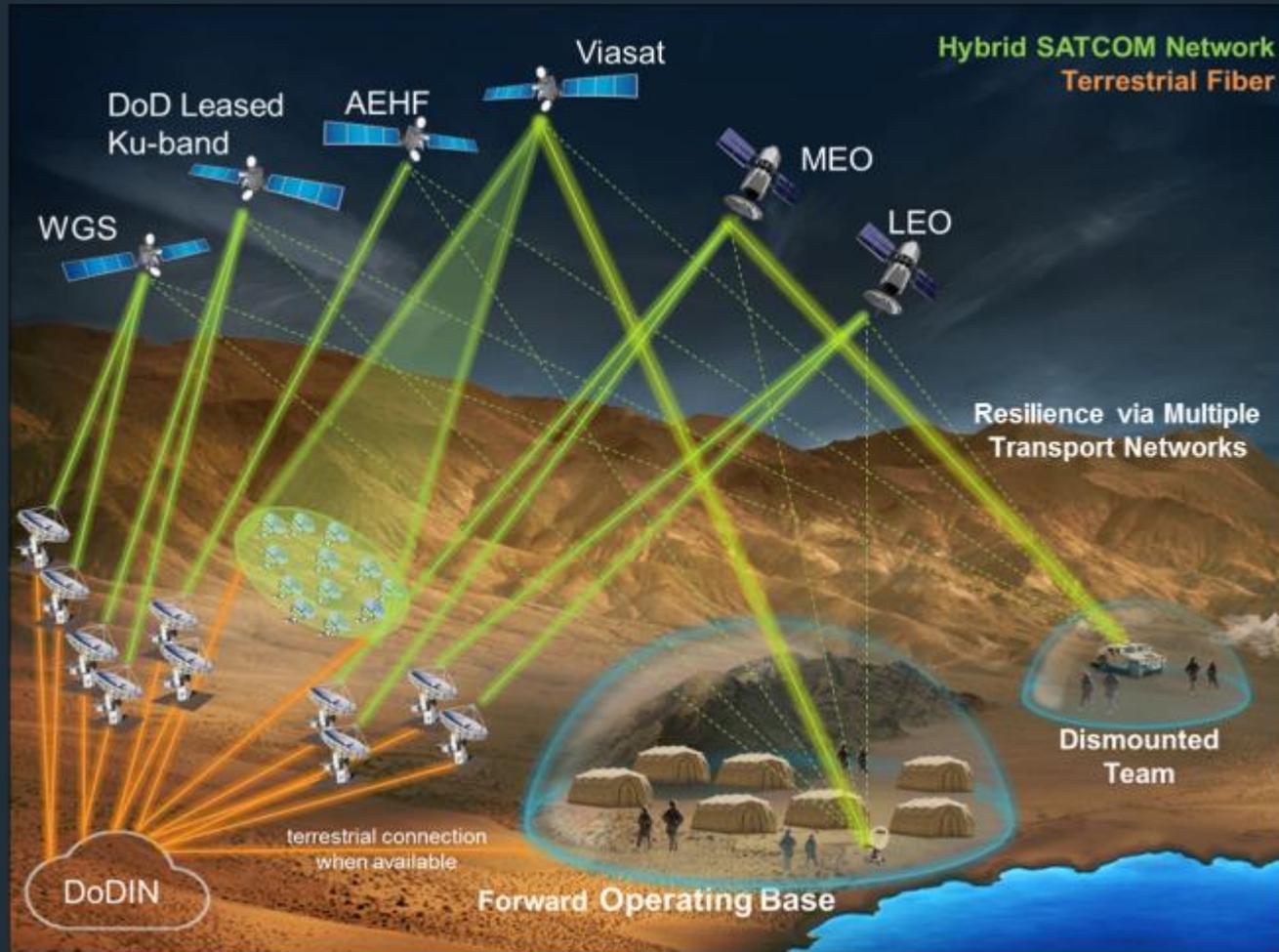


Resilient Communications with Hybrid Adaptive Networking

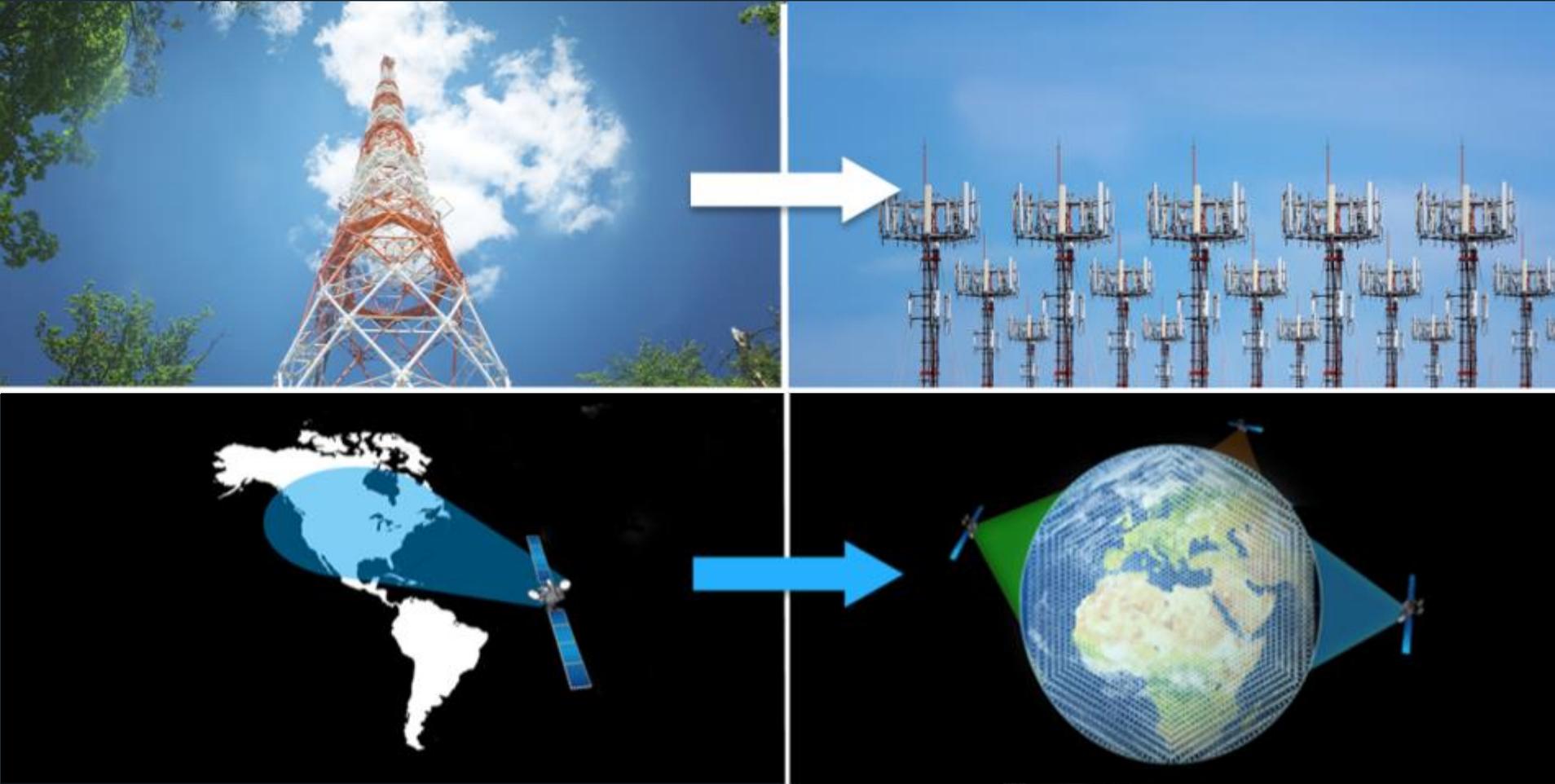


Mr. Craig Miller

Vice President & Chief Technology Officer

21 August 2018

Transition from Broadcast to Interactive Broadband Revolutionized Wireless Communications ... a 2nd Time



Broadcast to Interactive Broadband

Systems the Army employs

Commercial Data/Broadband Satcom

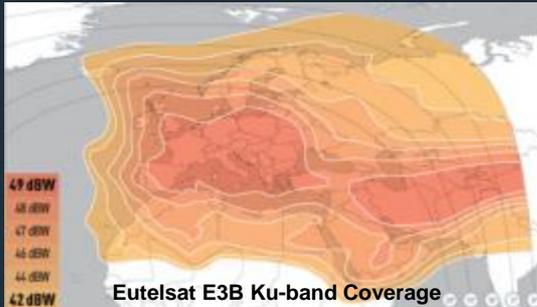
Ka-band Spot Beams -3 & -30dB contours



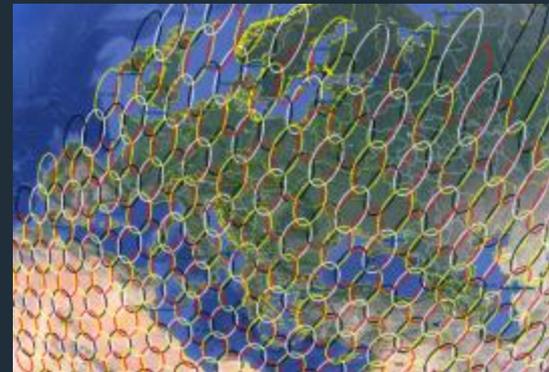
Eutelsat KaSat Beam Counters



Ku-band with -6dB over the entire Continent



Notional ViaSat-3 Beam Counters



Only One Transmitter using the same frequency at the same time
(Thus, they are susceptible to Interference)

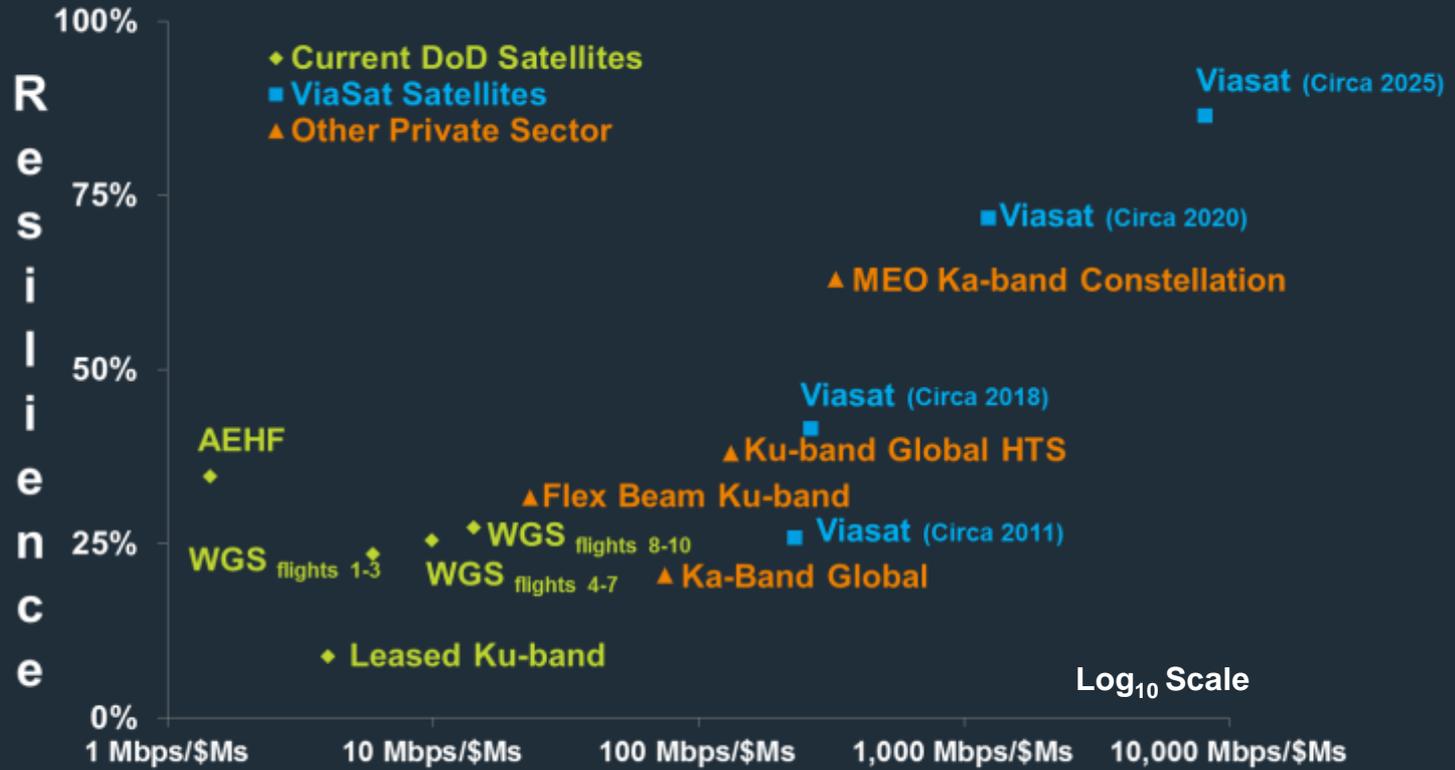
1000s of Transmitters using the same frequency at the same time
(Thus, they are hardened for Interference)

Viasat's AoA – Resilience and Affordability Assessment

Current DoD & Private Sector Satcom Systems

Resilience Score:

- Beam Roll-off distance to -30dB
- Nulling/Processing Rejection
- Bandwidth Rejection
- GPS Independence
- Cyber Defense
- Immunity to Monitoring
- Kinetic (Multi-path)
- LPI/LPD modes
- Scintillation modes
- High Density Deployments
- Emitter Geolocation
- Protection against future threats



Capacity Cost (Mbps generated per \$Ms investment in Space)

Layering dramatically increases Resilience & Deterrence

Resilience improvements in the European Theater

Hybrid Network (Circa 2018)	Network Resilience Score
European Ka-band HCS	26%
Ka-band Global HCS	20%
WGS (8-9)	27%
Overall Hybrid Network Resilience	56.97%

Hybrid Network (Circa 2022)	Network Resilience Score
AEHF	35%
Ka-band Global HCS	20%
WGS (8-9)	27%
ViaSat-3 Constellation	86%
MEO Ka-band Constellation	63%
Overall Hybrid Network Resilience	94.71%

Achieves immediate Resilience & Deterrence improvements with Legacy & without costly investments in New Systems

Viasat's AoA Recommendation - Deter Aggression and Warfighting in Space/Cyber* by Leveraging DoD & Commercial Layers

Notional Army Exercise Circa 2022

Enhance Deterrence with each new layer:

- Imposes significant new cost on Targeting & Developing effective attack vectors in all Satcom Network Domains
- Reduces likelihood of successful attack (including A/J, PNT denied environments, Cyber attacks, Kinetic-Space/Ground, Teleport Exploitation, Scintillation, etc.)
- Informs the market (and Adversary) of their use



WGS-2 & 3 KASAT Inmarsat GX IntelSat EPIC^{NG} SES Network O3b ViaSat-3



Eliminate Adversary Effects & Serve Growing Wideband Demand



3 Major shifts in Satcom Market create Opportunity to: Improve Performance, Resilience, Deterrence, & Affordability

1. Adversaries are preparing to deny Satcom (purpose-built and commercial)
2. Commercial Satcom Service Providers now employ Data or Broadband Satellite Networks (Internet Broadband Constellations for Commercial Air, Maritime, Business Enterprise & Gov't/Military customers)
 - Order-of-Magnitude better Performance (throughput)
 - With Protected Satcom Capabilities – Limited Jamming effects to under 25nm & Scintillation effects to the localized area.
 - Order-of-Magnitude better Affordability
3. Multiple Global Satcom Data Services are Operational Today & more are in Deployment
 - Today: Inmarsat GX, Intelsat EPIC, SES Networks, EchoStar, Viasat
 - New Entrants: OneWeb, LeoSat, TeleSat, SpaceX, etc.

Army can now layer Satcom Services for:
Higher Performance, Enhanced Protected Satcom, & Increased Deterrence