

DoD Microelectronics Overview - on behalf of Honorable Heidi Shyu

NDIA Electronics Division Summer Meeting

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Microelectronics a “must-win” technology for DoD

**BUILDING RESILIENT
SUPPLY CHAINS,
REVITALIZING AMERICAN
MANUFACTURING, AND
FOSTERING BROAD-BASED
GROWTH**

100-Day Reviews under
Executive Order 14017

June 2021

A Report by
The White House

Including Reviews by
Department of Commerce
Department of Energy
Department of Defense
Department of Health

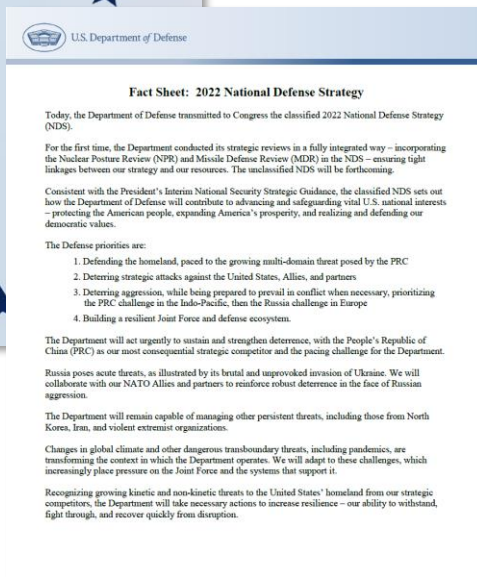
INTERIM NATIONAL SECURITY STRATEGIC GUIDANCE

MARCH 2021

PRESIDENT JOSEPH R. BIDEN, JR.

“Semiconductors are essential to national security. . . . They are fundamental to the operation of virtually every military system, including communications and navigations systems and complex weapons systems such as those found in the F-35 Joint Strike Fighter.”

“Semiconductors are key to the “must-win” technologies of the future, including artificial intelligence and 5G, which will be essential to achieving the goal of a “dynamic, inclusive and innovative national economy” identified as a critical American advantage in the March 2021 Interim National Security Strategic Guidance.



“Building enduring advantages . . . getting the technology we need more quickly, and making investments in the extraordinary people of the Department, who remain our most valuable resource.”

DoD Microelectronics Vision

Vision Statement:

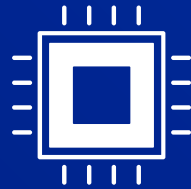
Guaranteed, long-term Access
to Measurably Secure
Microelectronics

enabling Overmatch Performance

and increasing Military
Operational Availability and
Warfighter Combat Readiness



Ensure timely access to measurably secure and affordable ME technology



Motivate programs and their primes to modernize and exploit the most capable ME



Leverage tools, policies and enforcement to reduce or eliminate costly sustainment issues



Centralize knowledge in a DoD "front door" organization to augment decentralized execution



Increase ME discovery and innovation, and accelerate transition into DoD systems



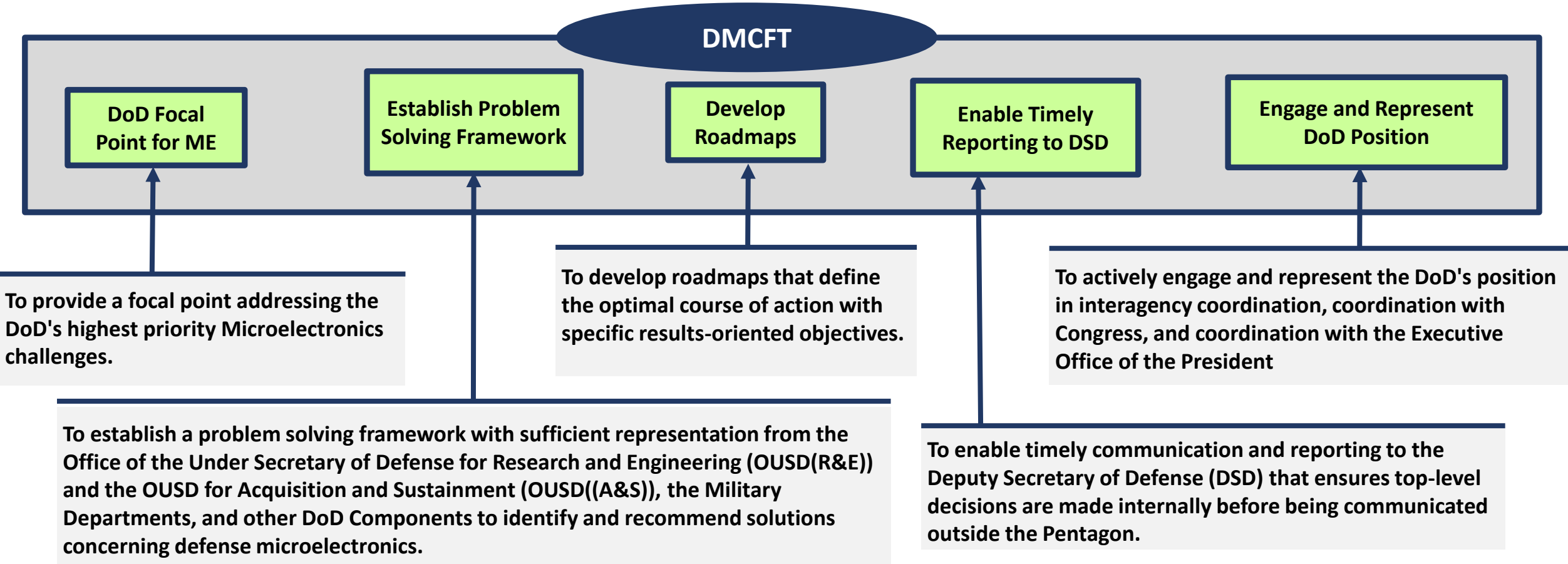
Contribute to and influence interagency and national efforts to grow ME capabilities to meet national security needs



Cultivate a right-sized workforce with the right skills at the right place and the right time



Defense Microelectronics Cross Functional Team (DMCFT) Objectives



Establish a comprehensive defense microelectronics strategy to include:

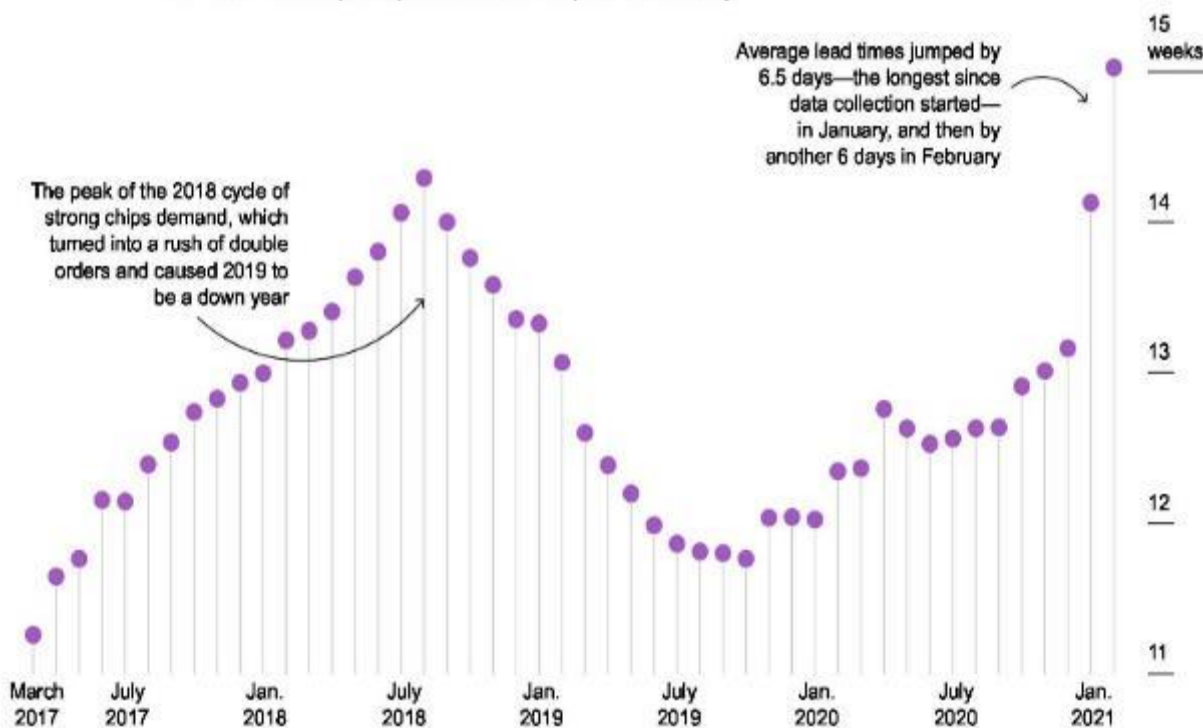
- Holistic DoD approach that strengthens the domestic microelectronics industrial base*
- Detailed plan to develop and transition microelectronics technology into DoD systems.*



Impact of COVID on Global Supply

Patiently Waiting

Lead times for chips surpassed their 2018 peak in February



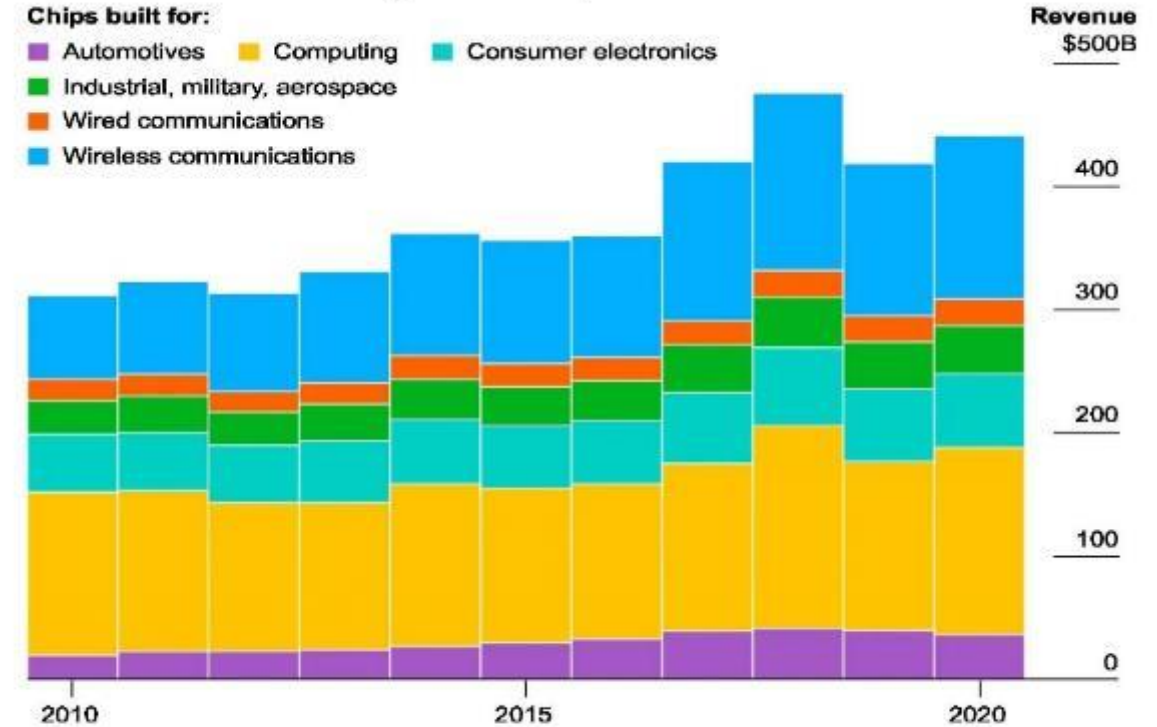
Note: Averages calculated on data from four different distributors.

Source: SFG Research

<https://www.bloomberg.com/graphics/2021-semiconductors-chips-shortage/>

Need for Chips

Sales of semiconductor have grown over the past decade



Note: Data does not include foundry-only businesses such as TSMC or Globalfoundries.

Source: IDC

- In February [2021], lead times—the duration between when an order for a chip is placed and when it actually gets filled—stretched to 15 weeks on average for the first time since data collection started in 2017
- The crunch has sideswiped the General Motors, and Volkswagens of the world and swung politicians from Washington to Beijing into crisis control



Microelectronics Supply Chain Visibility



Securing Defense-Critical Supply Chains

An action plan developed in response to President Biden's Executive Order 14017

February 2022



“Supply Chain Visibility: DoD is still building visibility into the sub-tiers of the microelectronics supply chain; until there is greater visibility, it will be difficult to identify certain supply chain threats, vulnerabilities, and risks. Visibility is further eroded by system-level (next-level assembly comprised of multiple microelectronics components) manufacturers who simply seek the lowest cost producers and are source agnostic.”



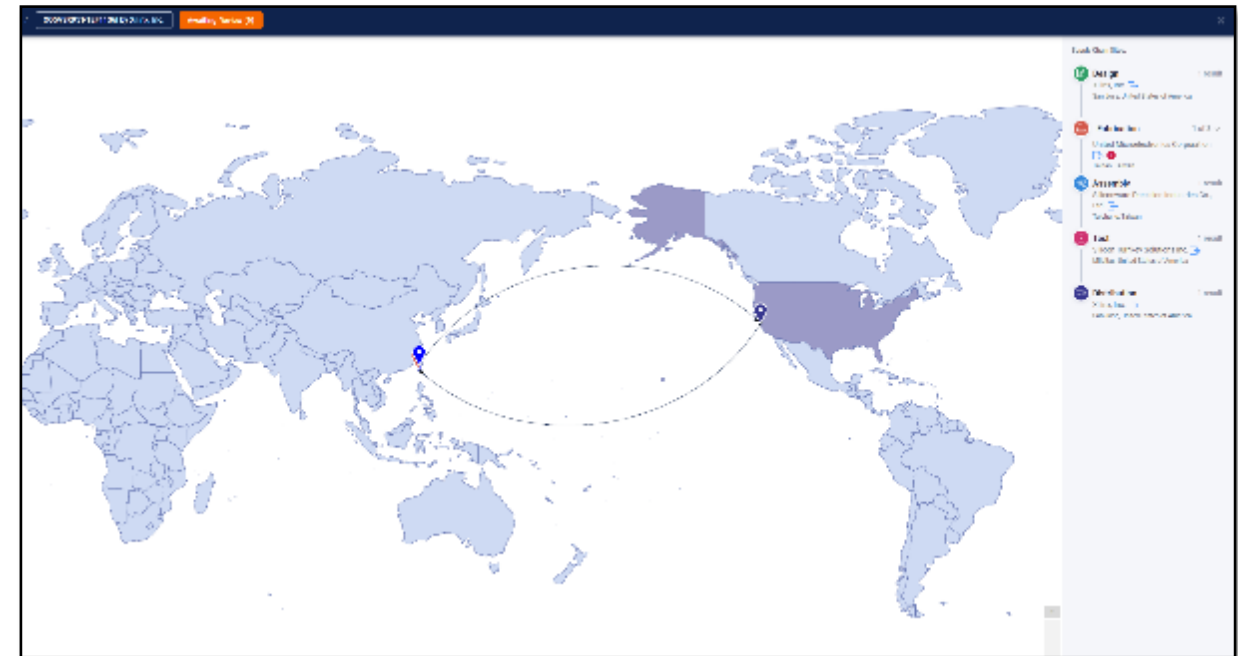
Automated Microelectronics Analysis and Reporting Optimization (AMARO)

Supply Chain Challenges

- Existing tools unable to provide aggregate threat and vulnerability data on a collection of microelectronics parts (BOMs)
- Existing tools unable to determine which third-party sites specific semiconductor devices move through

AMARO Tool

- Can map microelectronics lifecycle across the entirety of its supply chain, and identify possible threats and vulnerabilities
 - Can assess across a Bill of Materials (BOM)
- Tool designed to address needs of DoD Programs, JFAC, CI Community, and Senior Decision Makers
- Can aid in high-level, strategic questions
 - “Impact to DoD if Country X invades Country Y?”
 - Natural disaster “what-if” scenarios
 - Support to CFIUS cases





Market for Secure Microelectronics: National & Economic Infrastructure

<p>AI & Supercomputers DOE, NASA</p>	<p>Banking, Medical and Other Sensitive Verticals DHHS, FDIC, OSHRC</p>	<p>Cyber Security DHS</p>	<p>Dept. & Agency Data Centers ODNI</p>
<p>Energy Infrastructure National Grid DOE, NRC</p>	<p>Next-Gen Comms DHS</p>	<p>Transportation DOT, NTSB, FAA</p>	<p>Weapons Systems DOD ≈1% of demand</p>
<p>Aggregated Market is ≈24% of U.S. Demand</p>			

Access to Measurably Secure ME will serve this critical infrastructure market

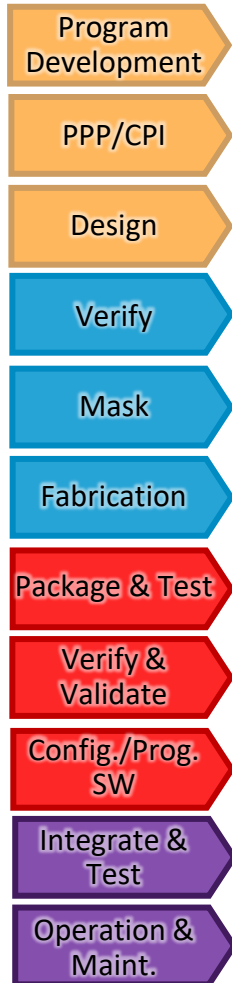
- Domestically designed, manufactured, packaged and tested parts that meet U.S. security and safety standards
- Ensure access to a forecasted aggregated demand of SOTP and Legacy Technologies (designs remain robust over a 10+ year PoP)

A “whole of nation” approach to access Measurably Secure ME



Implementing Proven and Evolving Approaches to Address Threats and Vulnerabilities in the Microelectronics Lifecycle

Microelectronics Lifecycle



DoD Microelectronics Assurance Framework (MAF)

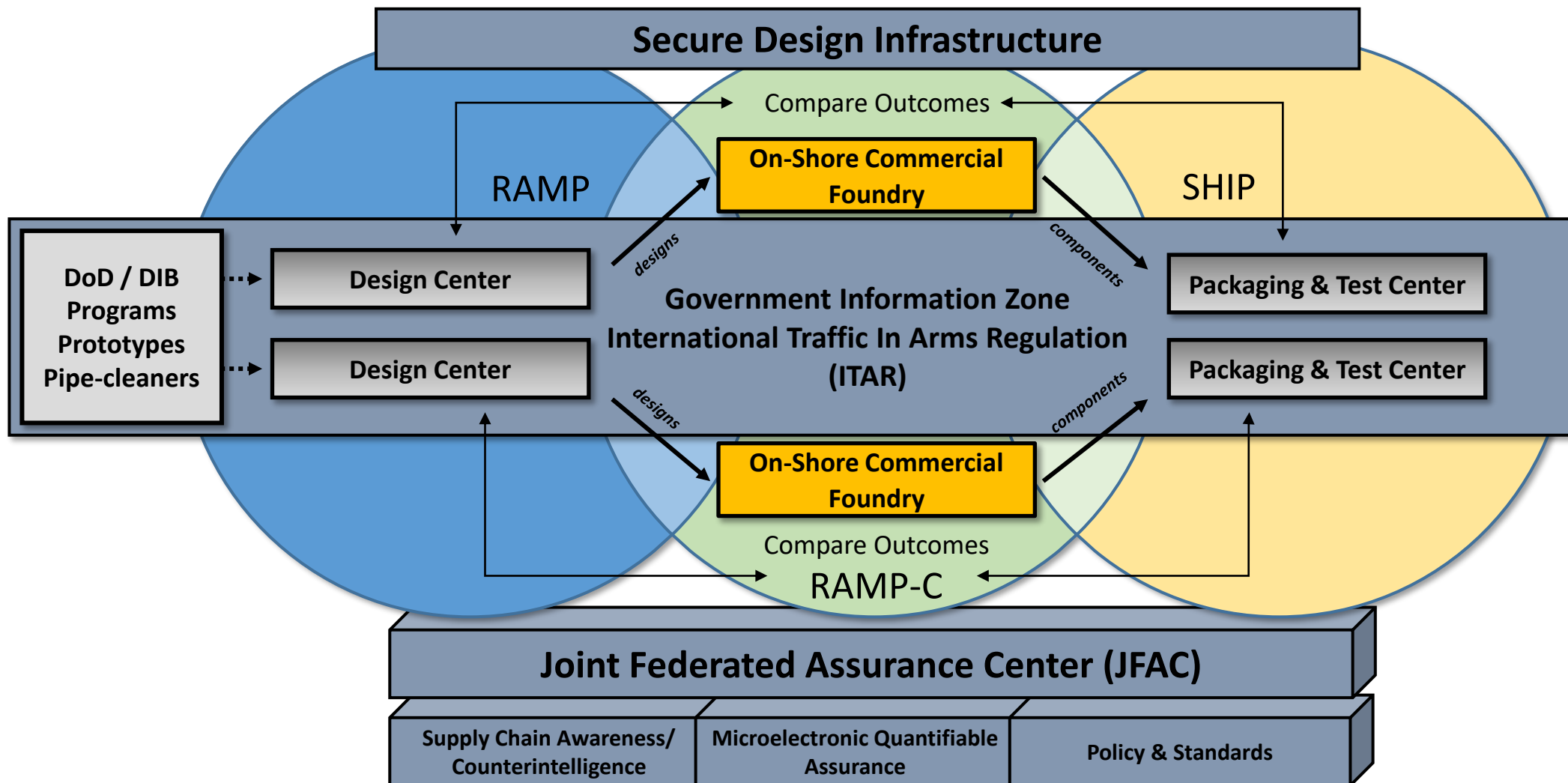
- Approach under development utilizes risk-based decision making to ensure systems can manage evolving and insider threats present in today's global microelectronics ecosystem

“Trusted Supplier” Approach

- Continues to secure critical technologies through accreditation based on commercial standards

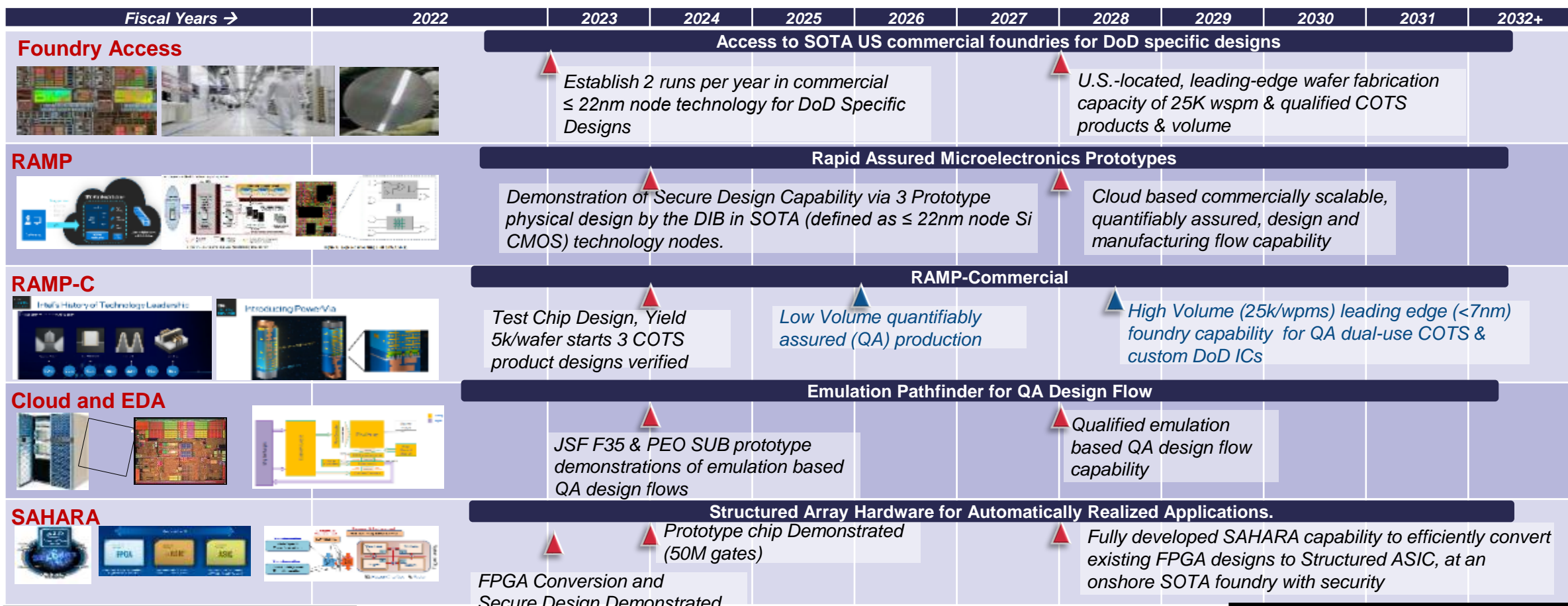


T&AM Program Enabling Access to State of the Art (SOTA)





Access to State of the Art (SOTA) Roadmap



LEGEND

Enhanced Capabilities

▲ Key Milestones ▲ Unfunded Option

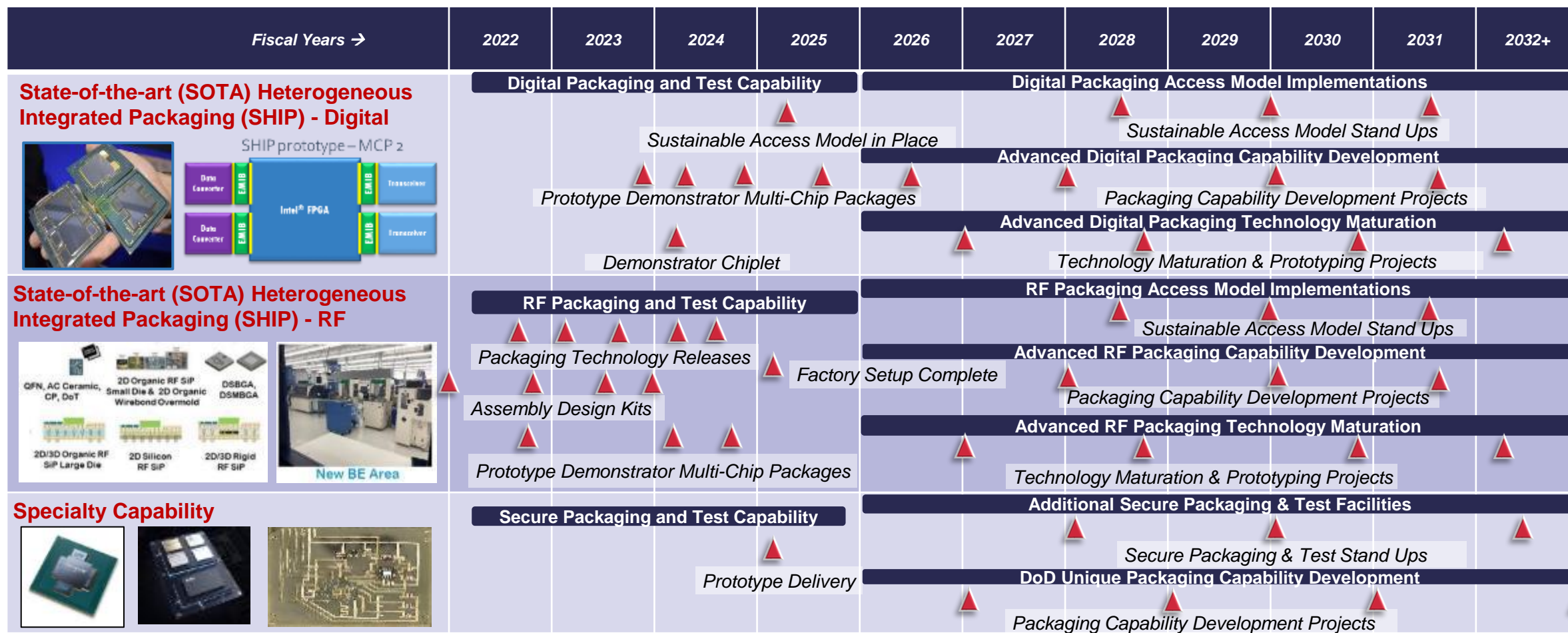
Major Investments to Mature the Domestic SOTA Microelectronics Ecosystem

Future SOTA Microelectronics Needs

- Domestic access to mature SOTA materials, foundries, and packaging
- Ecosystem alignment to DIB and POR



Access to Advanced Packaging Roadmap



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Enhanced Capabilities

Key Milestones

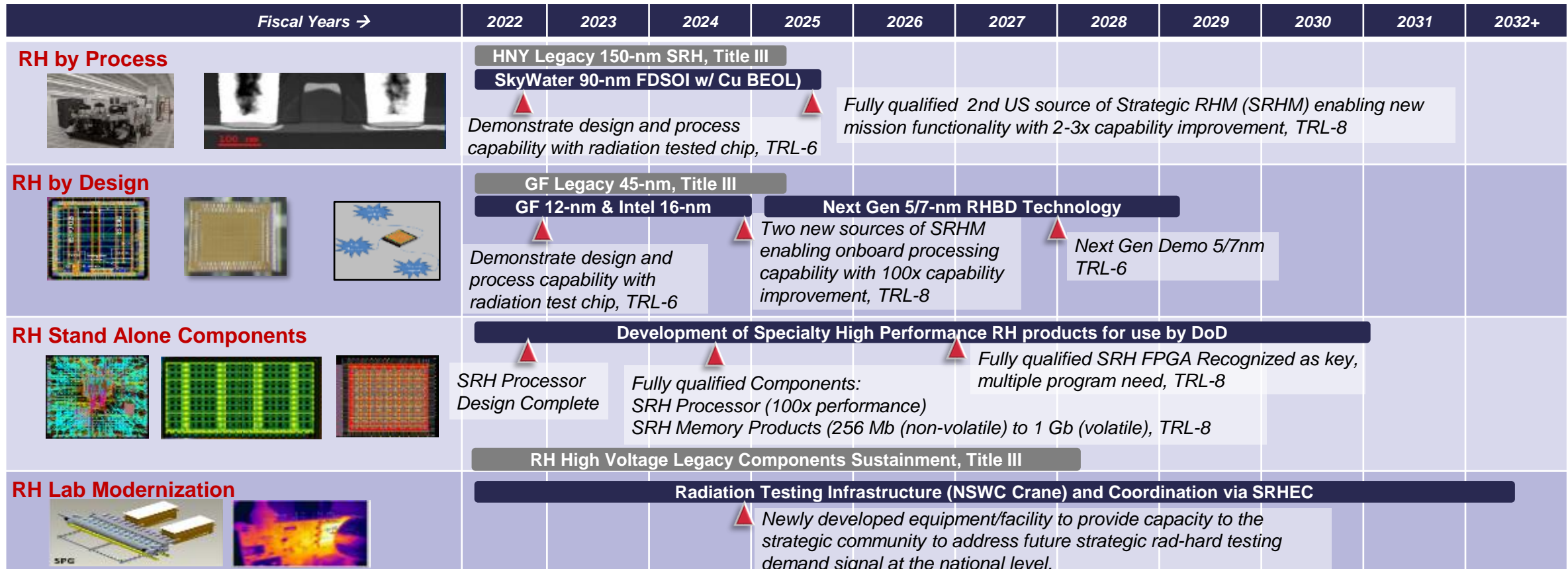
Sustained access to domestic SOTA advanced packaging for DoD system modernization

Future Advanced Packaging Needs

- A self-sustaining model for DoD and the DIB to procure cutting edge microelectronics in a high mix – low volume environment.



Radiation Hardened Microelectronics (RHM) Roadmap



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- Enhanced Capabilities
- Sustainment Activity
- Key Milestones






Major Investments to Modernize and Sustain Radiation Hardened Microelectronics

Future RH Microelectronics Needs

- Next Generation RHM with greater performance
- Operational Test
- Larger scale and more capacity



Joint Federated Assurance Center (JFAC) Roadmap

Fiscal Years →	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032+
FPGA Assurance   LoA 2 Final Draft	Levels of Assurance (LOA) Development ▲ LoA 3 Final Draft ▲ LoA3 Final – Delivered to OUSD ▲ LoA2 Final – Delivered to OUSD										
JFAC Microelectronics Quantifiable Assurance (MQA)  FPGA Pilot Complete	MQA Implementation ▲ CIC Pilot Complete ▲ Ramp up JFAC Capabilities to support MQA ▲▲▲ 2 Pilots per Quarter Continuous JFAC Vulnerability Assessment support to Programs										
Supply Chain Awareness  	Automated Microelectronics Analysis & Reporting Optimization (AMARO) Tool ▲ AMARO Phase 2 Attack Countermeasure Analysis (ACMA) Tool ▲ ACMA 1.0 Supply Chain Analysis Reports and Bulletins										
JFAC Software Assurance	Engineering tools, technical services, best-practices, innovative technologies and other assistance to programs to detect, assess, prioritize, and mitigate software vulnerabilities										

LEGEND

Enhanced Capabilities

▲ Key Milestones

JFAC capabilities provide hardware assurance and vulnerability assessments to ensure the integrity of critical weapon systems

- Future JFAC Needs**
- Develop COTS Microelectronics Standard
 - Continue development of common data analysis tools



Radio Frequency & Optoelectronics (RF/OE) Roadmap

Fiscal Years →	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032+
Material Sources 	RF Gallium Nitride (GaN) Materials ▲ MRL-5 production qualification of new N-Polar GaN material sources with increased capacity and quality ▲ MRL-6 production demos of N-Polar GaN material for DIB foundries ▲ MRL-8 pilot demos of N-Polar GaN material for DIB foundries, enabling max power and efficiency in mmWave devices ▲ MRL-4 R&D demos of SOTA N-Polar GaN foundry capability and devices designs										
GaN Foundry Maturation 	RF GaN Foundry Maturation ▲ MRL-4 R&D demos • <150nm GaN nodes • Advanced Interconnect Study for mmWave ▲ MRL-6 production demos • <150nm GaN nodes • Advanced Interconnects • Quantifiable Assurance ▲ MRL-8 pilot demos of mmWave RF GaN foundries available to DIB for advanced packaging and integration										
GaN Device Demonstration 	RF mmWave Device Demonstrations ▲ 40nm, 140nm, 150nm RF GaN Device Demos at MRL-4/5 lines ▲ 40nm, 90nm, 150nm RF GaN Device Demos and IP Capture at MRL-6 foundries ▲ 40nm, 90nm, 150nm RF GaN device demos and IP capture at MRL-8 foundries enabling next generation radar, electronic warfare (EW), and communications										
Silicon Photonics (SiPh) Foundry Maturation 	SiPh Foundry Maturation ▲ Demonstrate early access to SOTA SiPh nodes and develop maturation plan ▲ Demonstrate open foundry access to mature SOTA SiPh nodes ▲ Mature SOTA SiPh foundry capability and capacity for next generation radar, EW, and communications										
SiPh Device Demonstration 	SiPh Device Demonstration ▲ Demonstrate open access designs at AIM and GF 45SPCLO ▲ Datacom and EW prototype designs, which enable new warfighter capabilities and enhanced SWAP ▲ RF Optical Transceiver SHIP Demonstrator										

Major Investments to Mature the Domestic SOTA RF/OE Microelectronics Ecosystem

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Enhanced Capabilities

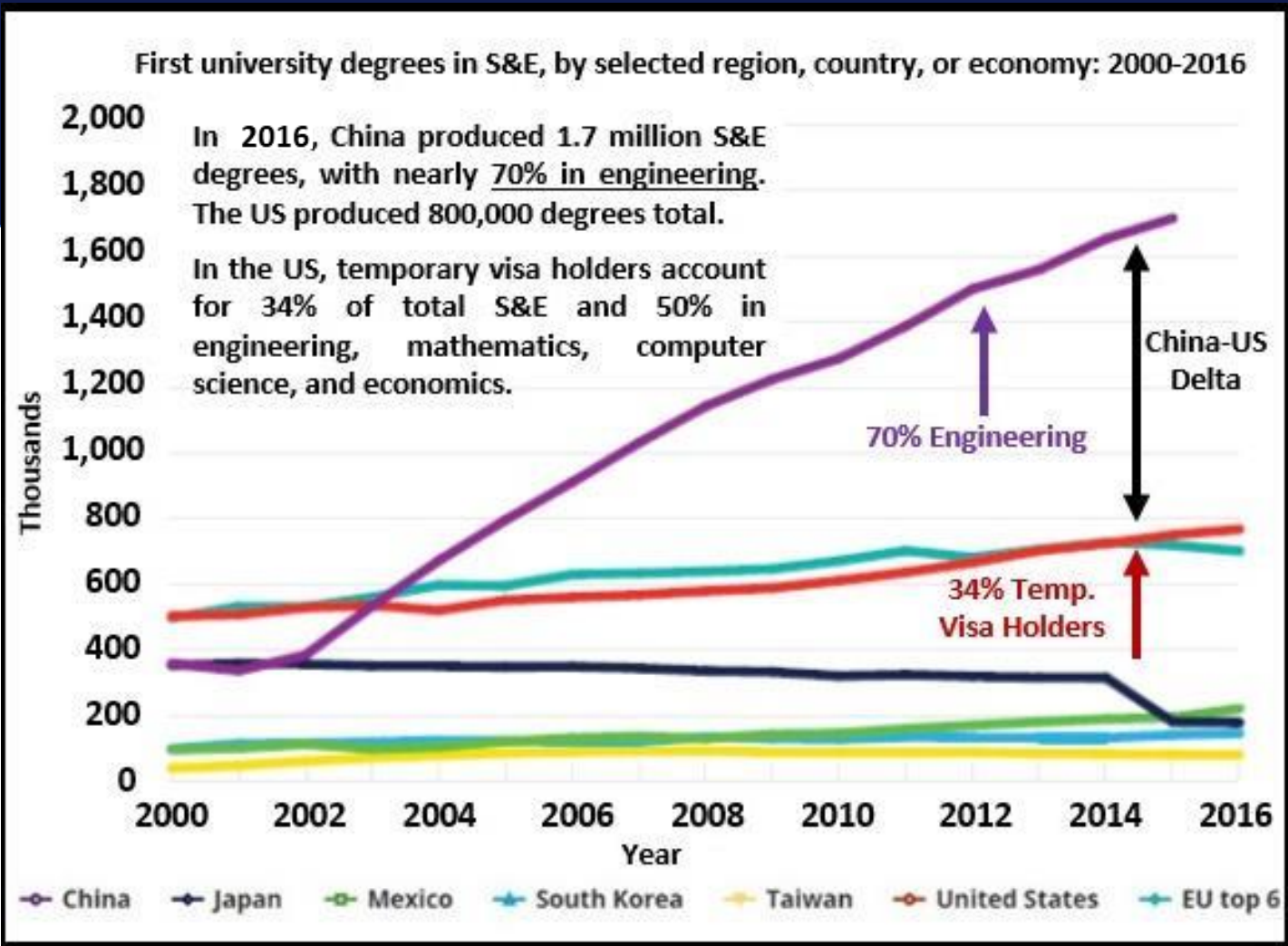
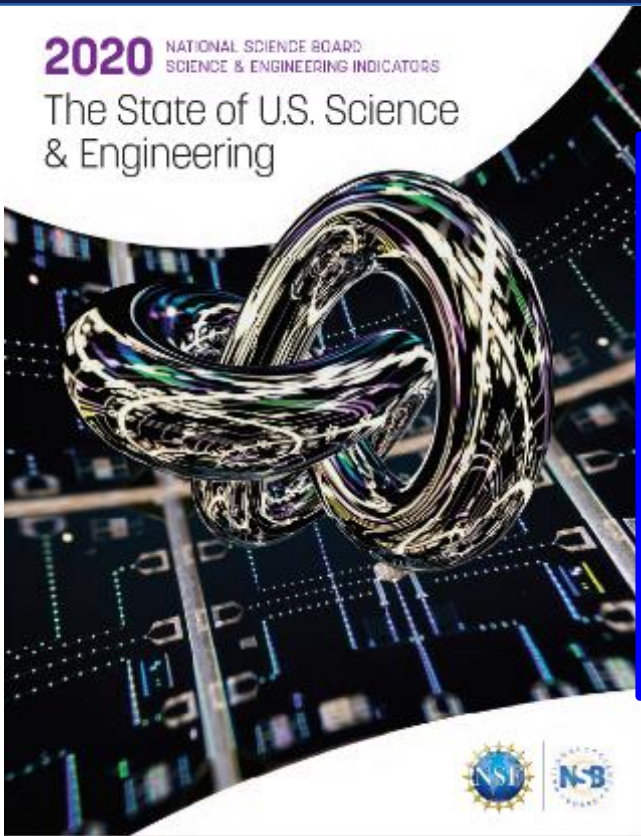
▲ Key Milestones ▲ Unfunded Option

Future RF/OE Microelectronics Needs

- Domestic access to mature SOTA RF/OE materials, foundries, and packaging
- Ecosystem alignment to DIB and POR



STEM Talent Crisis

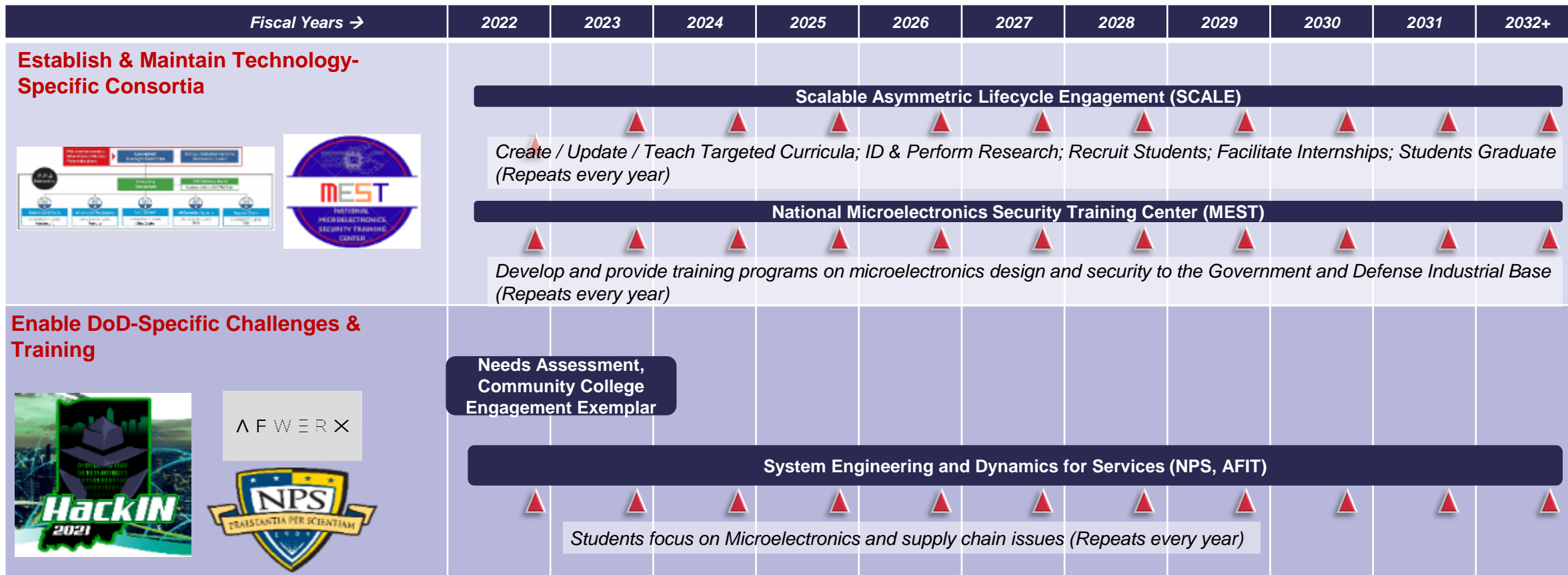


As much as emerging technologies will define future conflict, ***the war for talent will likely play the central role*** in the outcome of long-term technological competition.

The National Security Innovation Base (NSIB) struggles to attract, recruit, and retain a workforce willing and able to tackle tough challenges and find innovative solutions. Universities are confronting a dearth in American talent generation and retention. Much of that shortfall is filled with foreign students, a large share of them from China.



Education and Workforce Development Roadmap



LEGEND

Enhanced Capabilities

Key Milestones

Attract, Develop, and Maintain a Ready Workforce

- Future Education & Workforce Dev Needs
- Additional funding/capacity
 - Ways to leverage veterans
 - Awareness / Integration with AFRL, AFWERX, other DoD capabilities



Scalable Asymmetric Lifecycle Engagement (SCALE) TOPIC AREAS with HWA Components

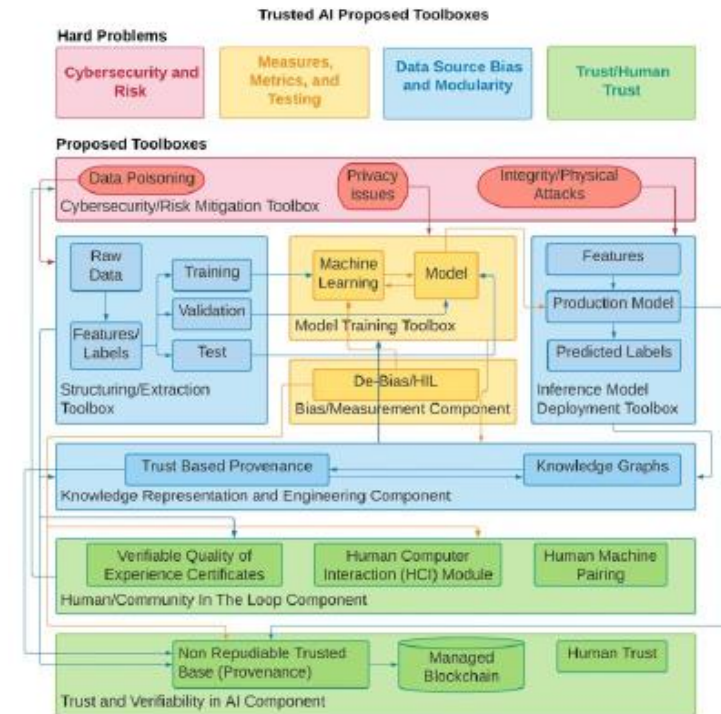
Artificial Intelligence (AI)

- Artificial intelligence (AI) provides a tremendous amount of sophisticated information analysis and decision making capabilities
- AI has even been characterized as a potential third offset for DOD, if it can be trusted
- Trusted AI requires addressing hard challenges such as verifiability, bias, fairness, explainability, and human interaction and feedback

Supply Chain Awareness

- With the increasingly central role of electronic hardware in a broad range of defense applications, securing supplies of electronics is more important than ever before.
- At the same time, exponential growth and complexity in semiconductor manufacturing creates potential supply chain disruption at all levels
- Challenges include understanding potential risks of IP security, measuring and detecting potential tampering with manufacturing and packaging, as well as improving supply chain resilience

Other Scale Topic Areas Include: Radiation Hardened Microelectronics, SoCs and Advanced Packaging/Heterogeneous Integration



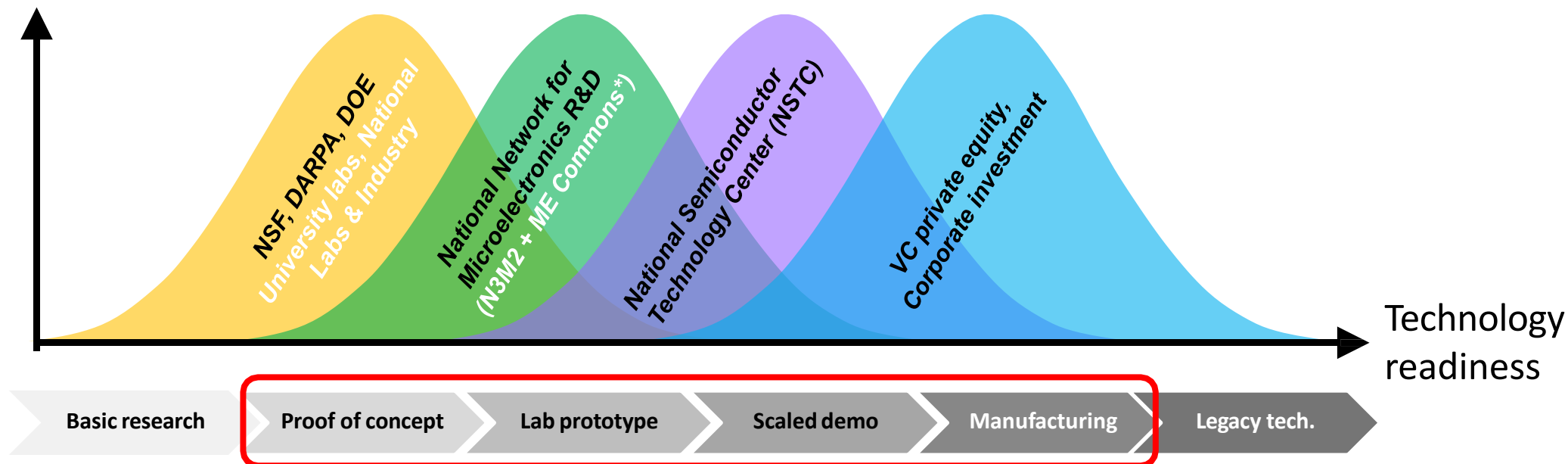


National Network for Microelectronics R&D: Ideation to Commercialization

Mission

- Cost-effective exploration of chip-scale and package-scale systems in domestic facilities
- Accelerate transition of new technologies to domestic microelectronics manufacturers

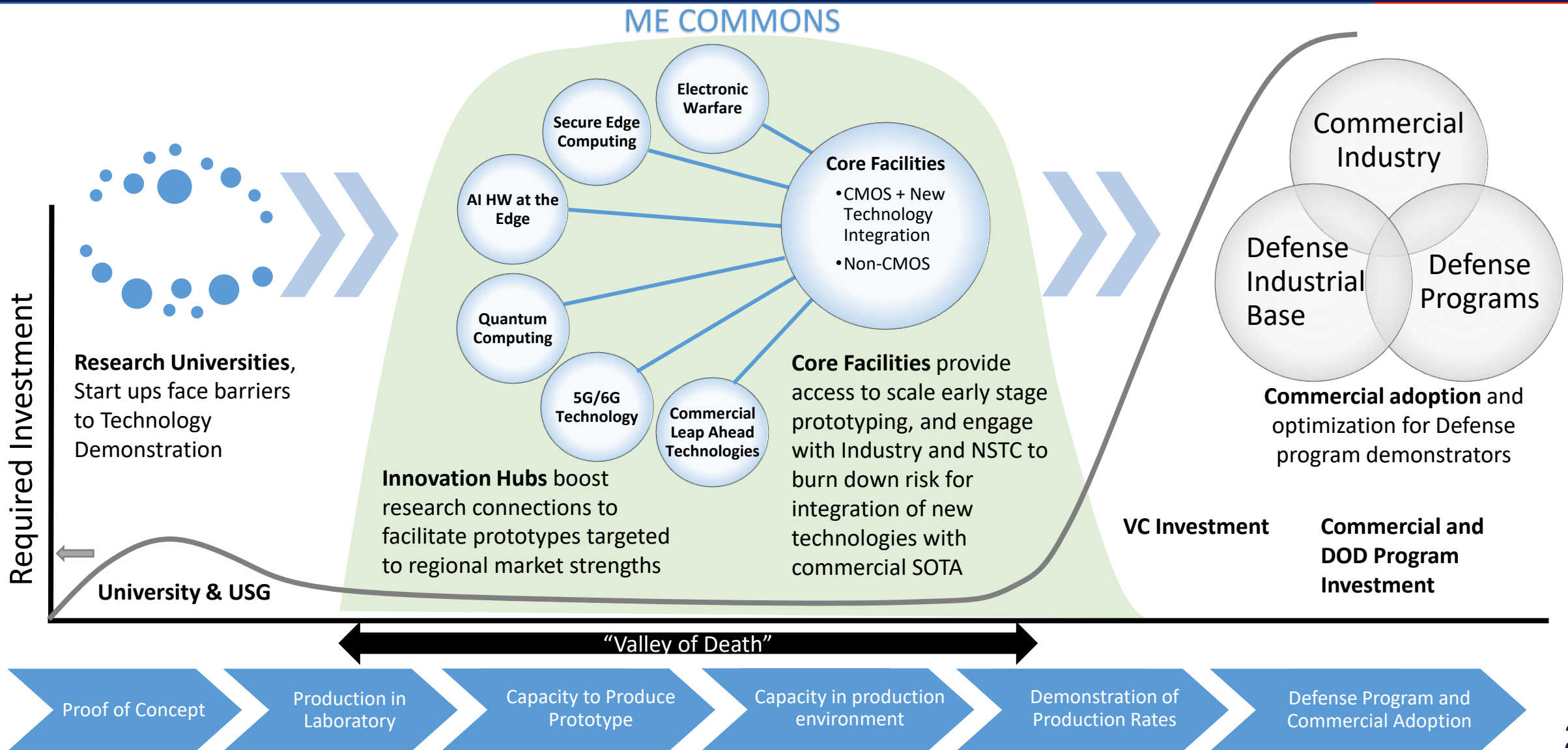
Available funding;
Available capabilities



Adapted from : White paper on “Microelectronics Commons,” V. Coleman, Z. Holman, T.-J. King Liu, K. Squires, H.-S. P. Wong (2020)



Microelectronics Commons Addresses the Valley of Death





Salient Points

- DoD faces many challenges for secure, low cost access to extant systems, state of practice, and leading edge
 - Aggregation of microelectronics demand across critical sectors provides an opportunity for DoD and partners
- DoD has developed roadmaps for secure access to critical technologies including:
 - SOTA microelectronics
 - Advanced packaging and testing
 - Joint Federated Assurance Center (JFAC) Roadmap
 - Educational and Workforce Development Roadmaps
- DoD and the interagency are planning for CHIPS funding related investments