

Materials and Manufacturing Processes COI

Dr. John Beatty, OSD (Army) March 20-22, 2018

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M&MP COI







Big Rocks - COI Activity In-Year



- Briefed NAE Frontiers of Materials Research: A Decadal Study (due in June 2018)
 - DMMI workshop on-line
- Congressional Tasker- Advanced Materials Solutions for Defense Applications
 - HR115-219, pg 272-273...activities underway to capture input
- Successful Persh Workshop on "The Interface Between Materials and Biology"
- IR&D Exchange with Industry
- FiMAR planning (Federal Interagency Materials Representatives)
- Manufacturing Large successful tri-service Defense Manufacturing Conference (DMC) Meeting
 - High level panel looking forward to next 100 yrs
- Tri-service Laser Hardened Materials Steering Group (LHMSG) Meeting (Materials for Counter Laser DEW)
- Substantial activity in Synthetic Biology for Military Environments (SBME) ARAP
- Annual COI meeting in Dayton, Ohio
- DoD/DOE Joint Munitions Workshop at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) (M&MP and Weapons COI)
- US-UK Stocktake Principal's request case studies of AM...initiated FY17, FY18 muscle movements



Joint-Service Universal Materials Data Fusion and Visualization Structures FY17 - \$810K and FY18 – \$810K



Issue:

- Tools to enable Integrated Computational Materials Engineering (ICME) are founded on multi-scale, multimodal materials modeling and characterization.
- Simulation codes and characterization instruments each have their own length scales, reference frames, and distortions and biases.
- This project aims to create a single data-structure for use when merging, analyzing, and visualizing large amounts of spatial and temporal materials data – generated by separate models, sensors, and modalities -- thereby providing a pathway to a more comprehensive understanding of materials performance and decreasing the time to delivery of new systems.



POCs: AFRL - Mike Groeber (<u>michael.groeber@us.af.mil</u>), ARL - James Synder (<u>james.f.snyder.civ@mail.mil</u>), NRL - David Rowenhorst (<u>david.rowenhorst@nrl.navy.mil</u>)

- AM Build specimens completed. Finalizing design of sample analysis coordinate systems and distribution plans within the next two weeks.
- Transfer specimens from AFRL to ARL and NRL for individual analyses, tracking meta data of 'inspections' Late Winter/Spring of 18
- Design file and data structure for relating multi-modal datasets design complete, implementation underway -- tasking with Blue Quartz and Kitware Inc to adapt Kitware's spatial distortion correction framework to operate within DREAM.3D as well as developing spec for recording corrections outside of
- NRL working with BlueQuartz to implement EBSD image montaging and correction within DREAM.3D allowing for fusion of multi-modal SEM/EBSD serial-sections within DREAM.3D. ongoing.

Roles: **ARL** - mechanical testing with DIC of tensile specimens, CT of specimen; **NRL** - CT of specimen, 3D serial sectioning of sub-specimen, transfer of 3D EBSD montaging and distortion correction tools to DREAM.3D: **AFRL** - CT of specimen, 3D serial sectioning of sub-specimen, modeling of AM processing, guiding development of software tools through BlueQuartz.





- Composite damage prediction tools are enabling multi-service component design, materials development, lifing, and certification (Air Force, Army, Navy)
- Manufacturing of Carbon-Carbon Composites for Hypersonic Applications (TAT and JDMTP)
- Graphene on 3C-SiC on Si for Low-Loss Nanophotonics (Air Force, Navy Army)
- Advanced Energy Efficient Shelter System (Air Force, Army)
- Laser Eye Protection (Air Force, Army, Navy, DHS)
- Port Improvement via Exigent Repair (PIER) Joint Capability Technology Demonstration (JCTD) SPIRAL 1 DEMO (Army, Navy)
- Tri-service Corrosion capabilities soon to be on-line: ACES (Accelerated Combined Effects Simulation) and C-COAST (Army, Navy, Air Force)



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- Key leverages (some examples) :
 - Air Force, NAVY armor leverage Army
 - Air Force, Navy individual warfighter leverage Army
 - Navy, Army next generation propulsion mtls leverage Air Force
 - Air Force/ARMY environmental/thermal barrier coatings leverage Navy
 - Air Force, Army corrosion leverage Navy
 - Army, Navy aerospace composites leverage Air Force
 - Army, Navy laser hardened matls leverage Air Force
 - Air Force, Navy civil engineering Army

Concerns

- Confluence of artificial intelligence (AI), robotics, digital composition exploration next fiver years
- AM
- Future warfare foci (bio, cyber, quantum (new new vs new old)) portfolio shifts?

• 'Big' CY 18 activities

- Defense Materials, Manufacturing and Infrastructure (DMMI) workshop(s)
- Congressional Tasker
- COI Annual Meeting, Defense Manufacturing Conference (DMC) Conference, Stocktake Additive Manufacturing, OSD Additive Manufacturing



Mantech – Organization (JDMTP)





Roles of the Panel

- Conduct reviews and assessments of the program and related manufacturing issues
- Strategic planning to identify joint opportunities
- Information exchange with government, industry, academia, professional associations
 - John Russell, Air Force John Carney, Navy Andy Davis, Army Jason Jouet, OSD Kelly Morris, DLA Rhonda Morgan, MDA



Timeline to Create Manufacturing USA







Manufacturing USA





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TAT 1 M&MP for Structures & Protection



Objective:

Confident design of materials, joining and integration tools for damage tolerant, survivable, structurally efficient assets.

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Key Technical Challenges:

- Material models to enable rapid structural material certification & qualification – metals, composites, ceramic, hybrid, & multi-functional materials.
- Feedstocks, process modeling and cert/qual for Additive Manufacturing
- Difficulty joining dissimilar materials without a common processing window – modeling & manufacturing.
- Structural Protection
- Structures Affordability

Program Overview:

	M&MP for Structures & Protection		
	Platform	Survivable Structural	
	Manufacturing Science	Multifunctionality	
	Operational Opportuni	ties:	
rial S,	 Increased platform survivability, lethality, and mission capability. Ability to anticipate/forecast warfighter structures and protection needs 		
	 Platform SWaP constraints driving multifunctional materials. 		
	 Adaptive response to empreduction in time from ide Transition leading edge te acquisition and sustainment 	erging threats & needs – 50% a to implementation. echnology for affordable ent – 50% R&D cost savings	



TAT 2.0 M&P for Propulsion and Extreme Environment Materials



Objective:	Program Overview:	
Advanced M&MP for components with higher	Turbine Engine	
temperature and performance capabilities to	Missile Propulsion	
enable advanced systems for increased power	Hypersonic Materials	
projection and lethality	Reactive/Energetics	
	Electromagnetic Railgun	
Eric Wuchina, Navy Donna Ballard, Air Force Brad Forsch, Army Jon Davis, OSD		
	Operational Opportunities	
Key Technical Challenges	Operational Opportunities	
 Key Technical Challenges C/C and CMC affordability and scale up – automation/rapid manufacturing and repair 	 Enable increased range, fuel efficiency, and loiter time for military flight vehicles 	
 Key Technical Challenges C/C and CMC affordability and scale up – automation/rapid manufacturing and repair Domestic SiC (2400-2700°F) Fiber Sources 	 Enable increased range, fuel efficiency, and loiter time for military flight vehicles Increase standoff distance for warfighter 	
 Key Technical Challenges C/C and CMC affordability and scale up – automation/rapid manufacturing and repair Domestic SiC (2400-2700°F) Fiber Sources Rayon replacement for structural insulators 	 Enable increased range, fuel efficiency, and loiter time for military flight vehicles Increase standoff distance for warfighter Mitigate/Control Corrosion and CMAS attack in turbine engine systems for increase time between maintenance audios 	
 Key Technical Challenges C/C and CMC affordability and scale up – automation/rapid manufacturing and repair Domestic SiC (2400-2700°F) Fiber Sources Rayon replacement for structural insulators In-process NDE 	 Enable increased range, fuel efficiency, and loiter time for military flight vehicles Increase standoff distance for warfighter Mitigate/Control Corrosion and CMAS attack in turbine engine systems for increase time between maintenance cycles 	
 Key Technical Challenges C/C and CMC affordability and scale up – automation/rapid manufacturing and repair Domestic SiC (2400-2700°F) Fiber Sources Rayon replacement for structural insulators In-process NDE Oxidation and corrosion resistance 	 Enable increased range, fuel efficiency, and loiter time for military flight vehicles Increase standoff distance for warfighter Mitigate/Control Corrosion and CMAS attack in turbine engine systems for increase time between maintenance cycles Enable CPGS and hypersonic system into arsenal 	
 Key Technical Challenges C/C and CMC affordability and scale up – automation/rapid manufacturing and repair Domestic SiC (2400-2700°F) Fiber Sources Rayon replacement for structural insulators In-process NDE Oxidation and corrosion resistance 	 Enable increased range, fuel efficiency, and loiter time for military flight vehicles Increase standoff distance for warfighter Mitigate/Control Corrosion and CMAS attack in turbine engine systems for increase time between maintenance cycles Enable CPGS and hypersonic system into arsenal Enable EMRG for theater defense & fleet use 	



TAT 3.0 M&MP for Sensors, Electronics, & Photonics



Objective: Advanced M&MP for energy efficient, ultra light- weight, conformal electronics, photonics, and sensing devices Shashi Karna, Army John Boeckl, Air Force Ivgeniya Lock, Navy		 Program Overview Energy Efficient Electronics with 2D Materials Printable, Flexible Electronics Neuromorphic and Synaptic Devices 2D Material-based Quantum Computing and Sulphur Detection Van der Waals Solids for Photonics 	Topgte Ag B (dack gate)
Key Technical Challenges		Scale bar : 500 µm	
<u>ve</u>	y rechnical Chanenges	Operational Opportunities	
•	Scaled-up, low-cost production of defect-free Two- Dimensional (2D) Materials	 Operational Opportunities Ultra Light-weight, conformal, energy electror and sensors 	nics, photonics,
•	Scaled-up, low-cost production of defect-free Two- Dimensional (2D) Materials "Inkable/Printable" 2D Materials	 Operational Opportunities Ultra Light-weight, conformal, energy electror and sensors Point-of need manufacturing of components a 	nics, photonics, and devices
• •	Scaled-up, low-cost production of defect-free Two- Dimensional (2D) Materials "Inkable/Printable" 2D Materials Theoretical understanding of new physical phenomena e.g.	 Operational Opportunities Ultra Light-weight, conformal, energy electror and sensors Point-of need manufacturing of components a High-frequency RF devices 	nics, photonics, and devices
•	Scaled-up, low-cost production of defect-free Two- Dimensional (2D) Materials "Inkable/Printable" 2D Materials Theoretical understanding of new physical phenomena e.g. Spin quantum Hall effect, electron-phonon coupling induced pseudo-magnetic field in strained 2D materials)	 Operational Opportunities Ultra Light-weight, conformal, energy electror and sensors Point-of need manufacturing of components a High-frequency RF devices Quantum encryption and safe communication against EW 	nics, photonics, and devices n for protection
• • •	Scaled-up, low-cost production of defect-free Two- Dimensional (2D) Materials "Inkable/Printable" 2D Materials Theoretical understanding of new physical phenomena e.g. Spin quantum Hall effect, electron-phonon coupling induced pseudo-magnetic field in strained 2D materials) Modeling and simulation tools for device physics, transport properties, and manufacturing process development	 Operational Opportunities Ultra Light-weight, conformal, energy electror and sensors Point-of need manufacturing of components a High-frequency RF devices Quantum encryption and safe communication against EW Reduced weight, foot-print, and power require contested environment 	nics, photonics, and devices n for protection ements in



TAT 4.0 M&MP for Power & Energy



Objective:

Advanced M&MP for affordable, safe, efficient, light-weight, long-endurance, and rugged power & energy devices.

Robert Mantz, Army, eric. robert.a.mantz.civ@mail.mil George Orzel, Air Force, george.orzel@us.af.mil Michele Anderson, Navy, michele.anderson1@navy.mil Reza Salavani, AFCEC, reza.salavani@us.af.mil

Key Technical Challenges

- Improved cycle-life, safe, and extended temperature electrolytes and new electrode materials for high energy density (> 500 Wh/kg) battery chemistries
- Computational tools for modeling multi-material and multiscale devices as well as electrochemical processes
- Dielectric materials with both ms and ms response times that enable high energy density (> 4 J/cc) devices
- Organic photovoltaic donor & acceptor materials that enable devices with high efficiency (15%) and air stability
- Sulfur-resistant materials for fuel cells

Program Overview

- Integrated Computational Engineering (ICME) of Materials & Devices
- Dielectric Materials and Films for Pulse
 Power
- Thin Film Photovoltaics
- Batteries
- Fuel Cells



Operational Opportunities

- Light-weight, safer, energy dense batteries for autonomous vehicles, reduced carried weight, and longer missions
- High-temperature, high energy density capacitors for directed energy and power conditioning applications
- Energy generation and storage technologies for more agile power networks for more electric aircraft/ships and FOB or infrastructure applications
- Low-cost, high efficiency solar panels to reduce FOB refueling logistics and reduce battery carried weight
- Logistic-fuel compatible fuel cells for ultra-long endurance autonomous vehicle operation and tactical power needs



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TAT 5.0 M&MP for Readiness



CCMSE Life-Cycle ModelsSystem-scale DesignSpecifications Air Force: ASIP / PSIP Army/Navy: FLE Macro-ScaleMeso-scale Design AnalysisMeso-scale Uncertainty Physics Nano-scaleMaro-scaleNano-scaleNano-scale	 Key Technical Challenges Understanding of fundamental material behavior beyond design life Inspection techniques and detection / assessment of damage precursors Qualification of SHM technologies Fundamental understanding of material behavior in complex environments Understanding of slight damage / perturbations / gradual degradation to legacy and new materials.
Technology mx/repair processes	
Objectives	Operational Opportunities
 MSA-NDI/NDT capability improvements for the field/depot 	
that assure structural components perform their function in	Inspectability / Repairability / Replaceability
that assure structural components perform their function in a reliable and cost effective fashion	 Inspectability / Repairability / Replaceability Material-level data (i.e. material state awareness)
that assure structural components perform their function in a reliable and cost effective fashionReduce uncertainty and expand options for safe and	 Inspectability / Repairability / Replaceability Material-level data (i.e. material state awareness) for future vision of Health Assessments
 that assure structural components perform their function in a reliable and cost effective fashion Reduce uncertainty and expand options for safe and cost-effective life cycle management of legacy and future turbine engines and A/C structures 	 Inspectability / Repairability / Replaceability Material-level data (i.e. material state awareness) for future vision of Health Assessments Improved NDI capability/reliability/efficiency
 that assure structural components perform their function in a reliable and cost effective fashion Reduce uncertainty and expand options for safe and cost-effective life cycle management of legacy and future turbine engines and A/C structures Specialty materials and coatings affordability through improved inspections and repair methods 	 Inspectability / Repairability / Replaceability Material-level data (i.e. material state awareness) for future vision of Health Assessments Improved NDI capability/reliability/efficiency Damage diagnostic that is actionable information for asset/platform maintenance and/or repair
 that assure structural components perform their function in a reliable and cost effective fashion Reduce uncertainty and expand options for safe and cost-effective life cycle management of legacy and future turbine engines and A/C structures Specialty materials and coatings affordability through improved inspections and repair methods Siamack Mazdiyasni, Air Force, aiamack mazdiyaani@us of mil. 	 Inspectability / Repairability / Replaceability Material-level data (i.e. material state awareness) for future vision of Health Assessments Improved NDI capability/reliability/efficiency Damage diagnostic that is actionable information for asset/platform maintenance and/or repair
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Keys to success: ICMSE, Digital Thread, Analytics, State Awareness, Life Prediction, Prognostics, V&V



TAT 6.0 M&MP for the Individual Warfighter



Program Overview	
 Warfighter Protection Warfighter Enhancement 	
 Materials for Logistics Bio/Bioinspired Materials 	
Operational Opportunities	
 Increased mobility of individual Warfighter by enhancing/optimizing protection at lower weight 	
• Improved situational awareness of the individual Warfighter through networked individual sensors	
 Operational capability with a minimal thermal burden in a CBRNE environment 	
 Improved capability for individual sustainment independence/"self-sufficiency" and reduction of 	
 Improved capability for individual sustainment independence/"self-sufficiency" and reduction of 	





<u>Objectives</u>	Program Overview
 Lead DOD in providing integrated protection solutions across the operational spectrum to include stability and support capabilities Provide force projection technologies and modeling and simulation capabilities for entry and maneuver planning, construction, and assessment Develop more efficient plans, designs, construction, operations and maintenance of installations, including contingency bases, that are mission ready, energy & water secure, highly sustainable and low lifecycle cost 	 Expeditionary and Fixed Facility Protection Force Projection and Maneuver Sustainable Bases and Installations
Key Technical Challenges	Operational Opportunities
 Need for greater force protection that is lighter and easily constructed Need to achieve operational maneuverability through lighter weight surfacing in austere environments Need for sustainable bases in all operational environments using indigenous materials Need for highly scalable materials and manufacturing processes Modeling and simulation from nm-m of materials and systems 	 New capabilities to protect the Warfighter and critical assets Proactive means to ensure Joint Forces can deploy and freely enter the theater of operations Improved ability to design, construct, and operate sustainable bases Dual-use materials / capabilities – protect the homeland Position DOD to defend from and understand capabilities of near-peer adversaries



TAT 8.0 M&MP for Corrosion



Objectives:

Reduce corrosion and corrosion-related maintenance cost of DoD assets during design, construction and service without compromising affordability, readiness, safety and service life expectancy

Airan Perez, Navy

Ron Pendleton, Air Force Brian Placzankis, Army

Key Technical Challenges:

- Lack of mechanistic corrosion damage evolution model
- Inability to govern corrosion informed materials selection and design
- Inability to validate predictive performance
- Inability to assess and predict real-time in service

Program Overview:

- Surface Protection and Modification
- Corrosion Resistant Materials
- Corrosion Prediction





Operational Opportunities:

- Reduce O&S corrosion cost to enable recapitalization and modernization (35%)
- Extend service life of DoD assets (1.5X) beyond original design
- Increase readiness (2X) for present and future missions while reducing resource requirements
- Provide capability to meet design requirements for future DoD platforms