4} * \dots * P_{In}) * P_T * P_F$$

# Simple Assessment: Impact of Number of Events v. Probability



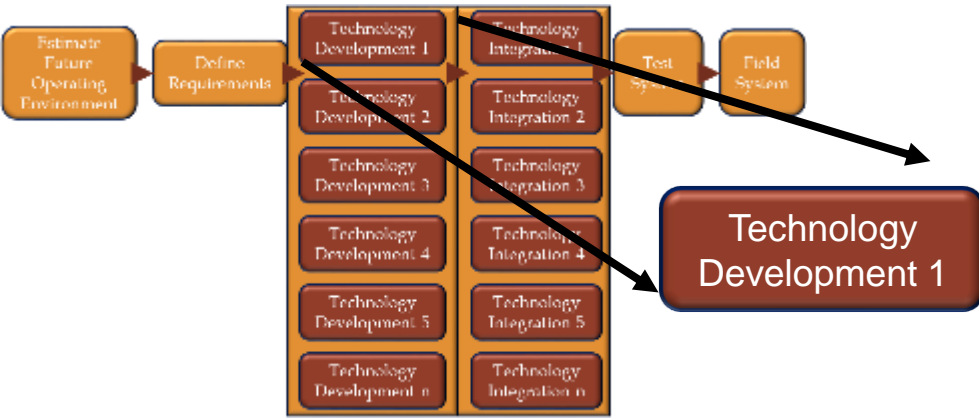
5 technology development and subsequent integration efforts :

- 14 total events.
- If each event has a probability of .9
- Probability of success is less than .23

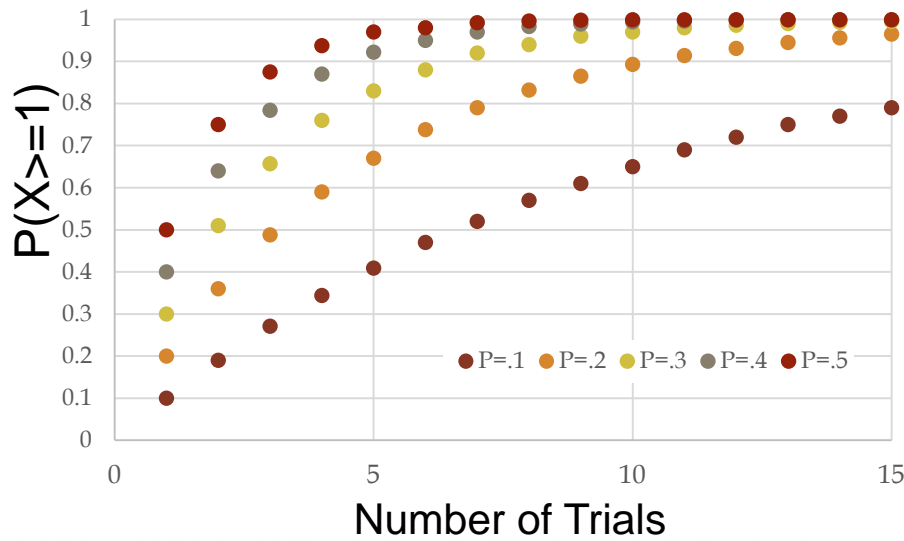
# Assessing the Impact of Technology Development and Integration

Each individual technology development and technology integration effort described with a Binomial Distribution

- Each year of development is a Bernoulli Trial, with some probability of success



Probability of at least one success in n trials:



Consider also funding impacts from budget cuts and changing requirements

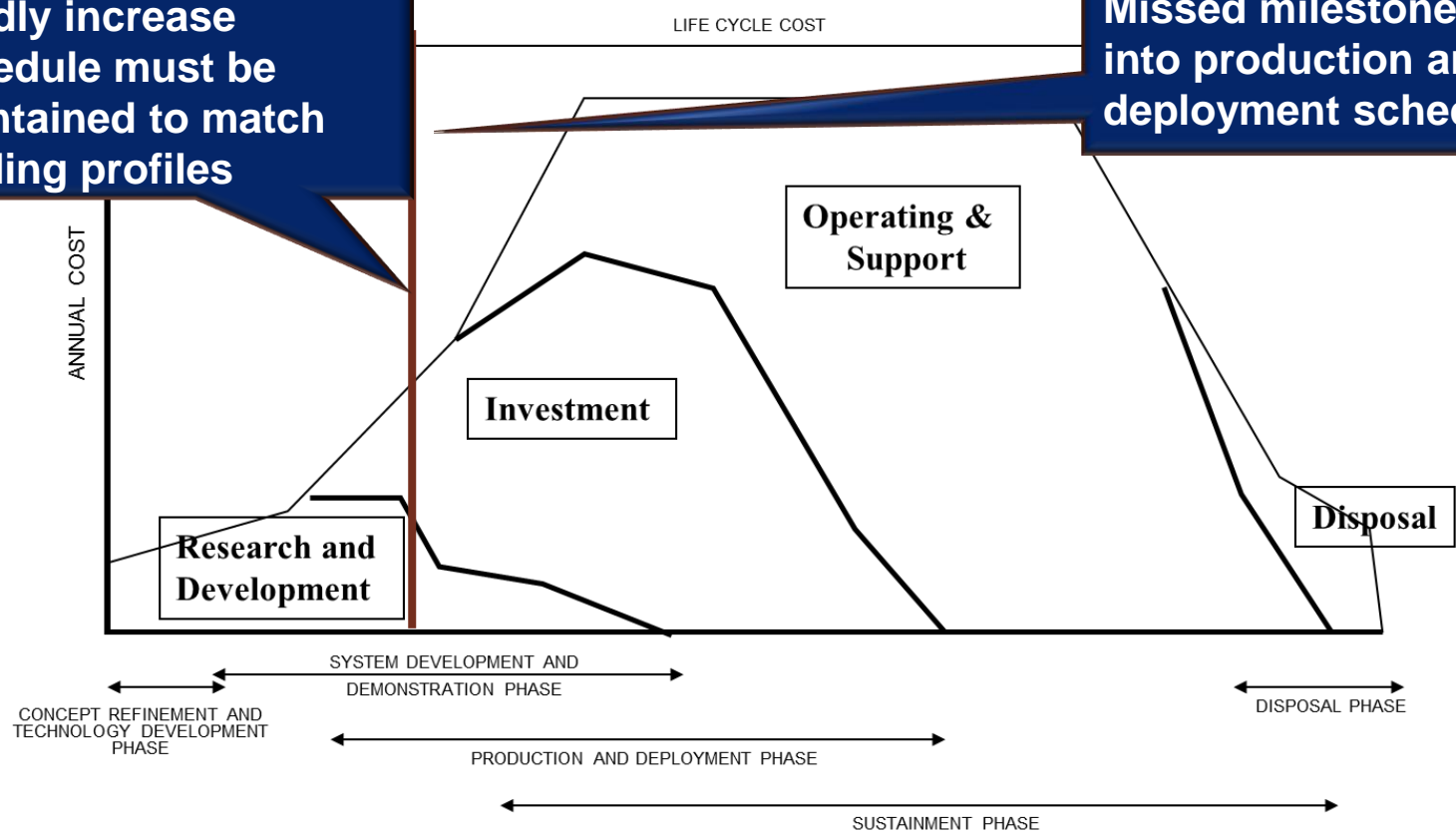
Initial modeling and research indicate this is the largest impact to schedule (and as a result-cost)

Calculation is one minus probability of zero 'successes' in n trials, calculated with excel, backed up by StatTrek

# Impact of Missed Schedule

Annual expenditures rapidly increase  
Schedule must be maintained to match funding profiles

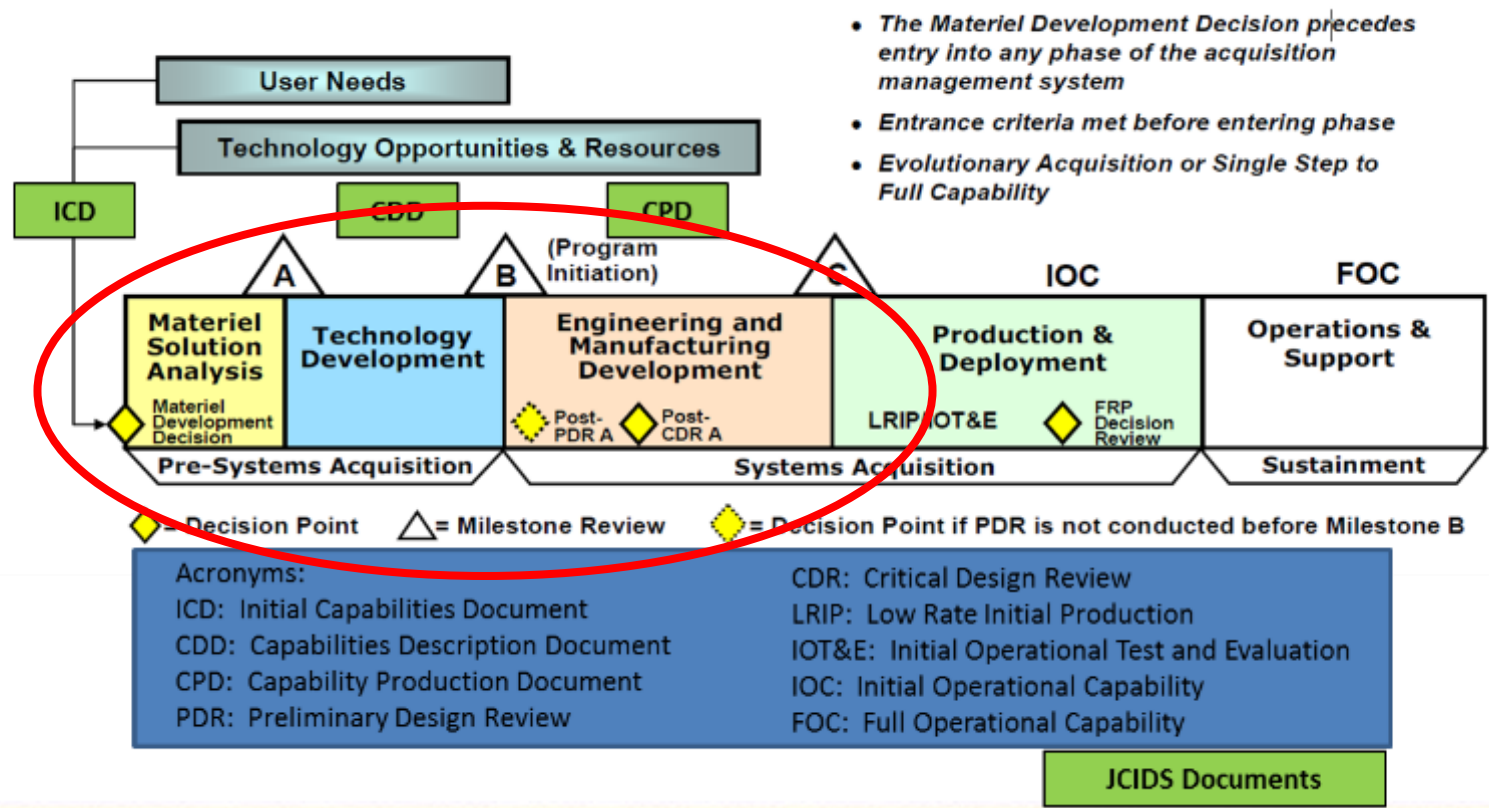
Missed milestones cascade into production and deployment schedules



Program Life-Cycle (Illustrative)

# Process Change Focus Areas

- PPBE changes beyond the scope
- Focused on interaction of JCIDS and the Defense Acquisition Process





# Revising DoD Acquisitions

## Integration focused

- Remove risk of technology development to separate process

  - Dedicated, directed technology development efforts

  - Program efforts receive mature technology

- Shorten acquisition timeline

  - Focus on nearer term threat definition

  - Limit process to integration of mature technologies

  - Feedback technology needs to technology development portfolio

## Parallel Development Efforts

- “Fallback” low risk system

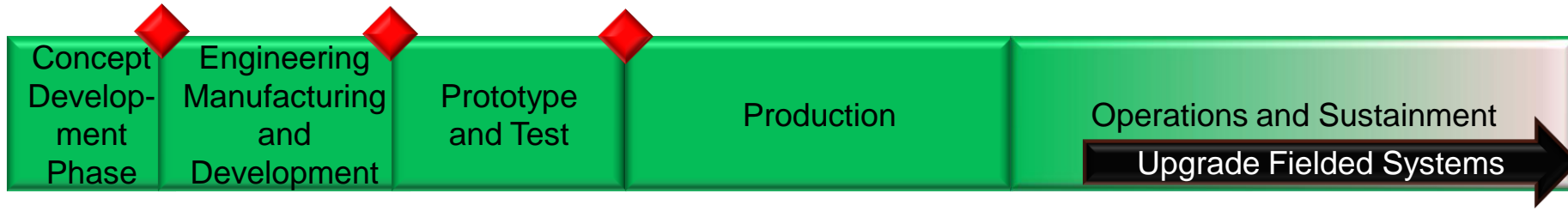
- Same form /fit

$$P_S = 1 - (1-P_A)*(1-P_B)$$

  - if  $P_A = .9$  and  $P_B = .6$ , then  $P_S = .96$

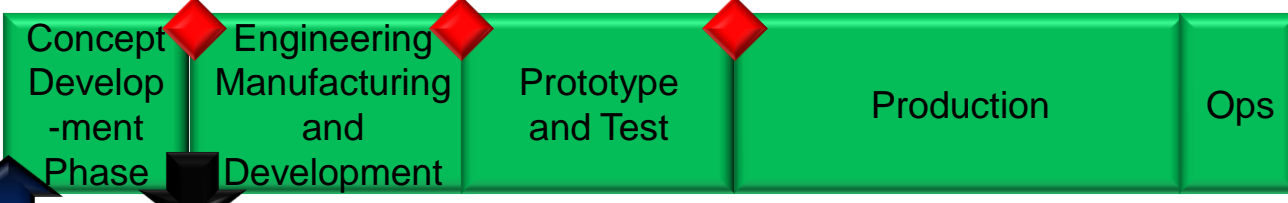
# An Alternate Approach To Acquisition: Integration

Increment 1



Yr 1 Yr 2 Yr 3 Yr 4 Yr 5 Yr 6 Yr 7 Yr 8 Yr 9 Yr 10 Yr 11 Yr 12 Yr 13 Yr 14 Yr 15 Yr 16 Yr 17 Yr 18 Yr 19 Yr 20

Increment 2



Technology Readiness Assessments Team

System Development Decision Points

Follow-on System Increments

# Conclusion

Technology development introduces tremendous uncertainty to program

- Research indicates development risk frequently carries over into EMD
- Multiple developmental efforts appear to contribute to high probability of failing to meet schedule objectives.
- Program isolated technology development provides means to remove risk
- Integration focus offers means to accelerate development

Additional work needs to be done

- Develop probability curves for technology development
- Correlation with TRL? IRL? SRL?
- Role of professional judgement in predicting likelihood of development success
- Complete modeling of current process and alternate process(es)
- Quantify risk difference between short term threat definitions and long term threat definitions
- Is there an impact on quality of requirements
- Do short term acquisitions have a shorter shelf life?
  - If so, is the cost exchange viable?

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# Thanks!

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