

# A PRACTICAL FRAMEWORK FOR **EFFECTIVE REQUIREMENTS MANAGEMENT** THROUGHOUT THE LIFE-CYCLE

### NATIONAL DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL ASSOCIATION [NDIA]

19th Annual Systems Engineering Conference – Track 2 Systems Engineering Effectiveness [Session 18916] Springfield, VA – October 26, 2016

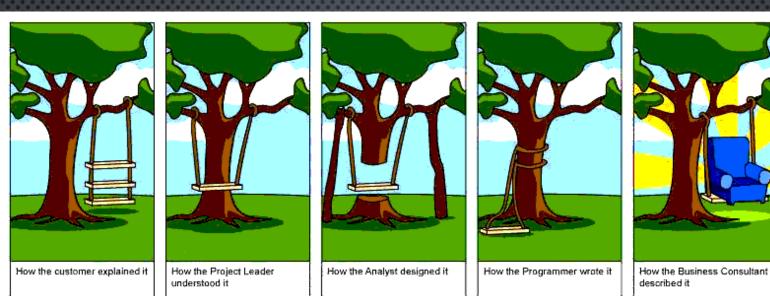
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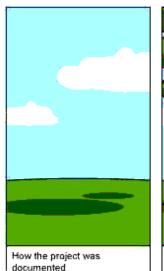
### AGENDA

> Problem Statement Poor Project Performance > Offered Solution Improving Requirements Management Effectiveness using Communication Management Principles > Practical Example Safety & Security Stakeholder Requirements Summary & Conclusions

### PROBLEM STATEMENT POOR PROJECT PERFORMANCE





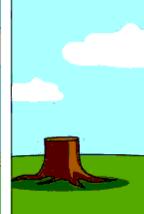




What operations installed



How the customer was billed



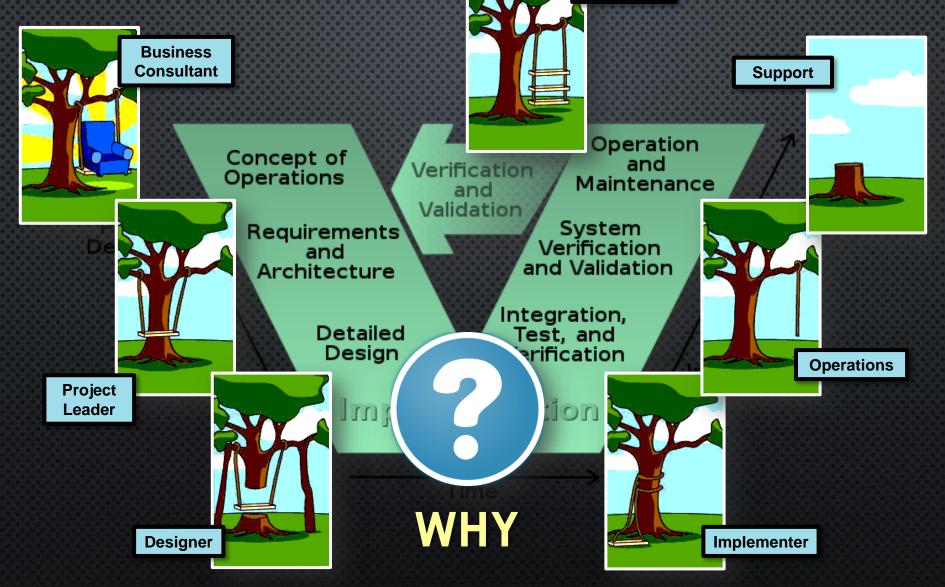
How it was supported



What the customer really needed

### **PROBLEM STATEMENT** APPLICATION TO LIFE CYCLE



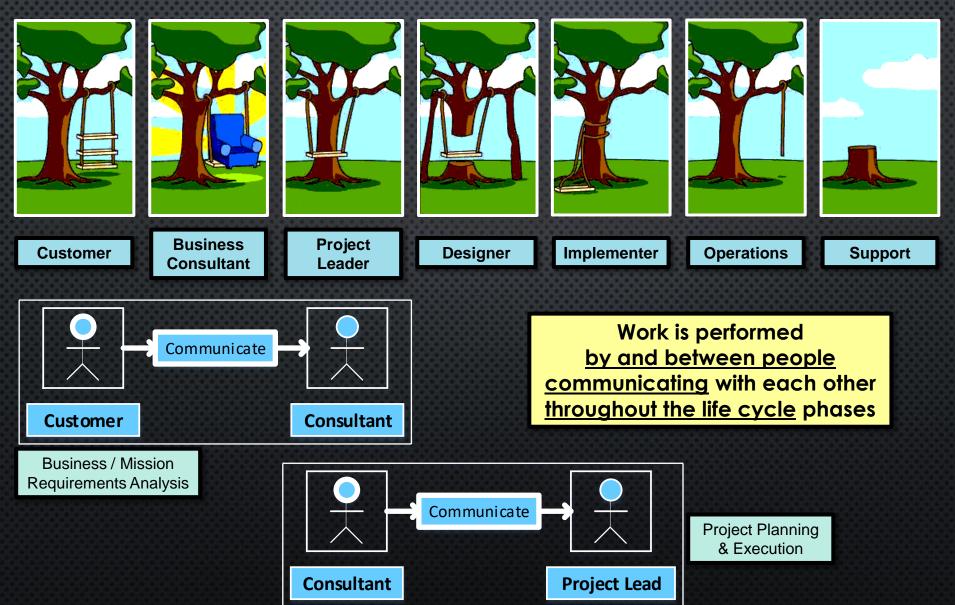


Customer

Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/V-Model#/media/File:Systems Engineering Process II.svg

### PROBLEM STATEMENT PROJECTS ARE DONE BY PEOPLE





### **PROBLEM STATEMENT** IMPORTANCE OF EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION



PULSE OF THE PROFESSION IN-DEPTH REPORT

#### THE HIGH COST OF LOW PERFORMANCE: THE ESSENTIAL ROLE OF COMMUNICATIONS

PMI's

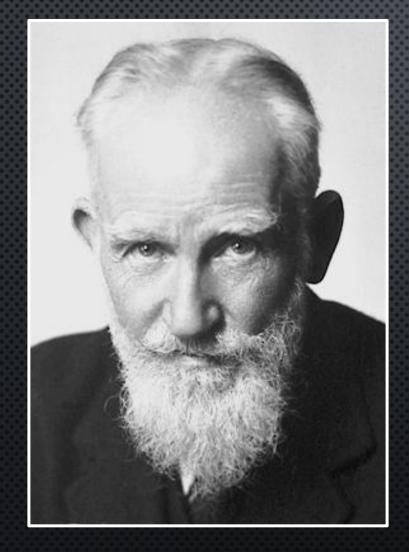


"... the most crucial success factor in project management is effective communications to all stakeholders"



### PROBLEM STATEMENT COMMUNICATION ILLUSION





"The single biggest problem in communication is the illusion that it has taken place"

- George Bernard Shaw

# PROGRESS

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### OFFERED SOLUTION EFFECTIVE REQUIREMENTS MANAGEMENT

### **Requirements management**

Requirements management is the process of documenting, analyzing, tracing, prioritizing and agreeing on requirements and then controlling change and communicating to relevant stakeholders. It is a continuous process throughout a project. A requirement is a capability to which a project outcome (product or service) should conform.

Requirements management - Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Requirements\_management

See more about Requirements management 🗸

Increase Requirements Management Effectiveness by using Communication Management Principles Business / Mission Requirements

> Stakeholder Requirements

> System Requirements

System Element Requirements

Basis for Design & Implementation

Basis for Verification & Validation



### **OFFERED SOLUTION CRITICAL SUCCESS FACTORS FOR PROJECT MANAGERS**

Agree on the project goals. Make sure there is agreement with management, project sponsors, and other 1. stakeholders on the purpose and goals of the project. What problem will the project solve? What is the desired end result? What need will the project fill? Goals should be specific and measurable. Clear measurable goals will help define the project scope.

Responsibilities 2. Develop clearly defined plans with assigned responsibilities and accountabilities. Developing a plan is & Accountabilities just entering the tasks into a software application like Microsoft project. All the deliverables need to be defin with the necessary tasks to produce them and any associated risks. Responsibilities should be assigned to the tasks and deliverables with appropriate due dates and accountabilities. The planning process should also include risk management activities and communication requirements. Developing the project schedule is only a part of the planning process.

Manage the project scope effectively. The project scope is defined in the goal setting, and planning stage Project Scope 3. project. It would be nice if the scope never changed, but the real world says that scopes change. The project manager must always be on the alert for changes to the scope and effectively manage those changes. Are the changes really necessary for project success or just nice to haves? What affect will the changes have on the budget and the schedule? Has everyone agreed that the change must be done? How are the changes tracked? Managing the scope is one of the more challenging parts of managing projects.

Effective Cultivate constant effective communications. Determine the communication channels needed to inform 4. Communication relevant stakeholders of the progress of the project. Management and project sponsors may want regular statu or only the highlights and the exceptions. Suppliers, clients and/or customers may need statements of work, contracts, and progress reviews. The project team will need task assignments and regular briefings. The frequency and types of communication for each channel should be defined and managed. Incorporate this communication plan into the project

plan and

5. Mal

Goals, Scope, and Allocations are all part of Requirements Management use of poor communications.

ar project goa

#### North Carolina **State University**

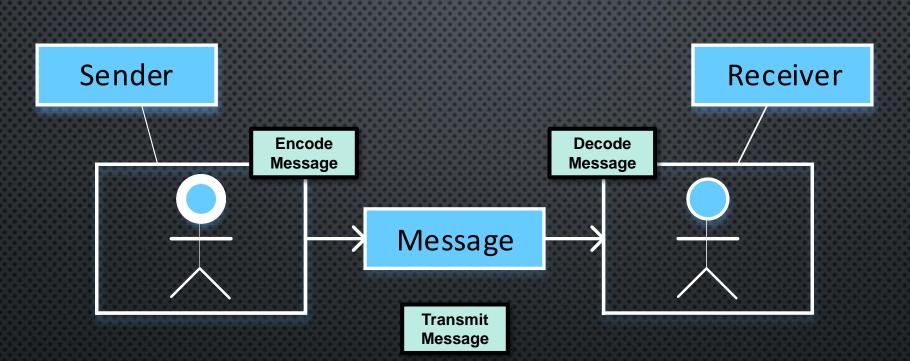
Source: https://www.ies.nc su.edu/bloa/fivecritical-successfactors-for-project-<u>managers/</u>

#### business, or solve a pressing problem. agree that the project is important,

### **Project Goals**

### OFFERED SOLUTION PRINCIPLES OF COMMUNICATION





Sender is responsible that the Receiver understands the Message

### **OFFERED SOLUTION** GOOD PRESENTATION (COMMUNICATION) SKILLS

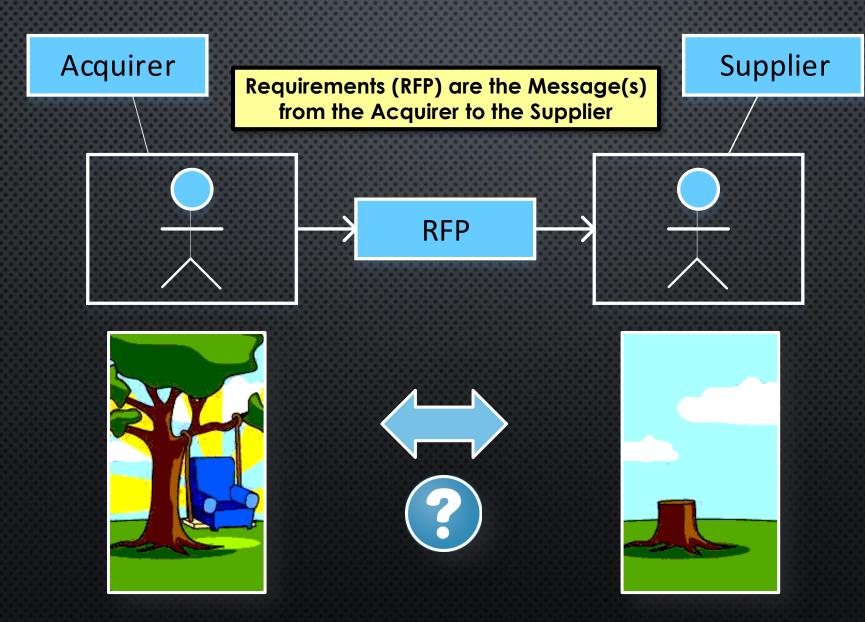


# It is all about YOUR Audience

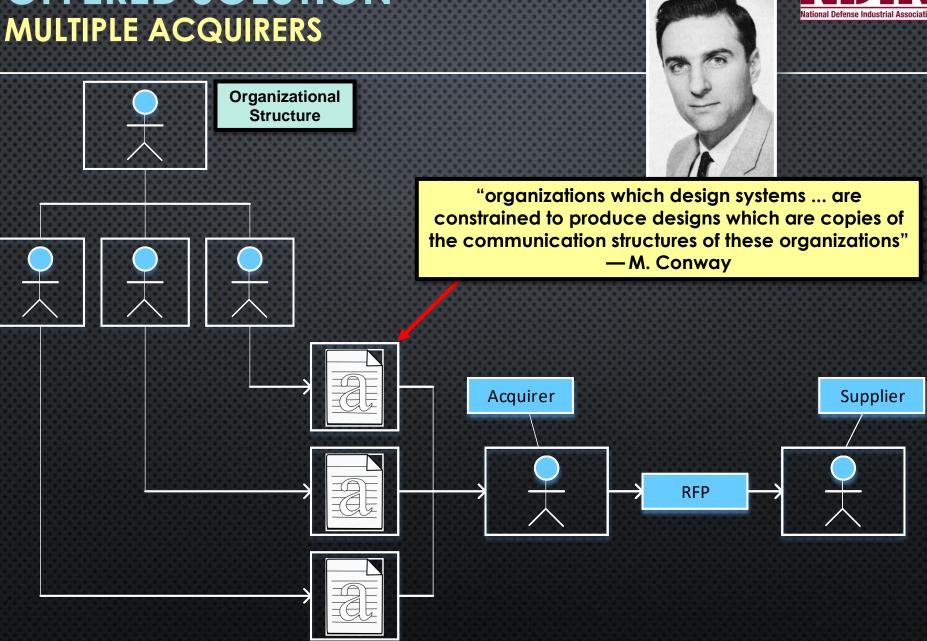
As the Sender, tailor YOUR Message to Your Audience (Receiver)

### OFFERED SOLUTION APPLICATION TO DoD ACQUISITIONS



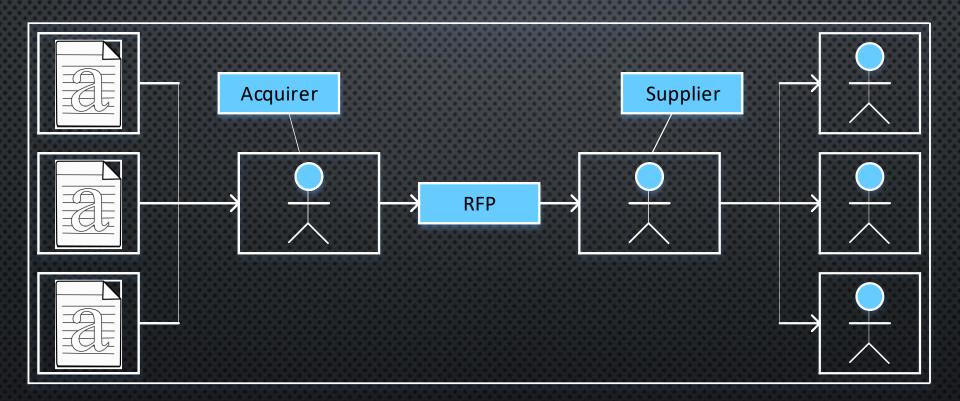


# **OFFERED SOLUTION**



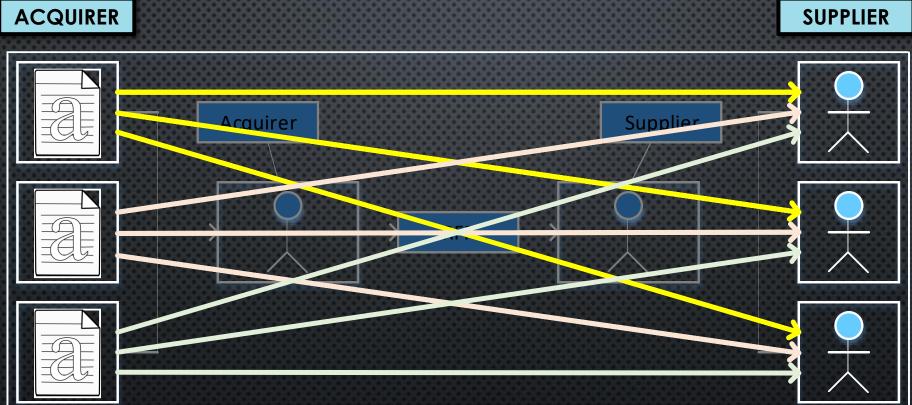
### OFFERED SOLUTION MULTIPLE RECEIVERS





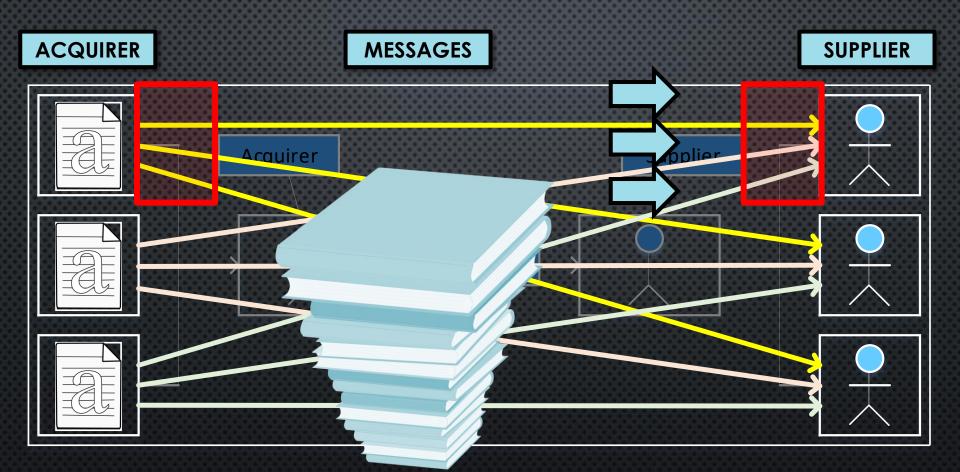
### **OFFERED SOLUTION MULTIPLE ACQUIRER MESSAGES**





### OFFERED SOLUTION ENCODING VS. DECODING EFFORT

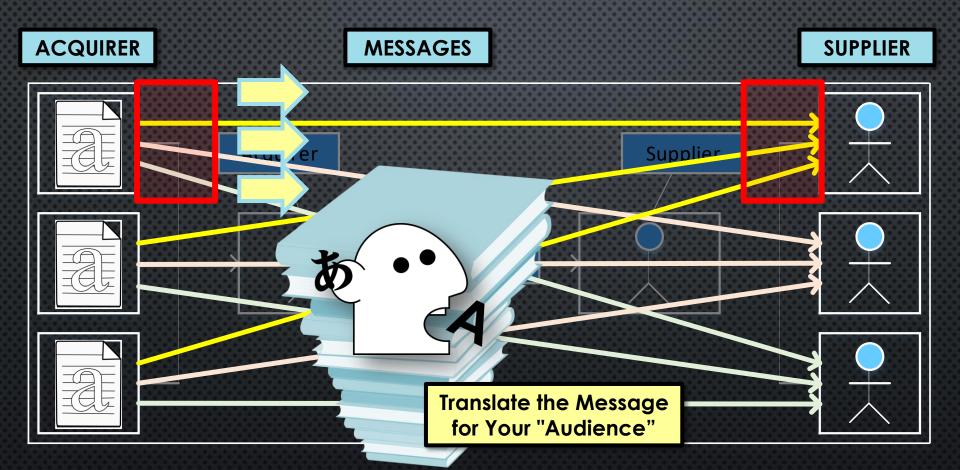




Low Effort to Encode the Message High Effort to Decode the Message - <u>What does this mean to ME</u>?

### OFFERED SOLUTION ENCODING VS. DECODING EFFORT (CONT'D)





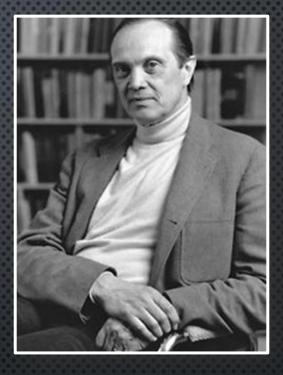
High(er) Effort to Encode the Message – <u>What does this mean to YOU</u>? Low(er) Effort to Decode the Message

### OFFERED SOLUTION GOOD COMMUNICATION PRINCIPLES



> Define What

- Expected Outcome / Deliverables
- > Define Who
  - Allocate Responsibility / Accountability
- > Define When
  - Specify the Due Date / Milestone
- > Define How (if desired)
  - Define Activities, Constraints, etc.
- Structure It
  - Groups Requirements by Receiver
  - Consider the Magical Number  $7 \pm 2$



"The Magical Number Seven, Plus or Minus Two: Some Limits on Our Capacity for Processing Information"

- George A. Miller

### OFFERED SOLUTION CAPACITY LIMITS FOR PROCESSING INFORMATION



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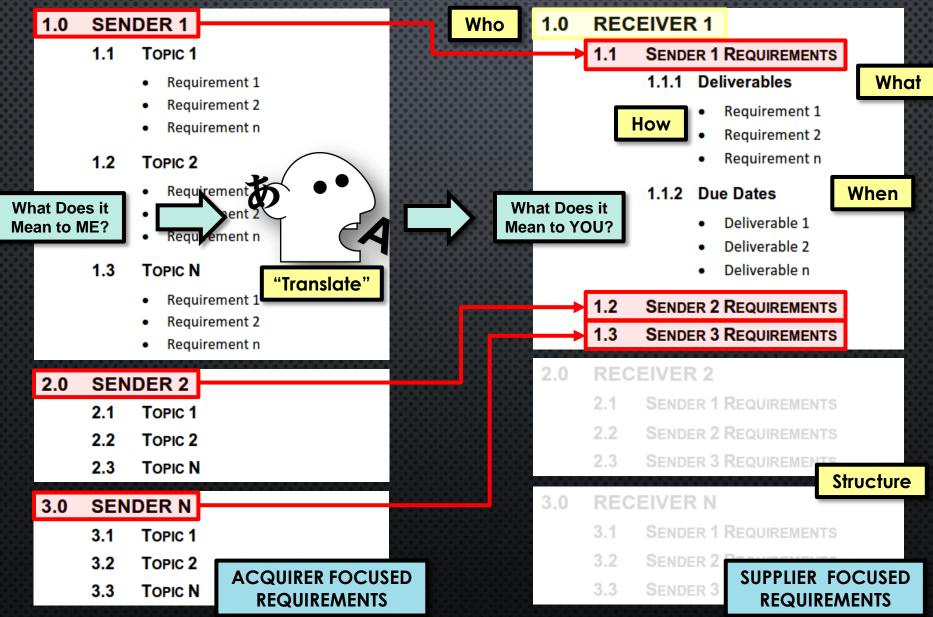
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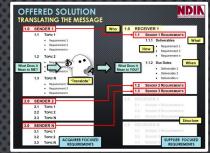


### **OFFERED SOLUTION** TRANSLATING & ORGANIZING YOUR MESSAGE





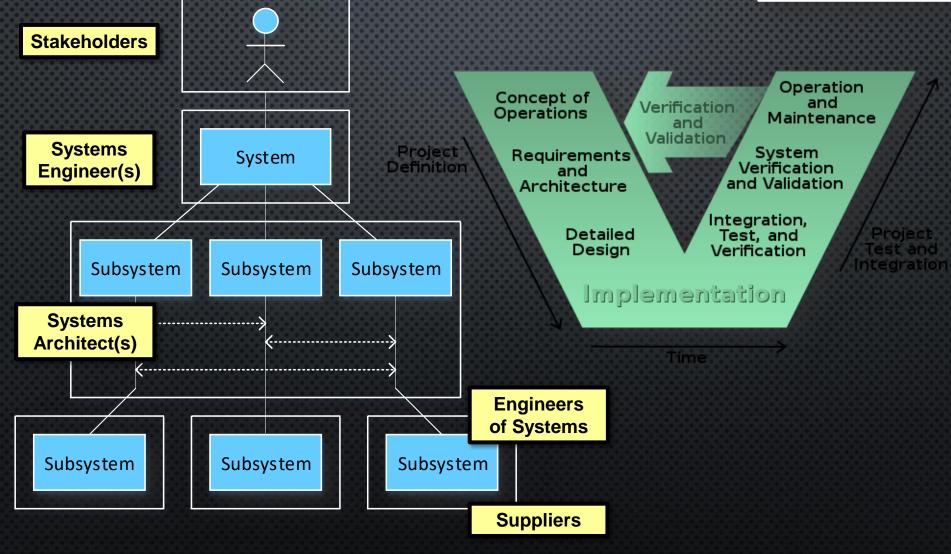
### **OFFERED SOLUTION** TRANSLATING YOUR MESSAGE (CONT'D)

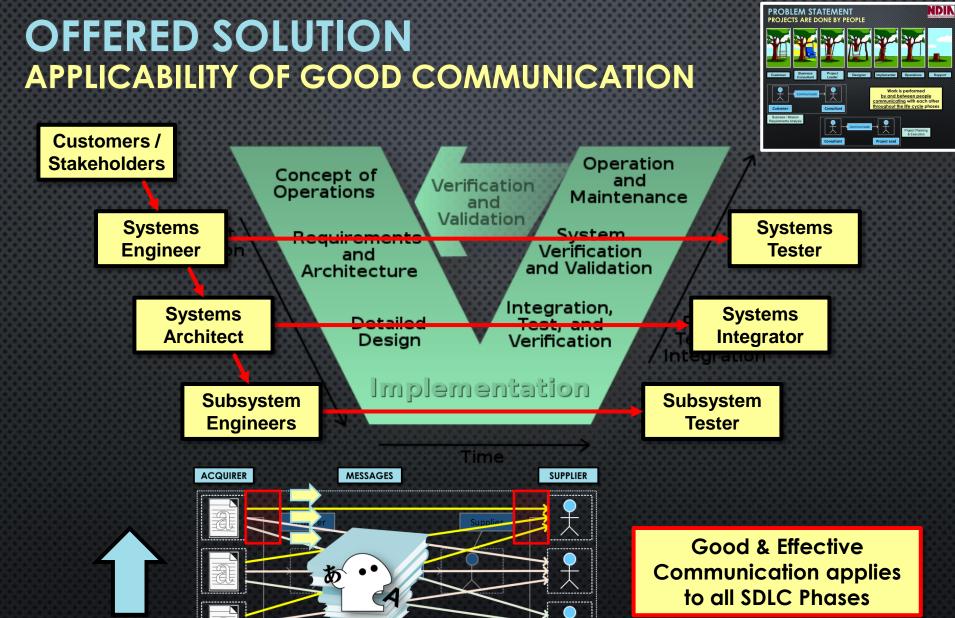


	AC	QUIRER		ACQUIRER					SUPPLIER	
1.0	SEN	DER 1		1.0 SENDER 1			1.0	RECEIVER 1		
ŝ	1.1	REQUIREMENT 1			1.1	<b>RECEIVER 1</b>			1.1	SENDER 1
ŝ	1.2	REQUIREMENT 2			1.2	RECEIVER 2			1.2	SENDER 2
ŝ	1.3	REQUIREMENT N			1.3	RECEIVER N			1.3	SENDER N
2.0	SEN	DER 2		2.0 SENDER 2			2.0		RECEIVER 2	
	2.1	REQUIREMENT 1			2.1	<b>RECEIVER 1</b>			2.1	SENDER 1
	2.2	REQUIREMENT 2			2.2	RECEIVER 2			2.2	SENDER 2
	2.3	REQUIREMENT N	Allocate		2.3	<b>RECEIVER N</b>	Restructure		2.3	SENDER N
3.0	SEN	DER N	Requirements	3.0	.0 SENDER N		Requirements	3.0	REC	EIVER N
	3.1	REQUIREMENT 1			3.1	<b>RECEIVER 1</b>			3.1	SENDER 1
	3.2	REQUIREMENT 2			3.2	RECEIVER 2			3.2	SENDER 2
8	3.3	REQUIREMENT N			3.3	<b>RECEIVER N</b>			3.3	SENDER N
	NO SUPPLIER CONSIDERATION				SOME SUPPLIER CONSIDERATION			_	FULL SUPPLIER CONSIDERATION	

### OFFERED SOLUTION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT LIFE CYCLE







 Translate the Message for Your "Audience"

 High(er) Effort to Encode the Message

Low(er) Effort to Decode

the Message

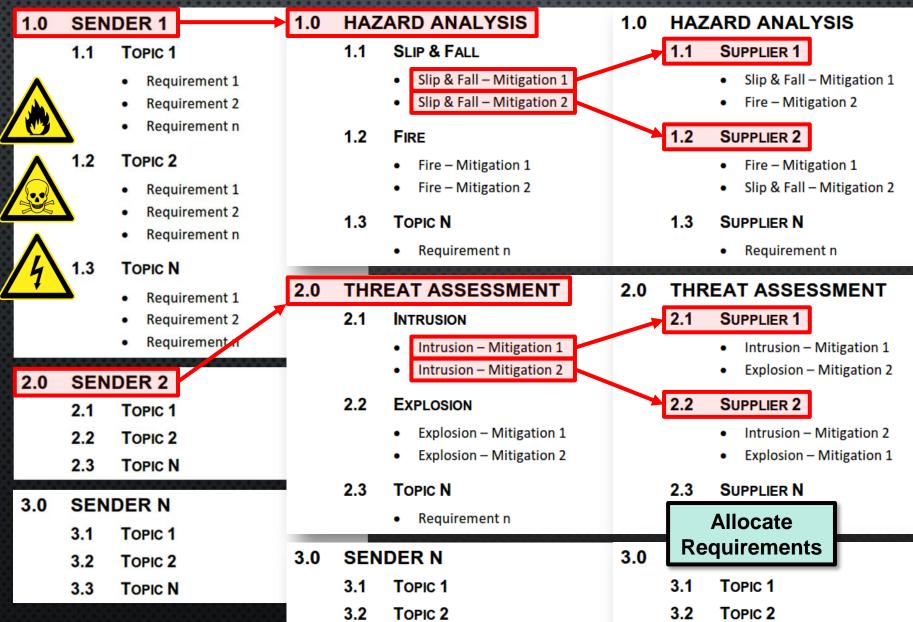
– What does this mean to YOU?

# PROGRESS

> Problem Statement Poor Project Performance > Offered Solution Improving Requirements Management Effectiveness using Communication Management Principles > Practical Example Safety & Security Stakeholder Requirements Summary & Conclusions

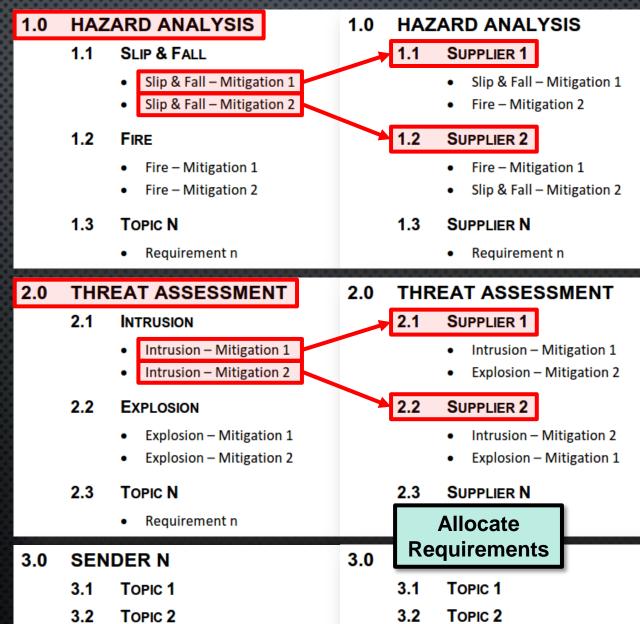
### PRACTICAL EXAMPLE STAKEHOLDER REQUIREMENTS: SAFETY & SECURITY





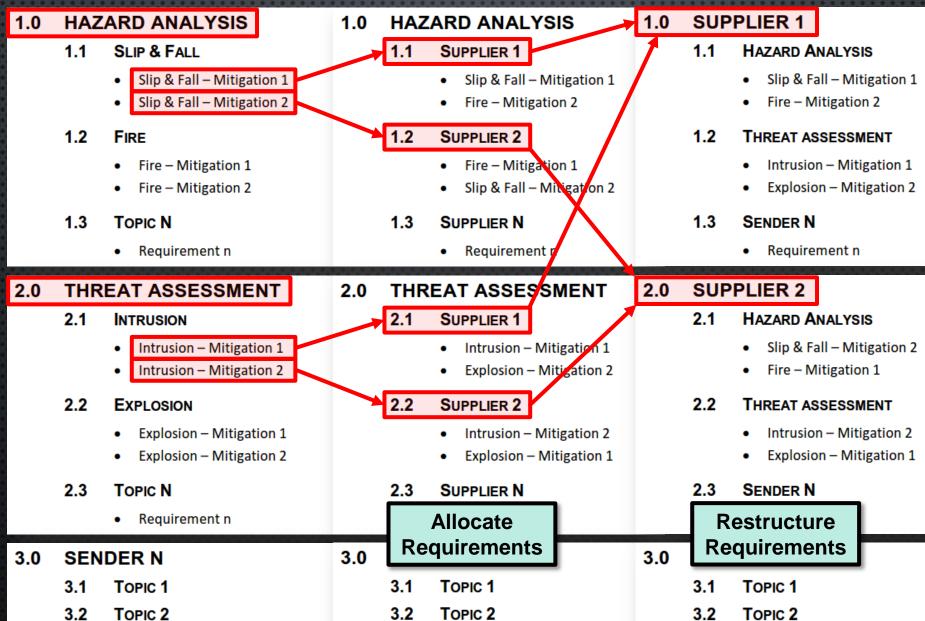
### PRACTICAL EXAMPLE STAKEHOLDER REQUIREMENTS (CONT'D)





### PRACTICAL EXAMPLE STAKEHOLDER REQUIREMENTS (CONT'D)





### PRACTICAL EXAMPLE STAKEHOLDER REQUIREMENTS (CONT'D)



#### 1.0 HAZARD ANALYSIS

#### 1.1 SLIP & FALL

- Slip & Fall Mitigation 1
- Slip & Fall Mitigation 2

#### 1.2 FIRE

- Fire Mitigation 1
- Fire Mitigation 2
- 1.3 TOPIC N
  - Requirement n

#### 2.0 THREAT ASSESSMENT

#### 2.1 INTRUSION

- Intrusion Mitigation 1
- Intrusion Mitigation 2

#### 2.2 EXPLOSION

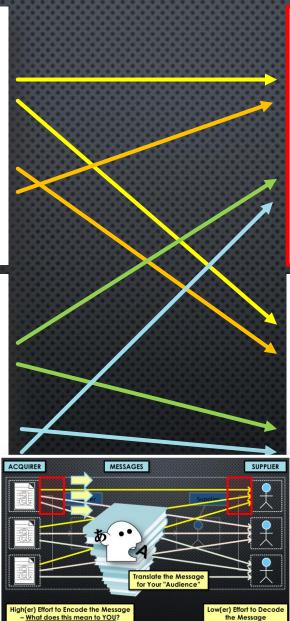
- Explosion Mitigation 1
- Explosion Mitigation 2

nt n

#### 2.3 TOPIC N

### ACQUIRER FOCUSED REQUIREMENTS

3.1 TOPIC 1 3.2 TOPIC 2



#### 1.0 SUPPLIER 1

- 1.1 HAZARD ANALYSIS
  - Slip & Fall Mitigation 1
  - Fire Mitigation 2

#### 1.2 THREAT ASSESSMENT

- Intrusion Mitigation 1
- Explosion Mitigation 2
- 1.3 SENDER N

### 2.0 S

3.0

2.1 HAZARD ANALYSIS

This is what it

means to YOU

- Slip & Fall Mitigation 2
- Fire Mitigation 1

#### 2.2 THREAT ASSESSMENT

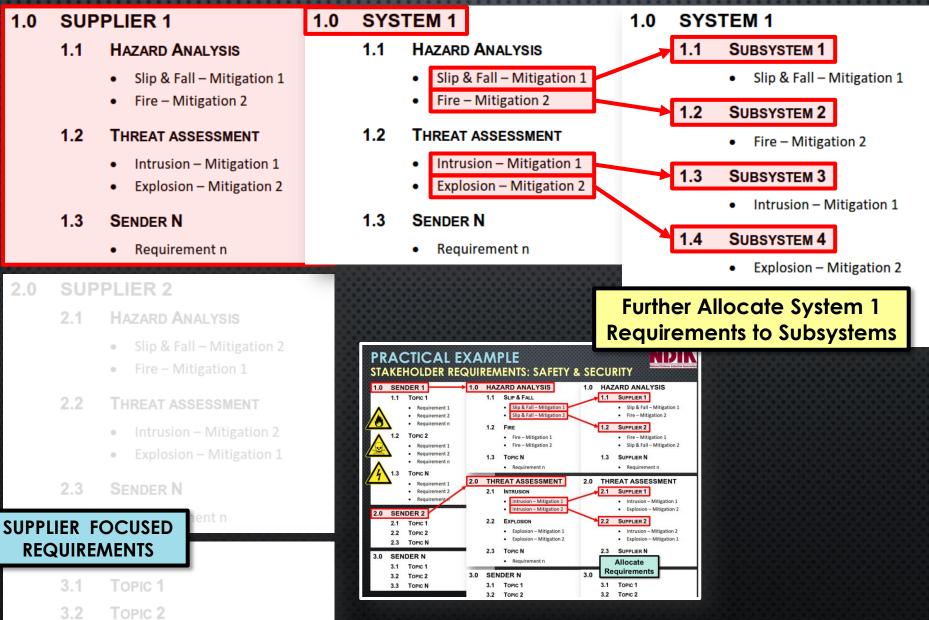
- Intrusion Mitigation 2
- Explosion Mitigation 1

#### 2.3 SENDER N

• SUPPLIER FOCUSED REQUIREMENTS 3.1 TOPIC 1 3.2 TOPIC 2

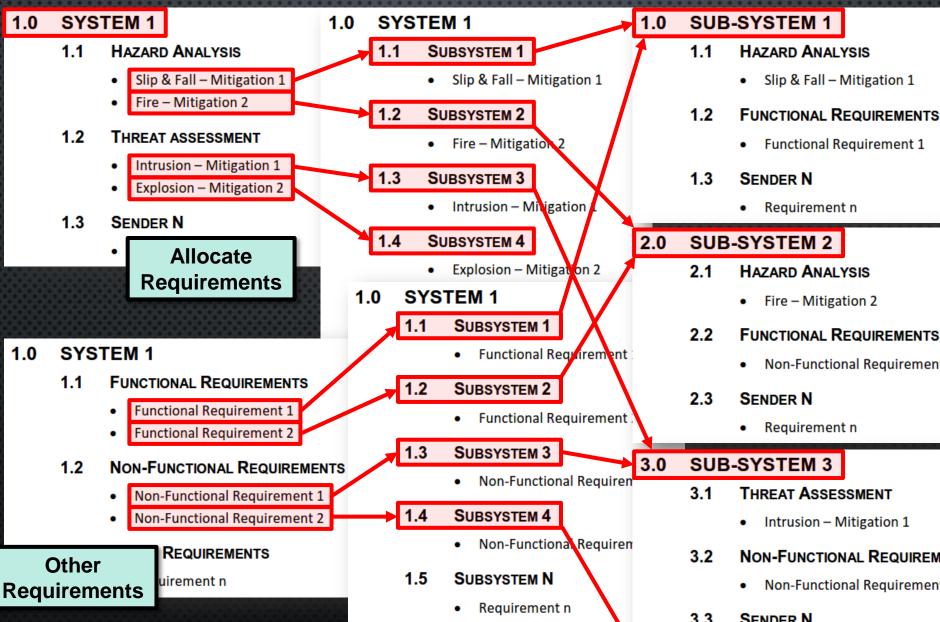
### PRACTICAL EXAMPLE SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS: SYSTEM #1





### PRACTICAL EXAMPLE SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS: SYSTEM #1 (CONT'D)





### PRACTICAL EXAMPLE OTHER USES THROUGHOUT THE LIFE CYCLE



- 1.1 MATERIAL SOLUTION ANALYSIS PHASE (MS A)
  - Requirement 1 1.0
  - Requirement 2
  - Requirement n

#### 1.2 TECHNOLOGY DEV

- Requirement 1
- Requirement 2
- Requirement n

#### 1.3 ENGINEERING & M

- Requirement 1
- Requirement 2
- Requirement n

#### 1.4 OTHER MILESTONE

Requirement n

# This is what it means to YOU!

### 1.1 CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS

DELIVERABLES

- Requirement 1
- Requirement 2
- Requirement n

#### 1.2 SYSTEM REQUIREM

- Requirement 1
- Requirement 2
- Requirement n

#### 1.3 SYSTEM ARCHITEC

- Requirement 1
- Requirement 2
- Requirement n

#### 1.4 OTHER DELIVERAB

Requirement n

### 1.0 TESTING

- 1.1 FACTORY TESTING
  - Requirement 1
  - Requirement 2
  - Requirement n

#### 1.2 INTEGRATION TESTING

- Requirement 1
- Requirement 2
- Requirement n
- 1.3 SYSTEM TESTING
  - Requirement 1
  - Requirement 2
  - Requirement n

#### 1.4 OTHER TESTING

Requirement n



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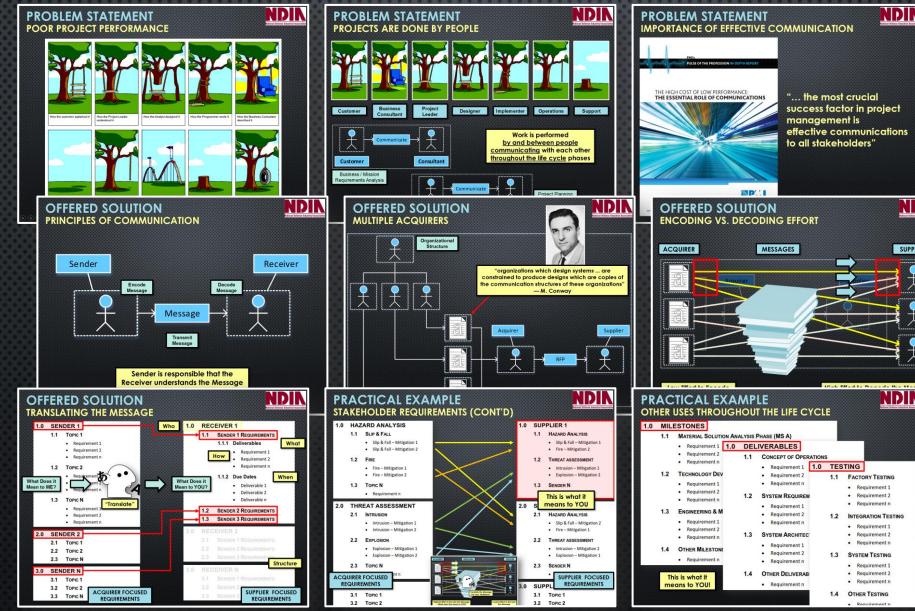
### **SUMMARY & CONCLUSIONS SUMMARY**

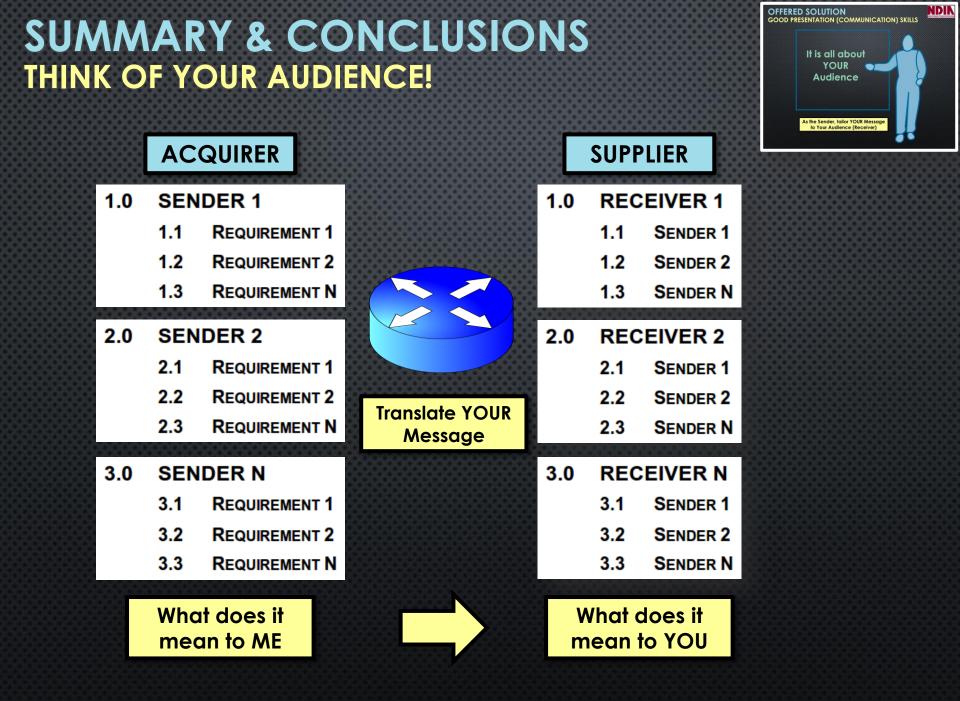


NDIA

SUPPLIER

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### SUMMARY & CONCLUSIONS QUESTIONS & ANSWERS



### THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

#### OLIVER HOEHNE, PMP, CSEP, CSM

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