

National Defense Industrial Association

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NDIA Policy Update Vital Signs 2024 Briefing

Budget stability and sufficiency

- Foreign military sales and technology cooperation modernization
- Restored industrial readiness, capacity, and infrastructure
- Resilient supply chains

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NDIA Policy Priorities

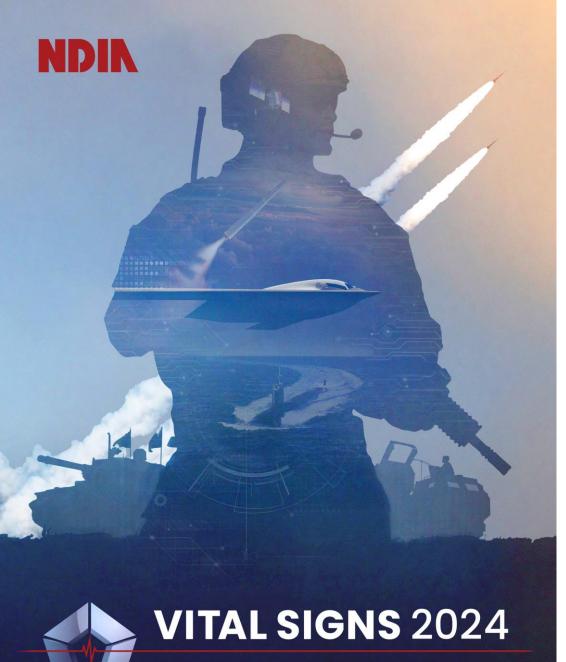


Highlights of NDIA Policy Efforts



- Budget Efforts
- Tax R&D Amortization
- IP and Data Rights
- PECSEA
- AUKUS
- FY25 NDAA Cycle





The Health and Readiness of the Defense Industrial Base

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Similar to applying simultaneous and equal pressure to a vehicle's brakes and accelerator, for the U.S. DIB, the pressure to accelerate is being met with equal pressure to reduce speed.

VITAL SIGNS 2024

8/12/2024

Posture of the DIB: Mismatch



Current DIB shaped by bipartisan policies and planning assumptions for the 1990s and early 2000s.

 That environment no longer exists

It will take time, financial investment, and changes in systemic behavior patterns to reshape DIB.

- Capacity to grow its output
- Fulfill a surge in military demands
- Reconstitute during a major conflict

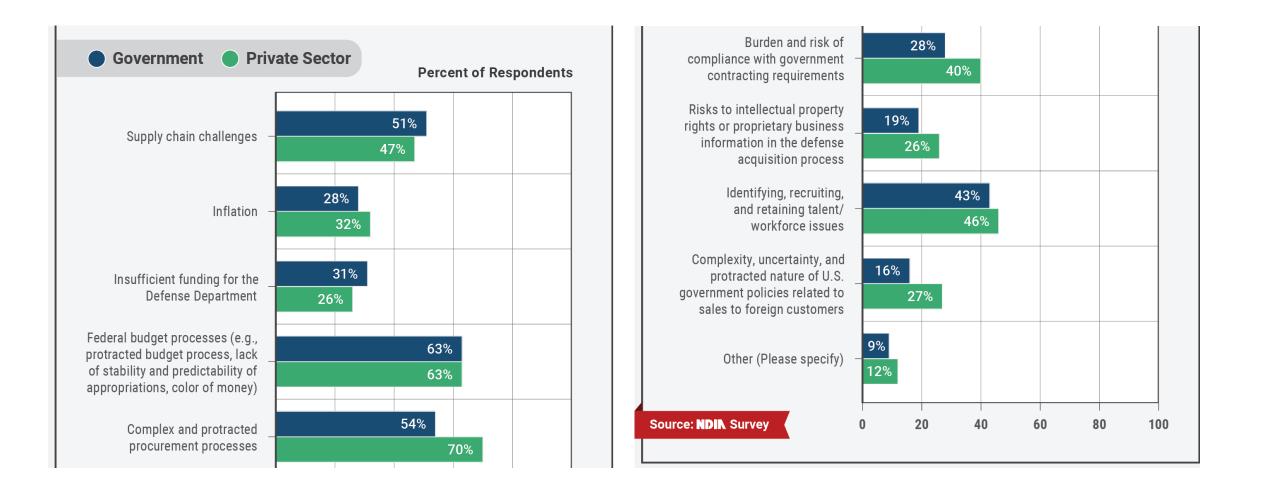
Military Reductions Since End of Cold War



Source: Department of the Air Force; Department of the Navy; OUSD (Comptroller)

Most Pressing Issues Facing DIB



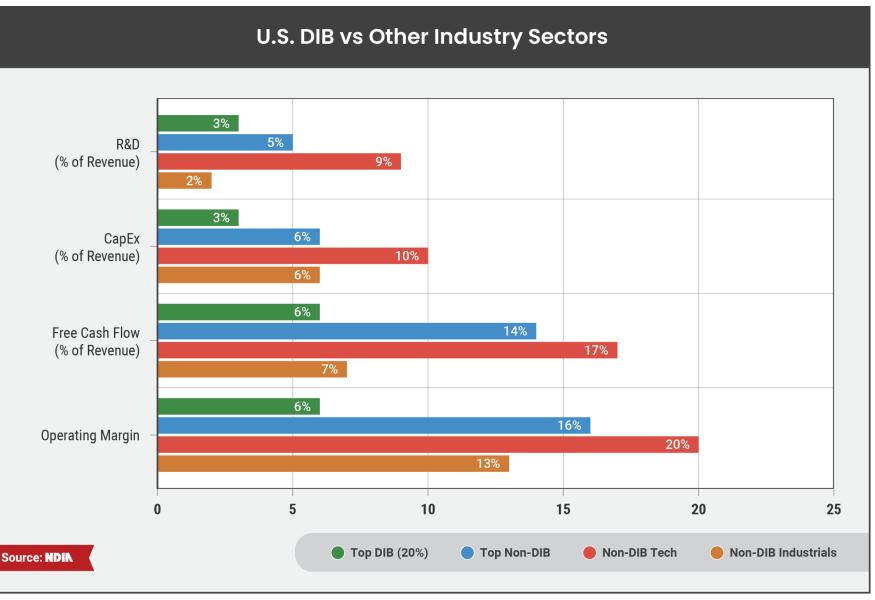


Policy Objectives: Struggling to Balance Shared Risk



- Increased scrutiny <u>vs.</u> competition for capital.
- Attract small and nontraditionals <u>vs.</u> barriers to entry.
- Innovative tech strategies <u>vs.</u> Cold War-era frameworks.
- Expect to expand production <u>before</u> contract vehicles justify business case.
- Demand supply chain changes <u>without</u> incentives or consistency in acquisition strategies.

Competition for Capitol: Commercial and Global



Don't forget.....

- Political division
- Budget instability
- High inflation rates
- Tightening credit
- Credit downgrading

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Small and Nontraditional: Attract and Retain



- Complex and protracted procurement processes (66%)
- Federal budget processes (51%)
- Lack of institutional support from the customer for small businesses (47%)
- Burden and risk of compliance with government contracting requirements (45%)
- Competition with larger firms (43%)

Examples of Barriers to Entry:

- Fear (or reality) of losing intellectual property and data rights – "crown jewels"
 - Risk future commercial loss
 - Size of government purchase not worth it
- Costs of contracting across requirements not transparent – even to DoD
 - Ex. CMMC assessment vs. cyber standards in NIST SP 800-171
 - Cost estimates for assessment but not underlying cyber standards

FMS Modernization and Technology Cooperation



^{*}Due to rounding, the sum of the figures may not equal 100%

Direct commercial sales and foreign military sales vital to keep production lines operating.

Need to deepen our technological cooperation and integration with our closest allies and partners.

- AUKUS implementation

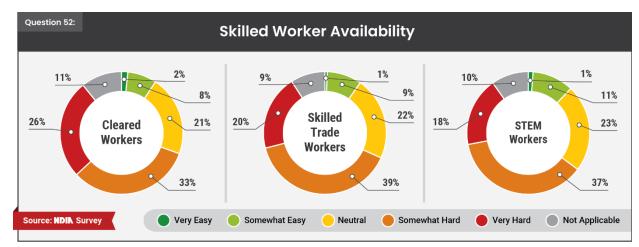
 New approach for dual-use export controls

Restoring Industrial Readiness



Top issues impacting industry's ability to expand production:

- No contract vehicle to justify expansion (57%)
- DoD's current acquisition strategy does not justify expansion (46%)
- The company has challenges to expand the number of skilled or cleared workers (45%)



*Due to rounding, the sum of the figures may not equal 100%

Resilient Supply Chains



Government (51%) and industry (47%) cited supply challenges as the third most pressing issue facing the DIB.

- Unpredictable and inconsistent demand signal from the U.S. government customer (32%)
- Inflation levels make cost estimation unpredictable (15%)
- U.S. government regulation and compliance burden (13%)
- Not enough skilled workers (11%)

Industry respondents reported losing 26% of critical suppliers during the last three years and 23% of single or sole source domestic suppliers.



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