A Physics-Based Distributed Collaborative Design Process for Engineered Resilient Systems

2016 NDIA 19th Annual Systems Engineering Conference 24-27 Oct



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Multidisciplinary Sciences & Technology Center

Vision

Revolutionary aerospace vehicles through innovative multidisciplinary science & technologies

Mission

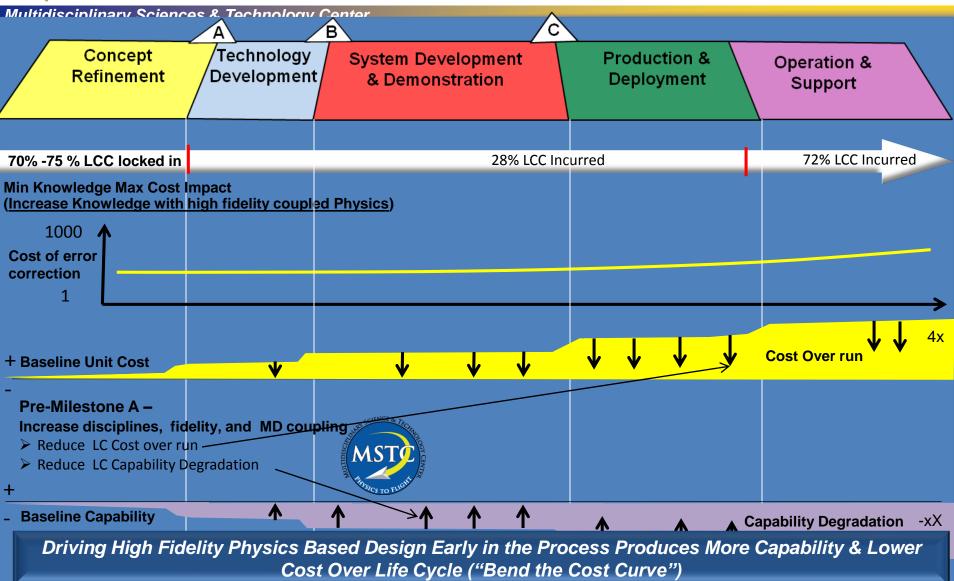
<u>Discover, assess, and exploit</u> coupled system behavior for <u>optimization</u> of revolutionary aerospace vehicles



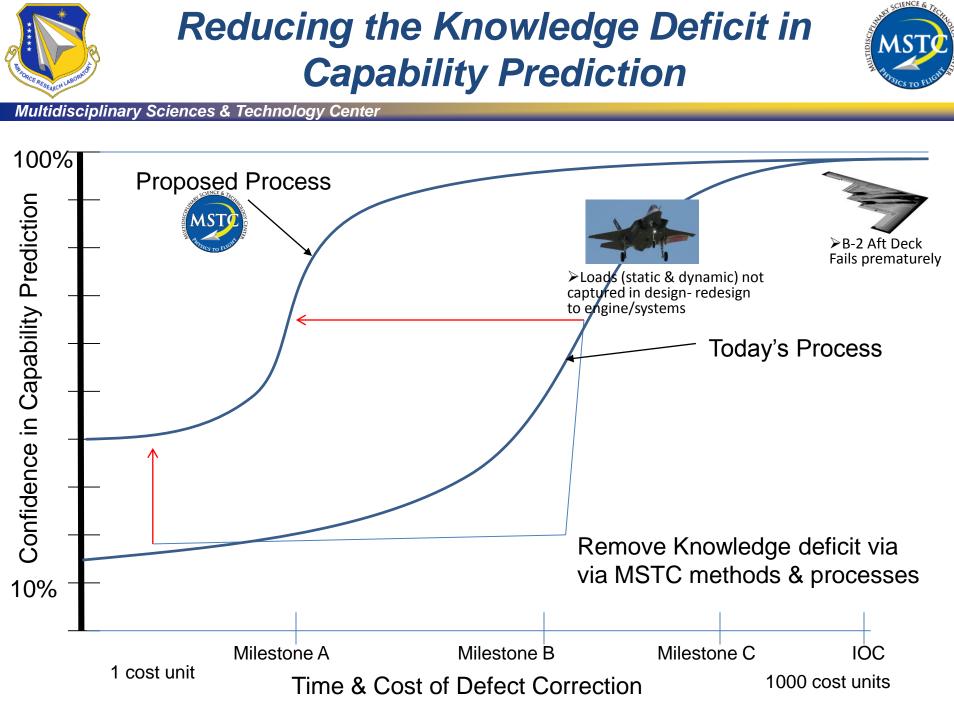


Cost & Capability versus Life Cycle





*Extracted from Pre-Milestone A and Early-Phase Systems Engineering: A Retrospective Review and Benefits for Future Air Force Acquisition 2008 *Extracted from Pre-Milestone A and Early-Phase Systems Engineering: A Retrospective Review and Benefits for Future Air Force Acquisition 2008 Approved for public release: case # 88ABW-2016-5255 CLEARED on 20 Oct 2016



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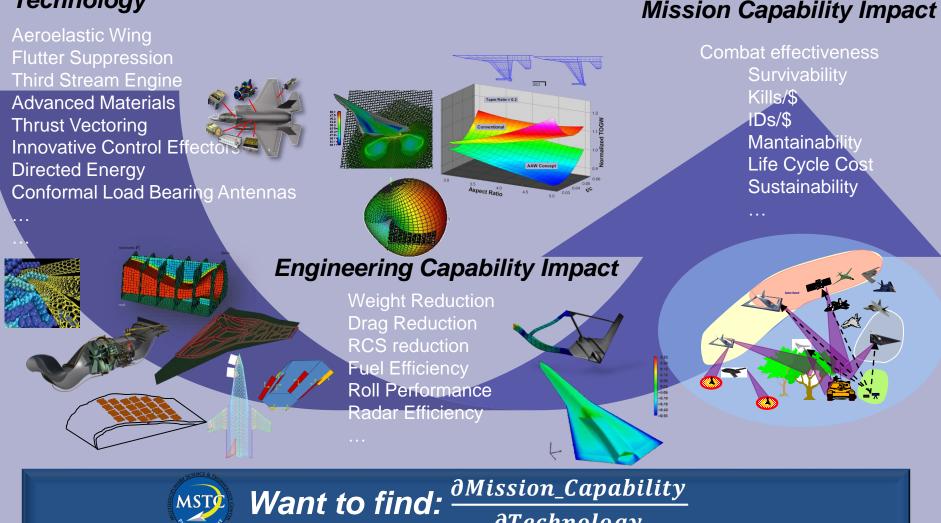


Develop & Trace Technology to Mission Level Capability Impact Based on Physics



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Technology



∂*Technology*



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Regressions of historical Data Computational or testing on actual configuration L/D_{max} B-52 20 Civil DCA jets 18 Subsonio B747 Military DC-10 16 Retractabl Gulfstrea • A6 prop aircraft 14 C-130 F106 F86D 12 Fixed-gear prop aircraft Skyhawk Versus 10 Cher F-4 F-104 O J-3 8 Have Bhu 6 F-100 4 Jets at Mach 1.15 (poor correlation) 2 1.0 1.2 1.4 2.0 22 Wetted aspect ratio = b2/Swet = A/(Swet/Sref) Raymer $W_{wing} = (k_{tech \ factor}) * 0.0103 K_{dw} K_{vs} (W_{dg} N_z)^{0.5} S_w^{0.622}$ * $A^{0.785}(t/c)_{root}^{-.04}(1+\lambda)^{0.05}(\cos \lambda)^{-1}S_{cov}^{0.04}$ Historical data insufficient for designing new/innovative configurations and assessing new technologies





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Discover, Develop, Demonstrate and Deliver :

- Multidisciplinary technologies
- And the physics based design processes and methods that allow industry designers to incorporate those technologies into their next generation designs/modifications



Develop processes, physics based methods, and <u>designs</u> for the purpose of AF technology discovery, development, demonstration, & delivery



Con Ops & System Spec

Mission Effectiveness

Stability & Control

Add Disciplines, Couplings, & Fidelity - Early

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Structuros







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Scientific Impact

Past



Exploiting the **synergism** of mutually interacting phenomena to **produce a capability that cannot be obtained otherwise**



Multi-disciplinary Science is an *enabler* for the development of the next generation air and space vehicles

Acquisition Impact

Reduce discovery of late defects due to un-modeled physics



Failure to account for multi-disciplinary effects have and continue to cost billions of dollars to correct or place operating limits on the systems

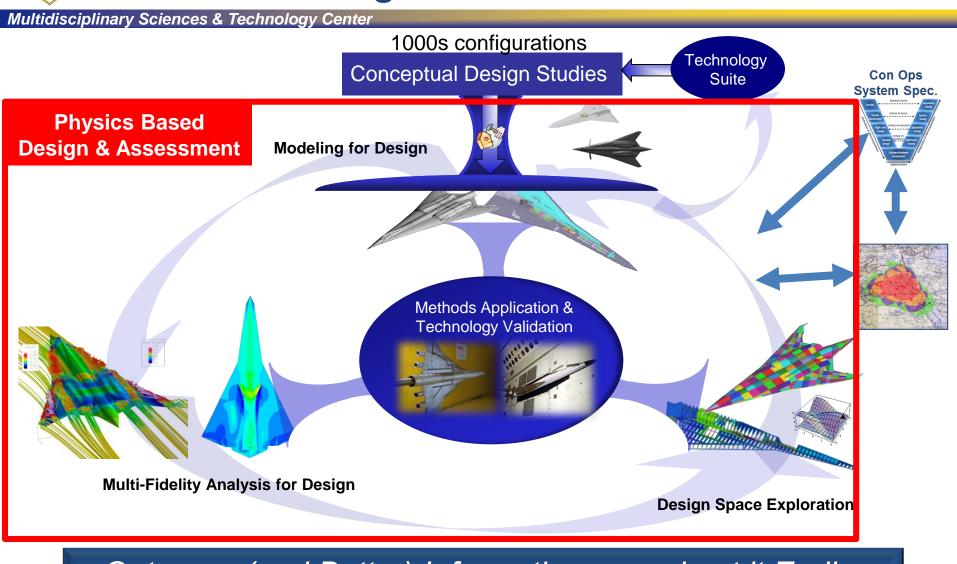
(80 out of 120 late defects due to inadequate loads prediction) Identification of Critical Flight Loads Contract #F33615-95-D-3214 D.O. 0007

It is essential to determine <u>early on</u> the pertinent interactions between coupled engineering disciplines



How to Capture the Physics Driving the Design Pre-Milestone A

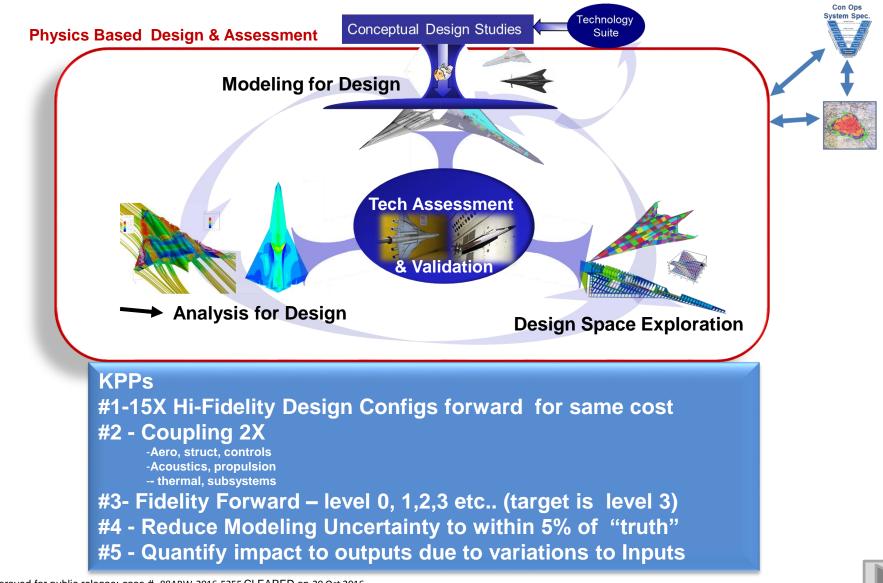




Get more (and Better) Information ... and get it Earlier

MSTC Process & MDAO Methods KPPs





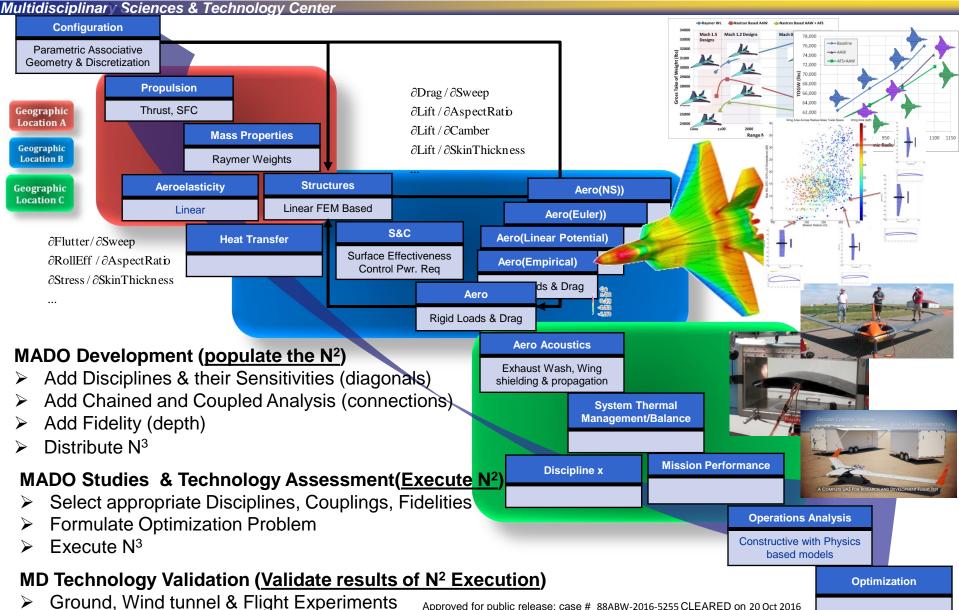


MADO N³ Diagram

(aka design structure matrix, dependency structure matrix, spider diagram)



MSTC Develops, Executes & Validates







AFRL Air Vehicles Directorate Multidisciplinary Sciences & Technology Center

- # of components/applications/Services 100's to 1000's (no single application, no single machine)
- Run times of services secs to many days

Data

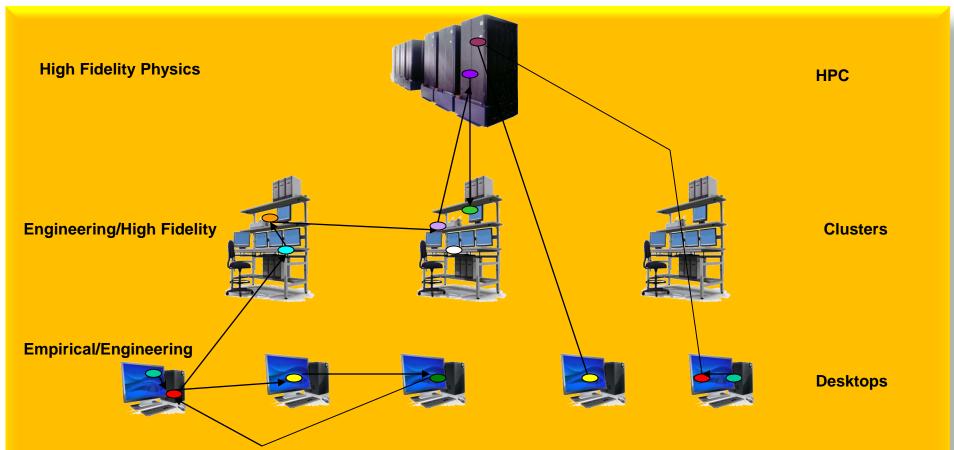
- kilobytes to terabytes
- 🔸 ascii, binary, databases
- Distributed (across organizational boundaries) heterogeneous computing environment
 - Hand held devices to HPC resources
 - Seamless access to data and services
 - Process representation with secure communications



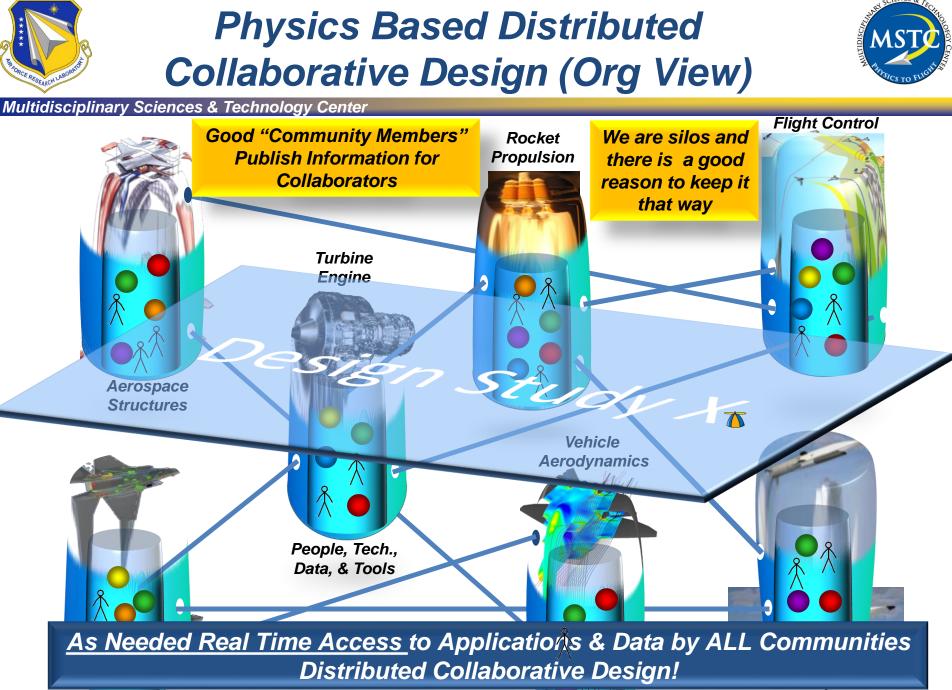
Physics Based Distributed Collaborative Design (Compute Resource View)



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Seamless Access to All Methods, Models, Data, and Compute Resources Across the Network



Power Approved for public release: case # 88ABW-2016-5255 CLEARED on 20 Oct 2016

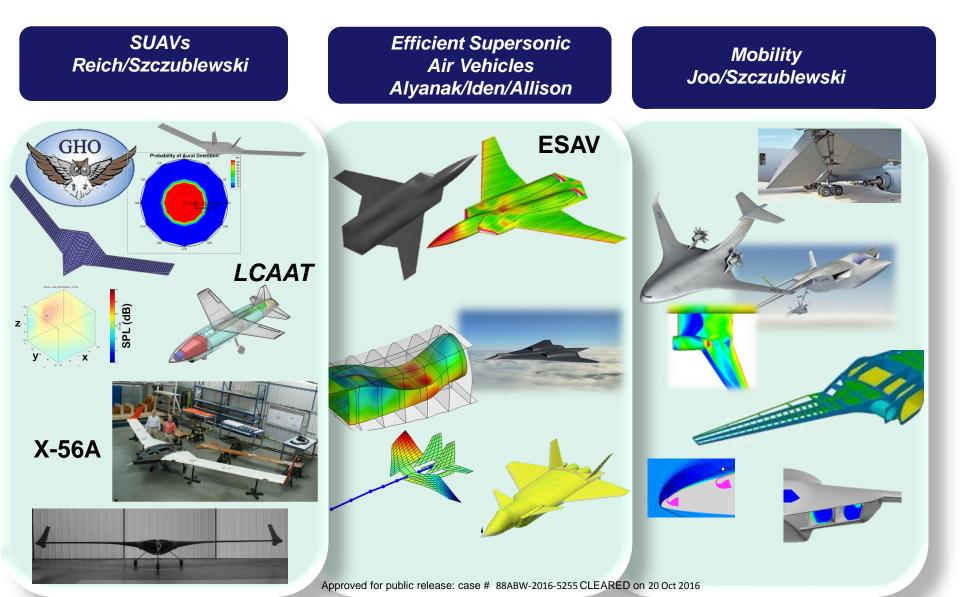


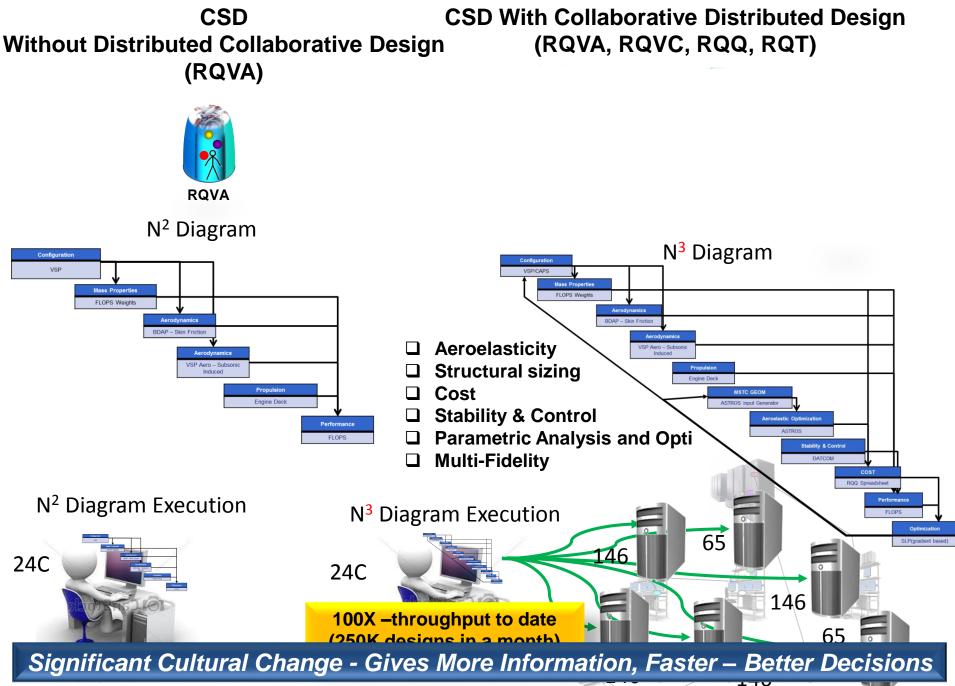
Propulsion



MSTC Focus Applications & Products





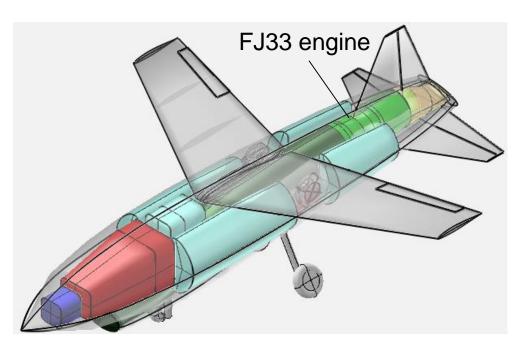


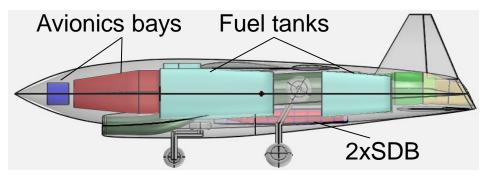


Baseline SUAV Design



\$2.65M
21'
15'
30 deg
3335 lb
1301 lb
500 lb
1534 lb
3220 NM
M0.62
M0.86
6 G



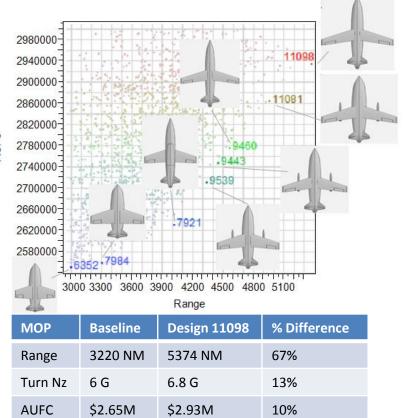


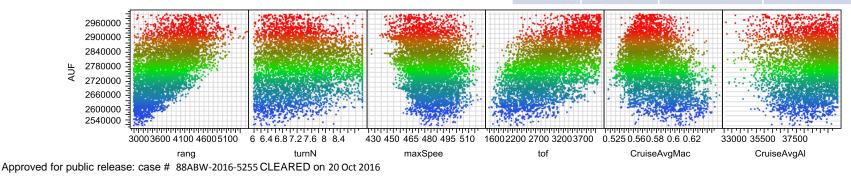


Cost and Performance Trades



- Cost trades against range performance, but decreases with improved up-and-away performance
 - Discrete engine means smaller size / lower cost = better up-and-away performance
- 5794/24000 configurations satisfy all constraints (for this DoE)
 - Range > 3000 NM
 - + Turn Nz > 6
 - Climb Rate > 5000 fpm
 - Max Speed > 425 knots
 - TOFL < 4000 ft</p>
- Cost vs range shows a front of best range designs for a given cost



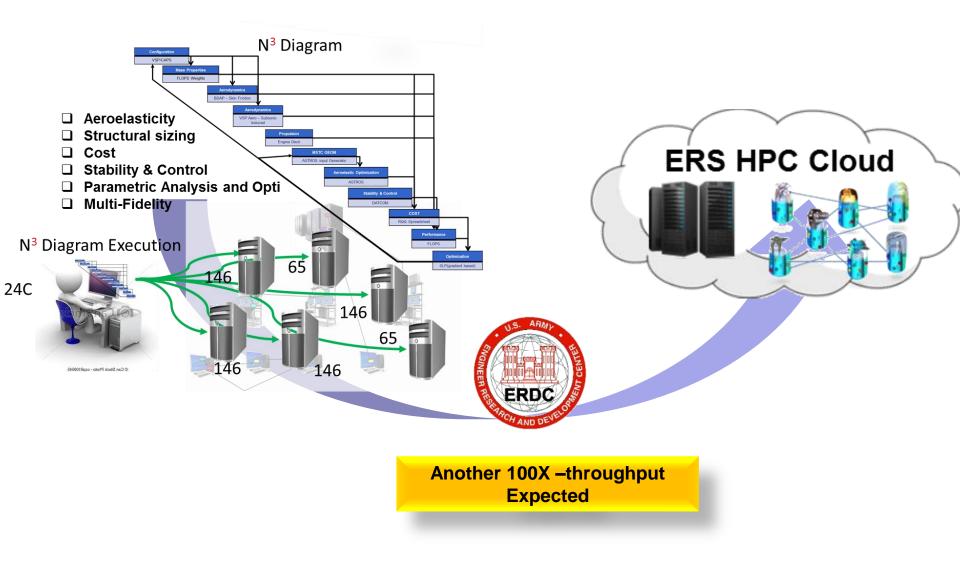




CSD ERS-ERDC Collaboration

SCIENCE & T

MST





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Historical data & traditional conceptual design processes are insufficient for designing new/innovative configurations and assessing new technologies

- **Enables** AFRL technology developers to have a quantifiable, physics based and traceable trail of the impact of their technologies on system effectiveness - lethality, survivability, sustainability, affordability etc...
- Creates info. with less uncertainty for making decisions for system capabilities, technology assessment, and technology risk reduction
- Essential for reduction of late Defects due to physics











