

# PM Mobile Electric Power Systems





## **Mobile Power Portfolio Overview Brief**







Unclassified/Distro Statement A: Approved for Public Release







# Mobile Electric Power Systems Portfolio





#### **Advanced Medium Mobile Power Sources (AMMPS)**







**Small Tactical Electric Power (STEP)** 



**Platoon Power Generation (PPG)** 



**3kW Tactical Quiet Generator (TQG)** 



**Power Distribution Illumination Systems Electrical (PDISE)** 





2kW MTG 5-60kW TQG

#### **Portfolio Lifecycle Status**

#### **Development:**

- Small Tactical Electric Power (STEP) Lightweight 2kW (STEP-LW)
- STEP 3kW
- STEP Hybrid Augmentation
- Platoon Power Generator (PPG)

#### **Production:**

- 5-60kW Advanced Medium Mobile Power Sources (AMMPS)
- AMMPS Microgrid
- 3kW Tactical Quiet Generator (TQG)
- Power Distribution Illumination Systems Electrical (PDISE)

#### Sustainment:

- 2kW Military Tactical Generator (MTG)
- 5-60kW Tactical Quiet Generator (TQG)

#### Sustainment:



- AMMPS Energy Storage
- Universal Power Gateway
- Mobile Modular Tactical Power Platform (M2TP2)
- Microgrid Expansion



LTC Tom Beyerl Product Manager



AMMPS Microgrid











Unclassified/Distro Statement A: Approved for Public Release

# Power on the future battlefield



#### Power as a commodity in Contested Logistics

- -All energy has to come from somewhere it is hard to beat diesel/jet fuels for energy density and worldwide availability
- -Localized energy harvesting has a logistics tail, but it's different
- Operational and tactical variables matter

#### An electrified tactical fleet will significantly change the power generation landscape

- -How are we going to do that?
- –Are our vehicles consuming or producing electricity?

#### • Commercial open systems architecture vs. military unique requirements

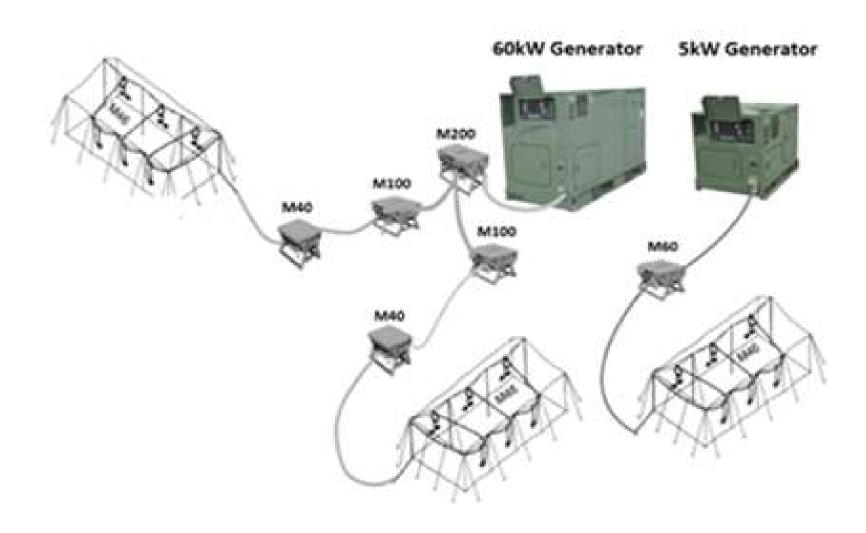
- -When are we standing in our own way why is it so hard?
- -Tactical Microgrid Standard (TMS: MIL-STD 3071)

## Where is our battlefield power really coming from?



# **How We Currently Distribute Power**

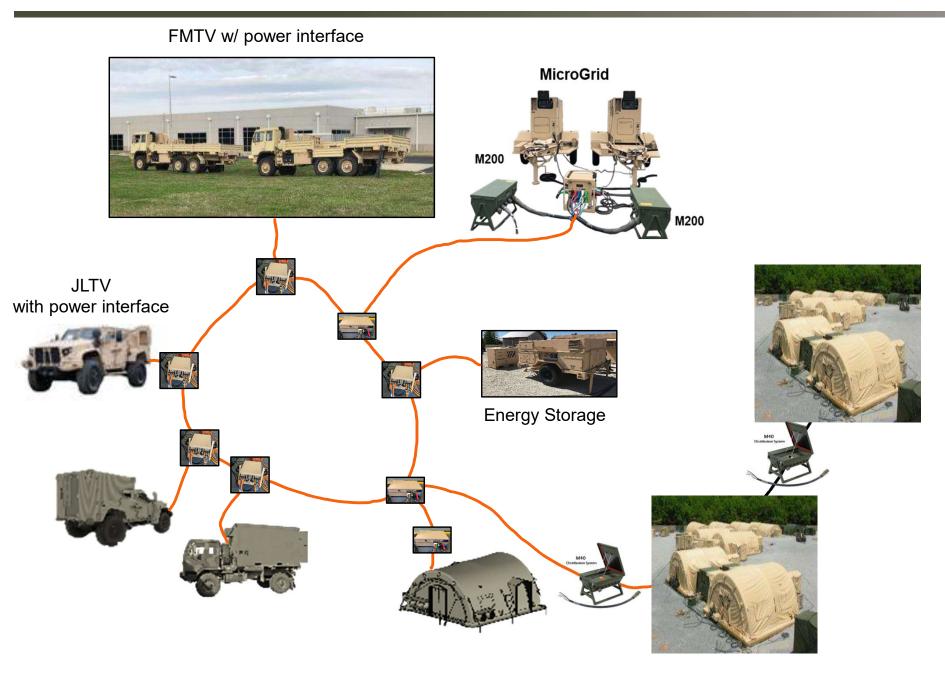






# How We Will Distribute Power Through Phased Operations **ECS&CSS**

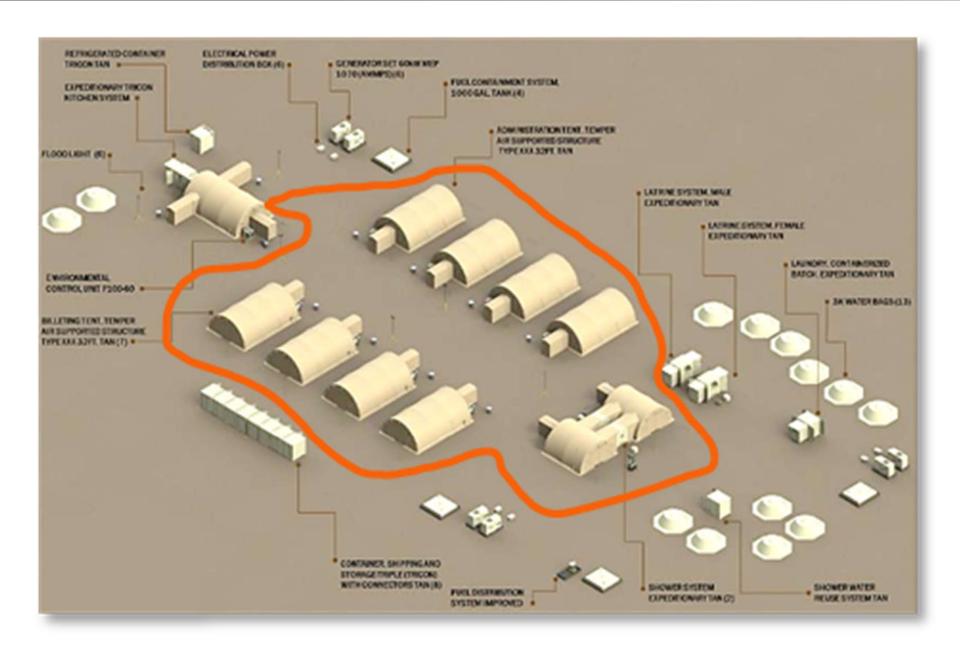






## A Fully Developed Advanced Power Network

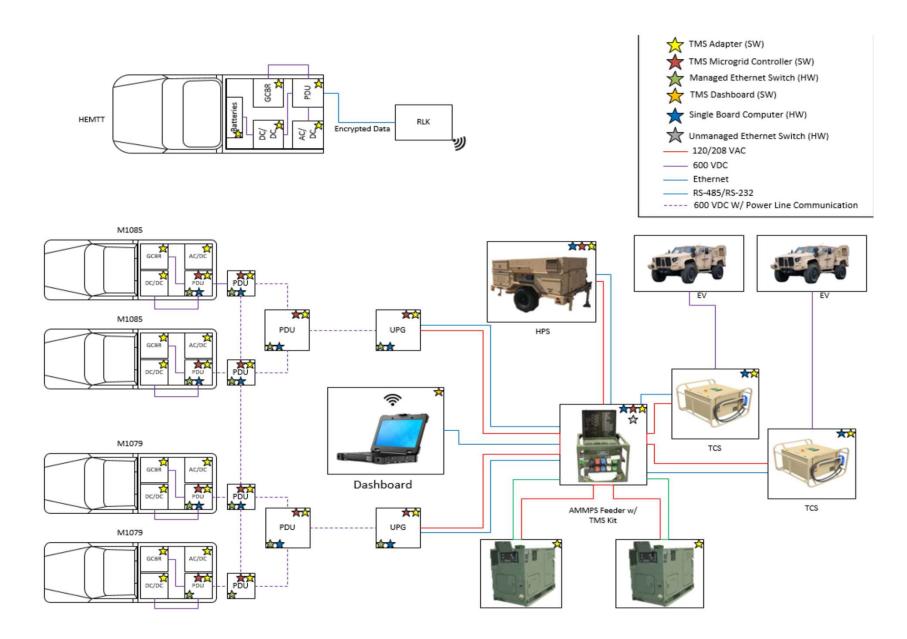






## **An Advanced Power Network Systems View**







# **Energy Storage in Contested Logistics**



### **General Assumptions:**

- Storage can yield variable 5-65% fuel savings (Positive contested logistics impact)
- Storage provides high-reliability, uninterruptable power through genset failure or changeover (*Positive operational impact*)
- Storage does not make power It has diminishing returns on fuel savings when gensets are used with continuous loads (Neutral contested logistics impact)
- Storage equipment increases the setup time/complexity of legacy power systems (Negative operational impact – Formal training Reqd.)
- Storage is objective capability, not currently funded for development, integration, and fielding (Negative program impact without requirements)
- Energy storage capabilities are expected to cost 100%-300% of the gensets they augment, with 1/3 the expected service life. (*Negative program cost impact*)



## **Contact Information**



## **PM MEPS Operations:**

usarmy.belvoir.peo-cs-css.mbx.meps-actions@army.mil

PM MEPS: LTC Thomas Beyerl:

thomas.a.beyerl.mil@army.mil

PM E2S2 OPS Actions Mailbox:

usarmy.belvoir.peo-cs-css.mbx.actions-mailbox@army.mil